Services, Insurance & Housing.

SENATE BILL 6613

State of Washington58th Legislature2004 Regular SessionBy Senator WinsleyRead first time 01/27/2004.Referred to Committee on Financial

AN ACT Relating to charging manufactured housing communities for water and sewer connections; and amending RCW 35.91.040, 36.94.140, and 57.08.081.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 35.91.040 and 1965 c 7 s 35.91.040 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 ((No)) (1) A person, firm, or corporation ((shall)) may not be 8 granted a permit or be authorized to tap into, or use any such water or sewer facilities or extensions thereof during the period of time 9 10 prescribed in such contract without first paying to the municipality, 11 in addition to any and all other costs and charges made or assessed for 12 such tap, or use, or for the water lines or sewers constructed in connection therewith, the amount required by the provisions of the 13 14 contract under which the water or sewer facilities so tapped into or 15 used were constructed. All amounts so received by the municipality shall be paid out by it under the terms of such contract within sixty 16 17 days after the receipt thereof. Whenever any tap or connection is made into any such contracted water or sewer facilities without such payment 18 19 having first been made, the governing body of the municipality may 1 remove, or cause to be removed, such unauthorized tap or connection and 2 all connecting tile, or pipe located in the facility right of way and 3 dispose of unauthorized material so removed without any liability 4 whatsoever.

5 (2) A tap or connection charge under this section for service to a 6 manufactured housing community, as defined in RCW 59.20.030, applies to 7 an individual lot within that community only if the municipality 8 provides and maintains the tap-in connection.

9 **Sec. 2.** RCW 36.94.140 and 2003 c 394 s 4 are each amended to read 10 as follows:

(1) Every county, in the operation of a system of sewerage and/or water, shall have full jurisdiction and authority to manage, regulate, and control it. Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, every county shall have full jurisdiction and authority to fix, alter, regulate, and control the rates and charges for the service and facilities to those to whom such service and facilities are available, and to levy charges for connection to the system.

18 (2) The rates for availability of service and facilities, and 19 connection charges so charged must be uniform for the same class of 20 customers or service and facility. In classifying customers served, 21 service furnished or made available by such system of sewerage and/or 22 water, or the connection charges, the county legislative authority may 23 consider any or all of the following factors:

(a) The difference in cost of service to the various customerswithin or without the area;

(b) The difference in cost of maintenance, operation, repair andreplacement of the various parts of the systems;

(c) The different character of the service and facilities furnishedvarious customers;

30 (d) The quantity and quality of the sewage and/or water delivered 31 and the time of its delivery;

32 (e) Capital contributions made to the system or systems, including,33 but not limited to, assessments;

34 (f) The cost of acquiring the system or portions of the system in 35 making system improvements necessary for the public health and safety; 36 (g) The nonprofit public benefit status, as defined in RCW 37 24.03.490, of the land user; and

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(h) Any other matters which present a reasonable difference as a
ground for distinction.

(3) The rate a county may charge under this section for storm or 3 surface water sewer systems or the portion of the rate allocable to the 4 5 storm or surface water sewer system of combined sanitary sewage and storm or surface water sewer systems shall be reduced by a minimum of 6 7 ten percent for any new or remodeled commercial building that utilizes a permissive rainwater harvesting system. Rainwater harvesting systems 8 shall be properly sized to utilize the available roof surface of the 9 10 building. The jurisdiction shall consider rate reductions in excess of ten percent dependent upon the amount of rainwater harvested. 11

(4) A county may provide assistance to aid low-income persons inconnection with services provided under this chapter.

14 (5) The service charges and rates shall produce revenues sufficient 15 to take care of the costs of maintenance and operation, revenue bond 16 and warrant interest and principal amortization requirements, and all 17 other charges necessary for the efficient and proper operation of the 18 system.

19 (6) A connection charge under this section for service to a 20 manufactured housing community, as defined in RCW 59.20.030, applies to 21 an individual lot within that community only if the system of water or 22 sewerage provides and maintains the connection.

