S-1996.2

## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6008

State of Washington 59th Legislature 2005 Regular Session

**By** Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Stevens and Rasmussen; by request of Department of Social and Health Services)

READ FIRST TIME 02/28/05.

AN ACT Relating to guardianship of dependent children; amending RCW 13.34.030, 13.34.110, 13.34.145, 13.34.230, 13.34.231, 13.34.232, 13.34.233, 13.34.236, and 13.32A.030; reenacting and amending RCW 74.15.020; adding new sections to chapter 13.34 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an effective date.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

7 The legislature finds that guardianship can NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. 8 be an appropriate permanent plan for some children who have been found to be dependent children under chapter 13.34 RCW and who cannot live 9 10 with their parents. The legislature intends to strengthen stability 11 and permanency for children by recognizing the value of a guardianship 12 placement with relatives or other long-term caregivers, dismissal of dependencies, elimination of the need for continued governmental 13 intervention in family life, and provision of 14 support to the 15 quardianship.

16 Sec. 2. RCW 13.34.030 and 2003 c 227 s 2 are each amended to read 17 as follows:

18 For purposes of this chapter:

(1) "Abandoned" means when the child's parent, guardian, or other 1 2 custodian has expressed, either by statement or conduct, an intent to forego, for an extended period, parental rights or responsibilities 3 despite an ability to exercise such rights and responsibilities. 4 Τf the court finds that the petitioner has exercised due diligence in 5 attempting to locate the parent, no contact between the child and the б 7 child's parent, guardian, or other custodian for a period of three months creates a rebuttable presumption of abandonment, even if there 8 is no expressed intent to abandon. 9

10 (2) "Child" and "juvenile" means any individual under the age of 11 eighteen years.

(3) "Current placement episode" means the period of time that begins with the most recent date that the child was removed from the home of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian for purposes of placement in out-of-home care and continues until: (a) The child returns home; (b) an adoption decree, a permanent custody order, or guardianship order is entered; or (c) the dependency is dismissed, whichever occurs first.

19 (4) (("Dependency guardian" means the person, nonprofit 20 corporation, or Indian tribe appointed by the court pursuant to this 21 chapter for the limited purpose of assisting the court in the 22 supervision of the dependency.

23 (5)) "Dependent child" means any child who:

24 (a) Has been abandoned;

(b) Is abused or neglected as defined in chapter 26.44 RCW by a
 person legally responsible for the care of the child; or

(c) Has no parent, guardian, or custodian capable of adequately caring for the child, such that the child is in circumstances which constitute a danger of substantial damage to the child's psychological or physical development.

(5) "Developmental disability" means 31 ((<del>(6)</del>)) а disability 32 attributable to mental retardation, cerebral palsy, epilepsy, autism, or another neurological or other condition of an individual found by 33 the secretary to be closely related to mental retardation or to require 34 treatment similar to that required for individuals with mental 35 36 retardation, which disability originates before the individual attains 37 age eighteen, which has continued or can be expected to continue

1 indefinitely, and which constitutes a substantial handicap to the 2 individual.

3 (((7))) (6) "Guardian" means the person or agency that: (a) Has 4 been appointed as the guardian of a child in a legal proceeding ((other 5 than)), including a guardian appointed in a proceeding under this 6 chapter; and (b) has the legal right to custody of the child pursuant 7 to such appointment. ((The term "guardian" shall not include a 8 "dependency guardian" appointed pursuant to a proceeding under this 9 chapter.

10 (8))) (7) "Guardian ad litem" means a person, appointed by the court to represent the best interests of a child in a proceeding under 11 12 this chapter, or in any matter which may be consolidated with a proceeding under this chapter. A "court-appointed special advocate" 13 14 appointed by the court to be the quardian ad litem for the child, or to perform substantially the same duties and functions as a guardian ad 15 litem, shall be deemed to be guardian ad litem for all purposes and 16 17 uses of this chapter.

