## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6665

State of Washington 58th Legislature 2004 Regular Session

**By** Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Hewitt, Mulliken, Honeyford, Hale, Parlette, Rasmussen and Sheahan)

READ FIRST TIME 02/25/04.

AN ACT Relating to the excise taxation of fruit and vegetable processing and storage; amending RCW 82.08.820 and 82.12.820; reenacting and amending RCW 82.04.260; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; adding a new chapter to title 82 RCW; providing an effective date; and providing an expiration date.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW
8 to read as follows:

9 This chapter shall not apply to amounts received from:

(1) Canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating freshfruits and vegetables; or

(2) Selling at wholesale fresh fruits and vegetables canned, preserved, frozen, processed, or dehydrated by the seller and sold to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of this state. As proof of sale to a person who transports in the ordinary course of business goods out of this state, the seller shall annually provide a statement in a form prescribed by the department and retain the statement as a business record. 1

Sec. 2. RCW 82.04.260 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 1 s 4 and 2003 2nd 2 sp.s. c 1 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of 3 4 manufacturing:

(a) Wheat into flour, barley into pearl barley, soybeans into 5 soybean oil, canola into canola oil, canola meal, or canola byproducts, 6 7 or sunflower seeds into sunflower oil; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the 8 barley, oil, canola meal, or canola 9 flour, pearl byproduct manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent; 10

(b) Seafood products which remain in a raw, raw frozen, or raw 11 salted state at the completion of the manufacturing by that person; as 12 13 to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall 14 be equal to the value of the products manufactured, multiplied by the 15 rate of 0.138 percent;

16 (c) ((By canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating 17 fresh fruits and vegetables, or selling at wholesale fresh fruits and vegetables canned, preserved, frozen, processed, or dehydrated by the 18 19 seller and sold to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of 20 business the goods out of this state; as to such persons the amount of 21 tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the 22 products canned, preserved, frozen, processed, or dehydrated multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. As proof of sale to a person who 23 24 transports in the ordinary course of business goods out of this state, 25 the seller shall annually provide a statement in a form prescribed by the department and retain the statement as a business record; 26

27 (d))) Dairy products that as of September 20, 2001, are identified in 21 C.F.R., chapter 1, parts 131, 133, and 135, including byproducts 28 from the manufacturing of the dairy products such as whey and casein; 29 30 or selling the same to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course 31 of business the goods out of state; as to such persons the tax imposed 32 shall be equal to the value of the products manufactured multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. As proof of sale to a person who transports 33 in the ordinary course of business goods out of this state, the seller 34 shall annually provide a statement in a form prescribed by the 35 department and retain the statement as a business record; 36

37 ((<del>(e)</del>)) <u>(d) Until July 1, 2009, a</u>lcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock, as those terms are defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as 38

to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business shall be equal to the value of alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent((-This subsection (1)(e) expires July 1, 2009)); and

5 ((<del>(f)</del>)) <u>(e)</u> Alcohol fuel or wood biomass fuel, as those terms are 6 defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such persons the amount of tax with 7 respect to the business shall be equal to the value of alcohol fuel or 8 wood biomass fuel manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 9 percent.

10 (2) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of 11 splitting or processing dried peas; as to such persons the amount of 12 tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the 13 peas split or processed, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.

14 (3) Upon every nonprofit corporation and nonprofit association 15 engaging within this state in research and development, as to such 16 corporations and associations, the amount of tax with respect to such 17 activities shall be equal to the gross income derived from such 18 activities multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

(4) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of slaughtering, breaking and/or processing perishable meat products and/or selling the same at wholesale only and not at retail; as to such persons the tax imposed shall be equal to the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.

(5) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of making sales, at retail or wholesale, of nuclear fuel assemblies manufactured by that person, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the assemblies multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.

(6) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing nuclear fuel assemblies, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the products manufactured multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.

(7) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of acting as a travel agent or tour operator; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such activities shall be equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent. 1 (8) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as an 2 international steamship agent, international customs house broker, 3 international freight forwarder, vessel and/or cargo charter broker in 4 foreign commerce, and/or international air cargo agent; as to such 5 persons the amount of the tax with respect to only international 6 activities shall be equal to the gross income derived from such 7 activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.

