## SENATE BILL 5915

State of Washington 59th Legislature 2005 Regular Session

By Senators Fairley, Brandland, Regala, Hewitt and Kohl-Welles

Read first time 02/14/2005. Referred to Committee on Human Services & Corrections.

AN ACT Relating to ensuring that offender populations do not exceed prison capacity; amending RCW 9.94A.728; adding new sections to chapter 43.88C RCW; adding new sections to chapter 9.94A RCW; and creating new sections.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that:

7 (a) Recent changes in criminal laws and enforcement have led to (i) 8 the imprisonment of increasing numbers of nonviolent offenders, (ii) 9 longer sentences, (iii) prison overcrowding, (iv) transfer of prisoners 10 to public and private prisons in other states, and (v) increasing 11 pressure to build and maintain new prisons in Washington, at great 12 expense to taxpayers, and at the sacrifice of other needed programs, 13 services, and projects;

14 (b) Prison overcrowding:

15 (i) Results in inefficient expenditures of public funds by 16 utilizing scarce resources on low-risk offenders, and insufficient 17 resources on high-risk offenders;

(ii) Results in unjust punishment for offenders and an unfairenvironment for staff because of unsafe conditions within prisons;

(iii) Endangers the public by preventing the effective
 concentration of criminal justice resources on high-risk offenders;

3 (iv) Limits the educational, vocational, and treatment 4 opportunities available to an offender and reduces the offender's 5 ability to improve, for the benefit of himself or herself, and for 6 community well-being and safety; and

7 (v) Increases the risk of reoffending in the community by 8 decreasing services within the prisons and in the community that can 9 reduce the risk of recidivism.

10

(2) It is therefore the intent of the legislature to:

(a) Focus resources on sex offenders and violent offenders who pose the greatest risk to our communities, by reducing offender populations when such populations exceed the maximum operational capacity of facilities operated by the department of corrections; and

(b) Accomplish the reduction by releasing to community supervision solely low-risk offenders who have been convicted of certain nonviolent offenses and who are closest to the end of their sentences.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 43.88C RCW 19 to read as follows:

(1) The caseload forecast council, in consultation with the department of corrections, the sentencing guidelines commission, and the indeterminate sentence review board, shall, by rule, establish a methodology for determining the maximum statewide operating capacity for correctional facilities operated by the department of corrections. The methodology must take into account methods for increasing facility capacity without making improvements or additions to infrastructure.

(2) For purposes of this section, "maximum statewide operating capacity for correctional facilities operated by the department of corrections" means the number of offenders that all of the correctional facilities operated by the department of corrections can house at a given time based on space, staff, existing programs, and services.

32 (3) The council shall complete the methodology and report it to the33 legislature no later than December 1, 2005.

34 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 43.88C RCW 35 to read as follows:

36

(1) Using the methodology developed under section 2 of this act,

the caseload forecast council shall determine the maximum statewide 1 2 operating capacity for correctional facilities operated by the department of corrections for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2006, 3 and annually thereafter. The council shall report its determination of 4 the maximum operating capacity to the legislature and the sentencing 5 guidelines commission no later than July 8th. The report must include 6 7 a copy of the methodology developed under section 2 of this act and a description of how the council used the methodology to make its 8 9 determination.

10 (2) If a caseload forecast prepared under RCW 43.88C.020 indicates that the number of offenders incarcerated in correctional facilities 11 12 operated by the department of corrections will exceed the most recent 13 determination of the maximum statewide operating capacity for 14 correctional facilities operated by the department of corrections determined under subsection (1) of this section, the council shall 15 notify the sentencing guidelines commission and the department of 16 17 corrections within seven days of adopting the forecast.

18 (3) The notification under subsection (2) of this section must 19 include:

20 (a) A copy of the council's most recent determination of the 21 maximum statewide operating capacity for correctional facilities 22 operated by the department of corrections;

(b) A copy of the forecast indicating that the capacity will be exceeded; and

(c) The estimated number of offenders currently incarcerated by which the offender population must be reduced in order for the capacity not to be exceeded.

