H-3548.2			

HOUSE BILL 2392

State of Washington 59th Legislature 2006 Regular Session

By Representatives Dickerson, Appleton, Moeller, Hasegawa, Darneille, Conway, Roberts, Kenney, Kagi, Flannigan, Cody and Green

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AN ACT Relating to family and medical leave; amending RCW 49.78.010 and 49.78.020; adding new sections to chapter 49.78 RCW; creating a new section; repealing RCW 49.78.005, 49.78.030, 49.78.040, 49.78.050, 49.78.060, 49.78.070, 49.78.080, 49.78.100, 49.78.110, 49.78.120, 549.78.130, 49.78.140, 49.78.150, 49.78.160, 49.78.170, 49.78.180, 649.78.190, and 49.78.200; and prescribing penalties.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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8 Sec. 1. RCW 49.78.010 and 1989 1st ex.s. c 11 s 1 are each amended 9 to read as follows:

The legislature finds that the demands of the workplace and of families need to be balanced to promote family stability and economic security. ((Changes in)) Workplace leave policies are desirable to accommodate changes in the work force such as rising numbers of dualcareer couples ((and)), working single parents, and an aging population. In addition, given the mobility of American society, many people no longer have available community or family support networks and therefore need additional flexibility in the workplace. The legislature declares it to be in the public interest to provide reasonable ((family leave upon the birth or adoption of a child and to

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- 1 care for a child under eighteen years old with a terminal)) leave for
- 2 medical reasons, for the birth or placement of a child, and for the
- 3 care of a family member who has a serious health condition.

- **Sec. 2.** RCW 49.78.020 and 1996 c 178 s 14 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
 - Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.
 - (1) "Child" means a biological ((or)), adopted, or foster child, ((or)) a stepchild, ((living with the employee)) a legal ward, or a child of a person standing in loco parentis, who is: (a) Under eighteen years of age; or (b) eighteen years of age or older and incapable of self-care because of a mental or physical disability.
 - (2) "Department" means the department of labor and industries.
 - (3) "Director" means the director of the department.
 - (4) "Domestic partner" means an unmarried person eighteen years of age or older: (a) With whom the individual entered into a close personal relationship when both parties were mentally competent and has maintained a close personal relationship solely with that person for a minimum of six continuous months; (b) with whom the individual shares a regular and permanent residence; (c) with whom the individual has agreed to be jointly responsible for basic living expenses incurred during the domestic partnership; and (d) to whom the individual is not related by blood as would bar marriage.
 - (5)(a) "Employee" means a person ((other than an independent contractor employed by an employer on a continuous basis for the previous fifty two weeks for at least thirty-five hours per week)) who has been employed: (i) For at least twelve months by the employer with respect to whom leave is requested under section 3 of this act; and (ii) for at least one thousand two hundred fifty hours of service with the employer during the previous twelve-month period.
 - (b) "Employee" does not mean a person who is employed at a worksite at which the employer as defined in (a) of this subsection employs less than twenty-five employees if the total number of employees employed by that employer within seventy-five miles of that worksite is less than twenty-five.
- $((\frac{4}{}))$ (6) "Employer" means: (a) Any person, firm, corporation, 37 partnership, business trust, legal representative, or other business

entity which engages in any business, industry, profession, or activity 1 2 in this state and includes any unit of local government including, but not limited to, a county, city, town, municipal corporation, quasi-3 municipal corporation, or political subdivision, which $((\frac{(i)}{(i)})$ 4 a daily average of one hundred or more employees during the last 5 calendar quarter at the place where the employee requesting leave 6 reports for work, or (ii) employed a daily average of one hundred or 7 8 more employees during the last calendar quarter within a twenty mile radius of the place where the employee requesting leave reports for 9 work, where the employer maintains a central hiring location and 10 11 customarily transfers employees among workplaces; and)) twenty-five or more employees for each working day during each of 12 twenty or more calendar workweeks in the current or preceding calendar 13 year; (b) the state, state institutions, and state agencies; and (c) 14 15 any unit of local government including, but not limited to, a county, city, town, municipal corporation, quasi-municipal corporation, or 16 political subdivision. 17

(((5) "Family leave" means leave from employment to care for a newborn or newly adopted child under the age of six or a child under eighteen years old with a terminal health condition, as provided in RCW 49.78.030.