18 ((<del>(9)</del>)) <u>(8)</u> "Guardian ad litem program" means a court-authorized 19 volunteer program, which is or may be established by the superior court 20 of the county in which such proceeding is filed, to manage all aspects 21 of volunteer guardian ad litem representation for children alleged or 22 found to be dependent. Such management shall include but is not 23 limited to: Recruitment, screening, training, supervision, assignment, 24 and discharge of volunteers.

25 ((<del>(10)</del>)) <u>(9) "Guardianship" means a guardianship, established</u>
26 pursuant to this chapter, appointing a person to serve as the legal
27 guardian and custodian of a child who has been a dependent child under
28 this chapter.

29 (10) "Indigent" means a person who, at any stage of a court 30 proceeding, is:

31 (a) Receiving one of the following types of public assistance: 32 Temporary assistance for needy families, general assistance, poverty-33 related veterans' benefits, food stamps or food stamp benefits 34 transferred electronically, refugee resettlement benefits, medicaid, or 35 supplemental security income; or

(b) Involuntarily committed to a public mental health facility; or
 (c) Receiving an annual income, after taxes, of one hundred twenty five percent or less of the federally established poverty level; or

(d) Unable to pay the anticipated cost of counsel for the matter
 before the court because his or her available funds are insufficient to
 pay any amount for the retention of counsel.

4 (11) "Out-of-home care" means placement in a foster family home or
5 group care facility licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW or placement
6 in a home, other than that of the child's parent, guardian, or legal
7 custodian, not required to be licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW.

8 (12) "Preventive services" means preservation services, as defined 9 in chapter 74.14C RCW, and other reasonably available services, 10 including housing services, capable of preventing the need for out-of-11 home placement while protecting the child. Housing services may 12 include, but are not limited to, referrals to federal, state, local, or 13 private agencies or organizations, assistance with forms and 14 applications, or financial subsidies for housing.

(13) "Shelter care" means temporary physical care in a facility licensed pursuant to RCW 74.15.030 or in a home not required to be licensed pursuant to RCW 74.15.030.

18 (14) "Sibling" means a child's birth brother, birth sister, 19 adoptive brother, adoptive sister, half-brother, or half-sister, or as 20 defined by the law or custom of the Indian child's tribe for an Indian 21 child as defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903(4).

(15) "Social study" means a written evaluation of matters relevant to the disposition of the case and shall contain the following information:

(a) A statement of the specific harm or harms to the child thatintervention is designed to alleviate;

(b) A description of the specific services and activities, for both the parents and child, that are needed in order to prevent serious harm to the child; the reasons why such services and activities are likely to be useful; the availability of any proposed services; and the agency's overall plan for ensuring that the services will be delivered. The description shall identify the services chosen and approved by the parent;

34 (c) If removal is recommended, a full description of the reasons 35 why the child cannot be protected adequately in the home, including a 36 description of any previous efforts to work with the parents and the 37 child in the home; the in-home treatment programs that have been 38 considered and rejected; the preventive services that have been offered

or provided and have failed to prevent the need for out-of-home placement, unless the health, safety, and welfare of the child cannot be protected adequately in the home; and the parents' attitude toward placement of the child;

5 (d) A statement of the likely harms the child will suffer as a6 result of removal;

7 (e) A description of the steps that will be taken to minimize the 8 harm to the child that may result if separation occurs including an 9 assessment of the child's relationship and emotional bond with any 10 siblings, and the agency's plan to provide ongoing contact between the 11 child and the child's siblings if appropriate; and

12 (f) Behavior that will be expected before determination that 13 supervision of the family or placement is no longer necessary.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 13.34 RCW 15 to read as follows:

16 (1) Any dependency guardianship established under RCW 13.34.232 and 17 in place on the effective date of this act shall remain in effect, 18 notwithstanding the provisions of this act.

19 (2) The department of social and health services is authorized to 20 review the child's situation with the dependency guardian to mutually 21 determine the need for continued department involvement in the 22 dependency guardianship.