(4) The council's findings and determinations under this sectionare not subject to appeal under chapter 34.05 RCW.

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 9.94A RCW 31 to read as follows:

32 (1) Upon receipt of the notification from the caseload forecast 33 council under section 3(2) of this act, the sentencing guidelines 34 commission shall certify whether or not the information included in the 35 council's notification was correctly determined.

36 (2) The commission shall transmit a copy of its certification to

1 the department and the council within fourteen days of receipt of 2 notification from the council. The commission's certification decision 3 is not subject to appeal under chapter 34.05 RCW.

(3) If the commission certifies that the information included in 4 5 the council's notification was incorrectly determined, it shall inform the council of its decision and the reasons therefor in writing within 6 7 fourteen days of receipt of notification from the council. The council shall then review and may revise, if appropriate, the information in 8 the notification and shall resubmit it to the commission with an 9 10 Upon receipt of the resubmission by the council, the explanation. commission has fourteen days to provide further comments, after which 11 12 the council shall adopt the final form of its findings and 13 determinations and shall promptly transmit them to the department of 14 corrections for utilization as provided in section 5 of this act.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 9.94A RCW 16 to read as follows:

17 The department shall perform a risk assessment of every (1)offender who: (a) Was committed to a correctional facility operated by 18 the department for an offense that is not a violent offense, sex 19 20 offense, offense sentenced under RCW 9.94A.660, or crime against a 21 person as defined in this chapter, and (b) has a criminal history that does not include a violent offense, sex offense, or crime against a 22 23 person as defined in this chapter. The department shall classify each 24 offender in one of at least four categories between highest and lowest 25 risk.

26 (2) Within fourteen days of the receipt of certification from the commission under section 4(2) of this act, or final findings and 27 determinations under section 4(3) of this act, the department shall 28 develop a list of qualified offenders. The number of qualified 29 offenders on the list may not exceed the estimate developed by the 30 31 caseload forecast council under section 3(3)(c) of this act. If the number of qualified offenders committed to correctional facilities 32 operated by the department exceeds the estimate, the department shall 33 give priority to those offenders in the lowest risk category whose 34 35 release dates are closest in time to the date the certification from 36 the commission under section 4(2) of this act was received.

p. 4

1 (3) Within fourteen days of the development of the list of 2 qualified offenders under subsection (2) of this section, the 3 department shall release to community supervision the offenders on the 4 list in the priority provided in this section.

5 (4) For purposes of this act, "qualified offender" means an 6 offender:

7 (a) Committed to a correctional facility operated by the department
8 for an offense that is not a violent offense, sex offense, offense
9 sentenced under RCW 9.94A.660, or crime against a person as defined in
10 this chapter;

(b) Who has a criminal history that does not include a violent offense, sex offense, or crime against a person as defined in this chapter; and

14 (c) Who is classified under subsection (1) of this section in any 15 risk category other than the two highest categories.

16 (5) The classification of offenders under subsection (1) of this 17 section, the development of the list under subsection (2) of this 18 section, and the release of offenders under subsection (3) of this 19 section:

20 (a) Are not subject to appeal under chapter 34.05 RCW;

(b) Do not create a vested right to early release for any offender; and

(c) May not be the basis for any civil or criminal action againstthe state, the department, or any state employee.

(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the department shall provide community supervision of any offenders released under this section until their normal release dates, including electronic supervision as determined appropriate by the department.