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- (6)) (7) "Employment benefits" means all benefits provided or made available to employees by an employer, including group life insurance, health insurance, disability insurance, sick leave, annual leave, educational benefits, and pensions except benefits that are provided by a practice or written policy of an employer or through an employee benefit plan as defined in 29 U.S.C. Sec. 1002(3).
- (8) "Family member" means a child, parent, spouse, or domestic partner of an employee.
- (9) "Health care provider" means: (a) A person licensed as a physician under chapter 18.71 RCW or an osteopathic physician and surgeon under chapter 18.57 RCW; (b) a person licensed as an advanced registered nurse practitioner under chapter 18.79 RCW; or (c) any other person determined by the director to be capable of providing health care services.
- $((\frac{7}{}))$ (10) "Intermittent leave" is leave taken in separate blocks of time due to a single qualifying reason.

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1 (11) "Leave for a family member's serious health condition" means 2 leave as described in section 3(1)(c) of this act.

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- (12) "Leave for the birth or placement of a child" means leave as described in section 3(1) (a) or (b) of this act.
- (13) "Leave for the employee's serious health condition" means leave as described in section 3(1)(d) of this act.
 - (14) "Parent" means ((a biological or adoptive parent, or a stepparent)) the biological or adoptive parent of an employee or an individual who stood in loco parentis to an employee when the employee was a child.
- ((\(\frac{(\(\frac{8}{}\)\)}{)}\)) (15) "Period of incapacity" means an inability to work, attend school, or perform other regular daily activities because of the serious health condition, treatment of that condition or recovery from it, or subsequent treatment in connection with such inpatient care.
- (16) "Reduced leave schedule" means ((leave scheduled for fewer than an employee's usual number of hours or days per workweek)) a leave schedule that reduces the usual number of hours per workweek, or hours per workday, of an employee.
- ((9) "Terminal health condition" means a condition caused by injury, disease, or illness, that, within reasonable medical judgment, is incurable and will produce death within the period of leave to which the employee is entitled.))
- 23 <u>(17)(a) "Serious health condition" means an illness, injury,</u> 24 impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves:
 - (i) Inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility, including any period of incapacity; or
 - (ii) Continuing treatment by a health care provider. A serious health condition involving continuing treatment by a health care provider includes any one or more of the following:
 - (A) A period of incapacity of more than three consecutive calendar days, and any subsequent treatment or period of incapacity relating to the same condition, that also involves:
- 33 (I) Treatment two or more times by a health care provider, by a
 34 nurse or physician's assistant under direct supervision of a health
 35 care provider, or by a provider of health care services under orders
 36 of, or on referral by, a health care provider; or
- 37 (II) Treatment by a health care provider on at least one occasion

- which results in a regimen of continuing treatment under the supervision of the health care provider;
- 3 (B) Any period of incapacity due to pregnancy, or for prenatal description 4 care;

- (C) Any period of incapacity or treatment for such incapacity due to a chronic serious health condition. A chronic serious health condition is one which:
- (I) Requires periodic visits for treatment by a health care provider, or by a nurse or physician's assistant under direct supervision of a health care provider;
- 11 (II) Continues over an extended period of time, including recurring 12 episodes of a single underlying condition; and
- 13 <u>(III) May cause episodic rather than a continuing period of</u> 14 <u>incapacity;</u>
 - (D) A period of incapacity which is permanent or long-term due to a condition for which treatment may not be effective. The employee or family member must be under the continuing supervision of, but need not be receiving active treatment by, a health care provider; or
 - (E) Any period of absence to receive multiple treatments, including any period of recovery from the treatments, by a health care provider or by a provider of health care services under orders of, or on referral by, a health care provider, either for restorative surgery after an accident or other injury, or for a condition that would likely result in a period of incapacity of more than three consecutive calendar days in the absence of medical intervention or treatment, such as cancer, severe arthritis, or kidney disease.
 - (b) Treatment for purposes of (a) of this subsection includes, but is not limited to, examinations to determine if a serious health condition exists and evaluations of the condition. Treatment does not include routine physical examinations, eye examinations, or dental examinations. Under (a)(ii)(A)(II) of this subsection, a regimen of continuing treatment includes, but is not limited to, a course of prescription medication or therapy requiring special equipment to resolve or alleviate the health condition. A regimen of continuing treatment that includes taking over-the-counter medications, such as aspirin, antihistamines, or salves, or bed-rest, drinking fluids, exercise, and other similar activities that can be initiated without a

