H-2360.4	

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1890

State of Washington 59th Legislature 2005 Regular Session

By House Committee on Finance (originally sponsored by Representatives McIntire, Upthegrove and Sommers)

READ FIRST TIME 03/07/05.

1 AN ACT Relating to business and occupation taxation 2 slaughtering, breaking, and/or processing perishable meat products; amending RCW 82.32.545, 82.32.550, 48.14.080, 82.04.298, and 82.04.290; 3 reenacting and amending RCW 82.04.260, 82.04.250, 82.04.250, and 4 5 82.04.440; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; providing an effective date; providing an expiration date; and declaring 6 7 emergency.

- 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW to read as follows:
- 11 (1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing:
- (a) Perishable meat products, by slaughtering, breaking, or processing, if the finished product is a perishable meat product; as to such persons the tax imposed shall be equal to the value of the perishable meat products so manufactured, or in the case of a processor for hire the gross proceeds from such activities, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent;

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(b) Meat products, by dehydration, curing, smoking, or any combination of dehydration, curing, and smoking, if the finished meat products are not canned; as to such persons the tax imposed shall be equal to the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent;

- (c) Hides, tallow, meat meal, and other similar meat by-products, if such products are derived in part from animals and manufactured in a rendering plant licensed under chapter 16.68 RCW; as to such persons the tax imposed shall be equal to the value of products manufactured multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.
- (2) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of selling at wholesale:
- (a) Perishable meat products; as to such persons the tax imposed shall be equal to the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent;
 - (b) Meat products that have been manufactured by that person by dehydration, curing, smoking, or any combination of dehydration, curing, and smoking, if the finished meat products are not canned; as to such persons the tax imposed shall be equal to the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent;
 - (c) Hides, tallow, meat meal, and other similar meat by-products if such products are derived in part from animals and manufactured by the seller in a rendering plant; as to such persons the tax imposed shall be equal to the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.
- (3) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section:
- (a) "Animal" means all members of the animal kingdom except humans, fish, and insects.
- 30 (b) "Carcass" means all or any parts, including viscera, of a slaughtered animal.
 - (c) "Hide" means any unprocessed animal pelt or skin.
 - (d) "Fish" means any water-breathing animal, including shellfish.
- (e) "Meat products" means products comprised exclusively of animal carcass, except that meat products includes products such as sausage and jerky that may contain water; salt; sugar; seasonings; nitrates; nitrites; acids; binders and extenders; synthetic casings; flavorings such as soy sauce, liquid smoke, and vinegar; and similar substances.

- "Meat products" includes only products that are intended for human consumption as food or animal consumption as feed. "Meat products" does not include products containing breading, cheese, rice, beans, fruits, vegetables, cream, mushrooms, tomato paste, and similar ingredients.
- 6 (f) "Perishable" means having a high risk of spoilage within thirty
 7 days of manufacture without any refrigeration or freezing.

- (g) "Rendering plant" means any place of business or location where dead animals or any part or portion thereof, or packing house refuse, are processed for the purpose of obtaining the hide, skin, grease residue, or any other by-product whatsoever.
- 12 Sec. 2. RCW 82.04.260 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 1 s 4 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 1 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 14 (1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing:
 - (a) Wheat into flour, barley into pearl barley, soybeans into soybean oil, canola into canola oil, canola meal, or canola byproducts, or sunflower seeds into sunflower oil; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the flour, pearl barley, oil, canola meal, or canola byproduct manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent;
 - (b) Seafood products which remain in a raw, raw frozen, or raw salted state at the completion of the manufacturing by that person; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the products manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent;
 - (c) By canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits and vegetables, or selling at wholesale fresh fruits and vegetables canned, preserved, frozen, processed, or dehydrated by the seller and sold to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of this state; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the products canned, preserved, frozen, processed, or dehydrated multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. As proof of sale to a person who transports in the ordinary course of business goods out of this state, the seller shall annually provide a statement in a form prescribed by the department and retain the statement as a business record;

