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HOUSE BILL 1055

State of Washington 59th Legislature 2005 Regular Session

By Representatives Lantz, Priest and Morrell

Read first time 01/12/2005. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the uniform mediation act; amending RCW
- 2 7.75.050, 26.09.015, 35.63.260, and 48.43.055; reenacting and amending
- 3 RCW 42.17.310; adding a new chapter to Title 7 RCW; repealing RCW
- 4 5.60.070 and 5.60.072; and providing an effective date.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** TITLE. This act may be cited as the Uniform 7 Mediation Act.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
- 9 (1) "Mediation" means a process in which a mediator facilitates 10 communication and negotiation between parties to assist them in 11 reaching a voluntary agreement regarding their dispute.
- 12 (2) "Mediation communication" means a statement, whether oral or in
- 13 a record or verbal or nonverbal, that occurs during a mediation or is
- 14 made for purposes of considering, conducting, participating in,
- 15 initiating, continuing, or reconvening a mediation or retaining a
- 16 mediator.
- 17 (3) "Mediator" means an individual who conducts a mediation.

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- 1 (4) "Nonparty participant" means a person, other than a party or 2 mediator, that participates in a mediation.
 - (5) "Mediation party" means a person that participates in a mediation and whose agreement is necessary to resolve the dispute.
 - (6) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, government; governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality; or public corporation, or any other legal or commercial entity.
 - (7) "Proceeding" means:
- 11 (a) A judicial, administrative, arbitral, or other adjudicative 12 process, including related prehearing and posthearing motions, 13 conferences, and discovery; or
 - (b) A legislative hearing or similar process.
- 15 (8) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible 16 medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is 17 retrievable in perceivable form.
- 18 (9) "Sign" means:

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- 19 (a) To execute or adopt a tangible symbol with the present intent 20 to authenticate a record; or
- 21 (b) To attach or logically associate an electronic symbol, sound, 22 or process to or with a record with the present intent to authenticate 23 a record.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. SCOPE. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) or (3) of this section, this chapter applies to a mediation in which:
- 27 (a) The mediation parties are required to mediate by statute or 28 court or administrative agency rule or referred to mediation by a 29 court, administrative agency, or arbitrator;
- 30 (b) The mediation parties and the mediator agree to mediate in a 31 record that demonstrates an expectation that mediation communications 32 will be privileged against disclosure; or
- 33 (c) The mediation parties use as a mediator an individual who holds 34 himself or herself out as a mediator or the mediation is provided by a 35 person that holds itself out as providing mediation.
 - (2) This chapter does not apply to a mediation:
- 37 (a) Conducted by a judge who might make a ruling on the case; or

- 1 (b) Conducted under the auspices of:
- (i) A primary or secondary school if all the parties are students;or
- 4 (ii) A correctional institution for youths if all the parties are residents of that institution.
- 6 (3) If the parties agree in advance in a signed record, or a record
 7 of proceeding reflects agreement by the parties, that all or part of a
 8 mediation is not privileged, the privileges under sections 4 through 6
 9 of this act do not apply to the mediation or part agreed upon.
 10 However, sections 4 through 6 of this act apply to a mediation
 11 communication made by a person that has not received actual notice of
 12 the agreement before the communication is made.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. PRIVILEGE AGAINST DISCLOSURE; ADMISSIBILITY;

 DISCOVERY. (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 6 of this act,

 a mediation communication is privileged as provided in subsection (2)

 of this section and is not subject to discovery or admissible in

 evidence in a proceeding unless waived or precluded as provided by

 section 5 of this act.
 - (2) In a proceeding, the following privileges apply:

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- 20 (a) A mediation party may refuse to disclose, and may prevent any 21 other person from disclosing, a mediation communication;
 - (b) A mediator may refuse to disclose a mediation communication, and may prevent any other person from disclosing a mediation communication of the mediator; and
 - (c) A nonparty participant may refuse to disclose, and may prevent any other person from disclosing, a mediation communication of the nonparty participant.
- 28 (3) Evidence or information that is otherwise admissible or subject 29 to discovery does not become inadmissible or protected from discovery 30 solely by reason of its disclosure or use in a mediation.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. WAIVER AND PRECLUSION OF PRIVILEGE. (1) A privilege under section 4 of this act may be waived in a record or orally during a proceeding if it is expressly waived by all parties to the mediation and:
- 35 (a) In the case of the privilege of a mediator, it is expressly 36 waived by the mediator; and

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1 (b) In the case of the privilege of a nonparty participant, it is 2 expressly waived by the nonparty participant.