(3) The dependency guardian and the department may move the court to modify a dependency guardianship established prior to the effective date of this act and convert it to a guardianship under this chapter. If both the dependency guardian and the department agree that the dependency guardianship should be converted, and the court finds that it is in the best interests of the child, the court shall grant the motion.

30 **Sec. 4.** RCW 13.34.110 and 2001 c 332 s 7 are each amended to read 31 as follows:

(1) The court shall hold a fact-finding hearing on the petition and, unless the court dismisses the petition, shall make written findings of fact, stating the reasons therefor. The rules of evidence shall apply at the fact-finding hearing and the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the child shall have all of the rights provided in

RCW 13.34.090(1). The petitioner shall have the burden of establishing
 by a preponderance of the evidence that the child is dependent within
 the meaning of RCW 13.34.030.

(2)(a) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the child may 4 waive his or her right to a fact-finding hearing by stipulating or 5 agreeing to the entry of an order of dependency establishing that the 6 7 child is dependent within the meaning of RCW 13.34.030. The parent, guardian, or legal custodian may also stipulate or agree to an order of 8 disposition pursuant to RCW 13.34.130 at the same time. Any stipulated 9 10 or agreed order of dependency or disposition must be signed by the parent, guardian, or legal custodian and his or her attorney, unless 11 the parent, guardian, or legal custodian has waived his or her right to 12 13 an attorney in open court, and by the petitioner and the attorney, 14 quardian ad litem, or court-appointed special advocate for the child, if any. If the department of social and health services is not the 15 16 petitioner and is required by the order to supervise the placement of 17 the child or provide services to any party, the department must also agree to and sign the order. 18

(b) Entry of any stipulated or agreed order of dependency or 19 disposition is subject to approval by the court. The court shall 20 21 receive and review a social study before entering a stipulated or 22 agreed order and shall consider whether the order is consistent with the allegations of the dependency petition and the problems that 23 24 necessitated the child's placement in out-of-home care. No social file 25 or social study may be considered by the court in connection with the fact-finding hearing or prior to factual determination, except as 26 27 otherwise admissible under the rules of evidence.

(c) Prior to the entry of any stipulated or agreed order of dependency, the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the child and his or her attorney must appear before the court and the court within available resources must inquire and establish on the record that:

32 (i) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian understands the terms 33 of the order or orders he or she has signed, including his or her 34 responsibility to participate in remedial services as provided in any 35 disposition order;

36 (ii) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian understands that 37 entry of the order starts a process that could result in the filing of 38 a petition to terminate his or her relationship with the child within the time frames required by state and federal law if he or she fails to comply with the terms of the dependency or disposition orders or fails to substantially remedy the problems that necessitated the child's placement in out-of-home care;

(iii) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian understands that the 5 entry of the stipulated or agreed order of dependency is an admission 6 7 that the child is dependent within the meaning of RCW 13.34.030 and shall have the same legal effect as a finding by the court that the 8 child is dependent by at least a preponderance of the evidence, and 9 that the parent, quardian, or legal custodian shall not have the right 10 in any subsequent proceeding for termination of parental rights or 11 ((dependency)) guardianship pursuant to this chapter or nonparental 12 13 custody pursuant to chapter 26.10 RCW to challenge or dispute the fact 14 that the child was found to be dependent; and

15 (iv) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian knowingly and 16 willingly stipulated and agreed to and signed the order or orders, 17 without duress, and without misrepresentation or fraud by any other 18 party.