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(d) Dairy products that as of September 20, 2001, are identified in 21 C.F.R., chapter 1, parts 131, 133, and 135, including byproducts from the manufacturing of the dairy products such as whey and casein; or selling the same to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of state; as to such persons the tax imposed shall be equal to the value of the products manufactured multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. As proof of sale to a person who transports in the ordinary course of business goods out of this state, the seller shall annually provide a statement in a form prescribed by the department and retain the statement as a business record;

- (e) <u>Until July 1, 2009, a</u>lcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock, as those terms are defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business shall be equal to the value of alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent((... This subsection (1)(e) expires July 1, 2009)); and
- (f) Alcohol fuel or wood biomass fuel, as those terms are defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business shall be equal to the value of alcohol fuel or wood biomass fuel manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.
- (2) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of splitting or processing dried peas; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the peas split or processed, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.
- (3) Upon every nonprofit corporation and nonprofit association engaging within this state in research and development, as to such corporations and associations, the amount of tax with respect to such activities shall be equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.
- (4) ((Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of slaughtering, breaking and/or processing perishable meat products and/or selling the same at wholesale only and not at retail; as to such persons the tax imposed shall be equal to the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.
- (5)) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of making sales, at retail or wholesale, of nuclear fuel assemblies manufactured by that person, as to such persons the amount of tax with

respect to such business shall be equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the assemblies multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.

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(((6))) (5) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing nuclear fuel assemblies, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the products manufactured multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.

((+7)) (6) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of acting as a travel agent or tour operator; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such activities shall be equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.

((+8)) (7) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as an international steamship agent, international customs house broker, international freight forwarder, vessel and/or cargo charter broker in foreign commerce, and/or international air cargo agent; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to only international activities shall be equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.

 $((\frac{9}{1}))$ (8) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the movement of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign commerce; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross proceeds derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent. Persons subject to taxation under this subsection shall be exempt from payment of taxes imposed by chapter 82.16 RCW for that portion of their business subject to taxation under this subsection. Stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the conduct of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign commerce are defined as all activities of a labor, service or transportation nature whereby cargo may be loaded or unloaded to or from vessels or barges, passing over, onto or under a wharf, pier, or similar structure; cargo may be moved to a warehouse or similar holding or storage yard or area to await further movement in import or export or may move to a consolidation freight station and be stuffed, unstuffed, containerized, separated or otherwise segregated or aggregated for delivery or loaded on any mode of transportation for delivery to its consignee. Specific activities

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included in this definition are: Wharfage, handling, loading, unloading, moving of cargo to a convenient place of delivery to the consignee or a convenient place for further movement to export mode; documentation services in connection with the receipt, delivery, checking, care, custody and control of cargo required in the transfer of cargo; imported automobile handling prior to delivery to consignee; terminal stevedoring and incidental vessel services, including but not limited to plugging and unplugging refrigerator service to containers, trailers, and other refrigerated cargo receptacles, and securing ship hatch covers.

(((10))) (9) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of disposing of low-level waste, as defined in RCW 43.145.010; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross income of the business, excluding any fees imposed under chapter 43.200 RCW, multiplied by the rate of 3.3 percent.

If the gross income of the taxpayer is attributable to activities both within and without this state, the gross income attributable to this state shall be determined in accordance with the methods of apportionment required under RCW 82.04.460.

 $((\frac{11}{11}))$ (10) Upon every person engaging within this state as an insurance agent, insurance broker, or insurance solicitor licensed under chapter 48.17 RCW; as to such persons, the amount of the tax with respect to such licensed activities shall be equal to the gross income of such business multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

(((12))) (11) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as a hospital, as defined in chapter 70.41 RCW, that is operated as a nonprofit corporation or by the state or any of its political subdivisions, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such activities shall be equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.75 percent through June 30, 1995, and 1.5 percent thereafter. The moneys collected under this subsection shall be deposited in the health services account created under RCW 43.72.900.

