HOUSE BILL 1137

State of Washington 59th Legislature 2005 Regular Session

By Representatives Morrell, Orcutt, Cody, McDonald, Green, Campbell, Clibborn, Schindler, Kagi, Woods, Hunt, Miloscia, Linville, Lantz, Moeller, Williams, Wallace and Kenney

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1 AN ACT Relating to physical therapy; amending RCW 18.74.005, 2 18.74.010, and 18.74.012; and adding new sections to chapter 18.74 RCW.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 Sec. 1. RCW 18.74.005 and 1983 c 116 s 1 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

((In order to safeguard the public safety and welfare, to protect 6 7 the public from being misled by incompetent, unethical, and unauthorized persons, and to assure the highest degree of professional 8 9 conduct and competency, it is)) The purpose of this chapter ((to strengthen existing regulation of persons offering physical therapy 10 services to the public)) is to protect the public health, safety, and 11 welfare, and to provide for state administrative control, supervision, 12 13 licensure, and regulation of the practice of physical therapy. It is the intent of the legislature that only individuals who meet and 14 15 maintain prescribed standards of competence and conduct be allowed to 16 engage in the practice of physical therapy as defined and authorized by this chapter. 17

1 Sec. 2. RCW 18.74.010 and 1997 c 275 s 8 are each amended to read
2 as follows:

3 ((Unless the context otherwise requires,)) The definitions in this
4 section apply throughout this chapter <u>unless the context clearly</u>
5 <u>requires otherwise</u>.

6 (1) "Board" means the board of physical therapy created by RCW 7 18.74.020.

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(2) "Department" means the department of health.

(3) "Physical therapy" means the ((treatment of any bodily or 9 10 mental condition of any person by the use of the physical, chemical, 11 and other properties of heat, cold, air, light, water, electricity, 12 sound, massage, and therapeutic exercise, which includes posture and 13 rehabilitation procedures; the performance of tests and measurements of 14 neuromuscular function as an aid to the diagnosis or treatment of any 15 human condition; performance of treatments on the basis of test findings after consultation with and periodic review by an authorized 16 17 health care practitioner except as provided in RCW 18.74.012; supervision of selective forms of treatment by trained supportive 18 personnel; and provision of consultative services for health, 19 20 education, and community agencies. The use of Roentgen rays and radium 21 for diagnostic and therapeutic purposes, the use of electricity for surgical purposes, including cauterization, and the use of spinal 22 manipulation or manipulative mobilization of the spine and its 23 24 immediate articulations, are not included under the term "physical therapy" as used in this chapter)) care and services provided by or 25 26 under the direction and supervision of a physical therapist licensed by 27 the state. The use of Roentgen rays and radium for diagnostic and therapeutic purposes, the use of electricity for surgical purposes, 28 including cauterization, and the use of spinal manipulation, or 29 manipulative mobilization of the spine and its immediate articulations, 30 are not included under the term "physical therapy" as used in this 31 32 chapter.

33 (4) "Physical therapist" means a person who ((practices physical 34 therapy as defined in this chapter but does not include massage 35 operators as defined in RCW 18.108.010)) meets all the requirements of 36 this chapter and is licensed in this state to practice physical 37 therapy.

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(5) "Secretary" means the secretary of health.

(6) Words importing the masculine gender may be applied to females. 1 2 (7) "Authorized health care practitioner" means and includes physicians, osteopathic 3 physicians, chiropractors, licensed naturopaths, podiatric physicians and surgeons, dentists, and advanced 4 registered nurse practitioners: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That nothing herein 5 shall be construed as altering the scope of practice of such 6 practitioners as defined in their respective licensure laws. 7

8 (8) "Practice of physical therapy" is based on movement science and 9 means:

10 <u>(a) Examining, evaluating, and testing individuals with mechanical,</u> 11 physiological, and developmental impairments, functional limitations in 12 movement, and disability or other health and movement-related 13 conditions in order to determine a diagnosis, prognosis, plan of 14 therapeutic intervention, and to assess and document the ongoing 15 effects of intervention;

(b) Alleviating impairments and functional limitations in movement 16 by designing, implementing, and modifying therapeutic interventions 17 that include therapeutic exercise; functional training related to 18 balance, posture, and movement to facilitate self-care and 19 reintegration into home, community, or work; manual therapy including 20 21 soft tissue and joint mobilization and manipulation; therapeutic massage; assistive, adaptive, protective, and devices related to 22 postural control and mobility except as restricted by (c) of this 23 subsection; airway clearance techniques; physical agents or modalities; 24 mechanical and electrotherapeutic modalities; and patient-related 25 26 instruction;

27 (c) Training for, and the evaluation of, the function of a patient wearing an orthosis or prosthesis as defined in RCW 18.200.010. 28 Physical therapists may cast in preparation for molding for orthoses 29 and provide those direct-formed and prefabricated upper limb, knee, and 30 ankle-foot orthoses, but not fracture orthoses except those for hand, 31 wrist, ankle, and foot fractures, and assistive technology devices 32 specified in RCW 18.200.010 as exemptions from the defined scope of 33 licensed orthotic and prosthetic services. It is the intent of the 34 legislature that the unregulated devices specified in RCW 18.200.010 35 36 are in the public domain to the extent that they may be provided in common with individuals or other health providers, whether unregulated 37