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- (2) A person that discloses or makes a representation about a mediation communication which prejudices another person in a proceeding is precluded from asserting a privilege under section 4 of this act, but only to the extent necessary for the person prejudiced to respond to the representation or disclosure.
- (3) A person that intentionally uses a mediation to plan, attempt to commit, or commit a crime, or to conceal an ongoing crime or ongoing criminal activity is precluded from asserting a privilege under section 4 of this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. EXCEPTIONS TO PRIVILEGE. (1) There is no privilege under section 4 of this act for a mediation communication that is:
- 15 (a) In an agreement evidenced by a record signed by all parties to the agreement;
 - (b) Made during a session of a mediation which is open, or is required by law to be open, to the public;
 - (c) A threat or statement of a plan to inflict bodily injury or commit a crime of violence;
 - (d) Intentionally used to plan a crime, attempt to commit or commit a crime, or to conceal an ongoing crime or ongoing criminal activity;
 - (e) Sought or offered to prove or disprove a claim or complaint of professional misconduct or malpractice filed against a mediator;
 - (f) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) of this section, sought or offered to prove or disprove a claim or complaint of professional misconduct or malpractice filed against a mediation party, nonparty participant, or representative of a party based on conduct occurring during a mediation; or
 - (g) Sought or offered to prove or disprove abuse, neglect, abandonment, or exploitation in a proceeding in which a child or adult protective services agency is a party, unless the public agency participates in the child or adult protection mediation.
- 34 (2) There is no privilege under section 4 of this act if a court 35 finds, after a hearing in camera, that the party seeking discovery or 36 the proponent of the evidence has shown that the evidence is not

otherwise available, that there is a need for the evidence that substantially outweighs the interest in protecting confidentiality, and that the mediation communication is sought or offered in:

- (a) A criminal court proceeding involving a felony; or
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) of this section, a proceeding to prove a claim to rescind or reform or a defense to avoid liability on a contract arising out of the mediation.
- (3) A mediator may not be compelled to provide evidence of a mediation communication referred to in subsection (1)(f) or (2)(b) of this section.
- (4) If a mediation communication is not privileged under subsection (1) or (2) of this section, only the portion of the communication necessary for the application of the exception from nondisclosure may be admitted. Admission of evidence under subsection (1) or (2) of this section does not render the evidence, or any other mediation communication, discoverable or admissible for any other purpose.
- 17 (5) Records of mediation communications that are privileged under 18 this chapter are exempt from the requirements of chapter 42.17 RCW.
 - NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. PROHIBITED MEDIATOR REPORTS. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a mediator may not make a report, assessment, evaluation, recommendation, finding, or other communication regarding a mediation to a court, administrative agency, or other authority that may make a ruling on the dispute that is the subject of the mediation.
 - (2) A mediator may disclose:

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- (a) Whether the mediation occurred or has terminated, whether a settlement was reached, attendance, and efforts to schedule a mediation ordered by a court, administrative agency, or other authority that may make a ruling on the dispute;
- 30 (b) A mediation communication as permitted under section 6 of this 31 act; or
 - (c) A mediation communication evidencing abuse, neglect, abandonment, or exploitation of an individual to a public agency responsible for protecting individuals against such mistreatment.
- 35 (3) A communication made in violation of subsection (1) of this 36 section may not be considered by a court, administrative agency, or 37 arbitrator.

