S-4194.1

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5665

State of Washington 58th Legislature 2004 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Agriculture (originally sponsored by Senators Rasmussen and Swecker)

READ FIRST TIME 01/28/04.

AN ACT Relating to administration of irrigation districts; and amending RCW 87.03.138, 87.03.277, 87.03.443, 87.06.030, 87.06.060, 87.06.110, 60.80.005, 60.80.010, and 60.80.020.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. RCW 87.03.138 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 48 s 3 are each amended 6 to read as follows:

7 Directors ((and)), officers, employees, or agents of irrigation 8 districts shall be immune from civil liability for any cause of action or claim for damages for any mistakes and errors of judgment in the 9 10 good faith performance of acts within the scope of their official duties involving the exercise ((of)) or failure to exercise judgment 11 12 and discretion which relate solely to their responsibilities for electrical utilities, hydroelectric facilities, or irrigation works. 13 This grant of immunity shall not be construed as modifying the 14 15 liability of the irrigation district.

16 Sec. 2. RCW 87.03.277 and 2002 c 53 s 1 are each amended to read 17 as follows:

18 Irrigation districts that have designated their own treasurers as

provided in RCW 87.03.440 may accept credit cards, charge cards, debit 1 2 cards, smart cards, stored value cards, federal wire, and automatic clearinghouse system transactions, or other electronic communication, 3 for any payment of any kind including, but not limited to, assessments, 4 5 fines, interest, penalties, special assessments, fees, rates, tolls and charges, or moneys due irrigation districts. A payer desiring to pay б 7 by a credit card, charge card, debit card, smart card, stored value card, federal wire, automatic clearinghouse system, or other electronic 8 9 communication shall bear the cost of processing the transaction in an 10 amount determined by the treasurer, unless the board of directors finds that it is in the best interests of the district to not charge 11 transaction processing costs for all payment transactions made for a 12 13 specific category of ((nonassessment)) payments due the district, 14 including, but not limited to, assessments, fines, interest ((not associated with assessments)), penalties ((not associated with 15 assessments)), special assessments, fees, rates, tolls, and charges. 16 17 The treasurer's cost determination shall be based upon costs incurred by the treasurer and may not, in any event, exceed the additional 18 19 direct costs incurred by the district to accept the specific form of 20 payment used by the payer.

21 **Sec. 3.** RCW 87.03.443 and 1979 ex.s. c 263 s 4 are each amended to 22 read as follows:

23 There may be created for each irrigation district a fund to be 24 known as the upgrading and improvement fund. ((At least)) Not more than five percent of the annual revenue of each irrigation district may 25 26 ((annually)) be placed into its upgrading and improvement fund, except that all or any part of the funds received by a district from the sale, 27 delivery, and distribution of electrical energy may be deposited into 28 the upgrading and improvement fund. 29 Moneys from the upgrading and 30 improvement fund may only be used to modernize, improve, or upgrade the 31 irrigation facilities of the irrigation district or to respond to an emergency affecting such facilities. 32

33 **Sec. 4.** RCW 87.06.030 and 1988 c 134 s 3 are each amended to read 34 as follows:

The treasurer shall order a title search of the property for which a certificate of delinquency has been prepared to determine or verify

the legal description of the property to be sold and parties in 1 2 interest. In districts with two hundred thousand acres or more, the board of directors, upon receiving the certificates of delinquency may, 3 after reviewing the amount of delinguent assessment compared to the 4 costs of foreclosure, including but not limited to title search, court 5 filing fees, costs of service, and attorneys' fees, determine that it 6 is not in the best interest of the district to commence legal action to 7 foreclose the delinguent assessment liens. 8

9 Sec. 5. RCW 87.06.060 and 1988 c 134 s 6 are each amended to read 10 as follows:

(1) The proceedings to foreclose the liens against all properties on a general certificate of delinquency or on more than one individual certificate may be brought in one action.

(2) No assessment, costs, or interest may be considered illegal 14 because of any irregularity in the assessment roll or because the 15 assessment roll has not been made, completed, or returned within the 16 time required by law, or because the property has been charged or 17 listed in the assessment roll without name, or in any other name than 18 that of the owner, and no error or informality in the proceedings of 19 20 any of the officers connected with the assessment may invalidate or in 21 any other manner affect the assessment thereof. Any irregularities or informality in the assessment roll or in any of the proceedings 22 23 connected with the assessment or any omission or defective act of any 24 officer or officers connected with the assessment may be, at the discretion of the court corrected, supplied, and made to conform to the 25 26 law by the court. This ((section)) subsection does not apply if the 27 court finds that the failure to conform to the law unfairly ((affects parties in)) prejudices a party with an interest in the property. 28