If a parent, guardian, or legal custodian fails to appear before 19 20 the court after stipulating or agreeing to entry of an order of 21 dependency, the court may enter the order upon a finding that the 22 parent, guardian, or legal custodian had actual notice of the right to appear before the court and chose not to do so. The court may require 23 24 other parties to the order, including the attorney for the parent, 25 guardian, or legal custodian, to appear and advise the court of the parent's, guardian's, or legal custodian's notice of the right to 26 27 appear and understanding of the factors specified in this subsection. A parent, guardian, or legal custodian may choose to waive his or her 28 presence at the in-court hearing for entry of the stipulated or agreed 29 order of dependency by submitting to the court through counsel a 30 31 completed stipulated or agreed dependency fact-finding/disposition 32 statement in a form determined by the Washington state supreme court pursuant to General Rule GR 9. 33

(3) Immediately after the entry of the findings of fact, the court
shall hold a disposition hearing, unless there is good cause for
continuing the matter for up to fourteen days. If good cause is shown,
the case may be continued for longer than fourteen days. Notice of the
time and place of the continued hearing may be given in open court. If

notice in open court is not given to a party, that party shall be 1 2 notified by certified mail of the time and place of any continued hearing. Unless there is reasonable cause to believe the health, 3 safety, or welfare of the child would be jeopardized or efforts to 4 reunite the parent and child would be hindered, the court shall direct 5 the department to notify those adult persons who: (a) Are related by 6 7 blood or marriage to the child in the following degrees: Parent, grandparent, brother, sister, stepparent, stepbrother, stepsister, 8 uncle, or aunt; (b) are known to the department as having been in 9 10 contact with the family or child within the past twelve months; and (c) would be an appropriate placement for the child. Reasonable cause to 11 12 dispense with notification to a parent under this section must be 13 proved by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence.

14 The parties need not appear at the fact-finding or dispositional 15 hearing if the parties, their attorneys, the guardian ad litem, and 16 court-appointed special advocates, if any, are all in agreement.

17 **Sec. 5.** RCW 13.34.145 and 2003 c 227 s 6 are each amended to read 18 as follows:

(1) A permanency plan shall be developed no later than sixty days from the time the supervising agency assumes responsibility for providing services, including placing the child, or at the time of a hearing under RCW 13.34.130, whichever occurs first. The permanency planning process continues until a permanency planning goal is achieved or dependency is dismissed. The planning process shall include reasonable efforts to return the child to the parent's home.

26 (a) Whenever a child is placed in out-of-home care pursuant to RCW 27 13.34.130, the agency that has custody of the child shall provide the court with a written permanency plan of care directed towards securing 28 a safe, stable, and permanent home for the child as soon as possible. 29 30 The plan shall identify one of the following outcomes as the primary 31 goal and may also identify additional outcomes as alternative goals: Return of the child to the home of the child's parent, guardian, or 32 legal custodian; adoption; guardianship; permanent legal custody; long-33 term relative or foster care, until the child is age eighteen, with a 34 35 written agreement between the parties and the care provider; a 36 responsible living skills program; and independent living, if

appropriate and if the child is age sixteen or older and the provisions
 of subsection (2) of this section are met.

3 (b) The identified outcomes and goals of the permanency plan may 4 change over time based upon the circumstances of the particular case.

5 (c) Permanency planning goals should be achieved at the earliest 6 possible date, preferably before the child has been in out-of-home care 7 for fifteen months. In cases where parental rights have been 8 terminated, the child is legally free for adoption, and adoption has 9 been identified as the primary permanency planning goal, it shall be a 10 goal to complete the adoption within six months following entry of the 11 termination order.

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(d) For purposes related to permanency planning:

(i) "Guardianship" means ((a dependency)) guardianship((, a legal guardianship pursuant to chapter 11.88 RCW)) pursuant to RCW 13.34.232, or equivalent laws of another state or a federally recognized Indian tribe.

17 (ii) (("Permanent custody order" means a custody order entered 18 pursuant to chapter 26.10 RCW.

19 (iii)) "Permanent legal custody" <u>or "permanent custody order"</u> 20 means legal custody pursuant to chapter 26.10 RCW or equivalent laws of 21 another state or of a federally recognized Indian tribe.

22 (2) Whenever a permanency plan identifies independent living as a goal, the plan shall also specifically identify the services that will 23 24 be provided to assist the child to make a successful transition from 25 foster care to independent living. Before the court approves independent living as a permanency plan of care, the court shall make 26 27 a finding that the provision of services to assist the child in making a transition from foster care to independent living will allow the 28 child to manage his or her financial, personal, social, educational, 29 and nonfinancial affairs. The department shall not discharge a child 30 to an independent living situation before the child is eighteen years 31 32 of age unless the child becomes emancipated pursuant to chapter 13.64 33 RCW.