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- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 8.** CONFIDENTIALITY. Unless subject to chapter 42.30 RCW, mediation communications are confidential to the extent agreed by the parties or provided by other law or rule of this state.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. MEDIATOR'S DISCLOSURE OF CONFLICTS OF INTEREST; BACKGROUND. (1) Before accepting a mediation, an individual who is requested to serve as a mediator shall:

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- (a) Make an inquiry that is reasonable under the circumstances to determine whether there are any known facts that a reasonable individual would consider likely to affect the impartiality of the mediator, including a financial or personal interest in the outcome of the mediation and an existing or past relationship with a mediation party or foreseeable participant in the mediation; and
- 13 (b) Disclose any such known fact to the mediation parties as soon 14 as is practical before accepting a mediation.
 - (2) If a mediator learns any fact described in subsection (1)(a) of this section after accepting a mediation, the mediator shall disclose it as soon as is practicable.
- 18 (3) At the request of a mediation party, an individual who is 19 requested to serve as a mediator shall disclose the mediator's 20 qualifications to mediate a dispute.
- 21 (4) A person that violates subsection (1) or (2) of this section is 22 precluded by the violation from asserting a privilege under section 4 23 of this act.
- 24 (5) Subsections (1) through (3) of this section do not apply to an individual acting as a judge.
- 26 (6) This chapter does not require that a mediator have a special qualification by background or profession.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. PARTICIPATION IN MEDIATION. An attorney or 28 29 other individual designated by a party may accompany the party to and 30 participate in a mediation, except that if the dispute being mediated is the subject of pending proceedings under chapter 12.40 RCW, then a 31 party may not be represented by an attorney in mediation unless the 32 party may be represented by an attorney in the proceedings under 33 34 chapter 12.40 RCW. A waiver of participation given before the 35 mediation may be rescinded.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. RELATION TO ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES IN GLOBAL AND NATIONAL COMMERCE ACT. This chapter modifies, limits, or supersedes the federal electronic signatures in global and national commerce act (15 U.S.C. Sec. 7001 et seq.), but this chapter does not modify, limit, or supersede section 101(c) of that act or authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in section 103(b) of that act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. UNIFORMITY OF APPLICATION AND CONSTRUCTION.

 In applying and construing this chapter, consideration should be given
 to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to its
 subject matter among states that enact it.
- **Sec. 13.** RCW 42.17.310 and 2003 c 277 s 3 and 2003 c 124 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

- (1) The following are exempt from public inspection and copying:
- (a) Personal information in any files maintained for students in public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or public health agencies, or welfare recipients.
- (b) Personal information in files maintained for employees, appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent that disclosure would violate their right to privacy.
- (c) Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the information to other persons would (i) be prohibited to such persons by RCW 84.08.210, 82.32.330, 84.40.020, or 84.40.340 or (ii) violate the taxpayer's right to privacy or result in unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer.
- (d) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person's right to privacy.
- (e) Information revealing the identity of persons who are witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the public disclosure commission, if disclosure would endanger any person's life, physical

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safety, or property. If at the time a complaint is filed the complainant, victim or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints filed with the public disclosure commission about any elected official or candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant under oath.

- (f) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to administer a license, employment, or academic examination.
- (g) Except as provided by chapter 8.26 RCW, the contents of real estate appraisals, made for or by any agency relative to the acquisition or sale of property, until the project or prospective sale is abandoned or until such time as all of the property has been acquired or the property to which the sale appraisal relates is sold, but in no event shall disclosure be denied for more than three years after the appraisal.
- (h) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, computer source code or object code, and research data obtained by any agency within five years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce private gain and public loss.
- (i) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, and intra-agency memorandums in which opinions are expressed or policies formulated or recommended except that a specific record shall not be exempt when publicly cited by an agency in connection with any agency action.
- (j) Records which are relevant to a controversy to which an agency is a party but which records would not be available to another party under the rules of pretrial discovery for causes pending in the superior courts.
- (k) Records, maps, or other information identifying the location of archaeological sites in order to avoid the looting or depredation of such sites.
- (1) Any library record, the primary purpose of which is to maintain control of library materials, or to gain access to information, which discloses or could be used to disclose the identity of a library user.
- (m) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or proposal for (i) a ferry system construction or repair contract as required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (ii) highway construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070.

(n) Railroad company contracts filed prior to July 28, 1991, with the utilities and transportation commission under RCW 81.34.070, except that the summaries of the contracts are open to public inspection and copying as otherwise provided by this chapter.