(9) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of 8 stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the movement of 9 10 goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign commerce; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall 11 12 be equal to the gross proceeds derived from such activities multiplied 13 by the rate of 0.275 percent. Persons subject to taxation under this 14 subsection shall be exempt from payment of taxes imposed by chapter 82.16 RCW for that portion of their business subject to taxation under 15 Stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to 16 this subsection. the conduct of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or 17 foreign commerce are defined as all activities of a labor, service or 18 transportation nature whereby cargo may be loaded or unloaded to or 19 from vessels or barges, passing over, onto or under a wharf, pier, or 20 21 similar structure; cargo may be moved to a warehouse or similar holding 22 or storage yard or area to await further movement in import or export or may move to a consolidation freight station and be stuffed, 23 24 unstuffed, containerized, separated or otherwise segregated or 25 aggregated for delivery or loaded on any mode of transportation for 26 delivery to its consignee. Specific activities included in this 27 definition are: Wharfage, handling, loading, unloading, moving of cargo to a convenient place of delivery to the consignee or a 28 convenient place for further movement to export mode; documentation 29 services in connection with the receipt, delivery, checking, care, 30 custody and control of cargo required in the transfer of cargo; 31 32 imported automobile handling prior to delivery to consignee; terminal stevedoring and incidental vessel services, including but not limited 33 to plugging and unplugging refrigerator service to containers, 34 35 trailers, and other refrigerated cargo receptacles, and securing ship 36 hatch covers.

(10) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business
of disposing of low-level waste, as defined in RCW 43.145.010; as to

such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross income of the business, excluding any fees imposed under chapter 43.200 RCW, multiplied by the rate of 3.3 percent.

5 If the gross income of the taxpayer is attributable to activities 6 both within and without this state, the gross income attributable to 7 this state shall be determined in accordance with the methods of 8 apportionment required under RCW 82.04.460.

9 (11) Upon every person engaging within this state as an insurance 10 agent, insurance broker, or insurance solicitor licensed under chapter 11 48.17 RCW; as to such persons, the amount of the tax with respect to 12 such licensed activities shall be equal to the gross income of such 13 business multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

14 (12) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as a hospital, as defined in chapter 70.41 RCW, that is operated as a 15 16 nonprofit corporation or by the state or any of its political 17 subdivisions, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such activities shall be equal to the gross income of the business 18 multiplied by the rate of 0.75 percent through June 30, 1995, and 1.5 19 percent thereafter. The moneys collected under this subsection shall 20 21 be deposited in the health services account created under RCW 22 43.72.900.

(13)(a) Beginning October 1, 2005, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing commercial airplanes, or components of such airplanes, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall, in the case of manufacturers, be equal to the value of the product manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, be equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of:

30 (i) 0.4235 percent from October 1, 2005, through the later of June
31 30, 2007, or the day preceding the date final assembly of a
32 superefficient airplane begins in Washington state, as determined under
33 RCW 82.32.550; and

(ii) 0.2904 percent beginning on the later of July 1, 2007, or the
date final assembly of a superefficient airplane begins in Washington
state, as determined under RCW 82.32.550.

(b) Beginning October 1, 2005, upon every person engaging withinthis state in the business of making sales, at retail or wholesale, of

1 commercial airplanes, or components of such airplanes, manufactured by 2 that person, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such 3 business shall be equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the airplanes 4 or components multiplied by the rate of:

5 (i) 0.4235 percent from October 1, 2005, through the later of June 6 30, 2007, or the day preceding the date final assembly of a 7 superefficient airplane begins in Washington state, as determined under 8 RCW 82.32.550; and

9 (ii) 0.2904 percent beginning on the later of July 1, 2007, or the 10 date final assembly of a superefficient airplane begins in Washington 11 state, as determined under RCW 82.32.550.

12 (c) For the purposes of this subsection (13), "commercial 13 airplane," "component," and "final assembly of a superefficient 14 airplane" have the meanings given in RCW 82.32.550.

(d) In addition to all other requirements under this title, a person eligible for the tax rate under this subsection (13) must report as required under RCW 82.32.545.

