## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

#### ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2546

## 58th Legislature 2004 Regular Session

Passed by the House January 30, 2004 Yeas 86 Nays 12	CERTIFICATE	
leas oo Nays 12	I, Richard Nafziger, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby	
Speaker of the House of Representatives	certify that the attached is ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2546 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate or	
Passed by the Senate February 10, 2004 Yeas 40 Nays 9	the dates hereon set forth.	
	Chief Clerk	
President of the Senate		
Approved	FILED	
Covernor of the State of Waghington	Secretary of State State of Washington	

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# ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2546

Passed Legislature - 2004 Regular Session

#### State of Washington

58th Legislature

2004 Regular Session

By House Committee on Finance (originally sponsored by Representatives McIntire, Morris, Hunter, Ruderman, Kessler, Lovick, Hunt, Grant, Hatfield, Fromhold, Clibborn and Clements; by request of Governor Locke)

READ FIRST TIME 01/27/04.

- AN ACT Relating to high technology and research and development tax incentives; amending RCW 82.63.005, 82.04.4452, 82.63.010, 82.63.020, 82.63.030, 82.63.045, 82.63.070, and 82.04.190; adding new sections to chapter 82.04 RCW; providing an effective date; and providing
- 5 expiration dates.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 7 Sec. 1. RCW 82.63.005 and 1994 sp.s. c 5 s 1 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 The legislature finds that high-wage, high-skilled jobs are vital 10 to the economic health of the state's citizens, and that targeted tax
- 11 incentives will encourage the formation of high-wage, high-skilled
- 12 jobs. The legislature also finds that tax incentives should be subject
- 13 to the same rigorous requirements for efficiency and accountability as
- 14 are other expenditure programs, and that tax incentives should
- 15 therefore be focused to provide the greatest possible return on the
- 16 state's investment.
- 17 The legislature also finds that high-technology businesses are a
- 18 vital and growing source of high-wage, high-skilled jobs in this state,
- 19 and that the high-technology sector is a key component of the state's

effort to encourage economic diversification. However, the legislature finds that many high-technology businesses incur significant costs associated with research and development and pilot scale manufacturing many years before a marketable product can be produced, and that current state tax policy discourages the growth of these companies by taxing them long before they become profitable.

The legislature further finds that stimulating growth of high-technology businesses early in their development cycle, when they are turning ideas into marketable products, will build upon the state's established high-technology base, creating additional research and development jobs and subsequent manufacturing facilities.

For these reasons, the legislature hereby establishes a program of business and occupation tax credits for qualified research and development expenditures. The legislature also hereby establishes a tax deferral program for high-technology research and development and pilot scale manufacturing facilities. The legislature declares that these limited programs serve the vital public purposes of incenting expenditures in research and development, supporting, and sustaining as they develop new technologies and products, and creating quality employment opportunities in this state. The legislature further declares its intent to create a contract within the meaning of Article I, section 23 of the state Constitution as to those businesses that make capital investments in consideration of the tax deferral program established in this chapter.

- Sec. 2. RCW 82.04.4452 and 2000 c 103 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) In computing the tax imposed under this chapter, a credit is allowed for each person whose research and development spending during the year in which the credit is claimed exceeds 0.92 percent of the person's taxable amount during the same calendar year.
- (2) The credit ((is equal to)) shall be calculated as follows: (a) Determine the greater of the amount of qualified research and development expenditures of a person or eighty percent of amounts received by a person other than a public educational or research institution in compensation for the conduct of qualified research and development((, multiplied)); (b) subtract 0.92 percent of the person's taxable amount from the amount determined under (a) of this subsection;

(c) multiply the amount determined under (b) of this subsection by the rate provided in RCW 82.04.260(3) in the case of a nonprofit corporation or nonprofit association engaging within this state in research and development, and the <u>person's average tax</u> rate ((<del>provided in RCW 82.04.290(2)</del>)) for every other person.