 $((\frac{13}{13}))$ $(\underline{12})$ (a) Beginning October 1, 2005, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing commercial airplanes, or components of such airplanes, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall, in the case of

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- manufacturers, be equal to the value of the product manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, be equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of:
- 4 (i) 0.4235 percent from October 1, 2005, through the later of June 30, 2007, or the day preceding the date final assembly of a superefficient airplane begins in Washington state, as determined under 7 RCW 82.32.550; and
- 8 (ii) 0.2904 percent beginning on the later of July 1, 2007, or the 9 date final assembly of a superefficient airplane begins in Washington 10 state, as determined under RCW 82.32.550.

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- (b) Beginning October 1, 2005, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of making sales, at retail or wholesale, of commercial airplanes, or components of such airplanes, manufactured by that person, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the airplanes or components multiplied by the rate of:
- (i) 0.4235 percent from October 1, 2005, through the later of June 30, 2007, or the day preceding the date final assembly of a superefficient airplane begins in Washington state, as determined under RCW 82.32.550; and
- (ii) 0.2904 percent beginning on the later of July 1, 2007, or the date final assembly of a superefficient airplane begins in Washington state, as determined under RCW 82.32.550.
 - (c) For the purposes of this subsection $((\frac{13}{13}))$ (12), "commercial airplane," "component," and "final assembly of a superefficient airplane" have the meanings given in RCW 82.32.550.
 - (d) In addition to all other requirements under this title, a person eligible for the tax rate under this subsection (((13))) must report as required under RCW 82.32.545.
- 30 (e) This subsection (((13))) (12) does not apply after the earlier 31 of: July 1, 2024; or December 31, 2007, if assembly of a 32 superefficient airplane does not begin by December 31, 2007, as 33 determined under RCW 82.32.550.
- 34 Sec. 3. RCW 82.04.250 and 2003 1st sp.s. c 2 s 1 and 2003 1st sp.s. c 1 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 36 (1) Upon every person, except persons taxable under RCW 82.04.260 (($\frac{(+5)}{(+5)}$)) (4) or (($\frac{(+13)}{(+13)}$)) (12), 82.04.272, or subsection (2) or (3) of

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this section: engaging within this state in the business of making sales at retail, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.471 percent.

- (2) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of making sales at retail that are exempt from the tax imposed under chapter 82.08 RCW by reason of RCW 82.08.0261, 82.08.0262, or 82.08.0263 except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, except persons taxable under RCW 82.04.260(((13))) (12) as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.
- (3) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of making sales at retail that are exempt from the tax imposed under chapter 82.08 RCW by reason of RCW 82.08.0261, 82.08.0262, or 82.08.0263, that is classified by the federal aviation administration as a FAR part 145 certificated repair station with airframe and instrument ratings and limited ratings for nondestructive testing, radio, Class 3 Accessory, and specialized services, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the business, multiplied by the rate of .275 percent.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 82.04.250 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 1 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Upon every person, except persons taxable under RCW 82.04.260 (((5))) (4) or (((13))) (12), 82.04.272, or subsection (2) of this section; engaging within this state in the business of making sales at retail, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.471 percent.
 - (2) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of making sales at retail that are exempt from the tax imposed under chapter 82.08 RCW by reason of RCW 82.08.0261, 82.08.0262, or 82.08.0263, except persons taxable under RCW 82.04.260(((13))) (12), as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

Sec. 5. RCW 82.32.545 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 1 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