29 Sec. 6. RCW 9.94A.728 and 2004 c 176 s 6 are each amended to read 30 as follows:

No person serving a sentence imposed pursuant to this chapter and committed to the custody of the department shall leave the confines of the correctional facility or be released prior to the expiration of the sentence except as follows:

35 (1) Except as otherwise provided for in subsection (2) of this 36 section, the term of the sentence of an offender committed to a 37 correctional facility operated by the department may be reduced by

p. 5

earned release time in accordance with procedures that shall be 1 2 developed and promulgated by the correctional agency having jurisdiction in which the offender is confined. The earned release 3 time shall be for good behavior and good performance, as determined by 4 the correctional agency having jurisdiction. The correctional agency 5 shall not credit the offender with earned release credits in advance of 6 the offender actually earning the credits. Any program established 7 pursuant to this section shall allow an offender to earn early release 8 credits for presentence incarceration. If an offender is transferred 9 from a county jail to the department, the administrator of a county 10 jail facility shall certify to the department the amount of time spent 11 12 in custody at the facility and the amount of earned release time. An 13 offender who has been convicted of a felony committed after July 23, 1995, that involves any applicable deadly weapon enhancements under RCW 14 9.94A.533 (3) or (4), or both, shall not receive any good time credits 15 16 or earned release time for that portion of his or her sentence that 17 results from any deadly weapon enhancements.

(a) In the case of an offender convicted of a serious violent 18 offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or 19 after July 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, the aggregate earned 20 release time may not exceed fifteen percent of the sentence. In the 21 22 case of an offender convicted of a serious violent offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or after July 1, 2003, 23 24 the aggregate earned release time may not exceed ten percent of the 25 sentence.

(b)(i) In the case of an offender who qualifies under (b)(ii) of this subsection, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed fifty percent of the sentence.

29 (ii) An offender is qualified to earn up to fifty percent of 30 aggregate earned release time under this subsection (1)(b) if he or 31 she:

32 (A) Is classified in one of the two lowest risk categories under33 (b)(iii) of this subsection;

- 34 (B) Is not confined pursuant to a sentence for:
- 35 (I) A sex offense;
- 36 (II) A violent offense;
- 37 (III) A crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411;

p. 6

(IV) A felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW
 10.99.020;

3

(V) A violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary);

4 (VI) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to 5 violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with 6 intent to deliver methamphetamine; or

7 (VII) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to 8 violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor); 9 and

10

(C) Has no prior conviction for:

11 (I) A sex offense;

12 (II) A violent offense;

13 (III) A crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411;

14 (IV) A felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 15 10.99.020;

16 (V)

(V) A violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary);

(VI) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine; or

20 (VII) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to 21 violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor).

22 (iii) For purposes of determining an offender's eligibility under this subsection (1)(b), the department shall perform a risk assessment 23 24 of every offender committed to a correctional facility operated by the 25 department who has no current or prior conviction for a sex offense, a 26 violent offense, a crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411, 27 a felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020, a violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary), a violation of, or 28 29 an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with intent to deliver 30 31 methamphetamine, or a violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or 32 conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor). The department must classify each assessed 33 34 offender in one of four risk categories between highest and lowest 35 risk.

36 (iv) The department shall recalculate the earned release time and 37 reschedule the expected release dates for each qualified offender under 38 this subsection (1)(b). (v) This subsection (1)(b) applies retroactively to eligible
 offenders serving terms of total confinement in a state correctional
 facility as of July 1, 2003.

4 (vi) This subsection (1)(b) does not apply to offenders convicted 5 after July 1, 2010.

6 (c) In no other case shall the aggregate earned release time exceed 7 one-third of the total sentence;

(2)(a) A person convicted of a sex offense or an offense 8 categorized as a serious violent offense, assault in the second degree, 9 vehicular homicide, vehicular assault, assault of a child in the second 10 degree, any crime against persons where it is determined in accordance 11 12 with RCW 9.94A.602 that the offender or an accomplice was armed with a 13 deadly weapon at the time of commission, or any felony offense under 14 chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW, committed before July 1, 2000, may become eligible, in accordance with a program developed by the department, for 15 16 transfer to community custody status in lieu of earned release time 17 pursuant to subsection (1) of this section;