- (3) Any person entitled to the credit provided in subsection (2) of this section as a result of qualified research and development conducted under contract may assign all or any portion of the credit to the person contracting for the performance of the qualified research and development.
- (4) The credit, including any credit assigned to a person under subsection (3) of this section, shall be taken against taxes due for the same calendar year in which the qualified research and development expenditures are incurred. The credit, including any credit assigned to a person under subsection (3) of this section, for each calendar year shall not exceed the lesser of two million dollars or the amount of tax otherwise due under this chapter for the calendar year.
- (5) Any person taking the credit, including any credit assigned to a person under subsection (3) of this section, whose research and development spending during the calendar year in which the credit is claimed fails to exceed 0.92 percent of the person's taxable amount during the same calendar year shall be liable for payment of the additional taxes represented by the amount of credit taken together with interest, but not penalties. Interest shall be due at the rate provided for delinquent excise taxes retroactively to the date the credit was taken until the taxes are paid. Any credit assigned to a person under subsection (3) of this section that is disallowed as a result of this section may be taken by the person who performed the qualified research and development subject to the limitations set forth in subsection (4) of this section.
- (6) Any person claiming the credit, and any person assigning a credit as provided in subsection (3) of this section, shall file an ((affidavit)) annual report in a form prescribed by the department which shall include the amount of the credit claimed, ((an estimate of)) the ((anticipated)) qualified research and development expenditures during the calendar year for which the credit is claimed, ((an estimate of)) and the taxable amount during the calendar year for

which the credit is claimed, and such additional information as the department may prescribe. The report is due by March 31st following any year a credit is taken.

- (7)(a) The legislature finds that accountability and effectiveness are important aspects of setting tax policy. In order to make policy choices regarding the best use of limited state resources the legislature needs information on how a tax incentive is used.
- (b) A person claiming the credit shall agree to ((supply the department with information necessary to measure the results of the tax credit program for qualified research and development expenditures)) complete an annual survey. The annual survey is in addition to the annual report due under subsection (6) of this section. The survey is due by March 31st following any year in which a credit is taken. The survey shall include the amount of the tax credit taken, the number of new products or research projects by general classification, and the number of trademarks, patents, and copyrights associated with the research and development activities for which a credit was taken. The survey shall also include the following information for employment positions in Washington:
  - (i) The number of total employment positions;
- 21 <u>(ii) Full-time, part-time, and temporary employment positions as a</u> 22 <u>percent of total employment;</u>
  - (iii) The number of employment positions according to the following wage bands: Less than thirty thousand dollars; thirty thousand dollars or greater, but less than sixty thousand dollars; and sixty thousand dollars or greater. A wage band containing fewer than three individuals may be combined with another wage band; and
  - (iv) The number of employment positions that have employer-provided medical, dental, and retirement benefits, by each of the wage bands.
- 30 (c) The department may request additional information necessary to
  31 measure the results of the tax credit program, to be submitted at the
  32 same time as the survey.
- 33 (d) All information collected under this subsection, except the
  34 amount of the tax credit taken, is deemed taxpayer information under
  35 RCW 82.32.330 and is not disclosable. Information on the amount of tax
  36 credit taken is not subject to the confidentiality provisions of RCW
  37 82.32.330 and may be disclosed to the public upon request except that

persons taking less than ten thousand dollars of credit during the period covered by the survey may request the department to treat the tax credit amount as confidential under RCW 82.32.330.

