\_\_\_\_\_

## ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 5938

\_\_\_\_\_

State of Washington 58th Legislature 2003 Regular Session

By Senators Finkbeiner and Esser

Read first time 02/21/2003. Referred to Committee on Highways & Transportation.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to financial responsibility requirements for
- 2 vessels; amending RCW 88.40.011, 88.40.020, and 88.40.040; and creating
- 3 a new section.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the current
- 6 financial responsibility laws for vessels are in need of update and
- 7 revision. The legislature intends that, whenever possible, the
- 8 standards set for Washington state provide the highest level of
- 9 protection consistent with other western states and to ultimately
- 10 achieve a more uniform system of financial responsibility on the
- 11 Pacific Coast.
- 12 Sec. 2. RCW 88.40.011 and 2000 c 69 s 30 are each amended to read
- 13 as follows:
- 14 ((Unless the context clearly requires otherwise,)) The definitions
- 15 in this section apply throughout this chapter <u>unless the context</u>
- 16 clearly requires otherwise.
- 17 (1) "Barge" means a vessel that is not self-propelled.

p. 1 ESB 5938

(2) "Cargo vessel" means a self-propelled ship in commerce, other than a tank vessel, fishing vessel, or a passenger vessel, of three hundred or more gross tons((, including but not limited to, commercial fish processing vessels and freighters)).

5

6 7

10

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

- $((\frac{2}{2}))$  (3) "Bulk" means material that is stored or transported in a loose, unpackaged liquid, powder, or granular form capable of being conveyed by a pipe, bucket, chute, or belt system.
- 8  $((\frac{3}{3}))$  (4) "Covered vessel" means a tank vessel, cargo vessel, or passenger vessel.
  - $((\frac{4}{1}))$  (5) "Department" means the department of ecology.
- 11  $((\frac{5}{}))$  (6) "Director" means the director of the department of ecology.
  - ((<del>(6)</del>)) <u>(7)</u>(a) "Facility" means any structure, group of structures, equipment, pipeline, or device, other than a vessel, located on or near the navigable waters of the state that transfers oil in bulk to or from ((<del>a tank</del>)) any vessel with an oil carrying capacity over two hundred fifty barrels or pipeline, that is used for producing, storing, handling, transferring, processing, or transporting oil in bulk.
  - (b) A facility does not include any: (i) Railroad car, motor vehicle, or other rolling stock while transporting oil over the highways or rail lines of this state; (ii) retail motor vehicle motor fuel outlet; (iii) facility that is operated as part of an exempt agricultural activity as provided in RCW 82.04.330; (iv) underground storage tank regulated by the department or a local government under chapter 90.76 RCW; or (v) marine fuel outlet that does not dispense more than three thousand gallons of fuel to a ship that is not a covered vessel, in a single transaction.
  - ((<del>(7)</del>)) (8) "Fishing vessel" means a self-propelled commercial vessel of three hundred or more gross tons that is used for catching or processing fish.
- 31 (9) "Gross tons" means tonnage as determined by the United States 32 coast quard under 33 C.F.R. section 138.30.
- (10) "Hazardous substances" means any substance listed as of March 33 1, 2003, in Table 302.4 of 40 C.F.R. Part 302 adopted ((August 14, 34 <del>1989,</del>)) under section 101(14) of the federal comprehensive 35 environmental response, compensation, and liability act of 1980, as 36 37 amended by P.L. 99-499. The following are not hazardous substances for 38 purposes of this chapter:

ESB 5938 p. 2

(a) Wastes listed as F001 through F028 in Table 302.4; and

- (b) Wastes listed as K001 through K136 in Table 302.4.
- ((<del>8) "Inland barge" means any barge operating on the waters of the state and certified by the coast guard as an inland barge.</del>
  - (9)) (11) "Navigable waters of the state" means those waters of the state, and their adjoining shorelines, that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport intrastate, interstate, or foreign commerce.
  - ((<del>(10)</del>)) (12) "Oil" or "oils" means any naturally occurring liquid hydrocarbons at atmospheric temperature and pressure coming from the earth, including condensate and natural gasoline, and any fractionation thereof, including, but not limited to, crude oil, petroleum, gasoline, fuel oil, diesel oil, oil sludge, oil refuse, and oil mixed with wastes other than dredged spoil. Oil does not include any substance listed <u>as of March 1, 2003</u>, in Table 302.4 of 40 C.F.R. Part 302 adopted ((August 14, 1989,)) under section 101(14) of the federal comprehensive environmental response, compensation, and liability act of 1980, as amended by P.L. 99-499.
  - $((\frac{11}{11}))$  (13) "Offshore facility" means any facility located in, on, or under any of the navigable waters of the state, but does not include a facility any part of which is located in, on, or under any land of the state, other than submerged land.
  - $((\frac{12}{12}))$  (14) "Onshore facility" means any facility any part of which is located in, on, or under any land of the state, other than submerged land, that because of its location, could reasonably be expected to cause substantial harm to the environment by discharging oil into or on the navigable waters of the state or the adjoining shorelines.
  - $((\frac{(13)}{(13)}))$   $(\underline{15})$ (a) "Owner or operator" means (i) in the case of a vessel, any person owning, operating, or chartering by demise, the vessel; (ii) in the case of an onshore or offshore facility, any person owning or operating the facility; and (iii) in the case of an abandoned vessel or onshore or offshore facility, the person who owned or operated the vessel or facility immediately before its abandonment.
- (b) "Operator" does not include any person who owns the land underlying a facility if the person is not involved in the operations of the facility.