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visit to a health care provider, is not, by itself, sufficient to constitute a regimen of continuing treatment for purposes of this chapter.

- (c) Conditions for which cosmetic treatments are administered are 4 not "serious health conditions" unless inpatient hospital care is 5 required or unless complications develop. Unless complications arise, 6 the common cold, the flu, ear aches, upset stomach, minor ulcers, 7 headaches other than migraine, routine dental or orthodontia problems, 8 and periodontal disease are examples of conditions that do not meet the 9 definition of a "serious health condition" and do not qualify for leave 10 under this chapter. Restorative dental or plastic surgery after an 11 12 injury or removal of cancerous growths are serious health conditions provided all the other conditions of this section are met. Mental 13 14 illness resulting from stress or allergies may be serious health conditions provided all the other conditions of this section are met. 15
 - (d) Substance abuse may be a serious health condition if the conditions of this section are met. However, leave may only be taken for treatment for substance abuse by a health care provider or by a provider of health care services upon referral by a health care provider. Absence from work because of the employee's use of the substance, rather than for treatment, does not qualify for leave under this chapter.
 - (e) Absences attributable to incapacity under (a)(ii)(B) or (C) of this subsection qualify for leave under this chapter even though the employee or the immediate family member does not receive treatment from a health care provider during the absence, and even if the absence does not last more than three days.
- 28 (18) "Spouse" means a husband or wife, as the case may be.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW to read as follows:
- 31 ENTITLEMENT TO LEAVE. (1) Subject to section 7 of this act, an 32 employee is entitled to a total of twelve workweeks of leave during any 33 twelve-month period for one or more of the following:
- 34 (a) Because of the birth of a child of the employee and in order to care for the child;
- 36 (b) Because of the placement of a child with the employee for 37 adoption or foster care;

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1 (c) In order to care for a family member of the employee, if the family member has a serious health condition; or

- (d) Because of a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the functions of the position of the employee.
- (2) The entitlement to leave for the birth or placement of a child expires at the end of the twelve-month period beginning on the date of such birth or placement.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW 9 to read as follows:

LEAVE TAKEN INTERMITTENTLY OR ON REDUCED LEAVE SCHEDULE. (1)(a) When leave is taken after the birth or placement of a child for adoption or foster care, an employee may take leave intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule with the employer's agreement. The employer's agreement is not required, however, for leave during which the employee has a serious health condition in connection with the birth of a child or if the newborn child has a serious health condition.

- (b) Leave may be taken intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule when medically necessary for medical treatment of a serious health condition by or under the supervision of a health care provider, or for recovery from treatment or recovery from a serious health condition. It may also be taken to provide care or psychological comfort to an immediate family member with a serious health condition.
- (i) Intermittent leave may be taken for a serious health condition that requires treatment by a health care provider periodically, rather than for one continuous period of time, and may include leave of periods from an hour or more to several weeks.
- (ii) Intermittent or reduced schedule leave may be taken for absences where the employee or family member is incapacitated or unable to perform the essential functions of the position because of a chronic serious health condition even if he or she does not receive treatment by a health care provider.
- (c) There is no limit on the size of an increment of leave when an employee takes intermittent leave or leave on a reduced leave schedule. However, an employer may limit leave increments to the shortest period of time that the employer's payroll system uses to account for absences or use of leave, provided it is one hour or less.