- (e) If a person fails to complete the survey required under this subsection by the due date, the person entitled to the credit provided in subsection (2) of this section is not eligible to take or assign the credit provided in subsection (2) of this section in the year the person failed to complete the survey.
- (8) The department shall use the information from subsection (7) of this section to prepare summary descriptive statistics by category. No fewer than three taxpayers shall be included in any category. The department shall report these statistics to the legislature each year by September 1st.
- (9) The department shall use the information ((required under)) from subsection (7) of this section to ((perform three assessments on)) study the tax credit program authorized under this section. ((The assessments will take place in 1997, 2000, and 2003. The department shall prepare reports on each assessment and deliver their reports by September 1, 1997, September 1, 2000, and September 1, 2003. The assessments)) The department shall report to the legislature by December 1, 2009, and December 1, 2013. The reports shall measure the effect of the program on job creation, the number of jobs created for Washington residents, company growth, the introduction of new products, the diversification of the state's economy, growth in research and development investment, the movement of firms or the consolidation of firms' operations into the state, and such other factors as the department selects.
  - $((\frac{9}{10}))$  (10) For the purpose of this section:
- (a) "Average tax rate" means a person's total tax under this chapter for the reporting period divided by the taxpayer's total taxable income under this chapter for the reporting period.
- (b) "Qualified research and development expenditures" means operating expenses, including wages, compensation of a proprietor or a partner in a partnership as determined under rules adopted by the department, benefits, supplies, and computer expenses, directly incurred in qualified research and development by a person claiming the credit provided in this section. The term does not include amounts paid to a person other than a public educational or research

- institution to conduct qualified research and development. Nor does the term include capital costs and overhead, such as expenses for land, structures, or depreciable property.
- 4  $((\frac{b}{b}))$  <u>(c)</u> "Qualified research and development" shall have the same meaning as in RCW 82.63.010.
  - $((\frac{\langle c \rangle}{}))$  (d) "Research and development spending" means qualified research and development expenditures plus eighty percent of amounts paid to a person other than a public educational or research institution to conduct qualified research and development.
- 10 ((\(\frac{(d)}{(d)}\)) (e) "Taxable amount" means the taxable amount subject to
  11 the tax imposed in this chapter required to be reported on the person's
  12 combined excise tax returns during the year in which the credit is
  13 claimed, less any taxable amount for which a credit is allowed under
  14 RCW 82.04.440.
- 15  $((\frac{10}{10}))$  (11) This section expires  $(\frac{10}{10})$  (11) January 1, 2015.
- 17 **Sec. 3.** RCW 82.63.010 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 3 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:
  - Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.
    - (1) "Advanced computing" means technologies used in the designing and developing of computing hardware and software, including innovations in designing the full spectrum of hardware from hand-held calculators to super computers, and peripheral equipment.
    - (2) "Advanced materials" means materials with engineered properties created through the development of specialized processing and synthesis technology, including ceramics, high value-added metals, electronic materials, composites, polymers, and biomaterials.
- 29 (3) "Applicant" means a person applying for a tax deferral under 30 this chapter.
- 31 (4) "Biotechnology" means the application of technologies, such as 32 recombinant DNA techniques, biochemistry, molecular and cellular 33 biology, genetics and genetic engineering, cell fusion techniques, and 34 new bioprocesses, using living organisms, or parts of organisms, to 35 produce or modify products, to improve plants or animals, to develop 36 microorganisms for specific uses, to identify targets for small

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- molecule pharmaceutical development, or to transform biological systems into useful processes and products or to develop microorganisms for specific uses.
  - (5) "Department" means the department of revenue.

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- (6) "Electronic device technology" means technologies involving microelectronics; semiconductors; electronic equipment and instrumentation; radio frequency, microwave, and millimeter electronics; optical and optic-electrical devices; and data and digital communications and imaging devices.
- (7) "Eligible investment project" means an investment project which either initiates a new operation, or expands or diversifies a current operation by expanding, renovating, or equipping an existing facility. The lessor or owner of the qualified building is not eligible for a deferral unless:
- 15 <u>(a)</u> The underlying ownership of the buildings, machinery, and equipment vests exclusively in the same person((<del>, or unless</del>)); or
  - (b)(i) The lessor by written contract agrees to pass the economic benefit of the deferral to the lessee ((in the form of reduced rent payments));
    - (ii) The lessee that receives the economic benefit of the deferral agrees in writing with the department to complete the annual survey required under RCW 82.63.020(2); and
    - (iii) The economic benefit of the deferral passed to the lessee is no less than the amount of tax deferred by the lessor and is evidenced by written documentation of any type of payment, credit, or other financial arrangement between the lessor or owner of the qualified building and the lessee.
    - (8) "Environmental technology" means assessment and prevention of threats or damage to human health or the environment, environmental cleanup, and the development of alternative energy sources.
- 31 (9) "Investment project" means an investment in qualified buildings 32 or qualified machinery and equipment, including labor and services 33 rendered in the planning, installation, and construction or improvement 34 of the project.
- 35 (10) "Person" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.030 <u>and includes</u> 36 state universities as defined in RCW 28B.10.016.
- 37 (11) "Pilot scale manufacturing" means design, construction, and 38 testing of preproduction prototypes and models in the fields of

