S-2188.1

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## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5594

State of Washington 59th Legislature 2005 Regular Session

**By** Senate Committee on Labor, Commerce, Research & Development (originally sponsored by Senators Kohl-Welles, Keiser, Franklin, Thibaudeau and Kline)

READ FIRST TIME 03/02/05.

1 AN ACT Relating to stem cell research and human cloning; adding a 2 new chapter to Title 70 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. The legislature finds and declares that:

5 (1) An estimated one hundred twenty-eight million Americans suffer 6 from chronic, degenerative, and acute diseases, including diabetes, 7 Alzheimer's disease, cancer, Huntington's disease, Parkinson's disease, 8 heart disease, and spinal cord injury. The crippling economic and 9 psychological burdens of such diseases result in billions of dollars 10 every year in costs of treatment and lost productivity as well as 11 extreme human loss and emotional suffering.

12 (2) Stem cell research offers immense promise for developing new 13 medical therapies for these debilitating diseases and a critical means 14 to explore fundamental questions of biology. Stem cell research could 15 lead to unprecedented treatments and potential cures for diabetes, 16 Alzheimer's disease, cancer, Huntington's disease, Parkinson's disease, 17 heart disease, spinal cord injury, and other diseases.

(3) Washington state is home to several large medical researchinstitutions and an expanding biomedical research industry. These

organizations are committed to improving the lives of Americans suffering from chronic, degenerative, and acute diseases. Encouraging stem cell research is essential to realizing the promise of stem cell research.

5 (4) Stem cell research, including the use of embryonic stem cells 6 for medical research, raises significant ethical concerns that must be 7 balanced with medical considerations.

8 (5) While stem cell research holds enormous potential for treating 9 or even curing some diseases, the cloning of human beings is morally 10 and ethically unacceptable. Furthermore, the cloning of human beings 11 poses grave health risks to any child who may be produced in this 12 manner. Any attempt to clone a human being is in direct conflict with 13 the policies of this state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. It is the policy of Washington state that research involving the derivation and use of human embryonic stem cells, human embryonic germ cells, and human adult stem cells from any source, including somatic cell nuclear transplantation, is permitted upon full consideration of the ethical and medical implications of this research.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise. (1) "Reproductive cloning of a human being" means asexual reproduction by implanting or attempting to implant the product of nuclear transplantation into a uterus or substitute for a uterus with the purpose of producing a human being.

(2) "Nuclear transplantation" means transferring the nucleus of a
 human somatic cell into an oocyte from which the nucleus has been or
 will be removed or inactivated.

(3) "Human somatic cell" means a diploid cell that is obtained or
derived from a living or deceased human at any stage of development.

31 (4) "Oocyte" means the unfertilized human ovum.

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. (1) A physician, surgeon, or other health 33 care provider delivering fertility treatment shall provide his or her 34 patient with timely, relevant, and appropriate information to allow the 35 individual to make an informed and voluntary choice regarding the

p. 2

disposition of any human embryos remaining following the fertility treatment. The information must include the option of storing unused embryos, donating unused embryos to another individual, discarding unused embryos, or donating unused embryos for research.

5 (2) A patient who chooses to donate unused embryos for research 6 after a consultation under subsection (1) of this section shall provide 7 written consent.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. (1) A person may donate human embryonic 9 tissue or human cadaveric fetal tissue for research purposes.

10 (2) A person may not knowingly, for valuable consideration, 11 purchase or sell human embryonic tissue or human cadaveric fetal tissue 12 for research purposes.

13 (3) Valuable consideration does not include reasonable payment for 14 the removal, processing, disposal, preservation, quality control, 15 storage, transportation, or implantation of human embryonic tissue or 16 human cadaveric tissue.

(4) A person who violates this section is guilty of a felony and
upon conviction is subject to a fine not to exceed fifty thousand
dollars or imprisonment not to exceed five years, or both.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. (1) No person may knowingly engage or assist 21 in reproductive cloning or attempted reproductive cloning of a human 22 being.

(2) The attorney general may bring an action to enjoin any personfrom violating subsection (1) of this section.

(3) Any person who violates subsection (1) of this section is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed three hundred thousand dollars for each violation. Civil penalties authorized by this subsection may be imposed in any civil action brought by the attorney general.

(4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict areas of biomedical, agricultural, and scientific research not specifically prohibited by this section, including somatic cell nuclear transfer or other cloning technologies to clone molecules, DNA, cells, and tissues.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. If any provision of this act or its 34 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the

p. 3

1 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 2 persons or circumstances is not affected.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** Sections 1 through 7 of this act constitute 4 a new chapter in Title 70 RCW.

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