- (o) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by private persons pertaining to export services provided pursuant to chapter 43.163 RCW and chapter 53.31 RCW, and by persons pertaining to export projects pursuant to RCW 43.23.035.
- (p) Financial disclosures filed by private vocational schools under chapters 28B.85 and 28C.10 RCW.
- (q) Records filed with the utilities and transportation commission or attorney general under RCW 80.04.095 that a court has determined are confidential under RCW 80.04.095.
- (r) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by businesses or individuals during application for loans or program services provided by chapters 43.163, 43.160, 43.330, and 43.168 RCW, or during application for economic development loans or program services provided by any local agency.
- (s) Membership lists or lists of members or owners of interests of units in timeshare projects, subdivisions, camping resorts, condominiums, land developments, or common-interest communities affiliated with such projects, regulated by the department of licensing, in the files or possession of the department.
- (t) All applications for public employment, including the names of applicants, resumes, and other related materials submitted with respect to an applicant.
- (u) The residential addresses or residential telephone numbers of employees or volunteers of a public agency which are held by any public agency in personnel records, public employment related records, or volunteer rosters, or are included in any mailing list of employees or volunteers of any public agency.
- (v) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of the customers of a public utility contained in the records or lists held by the public utility of which they are customers, except that this information may be released to the division of child support or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act, for the establishment, enforcement, or modification of a support order.

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(w)(i) The federal social security number of individuals governed 1 2 under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department of health, except this exemption does not apply to requests made directly 3 4 to the department from federal, state, and local agencies 5 government, and national and state licensing, credentialing, investigatory, disciplinary, and examination organizations; (ii) the 6 7 current residential address and current residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in 8 9 the files of the department, if the provider requests that this information be withheld from public inspection and copying, and 10 provides to the department an accurate alternate or business address 11 and business telephone number. On or after January 1, 1995, the 12 current residential address and residential telephone number of a 13 health care provider governed under RCW 18.130.040 maintained in the 14 files of the department shall automatically be withheld from public 15 16 inspection and copying unless the provider specifically requests the 17 information be released, and except as provided for under RCW 42.17.260(9). 18

- 19 (x) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy as provided in 20 RCW 69.45.090.
- (y) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy or the department of health and its representatives as provided in RCW 69.41.044, 69.41.280, and 18.64.420.
 - (z) Financial information, business plans, examination reports, and any information produced or obtained in evaluating or examining a business and industrial development corporation organized or seeking certification under chapter 31.24 RCW.
 - (aa) Financial and commercial information supplied to the state investment board by any person when the information relates to the investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the providers of this information.
 - (bb) Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120.
- (cc) Client records maintained by an agency that is a domestic violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020 or 70.123.075 or a rape crisis center as defined in RCW 70.125.030.
- 37 (dd) Information that identifies a person who, while an agency 38 employee: (i) Seeks advice, under an informal process established by

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the employing agency, in order to ascertain his or her rights in connection with a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW against the person; and (ii) requests his or her identity or any 3 identifying information not be disclosed. 4

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- 5 (ee) Investigative records compiled by an employing agency conducting a current investigation of a possible unfair practice under 6 7 chapter 49.60 RCW or of a possible violation of other federal, state, or local laws prohibiting discrimination in employment. 8
- (ff) Business related information protected from public inspection 9 and copying under RCW 15.86.110. 10
 - (gg) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the clean Washington center in applications for, or delivery of, program services under chapter 70.95H RCW.
- (hh) Information and documents created specifically for, and 15 16 collected and maintained by a quality improvement committee pursuant to 17 RCW 43.70.510 or 70.41.200, or by a peer review committee under RCW 4.24.250, regardless of which agency is in possession of the 18 information and documents. 19
- (ii) Personal information in files maintained in a data base 20 21 created under RCW 43.07.360.
 - (jj) Financial and commercial information requested by the public stadium authority from any person or organization that leases or uses the stadium and exhibition center as defined in RCW 36.102.010.
 - (kk) Names of individuals residing in emergency or transitional housing that are furnished to the department of revenue or a county assessor in order to substantiate a claim for property tax exemption under RCW 84.36.043.
 - The names, residential addresses, residential telephone numbers, and other individually identifiable records held by an agency in relation to a vanpool, carpool, or other ride-sharing program or service. However, these records may be disclosed to other persons who apply for ride-matching services and who need that information in order to identify potential riders or drivers with whom to share rides.
 - (mm) The personally identifying information of current or former participants or applicants in a paratransit or other transit service operated for the benefit of persons with disabilities or elderly persons.