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- 1 (d) The taking of leave intermittently or on a reduced leave 2 schedule under this section may not result in a reduction in the total 3 amount of leave to which the employee is entitled under section 3 of 4 this act beyond the amount of leave actually taken.
 - (2) If an employee requests intermittent leave, or leave on a reduced leave schedule, for a family member's serious health condition or the employee's serious health condition when the condition is foreseeable based on planned medical treatment, the employer may require such employee to transfer temporarily to an available alternative position offered by the employer for which the employee is qualified and that:
- 12 (a) Has equivalent pay and benefits; and

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- 13 (b) Better accommodates recurring periods of leave than the regular 14 employment position of the employee.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW to read as follows:
- UNPAID LEAVE PERMITTED--RELATIONSHIP TO PAID LEAVE. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, leave granted under section 3 of this act may consist of unpaid leave.
- 20 (2) If an employer provides paid leave for fewer than twelve 21 workweeks, the additional weeks of leave necessary to attain the twelve 22 workweeks of leave required under this chapter may be provided without 23 compensation.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW to read as follows:
 - FORESEEABLE LEAVE. (1) If the necessity for leave for the birth or placement of a child is foreseeable based on an expected birth or placement, the employee shall provide the employer with not less than thirty days' notice, before the date the leave is to begin, of the employee's intention to take leave for the birth or placement of a child, except that if the date of the birth or placement requires leave to begin in less than thirty days, the employee shall provide such notice as is practicable.
- 34 (2) If the necessity for leave for a family member's serious health 35 condition or the employee's serious health condition is foreseeable 36 based on planned medical treatment, the employee:

(a) Must make a reasonable effort to schedule the treatment so as not to disrupt unduly the operations of the employer, subject to the approval of the health care provider of the employee or the health care provider of the family member, as appropriate; and

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- 5 (b) Must provide the employer with not less than thirty days' 6 notice, before the date the leave is to begin, of the employee's 7 intention to take leave for a family member's serious health condition 8 or the employee's serious health condition, except that if the date of the treatment requires leave to begin in less than thirty days, the employee must provide such notice as is practicable.
- 11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW to read as follows:
- SPOUSES AND DOMESTIC PARTNERS EMPLOYED BY SAME EMPLOYER. If spouses or domestic partners entitled to leave under this chapter are employed by the same employer, the aggregate number of workweeks of leave to which both may be entitled may be limited to twelve workweeks during any twelve-month period, if such leave is taken: (1) For the birth or placement of a child; or (2) for a parent's serious health condition.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW to read as follows:
 - CERTIFICATION. (1) An employer may require that a request for leave for a family member's serious health condition or the employee's serious health condition be supported by a certification issued by the health care provider of the employee or of the family member, as appropriate. The employee must provide, in a timely manner, a copy of the certification to the employer.
- 28 (2) Certification provided under subsection (1) of this section is 29 sufficient if it states:
 - (a) The date on which the serious health condition commenced;
 - (b) The probable duration of the condition;
- 32 (c) The appropriate medical facts within the knowledge of the 33 health care provider regarding the condition;
- 34 (d)(i) For purposes of leave for a family member's serious health
 35 condition, a statement that the employee is needed to care for the

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family member and an estimate of the amount of time that such employee is needed to care for the family member; and

- (ii) For purposes of leave for the employee's serious health condition, a statement that the employee is unable to perform the functions of the position of the employee;
- (e) In the case of certification for intermittent leave, or leave on a reduced leave schedule, for planned medical treatment, the dates on which the treatment is expected to be given and the duration of the treatment;
- (f) In the case of certification for intermittent leave, or leave on a reduced leave schedule, for the employee's serious health condition, a statement of the medical necessity for the intermittent leave or leave on a reduced leave schedule, and the expected duration of the intermittent leave or reduced leave schedule; and
- (g) In the case of certification for intermittent leave, or leave on a reduced leave schedule, for a family member's serious health condition, a statement that the employee's intermittent leave or leave on a reduced leave schedule is necessary for the care of the family member who has a serious health condition, or will assist in their recovery, and the expected duration and schedule of the intermittent leave or reduced leave schedule.
- (3) If the employer has reason to doubt the validity of the certification provided under subsection (1) of this section for leave for a family member's serious health condition or the employee's serious health condition, the employer may require, at the expense of the employer, that the employee obtain the opinion of a second health care provider designated or approved by the employer concerning any information certified under subsection (2) of this section for the leave. The second health care provider may not be employed on a regular basis by the employer.
- (4) If the second opinion described in subsection (3) of this section differs from the opinion in the original certification provided under subsection (1) of this section, the employer may require, at the expense of the employer, that the employee obtain the opinion of a third health care provider designated or approved jointly by the employer and the employee concerning the information certified under subsection (2) of this section. The opinion of the third health care