29 (3) A party with an interest in real property subject to foreclosure within the district may file a written answer within the 30 time permitted by RCW 87.06.040(1)(d) asserting an objection or defense 31 to the entry of a foreclosure judgment against the property. However, 32 defenses or objections shall be limited to: (a) The form of pleading; 33 (b) manner of service; (c) invalidity of the assessments claimed 34 35 delinquent; (d) payment of the assessments claimed delinquent; or (e) 36 that the real property against which foreclosure is sought is not

subject to district assessment. No counterclaim shall be permitted. 1 2 The court shall liberally permit amendment or supplementation of the 3 district's challenged pleading or procedure to cure the claimed defect. 4 (4) The court shall determine timely objections or defenses to the district's foreclosure in a summary proceeding based only on the 5 district's pleading and the interested party's answer and shall 6 7 promptly pronounce judgment granting or denying the foreclosure; or the court may, in its discretion, to provide substantial justice to the 8 parties, continue the case to a later time to hear evidence on the 9 issues raised by the answer. Hearings under this section shall be 10 limited to affidavits or declarations, and shall be expedited. 11

12 Sec. 6. RCW 87.06.110 and 1988 c 134 s 11 are each amended to read 13 as follows:

The board of directors of the irrigation district and the county 14 15 treasurer may through the interlocal cooperation agreement act, chapter 16 39.34 RCW, choose to have one of the treasurers proceed with a combined 17 foreclosure for all property taxes, irrigation assessments, and all costs and interest owing to both entities. Any such agreement shall 18 include a specific statement as to which entity shall assume title if 19 20 no bids are received equal to or greater than the amount listed on the minimum bid sheet. The agreement shall also clearly specify how any 21 unclaimed excess funds from the sale will be divided between the county 22 23 and the irrigation district.

With a combined foreclosure for all property taxes, all irrigation district assessments, and all costs and interest owing to both entities, the county treasurer may use the foreclosure procedure under chapter 84.64 RCW or the irrigation district treasurer may use the foreclosure procedure under this chapter. When acting as the treasurer for the irrigation district, the county treasurer may use the foreclosure procedure under chapter 84.64 RCW.

31 **Sec. 7.** RCW 60.80.005 and 1996 c 43 s 1 are each amended to read 32 as follows:

33 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 34 this section apply throughout this chapter:

35 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (1), "charges"36 include: (a) All lawful charges assessed by a utility operated under

chapter 35.21, 35.67, 36.36, 36.89, 36.94, ((56.16,)) <u>or</u> 57.08((, or 1 2 87.03)) RCW, but not evidenced by a recorded lien, recorded covenant, recorded agreement, or special assessment roll filed with the city or 3 county treasurer or assessor, and not billed and collected with 4 5 property taxes; and (b) penalties and interest, and reasonable attorneys' fees and other costs of foreclosure if foreclosure 6 7 proceedings have been commenced.

8 (2) "Closing agent" means an escrow agent as defined in RCW 9 ((18.44.010(4))) <u>18.44.011(6)</u> or a person exempt from licensing ((and 10 registration)) requirements under RCW ((18.44.020)) <u>18.44.021</u>, handling 11 the escrow on the sale of the real property.

12 (3) "Real estate agent" means a real estate broker, real estate 13 salesperson, associate real estate broker, or person as defined in RCW 14 18.85.010 (1) through (4).

15 (4) "Business day" means a day the offices of the county or 16 counties in which the utility in question provides service are open for 17 business.

18 Sec. 8. RCW 60.80.010 and 1996 c 43 s 2 are each amended to read 19 as follows:

(1) Unless otherwise stated and acknowledged in writing by the purchaser, the seller of a fee interest in real property is responsible for satisfying, upon closing, any lien provided for by RCW 35.21.290, 35.67.200, 36.36.045, 36.89.090, <u>or</u> 36.94.150((, 56.16.100, 57.08.080, or 87.03.445)).

(2) No closing agent may refuse a written request by the seller or 25 26 purchaser of a fee interest in real property to administer the 27 disbursement of closing funds necessary to satisfy unpaid charges as charges are defined in RCW 60.80.005. Except as otherwise provided in 28 this subsection (2), a closing agent who refuses such a written request 29 30 is liable to the purchaser for unpaid charges for utility services 31 covered by the request. A closing agent is not liable if the closing agent's refusal is based on the seller's inaccurate or incomplete 32 identification of utilities providing service to the property, or if a 33 utility fails to provide an estimated or actual final billing, or 34 written extension of the per diem rate, as required by RCW 60.80.020, 35 36 or if disbursement of closing funds necessary to satisfy the unpaid 37 charges would violate RCW ((18.44.070)) 18.44.400.

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1 (3) A closing agent may charge a fee for performing the services 2 required of the closing agent by this chapter, which fee may be in 3 addition to other fees or settlement charges collected in the course of 4 ordinary settlement practices.

5 **Sec. 9.** RCW 60.80.020 and 1996 c 43 s 3 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 (1) Unless the seller and purchaser waive, in writing, the services 8 of a closing agent in administering the disbursement of closing funds necessary to satisfy unpaid charges as charges are defined in RCW 9 60.80.005, the seller shall, as a provision in a written agreement for 10 11 the purchase and sale of real estate, inform the closing agent for the 12 sale of the names and addresses of all utilities, including special districts, providing service to the property under chapter 35.21, 13 35.67, 36.36, 36.89, 36.94, ((56.16,)) <u>or</u> 57.08((, or 87.03)) RCW. The 14 15 provision of the information in a written agreement for the purchase 16 and sale of real estate constitutes a written request to the closing 17 agent to administer disbursement of closing funds necessary to satisfy 18 unpaid charges.