(nn) The personally identifying information of persons who acquire and use transit passes and other fare payment media including, but not limited to, stored value smart cards and magnetic strip cards, except that an agency may disclose this information to a person, employer, educational institution, or other entity that is responsible, in whole or in part, for payment of the cost of acquiring or using a transit pass or other fare payment media, or to the news media when reporting on public transportation or public safety. This information may also be disclosed at the agency's discretion to governmental agencies or groups concerned with public transportation or public safety.

- (oo) Proprietary financial and commercial information that the submitting entity, with review by the department of health, specifically identifies at the time it is submitted and that is provided to or obtained by the department of health in connection with an application for, or the supervision of, an antitrust exemption sought by the submitting entity under RCW 43.72.310. If a request for such information is received, the submitting entity must be notified of the request. Within ten business days of receipt of the notice, the submitting entity shall provide a written statement of the continuing need for confidentiality, which shall be provided to the requester. Upon receipt of such notice, the department of health shall continue to treat information designated under this section as exempt from disclosure. If the requester initiates an action to compel disclosure under this chapter, the submitting entity must be joined as a party to demonstrate the continuing need for confidentiality.
- (pp) Records maintained by the board of industrial insurance appeals that are related to appeals of crime victims' compensation claims filed with the board under RCW 7.68.110.
- (qq) Financial and commercial information supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, corporation, or entity under chapter 28B.95 RCW relating to the purchase or sale of tuition units and contracts for the purchase of multiple tuition units.
- (rr) Any records of investigative reports prepared by any state, county, municipal, or other law enforcement agency pertaining to sex offenses contained in chapter 9A.44 RCW or sexually violent offenses as defined in RCW 71.09.020, which have been transferred to the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs for permanent electronic retention and retrieval pursuant to RCW 40.14.070(2)(b).

(ss) Credit card numbers, debit card numbers, electronic check numbers, card expiration dates, or bank or other financial account numbers, except when disclosure is expressly required by or governed by other law.

- (tt) Financial information, including but not limited to account numbers and values, and other identification numbers supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or other entity related to an application for a liquor license, gambling license, or lottery retail license.
- (uu) Records maintained by the employment security department and subject to chapter 50.13 RCW if provided to another individual or organization for operational, research, or evaluation purposes.
- (vv) Individually identifiable information received by the work force training and education coordinating board for research or evaluation purposes.
- (ww) Those portions of records assembled, prepared, or maintained to prevent, mitigate, or respond to criminal terrorist acts, which are acts that significantly disrupt the conduct of government or of the general civilian population of the state or the United States and that manifest an extreme indifference to human life, the public disclosure of which would have a substantial likelihood of threatening public safety, consisting of:
- (i) Specific and unique vulnerability assessments or specific and unique response or deployment plans, including compiled underlying data collected in preparation of or essential to the assessments, or to the response or deployment plans; and
- (ii) Records not subject to public disclosure under federal law that are shared by federal or international agencies, and information prepared from national security briefings provided to state or local government officials related to domestic preparedness for acts of terrorism.
- (xx) Commercial fishing catch data from logbooks required to be provided to the department of fish and wildlife under RCW 77.12.047, when the data identifies specific catch location, timing, or methodology and the release of which would result in unfair competitive disadvantage to the commercial fisher providing the catch data. However, this information may be released to government agencies concerned with the management of fish and wildlife resources.

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(yy) Sensitive wildlife data obtained by the department of fish and However, sensitive wildlife data may be released to government agencies concerned with the management of fish and wildlife resources. Sensitive wildlife data includes: 4