23 **Sec. 3.** RCW 57.08.081 and 2003 c 394 s 6 are each amended to read 24 as follows:

(1) Subject to RCW 57.08.005(6), the commissioners of any district 25 26 shall provide for revenues by fixing rates and charges for furnishing 27 sewer and drainage service and facilities to those to whom service is available or for providing water, such rates and charges to be fixed as 28 deemed necessary by the commissioners, so that uniform charges will be 29 30 made for the same class of customer or service and facility. Rates and 31 charges may be combined for the furnishing of more than one type of sewer or drainage service and facilities. 32

(2) In classifying customers of such water, sewer, or drainage system, the board of commissioners may in its discretion consider any or all of the following factors: The difference in cost to various customers; the location of the various customers within and without the district; the difference in cost of maintenance, operation, repair, and

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replacement of the various parts of the system; the different character 1 2 of the service furnished various customers; the quantity and quality of the service and facility furnished; the time of its use; the 3 achievement of water conservation goals and the discouragement of 4 wasteful practices; capital contributions made to the system including 5 but not limited to assessments; and any other matters which present a 6 7 reasonable difference as a ground for distinction. Rates shall be established as deemed proper by the commissioners and as fixed by 8 resolution and shall produce revenues sufficient to take care of the 9 10 costs of maintenance and operation, revenue bond and warrant interest and principal amortization requirements, and all other charges 11 necessary for efficient and proper operation of the system. Prior to 12 13 furnishing services, a district may require a deposit to guarantee 14 payment for services. However, failure to require a deposit does not affect the validity of any lien authorized by this section. 15

(3)(a) The commissioners shall enforce collection of connection 16 17 charges, and rates and charges for water supplied against property owners connecting with the system or receiving such water, and for 18 sewer and drainage services charged against property to which and its 19 owners to whom the service is available, such charges being deemed 20 21 charges against the property served, by addition of penalties of not 22 more than ten percent thereof in case of failure to pay the charges at times fixed by resolution. The commissioners may provide by resolution 23 24 that where either connection charges or rates and charges for services 25 supplied are delinquent for any specified period of time, the district shall certify the delinquencies to the auditor of the county in which 26 27 the real property is located, and the charges and any penalties added thereto and interest thereon at the rate of not more than the prime 28 lending rate of the district's bank plus four percentage points per 29 year shall be a lien against the property upon which the service was 30 31 received, subject only to the lien for general taxes.

32 (b) A connection charge under this section for service to a 33 manufactured housing community, as defined in RCW 59.20.030, applies to 34 an individual lot within that community only if the district provides 35 and maintains the connection.

(4) The district may, at any time after the connection charges or
rates and charges for services supplied or available and penalties are
delinquent for a period of sixty days, bring suit in foreclosure by

civil action in the superior court of the county in which the real 1 2 property is located. The court may allow, in addition to the costs and disbursements provided by statute, attorneys' fees, title search and 3 report costs, and expenses as it adjudges reasonable. The action shall 4 5 be in rem, and may be brought in the name of the district against an individual or against all of those who are delinquent in one action. 6 7 The laws and rules of the court shall control as in other civil 8 actions.

9 (5) In addition to the right to foreclose provided in this section, 10 the district may also cut off all or part of the service after charges 11 for water or sewer service supplied or available are delinquent for a 12 period of thirty days.

(6) A district may determine how to apply partial payments on pastdue accounts.

15 (7) A district may provide a real property owner or the owner's designee with duplicate bills for service to tenants, or may notify an 16 17 owner or the owner's designee that a tenant's service account is delinquent. However, if an owner or the owner's designee notifies the 18 district in writing that a property served by the district is a rental 19 property, asks to be notified of a tenant's delinquency, and has 20 21 provided, in writing, a complete and accurate mailing address, the 22 district shall notify the owner or the owner's designee of a tenant's delinquency at the same time and in the same manner the district 23 24 notifies the tenant of the tenant's delinquency or by mail. When a 25 district provides a real property owner or the owner's designee with duplicates of tenant utility service bills or notice that a tenant's 26 27 utility account is delinquent, the district shall notify the tenant that it is providing the duplicate bills or delinquency notice to the 28 owner or the owner's designee. After January 1, 1999, if a district 29 fails to notify the owner of a tenant's delinquency after receiving a 30 written request to do so and after receiving the other information 31 required by this subsection (7), the district shall have no lien 32 against the premises for the tenant's delinquent and unpaid charges. 33

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