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- (1) The legislature finds that accountability and effectiveness are important aspects of setting tax policy. In order to make policy choices regarding the best use of limited state resources the legislature needs information on how a tax incentive is used.
- (2)(a) A person who reports taxes under RCW $82.04.260((\frac{13}{(13)}))$ (12) or who claims an exemption or credit under RCW 82.04.4461, 82.08.980, 82.12.980, 82.29A.137, 84.36.655, and 82.04.4463 shall make an annual report to the department detailing employment, wages, and employerprovided health and retirement benefits per job at the manufacturing site. The report shall not include names of employees. The report shall also detail employment by the total number of full-time, parttime, and temporary positions. The first report filed under this subsection shall include employment, wage, and benefit information for the twelve-month period immediately before first use of a preferential tax rate under RCW 82.04.260($(\frac{(13)}{(13)})$) (12), or tax exemption or credit under RCW 82.04.4461, 82.08.980, 82.12.980, 82.29A.137, 84.36.655, and 82.04.4463. The report is due by March 31st following any year in which a preferential tax rate under RCW $82.04.260((\frac{(13)}{(12)}))$ is used, or tax exemption or credit under RCW 82.04.4461, 82.08.980, 82.12.980, 82.29A.137, 84.36.655, and 82.04.4463 is taken. This information is not subject to the confidentiality provisions of RCW 82.32.330 and may be disclosed to the public upon request.
 - (b) If a person fails to submit an annual report under (a) of this subsection by the due date of the report, the department shall declare the amount of taxes exempted or credited, or reduced in the case of the preferential business and occupation tax rate, for that year to be immediately due and payable. Excise taxes payable under this subsection are subject to interest but not penalties, as provided under this chapter. This information is not subject to the confidentiality provisions of RCW 82.32.330 and may be disclosed to the public upon request.
 - (3) By November 1, 2010, and by November 1, 2023, the fiscal committees of the house of representatives and the senate, in consultation with the department, shall report to the legislature on the effectiveness of chapter 1, Laws of 2003 2nd sp. sess. in regard to keeping Washington competitive. The report shall measure the effect of

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- 1 chapter 1, Laws of 2003 2nd sp. sess. on job retention, net jobs
- 2 created for Washington residents, company growth, diversification of
- 3 the state's economy, cluster dynamics, and other factors as the
- 4 committees select. The reports shall include a discussion of
- 5 principles to apply in evaluating whether the legislature should
- 6 reenact any or all of the tax preferences in chapter 1, Laws of 2003
- 7 2nd sp. sess.

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- 8 Sec. 6. RCW 82.32.550 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 1 s 17 are each amended 9 to read as follows:
- (1)(a) Chapter 1, Laws of 2003 2nd sp. sess. takes effect on the first day of the month in which the governor and a manufacturer of commercial airplanes sign a memorandum of agreement regarding an affirmative final decision to site a significant commercial airplane final assembly facility in Washington state. The department shall provide notice of the effective date of chapter 1, Laws of 2003 2nd sp. sess. to affected taxpayers, the legislature, and others as deemed
- (b) Chapter 1, Laws of 2003 2nd sp. sess. is contingent upon the siting of a significant commercial airplane final assembly facility in the state of Washington. If a memorandum of agreement under subsection (1) of this section is not signed by June 30, 2005, chapter 1, Laws of 2003 2nd sp. sess. is null and void.
 - (c)(i) The department shall make a determination regarding the date final assembly of a superefficient airplane begins in Washington state. The rates in RCW $82.04.260((\frac{(13)}{(13)}))$ (12) (a)(ii) and (b)(ii) take effect the first day of the month such assembly begins, or July 1, 2007, whichever is later. The department shall provide notice of the effective date of such rates to affected taxpayers, the legislature, and others as deemed appropriate by the department.
- (ii) If on December 31, 2007, final assembly of a superefficient airplane has not begun in Washington state, the department shall provide notice of such to affected taxpayers, the legislature, and others as deemed appropriate by the department.
- 34 (2) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 35 section.
- 36 (a) "Commercial airplane" has its ordinary meaning, which is an

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appropriate by the department.

- airplane certified by the federal aviation administration for transporting persons or property, and any military derivative of such an airplane.
- 4 (b) "Component" means a part or system certified by the federal aviation administration for installation or assembly into a commercial airplane.