34 (3) A permanency planning hearing shall be held in all cases where 35 the child has remained in out-of-home care for at least nine months and 36 an adoption decree, guardianship order, or permanent custody order has 37 not previously been entered. The hearing shall take place no later 1 than twelve months following commencement of the current placement 2 episode.

(4) Whenever a child is removed from the home of a ((dependency 3 guardian or)) long-term relative or foster care provider, and the child 4 5 is not returned to the home of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian but is placed in out-of-home care, a permanency planning hearing shall 6 7 take place no later than twelve months, as provided in subsection (3) of this section, following the date of removal unless, prior to the 8 9 hearing, the child returns to the home of the ((dependency guardian or)) long-term care provider, the child is placed in the home of the 10 parent, guardian, or legal custodian, an adoption decree, guardianship 11 order, or a permanent custody order is entered, or the dependency is 12 13 dismissed.

14 (5) No later than ten working days prior to the permanency planning 15 hearing, the agency having custody of the child shall submit a written 16 permanency plan to the court and shall mail a copy of the plan to all 17 parties and their legal counsel, if any.

(6) At the permanency planning hearing, the court shall enter 18 findings as required by RCW 13.34.138 and shall review the permanency 19 plan prepared by the agency. If the child has resided in the home of 20 21 a foster parent or relative for more than six months prior to the 22 permanency planning hearing, the court shall also enter a finding regarding whether the foster parent or relative was informed of the 23 24 hearing as required in RCW 74.13.280 and 13.34.138. If a goal of long-25 term foster or relative care has been achieved prior to the permanency planning hearing, the court shall review the child's status to 26 27 determine whether the placement and the plan for the child's care remain appropriate. In cases where the primary permanency planning 28 goal has not been achieved, the court shall inquire regarding the 29 reasons why the primary goal has not been achieved and determine what 30 31 needs to be done to make it possible to achieve the primary goal. In 32 all cases, the court shall:

33 (a)(i) Order the permanency plan prepared by the agency to be 34 implemented; or

35 (ii) Modify the permanency plan, and order implementation of the 36 modified plan; and

(b)(i) Order the child returned home only if the court finds thata reason for removal as set forth in RCW 13.34.130 no longer exists; or

(ii) Order the child to remain in out-of-home care for a limited
 specified time period while efforts are made to implement the
 permanency plan.

4 (7) If the court orders the child returned home, casework 5 supervision shall continue for at least six months, at which time a 6 review hearing shall be held pursuant to RCW 13.34.138, and the court 7 shall determine the need for continued intervention.

(8) The juvenile court may hear a petition for permanent legal 8 custody when: (a) The court has ordered implementation of a permanency 9 plan that includes permanent legal custody; and (b) the party pursuing 10 the permanent legal custody is the party identified in the permanency 11 12 plan as the prospective legal custodian. During the pendency of such 13 proceeding, the court shall conduct review hearings and further 14 permanency planning hearings as provided in this chapter. ((At the conclusion of the legal guardianship or permanent legal custody 15 16 proceeding, a juvenile court hearing shall be held for the purpose of 17 determining whether dependency should be dismissed.)) If а ((guardianship or)) permanent custody order has been entered, the 18 dependency shall be dismissed. 19

(9) Continued juvenile court jurisdiction under this chapter shall not be a barrier to the entry of an order establishing a ((legal)) guardianship or permanent legal custody when the requirements of subsection (8) of this section are met.

(10) Following the first permanency planning hearing, the court shall hold a further permanency planning hearing in accordance with this section at least once every twelve months until a permanency planning goal is achieved or the dependency is dismissed, whichever occurs first.