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- (i) The nesting sites or specific locations of endangered species designated under RCW 77.12.020, or threatened or sensitive species classified by rule of the department of fish and wildlife;
- (ii) Radio frequencies used in, or locational data generated by, telemetry studies; or
- (iii) Other location data that could compromise the viability of a specific fish or wildlife population, and where at least one of the following criteria are met:
 - (A) The species has a known commercial or black market value;
 - (B) There is a history of malicious take of that species; or
 - (C) There is a known demand to visit, take, or disturb, and the species behavior or ecology renders it especially vulnerable or the species has an extremely limited distribution and concentration.
 - (zz) The personally identifying information of persons who acquire recreational licenses under RCW 77.32.010 or commercial licenses under chapter 77.65 or 77.70 RCW, except name, address of contact used by the department, and type of license, endorsement, or tag. However, the department of fish and wildlife may disclose personally identifying information to:
 - (i) Government agencies concerned with the management of fish and wildlife resources;
 - (ii) The department of social and health services, child support division, and to the department of licensing in order to implement RCW 77.32.014 and 46.20.291; and
- (iii) Law enforcement agencies for the purpose of 29 possession enforcement under RCW 9.41.040. 30
 - (aaa)(i) Discharge papers of a veteran of the armed forces of the United States filed at the office of the county auditor before July 1, 2002, that have not been commingled with other recorded documents. These records will be available only to the veteran, the veteran's next of kin, a deceased veteran's properly appointed personal representative or executor, a person holding that veteran's general power of attorney, or to anyone else designated in writing by that veteran to receive the records.

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(ii) Discharge papers of a veteran of the armed forces of the United States filed at the office of the county auditor before July 1, 2002, that have been commingled with other records, if the veteran has recorded a "request for exemption from public disclosure of discharge papers" with the county auditor. If such a request has been recorded, these records may be released only to the veteran filing the papers, the veteran's next of kin, a deceased veteran's properly appointed personal representative or executor, a person holding the veteran's general power of attorney, or anyone else designated in writing by the veteran to receive the records.

- (iii) Discharge papers of a veteran filed at the office of the county auditor after June 30, 2002, are not public records, but will be available only to the veteran, the veteran's next of kin, a deceased veteran's properly appointed personal representative or executor, a person holding the veteran's general power of attorney, or anyone else designated in writing by the veteran to receive the records.
- (iv) For the purposes of this subsection (1)(aaa), next of kin of deceased veterans have the same rights to full access to the record. Next of kin are the veteran's widow or widower who has not remarried, son, daughter, father, mother, brother, and sister.
- (bbb) Those portions of records containing specific and unique vulnerability assessments or specific and unique emergency and escape response plans at a city, county, or state adult or juvenile correctional facility, the public disclosure of which would have a substantial likelihood of threatening the security of a city, county, or state adult or juvenile correctional facility or any individual's safety.
- (ccc) Information compiled by school districts or schools in the development of their comprehensive safe school plans pursuant to RCW 28A.320.125, to the extent that they identify specific vulnerabilities of school districts and each individual school.
- (ddd) Information regarding the infrastructure and security of computer and telecommunications networks, consisting of security passwords, security access codes and programs, access codes for secure software applications, security and service recovery plans, security risk assessments, and security test results to the extent that they identify specific system vulnerabilities.

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(eee) Information obtained and exempted or withheld from public inspection by the health care authority under RCW 41.05.026, whether retained by the authority, transferred to another state purchased health care program by the authority, or transferred by the authority to a technical review committee created to facilitate the development, acquisition, or implementation of state purchased health care under chapter 41.05 RCW.

(fff) Proprietary data, trade secrets, or other information that relates to: (i) A vendor's unique methods of conducting business; (ii) data unique to the product or services of the vendor; or (iii) determining prices or rates to be charged for services, submitted by any vendor to the department of social and health services for purposes of the development, acquisition, or implementation of state purchased health care as defined in RCW 41.05.011.

(ggg) Records of mediation communications that are privileged under chapter 7.-- RCW (sections 1 through 12 and 19 through 22 of this act).

- (2) Except for information described in subsection (1)(c)(i) of this section and confidential income data exempted from public inspection pursuant to RCW 84.40.020, the exemptions of this section are inapplicable to the extent that information, the disclosure of which would violate personal privacy or vital governmental interests, can be deleted from the specific records sought. No exemption may be construed to permit the nondisclosure of statistical information not descriptive of any readily identifiable person or persons.
- (3) Inspection or copying of any specific records exempt under the provisions of this section may be permitted if the superior court in the county in which the record is maintained finds, after a hearing with notice thereof to every person in interest and the agency, that the exemption of such records is clearly unnecessary to protect any individual's right of privacy or any vital governmental function.
- (4) Agency responses refusing, in whole or in part, inspection of any public record shall include a statement of the specific exemption authorizing the withholding of the record (or part) and a brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld.
- **Sec. 14.** RCW 7.75.050 and 1984 c 258 s 505 are each amended to read as follows:
- 37 Regardless of any provision to the contrary in chapter 42.17 RCW,