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- (c) "Final assembly of a superefficient airplane" means the activity of assembling an airplane from components parts necessary for its mechanical operation such that the finished commercial airplane is ready to deliver to the ultimate consumer.
- 11 (d) "Significant commercial airplane final assembly facility" means 12 a location with the capacity to produce at least thirty-six 13 superefficient airplanes a year.
- (e) "Siting" means a final decision by a manufacturer to locate a significant commercial airplane final assembly facility in Washington state.
- (f) "Superefficient airplane" means a twin aisle airplane that carries between two hundred and three hundred fifty passengers, with a range of more than seven thousand two hundred nautical miles, a cruising speed of approximately mach .85, and that uses fifteen to twenty percent less fuel than other similar airplanes on the market.
- 22 **Sec. 7.** RCW 48.14.080 and 1998 c 312 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- As to insurers, other than title insurers and taxpayers under RCW 48.14.0201, the taxes imposed by this title shall be in lieu of all other taxes, except taxes on real and tangible personal property, excise taxes on the sale, purchase or use of such property, and the tax imposed in RCW 82.04.260(((12))) (11).
- 29 **Sec. 8.** RCW 82.04.440 and 2004 c 174 s 5 and 2004 c 24 s 7 are 30 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) Every person engaged in activities ((which are within the purview of the provisions of two or more of sections)) that are subject to tax under two or more provisions of RCW 82.04.230 to 82.04.298, inclusive, shall be taxable under each ((paragraph)) provision applicable to ((the)) those activities ((engaged in)).

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- (2) Persons taxable under RCW 82.04.2909(2), 82.04.250, 82.04.270, ((or)) 82.04.260 (4) or (((13))) (12), or section 1(2) of this act, with respect to selling products in this state shall be allowed a credit against those taxes for any (a) manufacturing taxes paid with respect to the manufacturing of products so sold in this state, and/or (b) extracting taxes paid with respect to the extracting of products so sold in this state or ingredients of products so sold in this state. Extracting taxes taken as credit under subsection (3) of this section may also be taken under this subsection, if otherwise allowable under this subsection. The amount of the credit shall not exceed the tax liability arising under this chapter with respect to the sale of those products.
 - (3) Persons taxable under RCW 82.04.240 or 82.04.260(1)(b) shall be allowed a credit against those taxes for any extracting taxes paid with respect to extracting the ingredients of the products so manufactured in this state. The amount of the credit shall not exceed the tax liability arising under this chapter with respect to the manufacturing of those products.
 - (4) Persons taxable under RCW 82.04.230, 82.04.240, 82.04.2909(1), ((er)) 82.04.260 (1), (2), ((4), (6), or (13))) (5), or (12), or section 1(1) of this act, with respect to extracting or manufacturing products in this state shall be allowed a credit against those taxes for any (i) gross receipts taxes paid to another state with respect to the sales of the products so extracted or manufactured in this state, (ii) manufacturing taxes paid with respect to the manufacturing of products using ingredients so extracted in this state, or (iii) manufacturing taxes paid with respect to manufacturing activities completed in another state for products so manufactured in this state. The amount of the credit shall not exceed the tax liability arising under this chapter with respect to the extraction or manufacturing of those products.
 - (5) For the purpose of this section:

- (a) "Gross receipts tax" means a tax:
- (i) Which is imposed on or measured by the gross volume of business, in terms of gross receipts or in other terms, and in the determination of which the deductions allowed would not constitute the tax an income tax or value added tax; and

1 (ii) Which is also not, pursuant to law or custom, separately 2 stated from the sales price.