- biotechnology, advanced computing, electronic device technology, advanced materials, and environmental technology other than for commercial sale. As used in this subsection, "commercial sale" excludes sales of prototypes or sales for market testing if the total gross receipts from such sales of the product, service, or process do not exceed one million dollars.
  - (12) "Qualified buildings" means construction of new structures, and expansion or renovation of existing structures for the purpose of increasing floor space or production capacity used for pilot scale manufacturing or qualified research and development, including plant offices and other facilities that are an essential or an integral part of a structure used for pilot scale manufacturing or qualified research and development. If a building is used partly for pilot scale manufacturing or qualified research and development, and partly for other purposes, the applicable tax deferral shall be determined by apportionment of the costs of construction under rules adopted by the department.
- (13) "Qualified machinery and equipment" means fixtures, equipment, and support facilities that are an integral and necessary part of a pilot scale manufacturing or qualified research and development operation. "Qualified machinery and equipment" includes: Computers; data processing equipment; laboratory equipment, instrumentation, and other devices used in a process of experimentation to develop a new or improved pilot model, plant process, product, formula, invention, or similar property; manufacturing components such as belts, pulleys, shafts, and moving parts; molds, tools, and dies; vats, tanks, and fermenters; operating structures; and all other equipment used to control, monitor, or operate the machinery. For purposes of this chapter, qualified machinery and equipment must be either new to the taxing jurisdiction of the state or new to the certificate holder, except that used machinery and equipment may be treated as qualified machinery and equipment if the certificate holder either brings the machinery and equipment into Washington or makes a retail purchase of the machinery and equipment in Washington or elsewhere.
- (14) "Qualified research and development" means research and development performed within this state in the fields of advanced

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- computing, advanced materials, biotechnology, electronic device technology, and environmental technology.
- 3 (15) "Recipient" means a person receiving a tax deferral under this 4 chapter.
- (16) "Research and development" means activities performed to 5 discover technological information, and technical and nonroutine 6 activities concerned with translating technological information into 7 8 new or improved products, processes, techniques, formulas, inventions, or software. The term includes exploration of a new use for an 9 existing drug, device, or biological product if the new use requires 10 separate licensing by the federal food and drug administration under 11 12 chapter 21, C.F.R., as amended. The term does not include adaptation 13 or duplication of existing products where the products are not substantially improved by application of the technology, nor does the 14 term include surveys and studies, social science and humanities 15 research, market research or testing, quality control, sale promotion 16 17 and service, computer software developed for internal use, and research 18 in areas such as improved style, taste, and seasonal design.
- 19 <u>(17)(a) "Initiation of construction" means the date that a building</u>
  20 <u>permit is issued under the building code adopted under RCW 19.27.031</u>
  21 <u>for:</u>
- (i) Construction of the qualified building, if the underlying ownership of the building vests exclusively with the person receiving the economic benefit of the deferral;

- (ii) Construction of the qualified building, if the economic benefits of the deferral are passed to a lessee as provided in subsection (7) of this section; or
- (iii) Tenant improvements for a qualified building, if the economic benefits of the deferral are passed to a lessee as provided in subsection (7) of this section.
- 31 (b) "Initiation of construction" does not include soil testing, 32 site clearing and grading, site preparation, or any other related 33 activities that are initiated before the issuance of a building permit 34 for the construction of the foundation of the building.
- 35 <u>(c) If the investment project is a phased project, "initiation of</u> 36 construction" shall apply separately to each phase.