(11) Except as provided in RCW 13.34.235, the status of all dependent children shall continue to be reviewed by the court at least once every six months, in accordance with RCW 13.34.138, until the dependency is dismissed. Prior to the second permanency planning hearing, the agency that has custody of the child shall consider whether to file a petition for termination of parental rights.

35 (12) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to limit the ability 36 of the agency that has custody of the child to file a petition for 37 termination of parental rights or a guardianship petition at any time 38 following the establishment of dependency. Upon the filing of such a

1 petition, a fact-finding hearing shall be scheduled and held in 2 accordance with this chapter unless the agency requests dismissal of 3 the petition prior to the hearing or unless the parties enter an agreed 4 order terminating parental rights, establishing <u>a</u> guardianship, or 5 otherwise resolving the matter.

6 (13) The approval of a permanency plan that does not contemplate 7 return of the child to the parent does not relieve the supervising 8 agency of its obligation to provide reasonable services, under this 9 chapter, intended to effectuate the return of the child to the parent, 10 including but not limited to, visitation rights. The court shall 11 consider the child's relationships with siblings in accordance with RCW 12 13.34.130.

13 (14) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to limit the 14 procedural due process rights of any party in a termination or 15 guardianship proceeding filed under this chapter.

16 **Sec. 6.** RCW 13.34.230 and 1981 c 195 s 1 are each amended to read 17 as follows:

Any party to a dependency proceeding, including the supervising 18 agency, may file a petition in juvenile court requesting that a 19 20 guardianship be ((created)) established as to a dependent child. The 21 petition shall conform to the requirements of RCW 13.34.040, shall be served upon the parties as provided in RCW 13.34.070(8), and shall 22 23 allege all applicable requirements of RCW 13.34.231. The proposed 24 quardian and department of social and health services shall receive notice of any guardianship proceedings and have the right to intervene 25 26 in the proceedings.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 13.34 RCW 28 to read as follows:

(1) Every guardianship petition filed in proceedings under RCW 30 13.34.231 shall contain a statement alleging whether the child is or 31 may be an Indian child as defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903. If the child 32 is an Indian child as defined under the Indian child welfare act, the 33 provisions of that act shall apply.

34 (2) Every order or decree entered in any proceeding under this
 35 chapter shall contain a finding that the Indian child welfare act does
 36 or does not apply. Where there is a finding that the Indian child

1 welfare act does apply, the decree or order must also contain a finding 2 that all notice requirements and evidentiary requirements under the 3 Indian child welfare act have been satisfied.

4 **Sec. 8.** RCW 13.34.231 and 2000 c 122 s 29 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

6 (1) At the hearing on a ((dependency)) guardianship petition, all
7 parties have the right to present evidence and cross examine witnesses.
8 The rules of evidence apply to the conduct of the hearing.

9 (2) A guardianship shall be established if the court finds by a 10 preponderance of the evidence that:

11 (((<del>(1)</del>)) <u>(a)</u> The child has been found to be a dependent child under 12 RCW 13.34.030;

13 ((<del>(2)</del>)) <u>(b)</u> A dispositional order has been entered pursuant to RCW
14 13.34.130;

15 ((<del>(3)</del>)) <u>(c)</u> The child has been removed or will, at the time of the 16 hearing, have been removed from the custody of the parent for a period 17 of at least six months pursuant to a finding of dependency under RCW 18 13.34.030;

19 ((<del>(4)</del>)) <u>(d)</u> The services ordered under RCW 13.34.130 and 13.34.136 20 have been offered or provided and all necessary services, reasonably 21 available, capable of correcting the parental deficiencies within the 22 foreseeable future have been offered or provided;

23 (((5))) <u>(e)</u> There is little likelihood that conditions will be 24 remedied so that the child can be returned to the parent in the near 25 future; ((and

26 (6) A)) (f) The child has been in the home of the proposed guardian 27 for a period of at least six months;