(e) This subsection (13) does not apply after the earlier of: July
1, 2024; or December 31, 2007, if assembly of a superefficient airplane
does not begin by December 31, 2007, as determined under RCW 82.32.550.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. Unless the context clearly requires 22 otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this 23 chapter.

(1) "Applicant" means a person applying for a tax deferral underthis chapter.

26 (2) "Cold storage warehouse" means a storage warehouse used to 27 store fresh and/or frozen perishable fruits or vegetables, or any 28 combination thereof, at a desired temperature to maintain the quality 29 of the product for orderly marketing.

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(3) "Department" means the department of revenue.

(4) "Eligible investment project" means an investment in qualified buildings or qualified machinery and equipment, including labor and services rendered in the planning, installation, and construction of the project. The lessor or owner of the qualified building is not eligible for a deferral unless (a) the underlying ownership of the buildings, machinery, and equipment vests exclusively in the same person; or (b)(i) the lessor by written contract agrees to pass the economic benefit of the deferral to the lessee in the form of reduced rent payments, and (ii) the lessee that receives the economic benefit of the deferral agrees in writing with the department to complete the annual report under section 6 of this act. The economic benefit of the deferral to the lessee may be evidenced by any type of payment, credit, or any other financial arrangement between the lessor or owner of the qualified building and the lessee.

8 (5) "Fresh fruit and vegetable processing" means manufacturing as 9 defined in RCW 82.04.120 which consists of the canning, preserving, 10 freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits and/or vegetables.

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(6) "Person" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.030.

12 (7) "Qualified buildings" means construction of new structures, and 13 expansion or renovation of existing structures for the purpose of 14 increasing floor space or production capacity used for fresh fruit and vegetable processing, cold storage warehouse, and research and 15 development activities, including plant offices and warehouses or other 16 17 facilities for the storage of raw material or finished goods if such facilities are an essential or an integral part of a factory, plant, or 18 laboratory used for fresh fruit and vegetable processing, cold storage 19 20 warehousing, or research and development. If a building is used partly 21 for fresh fruit and vegetable processing, cold storage warehousing, or 22 research and development and partly for other purposes, the applicable tax deferral shall be determined by apportionment of the costs of 23 24 construction under rules adopted by the department.

25 (8) "Qualified machinery and equipment" means all industrial and research fixtures, equipment, and support facilities that are an 26 27 integral and necessary part of a fresh fruit and vegetable processing, cold storage warehouse, or research and development operation. 28 "Qualified machinery and equipment" includes: 29 Computers; software; 30 processing equipment; laboratory equipment; data manufacturing 31 components such as belts, pulleys, shafts, and moving parts; molds, 32 tools, and dies; operating structures; and all equipment used to control or operate the machinery. 33

34 (9) "Recipient" means a person receiving a tax deferral under this35 chapter.

36 (10) "Research and development" means the development, refinement, 37 testing, marketing, and commercialization of a product, service, or 38 process related to fresh fruit and vegetable processing or cold storage 1 warehousing before commercial sales have begun. As used in this 2 subsection, "commercial sales" excludes sales of prototypes or sales 3 for market testing if the total gross receipts from such sales of the 4 product, service, or process do not exceed one million dollars.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) Application for deferral of taxes under 5 6 this chapter must be made before initiation of the construction of the 7 investment project or acquisition of equipment or machinery. The application shall be made to the department in a form and manner 8 9 prescribed by the department. The application shall contain information regarding the location of the investment project, the 10 11 applicant's average employment in the state for the prior year, 12 estimated or actual new employment related to the project, estimated or actual wages of employees related to the project, estimated or actual 13 costs, time schedules for completion and operation, and other 14 15 information required by the department.

(2) The department shall rule on the application within sixty days.
 The department shall keep a running total of all deferrals granted
 under this chapter during each fiscal biennium.

(3) No application may be made under this chapter for a project forwhich a refund is requested under RCW 82.08.820 or 82.12.820.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. (1) The department shall issue a sales and 22 use tax deferral certificate for state and local sales and use taxes 23 due under chapters 82.08, 82.12, and 82.14 RCW on each eligible 24 investment project if the investment project is undertaken for the 25 purpose of fresh fruit and vegetable processing, cold storage 26 warehousing, or research and development.