- Sec. 4. RCW 82.63.020 and 1994 sp.s. c 5 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) Application for deferral of taxes under this chapter must be made before initiation of construction of, or acquisition of equipment or machinery for the investment project. The application shall be made to the department in a form and manner prescribed by the department. The application shall contain information regarding the location of the investment project, the applicant's average employment in the state for the prior year, estimated or actual new employment related to the project, estimated or actual wages of employees related to the project, estimated or actual costs, time schedules for completion and operation, and other information required by the department. The department shall rule on the application within sixty days.
  - (2)(a) The legislature finds that accountability and effectiveness are important aspects of setting tax policy. In order to make policy choices regarding the best use of limited state resources the legislature needs information on how a tax incentive is used.
  - (b) Applicants for deferral of taxes under this chapter shall agree to ((supply the department with nonproprietary information necessary to measure the results of the tax deferral program for high-technology research and development and pilot scale manufacturing facilities)) complete an annual survey. If the economic benefits of the deferral are passed to a lessee as provided in RCW 82.63.010(7), the lessee shall agree to complete the annual survey and the applicant is not required to complete the annual survey. The survey is due by March 31st of the year following the calendar year in which the investment project is certified by the department as having been operationally complete and the seven succeeding calendar years. The survey shall include the amount of tax deferred, the number of new products or research projects by general classification, and the number of trademarks, patents, and copyrights associated with activities at the investment project. The survey shall also include the following information for employment positions in Washington:
    - (i) The number of total employment positions;
- (ii) Full-time, part-time, and temporary employment positions as a
  percent of total employment;
- 37 (iii) The number of employment positions according to the following 38 wage bands: Less than thirty thousand dollars; thirty thousand dollars

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or greater, but less than sixty thousand dollars; and sixty thousand
dollars or greater. A wage band containing fewer than three
individuals may be combined with another wage band; and

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- (iv) The number of employment positions that have employer-provided medical, dental, and retirement benefits, by each of the wage bands.
- (c) The department may request additional information necessary to measure the results of the deferral program, to be submitted at the same time as the survey.
- (d) All information collected under this subsection, except the amount of the tax deferral taken, is deemed taxpayer information under RCW 82.32.330 and is not disclosable. Information on the amount of tax deferral taken is not subject to the confidentiality provisions of RCW 82.32.330 and may be disclosed to the public upon request.
- (3) The department shall use the information from this section to prepare summary descriptive statistics by category. No fewer than three taxpayers shall be included in any category. The department shall report these statistics to the legislature each year by September 1st.
- (4) The department shall use the information to ((perform three 19 20 assessments on)) study the tax deferral program authorized under this 21 chapter. ((The assessments will take place in 1997, 2000, and 2003.)) 22 The department shall ((prepare reports on each assessment and deliver their reports by September 1, 1997, September 1, 2000, and September 1, 23 24 2003)) report to the legislature by December 1, 2009, and December 1, 25 The ((assessments)) reports shall measure the effect of the program on job creation, the number of jobs created for Washington 26 27 residents, company growth, the introduction of new products, the diversification of the state's economy, growth in research and 28 development investment, the movement of firms or the consolidation of 29 firms' operations into the state, and such other factors as the 30 31 department selects.
- 32 **Sec. 5.** RCW 82.63.030 and 1994 sp.s. c 5 s 5 are each amended to 33 read as follows:
- 34 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the 35 department shall issue a sales and use tax deferral certificate for 36 state and local sales and use taxes due under chapters 82.08, 82.12, 37 and 82.14 RCW on each eligible investment project.