19 Unless the seller and purchaser have waived the services of a 20 closing agent as provided in this subsection, the closing agent shall 21 submit a written request for a final billing to each utility identified 22 by the seller as providing service to the property under chapter 35.21, 23 35.67, 36.36, 36.89, 36.94, ((56.16,)) <u>or</u> 57.08((, or 87.03)) RCW. 24 Either the seller or purchaser may submit a written request for a final billing to each utility identified by the seller as providing service 25 26 to the property under chapter 35.21, 35.67, 36.36, 36.89, 36.94, ((56.16,)) <u>or</u> 57.08((, or 87.03)) RCW. 27

The written request must identify the property by both legal description and address. The closing agent, seller, or purchaser may submit a written request to a utility by facsimile. In requesting final billings for utility services, the closing agent may rely upon information provided by the seller, and a closing agent or a real estate agent who is not the seller is not liable for inaccurate or incomplete information.

35 (2) After receiving a written request for a final billing for 36 utility services to real property to be sold, a utility operated under 37 chapter 35.21, 35.67, 36.36, 36.89, 36.94, ((56.16,)) <u>or</u> 57.08((, or 87.03)) RCW shall provide the requesting party with a written estimated or actual final billing as provided in this section. If the utility is unable to provide a written estimated or actual final billing or written extension of the per diem rate, due to insufficient information to identify the account, the utility shall notify the requesting party in writing that the information is insufficient to identify the account.

The utility shall provide the written estimated or actual final 8 billing, or statement that the information in the request 9 is insufficient to identify the account, to the requesting party within 10 seven business days of receipt of the written request if the request 11 was mailed to the utility, or within three business days if the request 12 13 was sent to the utility by facsimile or delivered to the utility by 14 messenger. A utility may provide a written estimated or actual final billing to the requesting party by facsimile. 15

(a) The final billing must include all outstanding charges and, in addition to the estimated or actual final amount owing as of the stated closing date, must state the average per diem rate for the utility or utilities involved, including taxes and other charges, which shall apply for up to thirty days beyond the stated closing date if the closing date is delayed.

22 (b) If closing is delayed beyond thirty days, a new estimated or actual final billing must be requested in writing. In lieu of 23 24 furnishing a written revised final billing, the utility may extend, in 25 writing, the number of days for which the per diem charge applies. The utility shall respond within seven business days of receipt of the 26 27 written request for a new estimated or actual final billing if the request was mailed to the utility, or within three business days if the 28 request was sent to the utility by facsimile or delivered to the 29 30 utility by messenger.

31 (c) If a utility fails to provide a written estimated or actual 32 final billing, written extension of the per diem rate, or statement that the information in the request is insufficient to identify the 33 account, within seven business days of receipt of a written request if 34 the request was mailed to the utility, or within three business days if 35 the request was sent to the utility by facsimile or delivered to the 36 37 utility by messenger, an unrecorded lien provided for by RCW 35.21.290, 35.67.200, 36.36.045, 36.89.090, <u>or</u> 36.94.150((, 56.16.100, 57.08.080, 38

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1 or 87.03.445)) for charges incurred prior to the closing date is
2 extinguished, and the utility may not recover the charges from the
3 purchaser of the property.

(d) A closing agent shall inform the seller and purchaser of all
applicable estimated and actual final billings furnished by utilities.
In performing his or her duties under this chapter, a closing agent
may rely upon information provided by utilities and is not liable if
information provided by utilities is inaccurate or incomplete.

9 (3) If closing occurs no later than the last date for which per 10 diem charges may be applied, full payment of the estimated or actual 11 final billing plus per diem charges extinguishes a lien of the utility 12 provided for by RCW 35.21.290, 35.67.200, 36.36.045, 36.89.090, or 13 36.94.150((, 56.16.100, 57.08.080, or 87.03.445)) for charges incurred 14 prior to the closing date.

(4)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (4)(a), this section does not limit the right of a utility to recover from the purchaser of the property unpaid utility charges incurred prior to closing, if the utility did not receive a written request for a final billing or if the utility complied with subsection (2) of this section.

20 A utility may not recover from a purchaser unpaid utility charges 21 incurred prior to closing in excess of an estimated final billing.

(b) This section does not limit the right of a utility to recover unpaid utility charges incurred prior to closing, including unpaid utility charges in excess of an estimated final billing, from the seller of the property, or from the person or persons who incurred the charges.

27 (c) If an estimated final billing is in excess of the actual final billing, unless otherwise directed in writing by the seller and 28 purchaser, a utility shall refund any overcharge to the seller of the 29 property by sending the refund in the seller's name to the last address 30 31 provided by the seller. A utility shall refund the overcharge within 32 fourteen business days of the date the utility receives payment for the final billing, unless a county treasurer acts in an ex officio capacity 33 as the treasurer of a utility, in which case the utility shall refund 34 the overcharge within thirty business days of the date the utility 35 36 receives payment for the final billing.

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