or regulated under Title 18 RCW, without regard to any scope of 1 2 practice; 3 (d) Performing wound care services that is limited to sharp debridement, debridement with other agents, dry dressings, wet 4 dressings, topical agents including enzymes, hydrotherapy, electrical 5 stimulation, ultrasound, and other similar treatments. Physical 6 7 therapists may not delegate sharp debridement. A physical therapist may perform wound care services only by referral from or after 8 9 consultation with an authorized health care practitioner; (e) Reducing the risk of injury, impairment, functional limitation, 10 and disability related to movement, including the promotion and 11 maintenance of fitness, health, and quality of life in all age 12 13 populations; and (f) Engaging in administration, consultation, education, and 14 15 research. (9)(a) "Physical therapist assistant" means a person who has 16 17 successfully completed a board-approved physical therapist assistant 18 program. (b) "Physical therapy aide" means a person who is involved in 19 direct physical therapy patient care who does not meet the definition 20 21 of a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant and receives 22 ongoing on-the-job training. (c) "Other assistive personnel" means other trained or educated 23 24 health care personnel, not defined in (a) or (b) of this subsection, who perform specific designated tasks related to physical therapy under 25 the supervision of a physical therapist. At the direction of the 26 27 supervising physical therapist, and if properly credentialed and not prohibited by any other law, other assistive personnel may be 28 identified by the title specific to their training or education. 29 (10) "On-site supervision" means the supervising physical therapist 30 must (a) be continuously on-site and present in the department or 31 facility where assistive personnel or holders of interim permits are 32 performing services; (b) be immediately available to assist the person 33 being supervised in the services being performed; and (c) maintain 34 35 continued involvement in appropriate aspects of each treatment session in which a component of treatment is delegated to assistive personnel. 36 37 (11) "Sharp debridement" means the removal of devitalized tissue

1 from a wound with scissors, scalpel, and tweezers without anesthesia.

2 <u>"Sharp debridement" does not mean surgical debridement.</u>

3 **Sec. 3.** RCW 18.74.012 and 2000 c 171 s 24 are each amended to read 4 as follows:

5 ((Notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 18.74.010(3),)) <u>A</u> 6 consultation and periodic review by an authorized health care 7 practitioner is not required for treatment of neuromuscular or 8 musculoskeletal conditions((: PROVIDED, That a physical therapist may 9 only provide treatment utilizing orthoses that support, align, prevent, 10 or correct any structural problems intrinsic to the foot or ankle by 11 referral or consultation from an authorized health care practitioner)).

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** (1) It is unlawful for any person to 13 practice or in any manner hold himself or herself out to practice 14 physical therapy or designate himself or herself as a physical 15 therapist, unless he or she is licensed in accordance with this 16 chapter.

17 (2) This chapter does not restrict persons licensed under any other 18 law of this state from engaging in the profession or practice for which 19 they are licensed, if they are not representing themselves to be 20 physical therapists or providers of physical therapy.

(3) The following persons are exempt from licensure as physicaltherapists under this chapter when engaged in the following activities:

(a) A person who is pursuing a course of study leading to a degree as a physical therapist in an approved professional education program and is satisfying supervised clinical education requirements related to his or her physical therapy education while under on-site supervision of a licensed physical therapist;

(b) A physical therapist while practicing in the United States armed services, United States public health service, or veterans administration as based on requirements under federal regulations for state licensure of health care providers; and

32 (c) A physical therapist licensed in another United States 33 jurisdiction, or a foreign-educated physical therapist credentialed in 34 another country, performing physical therapy as part of teaching or 35 participating in an educational seminar of no more than sixty days in 36 a calendar year. NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) No person may practice or in any manner hold himself or herself out to be engaging in the practice of physical therapy or designate himself or herself as a physical therapist unless licensed as a physical therapist in accordance with this chapter.

5 (2) A physical therapist licensed under this chapter is fully 6 authorized to practice physical therapy as defined in this chapter.

7 (3) A physical therapist shall refer persons under his or her care 8 to appropriate health care practitioners if the physical therapist has 9 reasonable cause to believe symptoms or conditions are present that 10 require services beyond the scope of practice under this chapter or 11 when physical therapy is contraindicated.

(4) Physical therapists shall adhere to the recognized standards of
 ethics of the physical therapy profession and as further established by
 rule.

(5) therapist 15 Α physical perform and interpret may 16 electroneuromyographic examinations for the purpose of testing 17 neuromuscular function only by referral from an authorized health care provider and only upon demonstration of further education and training 18 in electroneuromyographic examinations as established by 19 rule. Physical therapists who perform and interpret electroneuromyographic 20 21 examinations prior to the effective date of this section may continue 22 to do so until rules are established. The performance and interpretation of an electroneuromyographic examination by a physical 23 24 therapist does not constitute a diagnosis of a medical condition.

25 (6) A physical therapist licensed under this chapter may purchase, store, and administer medications such as hydrocortisone, fluocinonide, 26 27 topical anesthetics, silver sulfadiazine, lidocaine, magnesium sulfate, zinc oxide, and other similar medications, and may administer such 28 other drugs or medications as prescribed by an authorized health care 29 30 provider. A pharmacist who dispenses such drugs to a licensed physical 31 therapist is not liable for any adverse reactions caused by any method 32 of use by the physical therapist.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. (1) Physical therapists are responsible for 34 patient care given by assistive personnel under their supervision. A 35 physical therapist may delegate to assistive personnel and supervise 36 selected acts, tasks, or procedures that fall within the scope of

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1 physical therapy practice but do not exceed the education or training 2 of the assistive personnel.

3 (2) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to prohibit other 4 licensed health care providers from using the services of physical 5 therapist assistants, physical therapist aides, or other assistive 6 personnel as long as the licensed health care provider is responsible 7 for the activities of such assistants, aides, and other personnel and 8 provides appropriate supervision.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** Sections 4 through 6 of this act are each 10 added to chapter 18.74 RCW.

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