- (2) No certificate may be issued for an investment project that has already received a deferral under chapter 82.60 or 82.61 RCW or this chapter, except that an investment project for qualified research and development that has already received a deferral may also receive an additional deferral certificate for adapting the investment project for use in pilot scale manufacturing.
  - (3) This section shall expire  $((\frac{\text{July}}{\text{January}}))$  January 1,  $((\frac{2004}{\text{January}}))$  2015.
- Sec. 6. RCW 82.63.045 and 2000 c 106 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, taxes deferred under this chapter need not be repaid.
  - (2)(a) If, on the basis of ((a report)) survey under RCW 82.63.020 or other information, the department finds that an investment project is used for purposes other than qualified research and development or pilot scale manufacturing at any time during the calendar year in which the investment project is certified by the department as having been operationally completed, or at any time during any of the seven succeeding calendar years, a portion of deferred taxes shall be immediately due according to the following schedule:

20	Year in which use occurs	% of deferred taxes due
21	1	100%
22	2	87.5%
23	3	75%
24	4	62.5%
25	5	50%
26	6	37.5%
27	7	25%
28	8	12.5%

(b) If a recipient of the deferral fails to complete the annual survey required under RCW 82.63.020 by the date due, 12.5 percent of the deferred tax shall be immediately due. If the economic benefits of the deferral are passed to a lessee as provided in RCW 82.63.010(7), the lessee shall be responsible for payment to the extent the lessee has received the economic benefit.

- (c) If an investment project is used for purposes other than 1 2 qualified research and development or pilot scale manufacturing at any time during the calendar year in which the investment project is 3 certified as having been operationally complete and the recipient of 4 the deferral fails to complete the annual survey due under RCW 5 82.63.020, the portion of deferred taxes immediately due is the amount 6 7 on the schedule in (a) of this subsection. If the economic benefits of the deferral are passed to a lessee as provided in RCW 82.63.010(7), 8 the lessee shall be responsible for payment to the extent the lessee 9 10 has received the economic benefit.
  - (3) The department shall assess interest at the rate provided for delinquent taxes, but not penalties, retroactively to the date of deferral. The debt for deferred taxes will not be extinguished by insolvency or other failure of the recipient. Transfer of ownership does not terminate the deferral. The deferral is transferred, subject to the successor meeting the eligibility requirements of this chapter, for the remaining periods of the deferral.
- 18  $((\frac{3}{1}))$  (4) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, 19 deferred taxes on the following need not be repaid:
- 20 (a) Machinery and equipment, and sales of or charges made for labor 21 and services, which at the time of purchase would have qualified for 22 exemption under RCW 82.08.02565; and
- 23 (b) Machinery and equipment which at the time of first use would 24 have qualified for exemption under RCW 82.12.02565.
- 25 **Sec. 7.** RCW 82.63.070 and 1994 sp.s. c 5 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
- 27 Applications ((and other information)) received by the department 28 under this chapter are not confidential and are subject to disclosure.
- 29 **Sec. 8.** RCW 82.04.190 and 2002 c 367 s 2 are each amended to read 30 as follows:
- "Consumer" means the following:

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32 (1) Any person who purchases, acquires, owns, holds, or uses any 33 article of tangible personal property irrespective of the nature of the 34 person's business and including, among others, without limiting the 35 scope hereof, persons who install, repair, clean, alter, improve, 36 construct, or decorate real or personal property of or for consumers

other than for the purpose (a) of resale as tangible personal property in the regular course of business or (b) of incorporating such property as an ingredient or component of real or personal property when installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, imprinting, improving, constructing, or decorating such real or personal property of or for consumers or (c) of consuming such property in producing for sale a new article of tangible personal property or a new substance, of which such property becomes an ingredient or component or as a chemical used in processing, when the primary purpose of such chemical is to create a chemical reaction directly through contact with an ingredient of a new article being produced for sale or (d) purchases for the purpose of consuming the property purchased in producing ferrosilicon which is subsequently used in producing magnesium for sale, if the primary purpose of such property is to create a chemical reaction directly through contact with an ingredient of ferrosilicon; 