27 (2) This section expires July 1, 2010.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. (1) Each recipient of a deferral granted 28 29 under this chapter shall submit a report to the department on December 31st of the year in which the investment project is certified by the 30 department as having been operationally completed, and on December 31st 31 of each of the seven succeeding calendar years. The report shall 32 contain information, as required by the department, from which the 33 34 department may determine whether the recipient is meeting the 35 requirements of this chapter. If the recipient fails to submit a

1 report or submits an inadequate report, the department may declare the 2 amount of deferred taxes outstanding to be immediately assessed and 3 payable.

(2) If, on the basis of a report under this section or other 4 5 information, the department finds that an investment project is not eligible for tax deferral under this chapter, the amount of deferred б 7 taxes outstanding for the project are immediately due. For any taxes that are due, penalties and interest applicable to delinquent excise 8 taxes shall be assessed and imposed for delinquent payments under this 9 The debt for deferred taxes will not be extinguished by 10 chapter. insolvency or other failure of the recipient. Transfer of ownership 11 12 does not terminate the deferral. The deferral is transferred, subject 13 to the successor meeting the eligibility requirements of this chapter, for the remaining periods of the deferral. 14

15 (3) Deferred taxes need not be repaid if the department determines, 16 in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, 17 that the recipient has met the requirements of this chapter for the 18 seven calendar years following the certification by the department that 19 the investment project has been operationally completed.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. The employment security department shall 21 make, and certify to the department of revenue, all determinations of 22 employment and wages as requested by the department under this chapter.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** Chapter 82.32 RCW applies to the 24 administration of this chapter.

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** Applications received by the department 26 under this chapter shall not be confidential and shall be subject to 27 disclosure.

28 **Sec. 10.** RCW 82.08.820 and 1997 c 450 s 2 are each amended to read 29 as follows:

30 (1) Wholesalers or third-party warehousers who own or operate 31 warehouses or grain elevators and retailers who own or operate 32 distribution centers, and who have paid the tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 33 on:

(a) Material-handling and racking equipment, and labor and services
 rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or
 improving the equipment; or

4 (b) Construction of a warehouse or grain elevator, including 5 materials, and including service and labor costs,

6 are eligible for an exemption in the form of a remittance. The amount 7 of the remittance is computed under subsection (3) of this section and 8 is based on the state share of sales tax.

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(2) For purposes of this section and RCW 82.12.820:

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(a) "Agricultural products" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.213;
 (b) <u>"Cold storage warehouse" means a storage warehouse used to</u> store fresh and/or frozen perishable fruits or vegetables, or any

13 combination thereof, at a desired temperature to maintain the quality
14 of the product for orderly marketing;

(c) "Construction" means the actual construction of a warehouse or 15 grain elevator that did not exist before the construction began. 16 17 "Construction" includes expansion if the expansion adds at least twenty-five thousand square feet of additional space to an existing 18 cold storage warehouse, at least two hundred thousand square feet of 19 additional space to an existing warehouse other than a cold storage 20 21 warehouse, or additional storage capacity of at least one million 22 bushels to an existing grain elevator. "Construction" does not include renovation, remodeling, or repair; 23

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((<del>(c)</del>)) <u>(d)</u> "Department" means the department of revenue;

((<del>(d)</del>)) <u>(e)</u> "Distribution center" means a warehouse that is used exclusively by a retailer solely for the storage and distribution of finished goods to retail outlets of the retailer. "Distribution center" does not include a warehouse at which retail sales occur;

(((+e))) (f) "Finished goods" means tangible personal property intended for sale by a retailer or wholesaler. "Finished goods" does not include agricultural products stored by wholesalers, third-party warehouses, or retailers if the storage takes place on the land of the person who produced the agricultural product. "Finished goods" does not include logs, minerals, petroleum, gas, or other extracted products stored as raw materials or in bulk;

36 ((<del>(f)</del>)) <u>(g)</u> "Grain elevator" means a structure used for storage and 37 handling of grain in bulk;