<u>all</u> memoranda, work notes or products, or case files of centers 1 2 established under this chapter are confidential and privileged and are not subject to disclosure in any judicial or administrative proceeding 3 unless the court or administrative tribunal determines that the 4 5 materials were submitted by a participant to the center for the purpose of avoiding discovery of the material in a subsequent proceeding. 6 7 ((Any communication relating to the subject matter of the resolution made during the resolution process by any participant, mediator, or any 8 9 other person is a privileged communication and is not subject to 10 disclosure in any judicial or administrative proceeding unless all parties to the communication waive the privilege. The foregoing 11 12 privilege and limitation on evidentiary use does not apply to any 13 communication of a threat that injury or damage may be inflicted on any 14 person or on the property of a party to the dispute, to the extent the 15 communication may be relevant evidence in a criminal matter.)) In all other respects, chapter 7.-- RCW, (sections 1 through 12 and 19 through 16 22 of this act), shall govern the privilege and confidentiality to be 17 accorded to communications made in conjunction with a mediation 18 conducted by a dispute resolution center established under this 19 20 chapter.

21 **Sec. 15.** RCW 26.09.015 and 1991 c 367 s 2 are each amended to read 22 as follows:

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- (1) In any proceeding under this chapter, the matter may be set for mediation of the contested issues before or concurrent with the setting of the matter for hearing. The purpose of the mediation proceeding shall be to reduce acrimony which may exist between the parties and to develop an agreement assuring the child's close and continuing contact with both parents after the marriage is dissolved. The mediator shall use his or her best efforts to effect a settlement of the dispute.
- (2) Each superior court may make available a mediator. The mediator may be a member of the professional staff of a family court or mental health services agency, or may be any other person or agency designated by the court. In order to provide mediation services, the court is not required to institute a family court.
- (3)(a) Mediation proceedings <u>under this chapter</u> shall be ((held in private and shall be confidential. The mediator shall not testify as to any aspect of the mediation proceedings. This subsection shall not

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apply to postdecree mediation required pursuant to a parenting plan))
governed in all respects by chapter 7.-- RCW (sections 1 through 12 and
through 22 of this act), except as follows:

- (i) Mediation communications in postdecree mediations mandated by a parenting plan are admissible in subsequent proceedings for the limited purpose of proving:
- (A) Abuse, neglect, abandonment, exploitation, or unlawful harassment as defined in RCW 9A.46.020(1), of a child;
- 9 (B) Abuse or unlawful harassment as defined in RCW 9A.46.020(1), of a family or household member as defined in RCW 26.50.010(2); or
 - (C) That a parent used or frustrated the dispute resolution process without good reason for purposes of RCW 26.09.184(3)(d).
 - (ii) If a postdecree mediation-arbitration proceeding is required pursuant to a parenting plan and the same person acts as both mediator and arbitrator, mediation communications in the mediation phase of such a proceeding may be admitted during the arbitration phase, and shall be admissible in the judicial review of such a proceeding under RCW 26.09.184(3)(e) to the extent necessary for such review to be effective.
 - (b) None of the exceptions under (a)(i) and (ii) of this subsection shall subject a mediator to compulsory process to testify except by court order for good cause shown, taking into consideration the need for the mediator's testimony and the interest in the mediator maintaining an appearance of impartiality. If a mediation communication is not privileged under (a)(i) of this subsection or that portion of (a)(ii) of this subsection pertaining to judicial review, only the portion of the communication necessary for the application of the exception may be admitted, and such admission of evidence shall not render any other mediation communication discoverable or admissible except as may be provided in chapter 7.-- RCW (sections 1 through 12 and 19 through 22 of this act).
 - (4) The mediator shall assess the needs and interests of the child or children involved in the controversy and may interview the child or children if the mediator deems such interview appropriate or necessary.
 - (5) Any agreement reached by the parties as a result of mediation shall be reported to the court and to counsel for the parties by the mediator on the day set for mediation or any time thereafter designated by the court.