- (2)(a) Any person engaged in any business activity taxable under RCW 82.04.290; (b) any person who purchases, acquires, or uses any telephone service as defined in RCW 82.04.065, other than for resale in the regular course of business; (c) any person who purchases, acquires, or uses any service defined in RCW 82.04.050(2)(a) or any amusement and recreation service defined in RCW 82.04.050(3)(a), other than for resale in the regular course of business; and (d) any person who is an end user of software;
- (3) Any person engaged in the business of contracting for the building, repairing or improving of any street, place, road, highway, easement, right of way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle which is owned by a municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state of Washington or by the United States and which is used or to be used primarily for foot or vehicular traffic including mass transportation vehicles of any kind as defined in RCW 82.04.280, in respect to tangible personal property when such person incorporates such property as an ingredient or component of such publicly owned street, place, road, highway, easement, right of way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle by installing, placing or spreading the property in or upon the right of way of such street, place, road, highway, easement, bridge, tunnel, or trestle or in or upon the site of such mass public transportation terminal or parking facility;

(4) Any person who is an owner, lessee or has the right of possession to or an easement in real property which is being constructed, repaired, decorated, improved, or otherwise altered by a person engaged in business, excluding only (a) municipal corporations or political subdivisions of the state in respect to labor and services rendered to their real property which is used or held for public road purposes, and (b) the United States, instrumentalities thereof, and county and city housing authorities created pursuant to chapter 35.82 RCW in respect to labor and services rendered to their real property. Nothing contained in this or any other subsection of this definition shall be construed to modify any other definition of "consumer";

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- (5) Any person who is an owner, lessee, or has the right of possession to personal property which is being constructed, repaired, improved, cleaned, imprinted, or otherwise altered by a person engaged in business;
- (6) Any person engaged in the business of constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving new or existing buildings or other structures under, upon, or above real property of or for the United States, any instrumentality thereof, or a county or city housing authority created pursuant to chapter 35.82 RCW, including the installing or attaching of any article of tangible personal property therein or thereto, whether or not such personal property becomes a part of the realty by virtue of installation; also, any person engaged in the business of clearing land and moving earth of or for the United States, any instrumentality thereof, or a county or city housing authority created pursuant to chapter 35.82 RCW. Any such person shall be a consumer within the meaning of this subsection in respect to tangible personal property incorporated into, installed in, or attached to such building or other structure by such person, except that consumer does not include any person engaged in the business of constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving new or existing buildings or other structures under, upon, or above real property of or for the United States, or any instrumentality thereof, if the investment project would qualify for sales and use tax deferral under chapter 82.63 RCW if undertaken by a private entity;
- (7) Any person who is a lessor of machinery and equipment, the rental of which is exempt from the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 under RCW 82.08.02565, with respect to the sale of or charge made for

- 1 tangible personal property consumed in respect to repairing the
- 2 machinery and equipment, if the tangible personal property has a useful
- 3 life of less than one year. Nothing contained in this or any other
- 4 subsection of this section shall be construed to modify any other
- 5 definition of "consumer";
- 6 (8) Any person engaged in the business of cleaning up for the
- 7 United States, or its instrumentalities, radioactive waste and other
- 8 byproducts of weapons production and nuclear research and development;
- 9 and
- 10 (9) Until July 1, 2003, any person engaged in the business of
- 11 conducting environmental remedial action as defined in RCW
- 12 82.04.2635(2).
- 13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW
- 14 to read as follows:
- This chapter does not apply to amounts received by any person for
- 16 research and development under the federal small business innovation
- 17 research program (114 Stat. 2763A; 15 U.S.C. Sec. 638 et seq.).
- 18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW
- 19 to read as follows:
- This chapter does not apply to amounts received by any person for
- 21 research and development under the federal small business technology
- 22 transfer program (115 Stat. 263; 15 U.S.C. Sec. 638 et seq.).
- 23 NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. Sections 9 and 10 of this act take effect
- 24 July 1, 2004.

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