(b) A person convicted of a sex offense, a violent offense, any crime against persons under RCW 9.94A.411(2), or a felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW, committed on or after July 1, 2000, may become eligible, in accordance with a program developed by the department, for transfer to community custody status in lieu of earned release time pursuant to subsection (1) of this section;

(c) The department shall, as a part of its program for release to the community in lieu of earned release, require the offender to propose a release plan that includes an approved residence and living arrangement. All offenders with community placement or community custody terms eligible for release to community custody status in lieu of earned release shall provide an approved residence and living arrangement prior to release to the community;

31 (d) The department may deny transfer to community custody status in 32 lieu of earned release time pursuant to subsection (1) of this section if the department determines an offender's release plan, including 33 proposed residence location and living arrangements, may violate the 34 35 conditions of the sentence or conditions of supervision, place the offender at risk to violate the conditions of the sentence, place the 36 37 offender at risk to reoffend, or present a risk to victim safety or 38 community safety. The department's authority under this section is

1 independent of any court-ordered condition of sentence or statutory 2 provision regarding conditions for community custody or community 3 placement;

4 (e) An offender serving a term of confinement imposed under RCW
5 9.94A.670(4)(a) is not eligible for earned release credits under this
6 section;

7 (3) An offender may leave a correctional facility pursuant to an 8 authorized furlough or leave of absence. In addition, offenders may 9 leave a correctional facility when in the custody of a corrections 10 officer or officers;

11 (4)(a) The secretary may authorize an extraordinary medical 12 placement for an offender when all of the following conditions exist:

13 (i) The offender has a medical condition that is serious enough to 14 require costly care or treatment;

(ii) The offender poses a low risk to the community because he or she is physically incapacitated due to age or the medical condition; and

(iii) Granting the extraordinary medical placement will result ina cost savings to the state.

20 (b) An offender sentenced to death or to life imprisonment without 21 the possibility of release or parole is not eligible for an 22 extraordinary medical placement.

(c) The secretary shall require electronic monitoring for all offenders in extraordinary medical placement unless the electronic monitoring equipment interferes with the function of the offender's medical equipment or results in the loss of funding for the offender's medical care. The secretary shall specify who shall provide the monitoring services and the terms under which the monitoring shall be performed.

30 (d) The secretary may revoke an extraordinary medical placement 31 under this subsection at any time;

32 (5) The governor, upon recommendation from the clemency and pardons 33 board, may grant an extraordinary release for reasons of serious health 34 problems, senility, advanced age, extraordinary meritorious acts, or 35 other extraordinary circumstances;

36 (6) No more than the final six months of the sentence may be served 37 in partial confinement designed to aid the offender in finding work and 38 reestablishing himself or herself in the community; 1

(7) The governor may pardon any offender;

2 (8) The department may release an offender from confinement any 3 time within ten days before a release date calculated under this 4 section; ((and))

5 (9) An offender may leave a correctional facility prior to 6 completion of his or her sentence if the sentence has been reduced as 7 provided in RCW 9.94A.870*;* and

(10) An offender may be released by the department under section 5 8 of this act. An offender released under this subsection shall be on 9 community custody status for the difference between the date of release 10 under section 5 of this act and the expiration of the offender's term 11 of confinement imposed by the court, subject to conditions imposed by 12 the department. For an offender released from custody imposed because 13 14 of a conviction for an offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW, the community custody must include affirmative conditions relating to drug 15 16 treatment.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, an offender sentenced for a felony crime listed in RCW 9.94A.540 as subject to a mandatory minimum sentence of total confinement shall not be released from total confinement before the completion of the listed mandatory minimum sentence for that felony crime of conviction unless allowed under RCW 9.94A.540, however persistent offenders are not eligible for extraordinary medical placement.

24 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** This act shall be known as the responsible 25 reduction to capacity act of 2005.

--- END ---