Office of Program Research

Judiciary Committee

HB 1206

Title: An act relating to repeal of obsolete or superseded laws.

Brief Description: Repealing obsolete or superseded laws.

Sponsors: Representative O'Brien.

Brief Summary of Bill

• Repeals various statutes dealing with slander of a woman, labor laws, liquor sales, and ambulance drivers.

Hearing Date: 1/25/05

Staff: Trudes Tango Hutcheson (786-7384).

Background:

Slander of a woman

A statute enacted in 1909 makes it a misdemeanor to maliciously make a false or defamatory statement about any female who is at least twelve years old and who is not a common prostitute if the statement injures her reputation for virtue or chastity or exposes her to hatred, contempt, or ridicule. The statement is presumed to be malicious unless it is justified. It is justified when the statement is true and fair and spoken with good motives and for justifiable ends.

Labor laws

A statute enacted in 1961 makes it a gross misdemeanor for any person not directly involved in a labor strike or lockout to recruit and bring in out-of-state workers to replace the workers on strike or involved in the lockout. In *State v. Labor Ready, Inc.*, 103 Wn. App. 775 (2000), the court of appeals held that the statute was preempted by the federal National Labor Relations Act.

Liquor statutes

Various statutes, some enacted since 1873, authorized county commissioners to license persons dealing with intoxicating liquors. More recent statutes provide that the licensing of liquor sales is the state's function and no municipality or county has the power to license the sale of liquor.

Ambulance drivers

A 1945 statute requires ambulance drivers to take the advanced first aid course as prescribed by the American Red Cross and to be equipped with the standard American Red Cross first aid kit and leg and arm splints. Failure to comply with these requirements is a misdemeanor.

More recent statutes require the Department of Health to establish minimum requirements for ambulance and aid services. An ambulance must have at least one emergency medical technician (EMT) on board, and the driver, if not an EMT, must have at least a certificate of advance first aid qualifications. If there are two EMTs on board, the driver need not have a first aid certificate.

Summary of Bill:

The statutes dealing with slander of a woman, bringing in out-of-state workers in a labor dispute, local authority to license liquor sales, and ambulance driver requirements are repealed.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Not requested.

Effective Date: The bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.