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1 **Sec. 16.** RCW 35.63.260 and 1998 c 119 s 1 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

- 3 (1) Prior to filing an appeal of a final decision by a hearing examiner involving a conditional or special use permit application 4 5 requested by a party that is licensed or certified by the department of social and health services or the department of corrections, the 6 7 aggrieved party must, within five days after the final decision, initiate formal mediation procedures in an attempt to resolve the 8 parties' differences. If, after initial evaluation of the dispute, the 9 10 parties agree to proceed with a mediation, the mediation shall be conducted by a trained mediator selected by agreement of the parties. 11 12 The agreement to mediate shall be in writing and subject to ((RCW 13 5.60.070)) chapter 7.-- RCW (sections 1 through 12 and 19 through 22 of 14 this act. If the parties are unable to agree on a mediator, each party shall nominate a mediator and the mediator shall be selected by lot 15 from among the nominees. The mediator must be selected within five 16 days after formal mediation procedures are initiated. 17 process must be completed within fourteen days from the time the 18 mediator is selected except that the mediation process may extend 19 20 beyond fourteen days by agreement of the parties. The mediator shall, 21 within the fourteen-day period or within the extension if an extension 22 is agreed to, provide the parties with a written summary of the issues and any agreements reached. If the parties agree, the mediation report 23 24 shall be made available to the governing jurisdiction. The cost of the 25 mediation shall be shared by the parties.
- 26 (2) Any time limits for filing of appeals are tolled during the 27 pendency of the mediation process.
- 28 (3) As used in this section, "party" does not include county, city, or town.
- 30 **Sec. 17.** RCW 48.43.055 and 2002 c 300 s 6 are each amended to read 31 as follows:

Each health carrier as defined under RCW 48.43.005 shall file with the commissioner its procedures for review and adjudication of complaints initiated by health care providers. Procedures filed under this section shall provide a fair review for consideration of complaints. Every health carrier shall provide reasonable means allowing any health care provider aggrieved by actions of the health

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- 1 carrier to be heard after submitting a written request for review. If
- 2 the health carrier fails to grant or reject a request within thirty
- days after it is made, the complaining health care provider may proceed
- 4 as if the complaint had been rejected. A complaint that has been
- 5 rejected by the health carrier may be submitted to nonbinding
- 6 mediation. Mediation shall be conducted under ((mediation rules
- 7 similar to those of the American arbitration association, the center
- 8 for public resources, the judicial arbitration and mediation service,
- 9 RCW 7.70.100)) chapter 7.-- RCW (sections 1 through 12 and 19 through
- 10 22 of this act, or any other rules of mediation agreed to by the
- 11 parties. This section is solely for resolution of provider complaints.
- 12 Complaints by, or on behalf of, a covered person are subject to the
- grievance processes in RCW 48.43.530.
- 14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 18.** The following acts or parts of acts are
- 15 each repealed:
- 16 (1) RCW 5.60.070 (Mediation--Disclosure--Testimony) and 1993 c 492
- 17 s 422 & 1991 c 321 s 1; and
- 18 (2) RCW 5.60.072 (Mediation by agency--Privilege and
- 19 confidentiality) and 1991 c 321 s 2.
- 20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 19.** CAPTIONS NOT LAW. Captions used in this
- 21 act are not any part of the law.
- 22 NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE. If any provision of
- 23 this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held
- 24 invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision
- 25 to other persons or circumstances is not affected.
- 26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 21.** APPLICATION TO EXISTING AGREEMENTS OR
- 27 REFERRALS. (1) This chapter governs a mediation pursuant to a referral
- or an agreement to mediate made on or after July 1, 2006.
- 29 (2) If all parties agree in a signed record or a record of
- 30 proceeding reflects such an agreement by all parties, then this
- 31 chapter governs a mediation pursuant to a referral or an agreement to
- 32 mediate whenever made.

- 1 NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. EFFECTIVE DATE. This act takes effect July
- 2 1, 2006.
- 3 NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. Sections 1 through 12 and 19 through 22 of
- 4 this act constitute a new chapter in Title 7 RCW.

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