- provider concerning the information certified under subsection (2) of this section is considered to be final and is binding on the employer and the employee.
- 4 (5) The employer may require that the employee obtain subsequent recertifications on a reasonable basis.
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW 7 to read as follows:
- 8 EMPLOYMENT PROTECTION. (1)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this 9 subsection, any employee who takes leave under section 3 of this act 10 for the intended purpose of the leave is entitled, on return from the 11 leave:
- 12 (i) To be restored by the employer to the position of employment 13 held by the employee when the leave commenced; or

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- (ii) To be restored to an equivalent position with equivalent employment benefits, pay, and other terms and conditions of employment at a workplace within twenty miles of the employee's workplace when leave commenced.
- (b) The taking of leave under section 3 of this act may not result in the loss of any employment benefits accrued before the date on which the leave commenced.
 - (c) Nothing in this section entitles any restored employee to:
- 22 (i) The accrual of any seniority or employment benefits during any 23 period of leave; or
 - (ii) Any right, benefit, or position of employment other than any right, benefit, or position to which the employee would have been entitled had the employee not taken the leave.
 - (d) As a condition of restoration under (a) of this subsection for an employee who has taken leave for the employee's serious health condition, the employer may have a uniformly applied practice or policy that requires each such employee to receive certification from the health care provider of the employee that the employee is able to resume work, except that nothing in this subsection (1)(d) supersedes a valid local law or a collective bargaining agreement that governs the return to work of such employees.
- 35 (e) Nothing in this subsection (1) prohibits an employer from 36 requiring an employee on leave to report periodically to the employer 37 on the status and intention of the employee to return to work.

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1 (2) An employer may deny restoration under subsection (1) of this 2 section to any salaried employee who is among the highest paid ten 3 percent of the employees employed by the employer within seventy-five 4 miles of the facility at which the employee is employed if:

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- (a) Denial is necessary to prevent substantial and grievous economic injury to the operations of the employer;
- (b) The employer notifies the employee of the intent of the employer to deny restoration on such basis at the time the employer determines that the injury would occur; and
- 10 (c) The leave has commenced and the employee elects not to return 11 to employment after receiving the notice.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW to read as follows:

EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. During any period of leave taken under section 3 of this act, if the employee is not eligible for any employer contribution to medical or dental benefits under an applicable collective bargaining agreement or employer policy during any period of leave, an employer shall allow the employee to continue, at the employee's expense, medical or dental insurance coverage, including any spouse, domestic partner, and dependent coverage, in accordance with state or federal law. The premium to be paid by the employee shall not exceed one hundred two percent of the applicable premium for the leave period.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW to read as follows:

PROHIBITED ACTS. (1) It is unlawful for any employer to:

- (a) Interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of, or the attempt to exercise, any right provided under this chapter; or
 - (b) Discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any individual for opposing any practice made unlawful by this chapter.
- (2) It is unlawful for any person to discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any individual because the individual has:
- 33 (a) Filed any charge, or has instituted or caused to be instituted 34 any proceeding, under or related to this chapter;
- 35 (b) Given, or is about to give, any information in connection with

- 1 any inquiry or proceeding relating to any right provided under this
- 2 chapter; or
- 3 (c) Testified, or is about to testify, in any inquiry or proceeding 4 relating to any right provided under this chapter.
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW to read as follows:

7 Upon complaint by an employee, the director shall investigate to 8 determine if there has been compliance with this chapter and the rules adopted under this chapter. If the investigation indicates that a 9 violation may have occurred, a hearing must be held in accordance with 10 11 chapter 34.05 RCW. The director must issue a written determination including his or her findings after the hearing. A judicial appeal 12 from the director's determination may be taken in accordance with 13 chapter 34.05 RCW, with the prevailing party entitled to recover 14 15 reasonable costs and attorneys' fees.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW to read as follows:
- An employer who is found, in accordance with section 12 of this act, to have violated a requirement of this chapter and the rules adopted under this chapter, is subject to a civil penalty of not less than one thousand dollars for each violation. Civil penalties must be collected by the department and deposited into the family and medical leave enforcement account.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW to read as follows:
- 26 CIVIL ACTION BY EMPLOYEES. (1) Any employer who violates section 27 11 of this act is liable:
 - (a) For damages equal to:
- 29 (i) The amount of:

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- 30 (A) Any wages, salary, employment benefits, or other compensation 31 denied or lost to such employee by reason of the violation; or
- 32 (B) In a case in which wages, salary, employment benefits, or other 33 compensation have not been denied or lost to the employee, any actual 34 monetary losses sustained by the employee as a direct result of the

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violation, such as the cost of providing care, up to a sum equal to twelve weeks of wages or salary for the employee;

- (ii) The interest on the amount described in (a)(i) of this subsection calculated at the prevailing rate; and
- (iii) An additional amount as liquidated damages equal to the sum of the amount described in (a)(i) of this subsection and the interest described in (a)(ii) of this subsection, except that if an employer who has violated section 11 of this act proves to the satisfaction of the court that the act or omission which violated section 11 of this act was in good faith and that the employer had reasonable grounds for believing that the act or omission was not a violation of section 11 of this act, the court may, in the discretion of the court, reduce the amount of the liability to the amount and interest determined under (a)(i) and (ii) of this subsection, respectively; and
- 15 (b) For such equitable relief as may be appropriate, including 16 employment, reinstatement, and promotion.
 - (2) An action to recover the damages or equitable relief prescribed in subsection (1) of this section may be maintained against any employer in any court of competent jurisdiction by any one or more employees for and on behalf of:
 - (a) The employees; or

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- (b) The employees and other employees similarly situated.
- 23 (3) The court in such an action shall, in addition to any judgment 24 awarded to the plaintiff, allow reasonable attorneys' fees, reasonable 25 expert witness fees, and other costs of the action to be paid by the 26 defendant.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW to read as follows:
- NOTICE. Each employer shall post and keep posted, in conspicuous 29 30 places on the premises of the employer where notices to employees and 31 applicants for employment are customarily posted, a notice, to be prepared or approved by the director, setting forth excerpts from, or 32 33 summaries of, the pertinent provisions of this chapter and information pertaining to the filing of a charge. Any employer that willfully 34 35 violates this section may be subject to a civil penalty of not more 36 than one hundred dollars for each separate offense. Any penalties

- collected by the department under the section shall be deposited into 1
- 2 the family and medical leave enforcement account.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW 3 4 to read as follows:
- FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ENFORCEMENT ACCOUNT. The family and 5 6 medical leave enforcement account is created in the custody of the 7 state treasurer. Any penalties collected under section 13 or 15 of this act shall be deposited into the account and shall be used only for 8 the purposes of administering and enforcing this chapter. Only the 9 director or the director's designee may authorize expenditures from the
- 10 11 account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter
- 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures. 12
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW 13 14 to read as follows:
- 15 EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed:
- (1) To modify or affect any state or local law prohibiting 16
- discrimination on the basis of race, religion, color, national origin, 17
- 18 sex, age, or disability; or (2) to supersede any provision of any local
- 19 law that provides greater family or medical leave rights than the
- 20 rights established under this chapter.
- 21 NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW to read as follows: 22
- 23 EFFECT ON EXISTING EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. Nothing in this chapter 24 diminishes the obligation of an employer to comply with any collective
- bargaining agreement or any employment benefit program or plan that 25
- provides greater family or medical leave rights to employees than the 26
- 27 rights established under this chapter. The rights established for
- employees under this chapter may not be diminished by any collective 28
- 29 bargaining agreement or any employment benefit program or plan.
- 30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 19.** A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW
- to read as follows: 31
- 32 ENCOURAGEMENT OF MORE GENEROUS LEAVE POLICIES. Nothing in this
- 33 chapter shall be construed to discourage employers from adopting or