(((<del>(g)</del>)) (<u>h)</u> "Material-handling equipment and racking equipment" 1 2 means equipment in a warehouse or grain elevator that is primarily used to handle, store, organize, convey, package, or repackage finished 3 goods. The term includes tangible personal property with a useful life 4 5 of one year or more that becomes an ingredient or component of the equipment, including repair and replacement parts. The term does not 6 7 include equipment in offices, lunchrooms, restrooms, and other like space, within a warehouse or grain elevator, or equipment used for 8 9 nonwarehousing purposes. "Material-handling equipment" includes but is 10 not limited to: Conveyers, carousels, lifts, positioners, pick-up-andplace units, cranes, hoists, mechanical arms, and robots; mechanized 11 12 systems, including containers that are an integral part of the system, 13 whose purpose is to lift or move tangible personal property; and 14 automated handling, storage, and retrieval systems, including computers that control them, whose purpose is to lift or move tangible personal 15 16 property; and forklifts and other off-the-road vehicles that are used 17 to lift or move tangible personal property and that cannot be operated 18 legally on roads and streets. "Racking equipment" includes, but is not 19 limited to, conveying systems, chutes, shelves, racks, bins, drawers, 20 pallets, and other containers and storage devices that form a necessary 21 part of the storage system;

22 ((<del>(h)</del>)) <u>(i)</u> "Person" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.030;

23 ((((i))) (j) "Retailer" means a person who makes "sales at retail" 24 as defined in chapter 82.04 RCW of tangible personal property;

25  $\left(\left(\frac{j}{j}\right)\right)$  <u>(k)</u> "Square footage" means the product of the two horizontal dimensions of each floor of a specific warehouse. 26 The 27 entire footprint of the warehouse shall be measured in calculating the square footage, including space that juts out from the building profile 28 such as loading docks. "Square footage" does not mean the aggregate of 29 30 the square footage of more than one warehouse at a location or the 31 aggregate of the square footage of warehouses at more than one 32 location;

33 (((<del>(k)</del>)) <u>(1)</u> "Third-party warehouser" means a person taxable under 34 RCW 82.04.280(4);

35 (((1))) (m) "Warehouse" means an enclosed building or structure in 36 which finished goods are stored. A warehouse building or structure may 37 have more than one storage room and more than one floor. Office space, 38 lunchrooms, restrooms, and other space within the warehouse and

necessary for the operation of the warehouse are considered part of the warehouse as are loading docks and other such space attached to the building and used for handling of finished goods. Landscaping and parking lots are not considered part of the warehouse. A storage yard is not a warehouse, nor is a building in which manufacturing takes place; and

7 ((<del>(m)</del>)) <u>(n)</u> "Wholesaler" means a person who makes "sales at 8 wholesale" as defined in chapter 82.04 RCW of tangible personal 9 property, but "wholesaler" does not include a person who makes sales 10 exempt under 82.04.330.

(3)(a) A person claiming an exemption from state tax in the form of 11 a remittance under this section must pay the tax imposed by RCW 12 13 82.08.020. The buyer may then apply to the department for remittance 14 of all or part of the tax paid under RCW 82.08.020. For grain elevators with bushel capacity of one million but less than two 15 16 million, the remittance is equal to fifty percent of the amount of tax 17 paid. For warehouses with square footage of two hundred thousand or more, other than cold storage warehouses, and for grain elevators with 18 bushel capacity of two million or more, the remittance is equal to one 19 20 hundred percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying construction, 21 materials, service, and labor, and fifty percent of the amount of tax 22 paid for qualifying material-handling equipment and racking equipment, 23 and labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, 24 cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment. For cold storage 25 warehouses with square footage of twenty-five thousand or more, the remittance is equal to one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid 26 27 for qualifying construction, materials, service, and labor, and one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying material-28 handling equipment and racking equipment, and labor and services 29 rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or 30 improving the equipment. 31

32 (b) The department shall determine eligibility under this section 33 based on information provided by the buyer and through audit and other 34 administrative records. The buyer shall on a quarterly basis submit an 35 information sheet, in a form and manner as required by the department 36 by rule, specifying the amount of exempted tax claimed and the 37 qualifying purchases or acquisitions for which the exemption is 38 claimed. The buyer shall retain, in adequate detail to enable the

department to determine whether the equipment or construction meets the criteria under this section: Invoices; proof of tax paid; documents describing the material-handling equipment and racking equipment; location and size of warehouses and grain elevators; and construction invoices and documents.

6 (c) The department shall on a quarterly basis remit exempted 7 amounts to qualifying persons who submitted applications during the 8 previous quarter.