- (b) "State" means (i) the state of Washington, (ii) a state of the United States other than Washington, or any political subdivision of such other state, (iii) the District of Columbia, and (iv) any foreign country or political subdivision thereof.
- (c) "Manufacturing tax" means a gross receipts tax imposed on the act or privilege of engaging in business as a manufacturer, and includes (i) the taxes imposed in RCW 82.04.240, 82.04.2909(1), ((and)) 82.04.260 (1), (2), ((4), and (13))) (5), and (12), and section 1(1) of this act, and (ii) similar gross receipts taxes paid to other states.
- (d) "Extracting tax" means a gross receipts tax imposed on the act or privilege of engaging in business as an extractor, and includes the tax imposed in RCW 82.04.230 and similar gross receipts taxes paid to other states.
- (e) "Business", "manufacturer", "extractor", and other terms used in this section have the meanings given in RCW 82.04.020 through 82.04.212, notwithstanding the use of those terms in the context of describing taxes imposed by other states.
- Sec. 9. RCW 82.04.298 and 2001 1st sp.s. c 9 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The amount of tax with respect to a qualified grocery distribution cooperative's sales of groceries or related goods for resale, excluding items subject to tax under ((RCW 82.04.260(4))) section 1 of this act, to customer-owners of the grocery distribution cooperative is equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the grocery distribution cooperative multiplied by the rate of one and one-half percent.
 - (2) A qualified grocery distribution cooperative is allowed a deduction from the gross proceeds of sales of groceries or related goods for resale, excluding items subject to tax under ((RCW 82.04.260(4))) section 1 of this act, to customer-owners of the grocery distribution cooperative that is equal to the portion of the gross proceeds of sales for resale that represents the actual cost of the merchandise sold by the grocery distribution cooperative to customer-owners.

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1 (3) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 2 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (a) "Grocery distribution cooperative" means an entity that sells groceries and related items to customer-owners of the grocery distribution cooperative and has customer-owners, in the aggregate, who own a majority of the outstanding ownership interests of the grocery distribution cooperative or of the entity controlling the grocery distribution cooperative. "Grocery distribution cooperative" includes an entity that controls a grocery distribution cooperative.
- (b) "Qualified grocery distribution cooperative" means a grocery distribution cooperative that has been determined by a court of record of the state of Washington to be not engaged in wholesaling or making sales at wholesale, within the meaning of RCW 82.04.270 or any similar provision of a municipal ordinance that imposes a tax on gross receipts, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, with respect to purchases made by customer-owners, and subsequently changes its form of doing business to make sales at wholesale of groceries or related items to its customer-owners.
- (c) "Customer-owner" means a person who has an ownership interest in a grocery distribution cooperative and purchases groceries and related items at wholesale from that grocery distribution cooperative.
- (d) "Controlling" means holding fifty percent or more of the voting interests of an entity and having at least equal power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of the entity, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract, or otherwise.
- **Sec. 10.** RCW 82.04.290 and 2004 c 174 s 2 are each amended to read 28 as follows:
 - (1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of providing international investment management services, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross income or gross proceeds of sales of the business multiplied by a rate of 0.275 percent.
- 34 (2) Upon every person engaging within this state in any business 35 activity other than or in addition to those enumerated in RCW 36 82.04.230, 82.04.240, 82.04.250, 82.04.255, 82.04.260, 82.04.270, 37 82.04.298, 82.04.2905, 82.04.280, 82.04.2907, 82.04.272, 82.04.2906,

- 1 ((and)) 82.04.2908, and section 1 of this act, and subsection (1) of 2 this section; as to such persons the amount of tax on account of such 3 activities shall be equal to the gross income of the business 4 multiplied by the rate of 1.5 percent.
- 5 (3) Subsection (2) of this section includes, among others, and without limiting the scope hereof (whether or not title to materials 6 7 used in the performance of such business passes to another by accession, confusion or other than by outright sale), persons engaged 8 9 in the business of rendering any type of service which does not constitute a "sale at retail" or a "sale at wholesale." The value of 10 advertising, demonstration, and promotional supplies and materials 11 12 furnished to an agent by his principal or supplier to be used for 13 informational, educational and promotional purposes shall not be considered a part of the agent's remuneration or commission and shall 14 not be subject to taxation under this section. 15
- 16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** Section 3 of this act expires July 1, 2006.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. Section 4 of this act takes effect July 1, 2006.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. Sections 1 through 3 and 5 through 10 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect immediately.

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