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- 1 retaining leave policies more generous than any policies that comply
- 2 with the requirements under this chapter.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 20.** A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW 4 to read as follows:
- 5 (1) Leave under this chapter and leave under the federal family and
- 6 medical leave act of 1993 (Act Feb. 5, 1993, P.L. 103-3, 107 Stat. 6)
- 7 is in addition to any leave for sickness or temporary disability
- 8 because of pregnancy or childbirth.
- 9 (2) Leave taken under this chapter must be taken concurrently with
- 10 any leave taken under the federal family and medical leave act of 1993
- 11 (Act Feb. 5, 1993, P.L. 103-3, 107 Stat. 6).
- 12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 21.** A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW
- 13 to read as follows:
- 14 RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY. The director shall adopt rules as necessary
- 15 to implement this chapter.
- 16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 22.** A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW
- 17 to read as follows:
- 18 CONSTRUCTION. This chapter must be construed to the extent
- 19 possible in a manner that is consistent with similar provisions, if
- any, of the federal family and medical leave act of 1993 (Act Feb. 5,
- 21 1993, P.L. 103-3, 107 Stat. 6), and that gives consideration to the
- 22 rules, precedents, and practices of the federal department of labor
- 23 relevant to the federal act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. The following acts or parts of acts are
- 25 each repealed:
- 26 (1) RCW 49.78.005 (Administration and enforcement of this chapter
- 27 to cease while federal family and medical leave act provides the same
- or more family leave--Rights under RCW 49.78.070(1)(b) preserved--
- 29 Enforcement) and 1997 c 16 s 1;
- 30 (2) RCW 49.78.030 (Requirements--Limitation) and 1989 1st ex.s. c
- 31 11 s 3;
- 32 (3) RCW 49.78.040 (Notice to employer) and 1989 1st ex.s. c 11 s 4;
- 33 (4) RCW 49.78.050 (Requirements for confirmation--Second opinion)
- 34 and 1989 1st ex.s. c 11 s 5;

- 1 (5) RCW 49.78.060 (Both parents with same employer) and 1989 1st 2 ex.s. c 11 s 6;
- 3 (6) RCW 49.78.070 (Employee employment rights--Limitations) and 4 1989 1st ex.s. c 11 s 7;
- 5 (7) RCW 49.78.080 (Employee benefits) and 1989 1st ex.s. c 11 s 8;
- 6 (8) RCW 49.78.100 (Additional rights--Remedies) and 1989 1st ex.s.
- 7 c 11 s 10;
- 8 (9) RCW 49.78.110 (Collective bargaining agreements--Obligations 9 and rights not diminished) and 1989 1st ex.s. c 11 s 11;
- 10 (10) RCW 49.78.120 (Collective bargaining agreements--Application of chapter--Grievance procedures) and 1989 1st ex.s. c 11 s 12;
- 12 (11) RCW 49.78.130 (Discrimination prohibited) and 1989 1st ex.s. 13 c 11 s 13;
- 14 (12) RCW 49.78.140 (Complaint--Contents--Notice--Investigation) and 15 1989 1st ex.s. c 11 s 14;
- 16 (13) RCW 49.78.150 (Notice of infraction--Contents) and 1989 1st 17 ex.s. c 11 s 15;
- 18 (14) RCW 49.78.160 (Notice of infraction--Service) and 1989 1st 19 ex.s. c 11 s 16;
- 20 (15) RCW 49.78.170 (Notice of infraction--State agencies) and 1989 21 1st ex.s. c 11 s 17;
- 22 (16) RCW 49.78.180 (Appeal--Hearings--Decisions--Review--Appeal of final decision) and 1989 1st ex.s. c 11 s 18;
- 24 (17) RCW 49.78.190 (Penalties) and 1989 1st ex.s. c 11 s 19; and
- 25 (18) RCW 49.78.200 (Poster required) and 1989 1st ex.s. c 11 s 20.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.
- 30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 25.** Captions used in this act are not any part 31 of the law.

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