9 (4) Warehouses, grain elevators, and material-handling equipment 10 and racking equipment for which an exemption, credit, or deferral has 11 been or is being received under chapter 82.60, 82.61, 82.62, or 82.63 12 RCW or RCW 82.08.02565 or 82.12.02565 are not eligible for any 13 remittance under this section. Warehouses and grain elevators upon 14 which construction was initiated before May 20, 1997, are not eligible 15 for a remittance under this section.

16 (5) The lessor or owner of a warehouse or grain elevator is not 17 eligible for a remittance under this section unless the underlying 18 ownership of the warehouse or grain elevator and the material-handling 19 equipment and racking equipment vests exclusively in the same person, 20 or unless the lessor by written contract agrees to pass the economic 21 benefit of the remittance to the lessee in the form of reduced rent 22 payments.

23 **Sec. 11.** RCW 82.12.820 and 2003 c 5 s 13 are each amended to read 24 as follows:

(1) Wholesalers or third-party warehousers who own or operate warehouses or grain elevators, and retailers who own or operate distribution centers, and who have paid the tax levied under RCW 82.12.020 on:

(a) Material-handling equipment and racking equipment and labor and
 services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning,
 altering, or improving the equipment; or

32 (b) Materials incorporated in the construction of a warehouse or 33 grain elevator, are eligible for an exemption on tax paid in the form 34 of a remittance or credit against tax owed. The amount of the 35 remittance or credit is computed under subsection (2) of this section 36 and is based on the state share of use tax.

(2)(a) A person claiming an exemption from state tax in the form of 1 2 a remittance under this section must pay the tax imposed by RCW 82.12.020 to the department. The person may then apply to the 3 department for remittance of all or part of the tax paid under RCW 4 5 82.12.020. For grain elevators with bushel capacity of one million but less than two million, the remittance is equal to fifty percent of the 6 7 amount of tax paid. For warehouses with square footage of two hundred thousand or more, other than cold storage warehouses, and for grain 8 9 elevators with bushel capacity of two million or more, the remittance 10 is equal to one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying construction materials, and fifty percent of the amount of 11 tax paid for qualifying material-handling equipment and racking 12 13 equipment. For cold storage warehouses with square footage of twenty-14 five thousand or more, the remittance is equal to one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying construction, materials, 15 service, and labor, and one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid 16 17 for qualifying material-handling equipment and racking equipment, and labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, 18 cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment. 19

(b) The department shall determine eligibility under this section 20 21 based on information provided by the buyer and through audit and other 22 administrative records. The buyer shall on a quarterly basis submit an information sheet, in a form and manner as required by the department 23 24 by rule, specifying the amount of exempted tax claimed and the 25 qualifying purchases or acquisitions for which the exemption is The buyer shall retain, in adequate detail to enable the 26 claimed. 27 department to determine whether the equipment or construction meets the criteria under this section: Invoices; proof of tax paid; documents 28 describing the material-handling equipment and racking equipment; 29 location and size of warehouses, if applicable; and construction 30 invoices and documents. 31

32 (c) The department shall on a quarterly basis remit or credit 33 exempted amounts to qualifying persons who submitted applications 34 during the previous quarter.

(3) Warehouse, grain elevators, and material-handling equipment and
racking equipment for which an exemption, credit, or deferral has been
or is being received under chapter 82.60, 82.61, 82.62, or 82.63 RCW or
RCW 82.08.02565 or 82.12.02565 are not eligible for any remittance

under this section. Materials incorporated in warehouses and grain
 elevators upon which construction was initiated prior to May 20, 1997,
 are not eligible for a remittance under this section.

4 (4) The lessor or owner of the warehouse or grain elevator is not 5 eligible for a remittance or credit under this section unless the 6 underlying ownership of the warehouse or grain elevator and material-7 handling equipment and racking equipment vests exclusively in the same 8 person, or unless the lessor by written contract agrees to pass the 9 economic benefit of the exemption to the lessee in the form of reduced 10 rent payments.

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(5) The definitions in RCW 82.08.820 apply to this section.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** Sections 3 through 9 of this act constitute 13 a new chapter in Title 82 RCW.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. This act takes effect July 1, 2005.

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