p. 3 ESB 5938

- 1 ((\(\frac{(14)}{14}\))) (16) "Passenger vessel" means a ship of three hundred or 2 more gross tons with a fuel capacity of at least six thousand gallons 3 carrying passengers for compensation.
- 4  $((\frac{(15)}{)})$  (17) "Ship" means any boat, ship, vessel, barge, or other floating craft of any kind.
- 6  $((\frac{16}{16}))$  (18) "Spill" means an unauthorized discharge of oil into 7 the waters of the state.
- 8  $((\frac{(17)}{(19)})$  "Tank vessel" means a ship that is constructed or 9 adapted to carry, or that carries, oil in bulk as cargo or cargo 10 residue, and that:
- 11 (a) Operates on the waters of the state; or

21

22

23

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

- 12 (b) Transfers oil in a port or place subject to the jurisdiction of this state.
- ((<del>(18)</del>)) (20) "Waters of the state" includes lakes, rivers, ponds, streams, inland waters, underground water, salt waters, estuaries, tidal flats, beaches and lands adjoining the seacoast of the state, sewers, and all other surface waters and watercourses within the jurisdiction of the state of Washington.
- 19 **Sec. 3.** RCW 88.40.020 and 2000 c 69 s 31 are each amended to read 20 as follows:
  - (1) Any ((inland)) barge that transports hazardous substances in bulk as cargo, using any port or place in the state of Washington or the navigable waters of the state shall establish evidence of financial responsibility in the amount of the greater of ((one)) five million dollars, or ((one)) three hundred ((fifty)) dollars per gross ton of such vessel.
  - (2)(a) Except as provided in <u>(b) or</u> (c) of this subsection, a tank vessel that carries oil as cargo in bulk shall demonstrate financial responsibility to pay at least five hundred million dollars. <u>The amount of financial responsibility required under this subsection is one billion dollars after January 1, 2004.</u>
- 32 (b) The director by rule may establish a lesser standard of 33 financial responsibility for ((barges)) tank vessels of three hundred 34 gross tons or less. The standard shall set the level of financial 35 responsibility based on the quantity of cargo the ((barge)) tank vessel 36 is capable of carrying. The director shall not set the standard for

ESB 5938 p. 4

((barges)) tank vessels of three hundred gross tons or less below that required under federal law.

- (c) The owner or operator of a tank vessel who is a member of an international protection and indemnity mutual organization and is covered for oil pollution risks up to the amounts required under this section is not required to demonstrate financial responsibility under this chapter. The director may require the owner or operator of a tank vessel to prove membership in such an organization.
- (3)(a) A cargo vessel or passenger vessel that carries oil as fuel shall demonstrate financial responsibility to pay ((the greater of at least six hundred dollars per gross ton or five hundred thousand)) at least three hundred million dollars.
- (b) The owner or operator of a cargo vessel or passenger vessel who is a member of an international protection and indemnity mutual organization and is covered for oil pollution risks up to the amounts required under this section is not required to demonstrate financial responsibility under this chapter. The director may require the owner or operator of a cargo vessel or passenger vessel to prove membership in such an organization.
- (4) A fishing vessel while on the navigable waters of the state must demonstrate financial responsibility in the following amounts:

  (a) For a fishing vessel carrying predominantly nonpersistent product, one hundred thirty-three dollars and forty cents per incident, for each barrel of total oil storage capacity, persistent and nonpersistent product, on the vessel or one million three hundred thirty-four thousand dollars, whichever is greater; or (b) for a fishing vessel carrying predominantly persistent product, four hundred dollars and twenty cents per incident, for each barrel of total oil storage capacity, persistent product and nonpersistent product, on the vessel or six million six hundred seventy thousand dollars, whichever is greater.
- (5) The documentation of financial responsibility shall demonstrate the ability of the document holder to meet state and federal financial liability requirements for the actual costs for removal of oil spills, for natural resource damages, and <u>for</u> necessary expenses.
- (((5) The department may by rule set a lesser amount of financial responsibility for a tank vessel that meets standards for construction, propulsion, equipment, and personnel established by the department.

p. 5 ESB 5938

The department shall require as a minimum level of financial responsibility under this subsection the same level of financial responsibility required under federal law.))

- (6) This section shall not apply to a covered vessel owned or operated by the federal government or by a state or local government.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 88.40.040 and 2000 c 69 s 33 are each amended to read 7 as follows:
  - (1) ((The department shall deny entry to the waters of the state to any vessel that does not meet the financial responsibility requirements of this chapter)) It is unlawful for any vessel required to have financial responsibility under this chapter to enter or operate on Washington waters without meeting the requirements of this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter, except when necessary to avoid injury to the vessel's crew or passengers. Any vessel owner or operator that does not meet the financial responsibility requirements of this chapter and any rules prescribed thereunder or the federal oil pollution act of 1990 shall be reported by the department to the United States coast guard.
- 19 (2) The department shall enforce section 1016 of the federal oil 20 pollution act of 1990 as authorized by section 1019 of the federal act.

--- END ---

ESB 5938 p. 6