SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5716

State of Washington 58th Legislature 2003 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Financial Services, Insurance & Housing (originally sponsored by Senators Prentice, Winsley, Benton, Kline, McCaslin and Rasmussen)

READ FIRST TIME 02/24/03.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to crimes involving drivers' licenses and
- 2 identicards; amending RCW 46.20.0921; and prescribing penalties.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.20.0921 and 1990 c 210 s 3 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 (1) It is a misdemeanor for any person:
- 7 $((\frac{1}{1}))$ (a) To display or cause or permit to be displayed or have 8 in his or her possession any fictitious or fraudulently altered
- 9 driver's license or identicard;
- 10 $((\frac{(2)}{2}))$ (b) To lend his or her driver's license or identicard to any other person or knowingly permit the use thereof by another;
- 12 $((\frac{3}{3}))$ (c) To display or represent as one's own any driver's license or identicard not issued to him or her;
- $((\frac{4}{1}))$ (d) Willfully to fail or refuse to surrender to the department upon its lawful demand any driver's license or identicard which has been suspended, revoked or canceled;
- 17 $((\frac{(5)}{)})$ (e) To use a false or fictitious name in any application 18 for a driver's license or identicard or to knowingly make a false

p. 1 SSB 5716

statement or to knowingly conceal a material fact or otherwise commit a fraud in any such application;

 $((\frac{6}{}))$ (f) To permit any unlawful use of a driver's license or identicard issued to him or her.

(2) It is a class C felony for any person to manufacture, sell, or deliver a forged, stolen, fictitious, counterfeit, fraudulently altered, or unlawfully issued driver's license or identicard, or to manufacture, sell, or deliver a blank driver's license or identicard except under the direction of the department.

(3) In a proceeding under subsection (2) of this section that is related to an identity theft under RCW 9.35.020, the crime will be considered to have been committed in any locality where the person whose means of identification or financial information was appropriated resides, or in which any part of the offense took place, regardless of whether the defendant was ever actually in that locality.

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SSB 5716 p. 2