(g) The proposed guardian has signed a statement acknowledging the 28 guardian's rights and responsibilities toward the child and the 29 guardian's understanding and acceptance that the guardianship is 30 31 commitment to care for the child until the child reaches age eighteen; (h) Guardianship is a more reasonable or appropriate option for the 32 child than adoption, and guardianship, rather than termination of the 33 parent-child relationship or continuation of efforts to return the 34 35 child to the custody of the parent, would be in the best interest of the child. 36

1	(3) In determining whether the guardianship is in the best interest
2	of the child, the court shall consider the following factors:
3	(a) The nature of the relationship between the child and the
4	child's parent or parents;
5	(b) The relationship of the proposed guardian to the child;
б	(c) The nature of the child's relationships with siblings and the
7	extent to which a guardianship will allow or facilitate maintaining
8	such relationships;
9	(d) The child's preference, if expressed, for the guardianship;
10	(e) The ability of the proposed guardian to meet the familial and
11	cultural needs of the child;
12	(f) The position of the child's tribe regarding the proposed
13	guardianship, if the child is an Indian child as defined in 25 U.S.C.
14	<u>Sec. 1903.</u>
15	(4)(a) The court may not establish a guardianship for a child who
16	is under the age of twelve years or who has no legal parent unless the
17	court, in addition to making the findings set forth in this section,
18	determines that exceptional circumstances exist. Exceptional
19	circumstances may include, but are not limited to:
20	(i) The child has special needs, and a suitable guardian is willing
21	to accept custody of the child under this chapter; or
22	<u>(ii) Establishment of a guardianship will allow the child to be</u>
23	placed with or maintain contact with siblings to an extent unlikely to
24	be achieved through other permanency options.
25	(b) A finding of exceptional circumstances is not required for such
26	child, in addition to the other requirements set forth in this section,
27	if the proposed guardian is a person who has made a commitment to
28	provide for the long-term care of the child and: (i) Is related to the
29	child as described in RCW 74.15.020(2); (ii) has been a long-term care
30	giver to the child and has acted as a parent figure to the child and is
31	viewed by the child as a parent figure; or (iii) has been identified by
32	the child's family and the child, if the child is age twelve years old,
33	or older, as the preferred guardian.
34	Sec. 9. RCW 13.34.232 and 1994 c 288 s 7 are each amended to read
35	as follows:

36 (1) If the court has made a finding under RCW 13.34.231, it shall

1 enter an order establishing a ((dependency)) guardianship for the child 2 and shall dismiss the dependency. The order shall:

3 (a) Appoint a person ((or agency)) to serve as ((dependency)) legal
4 guardian ((for the limited purpose of assisting the court to supervise
5 the dependency)) of the child;

6 (b) Specify the ((dependency)) guardian's rights and 7 responsibilities concerning the care, custody, and control of the 8 child((. A dependency guardian shall not have the authority to consent 9 to the child's adoption));

10 (c) Specify the ((dependency)) guardian's authority, if any, to 11 receive, invest, and expend funds, benefits, or property belonging to 12 the child; and

13 (d) Specify an appropriate frequency <u>and type</u> of ((<del>visitation</del>)) 14 <u>contact</u> between the parent and the child((<del>; and</del>)

15 (e) Specify the need for any continued involvement of the 16 supervising agency and the nature of that involvement, if any)) and 17 between the child and the child's siblings.

18 (2) ((Unless the court specifies otherwise in the guardianship 19 order,)) The ((dependency)) guardian shall maintain the physical and 20 legal custody of the child and have the following rights and duties:

21

(a) Protect, discipline, and educate the child;

(b) Provide food, clothing, shelter, education as required by
 law((, and routine health care for the child));

(c) Consent to necessary health and surgical care and sign a release of health care information to appropriate authorities, pursuant to law;

27

(d) Consent to social and school activities of the child; ((and))

(e) If the child has independent funds or other valuable property 28 under the control of the quardian, the quardian shall provide an annual 29 written accounting to the court regarding receipt and expenditure by 30 31 the ((<del>dependency</del>)) guardian of any <u>such</u> funds((<del>, benefits,</del>)) or 32 property ((belonging to the child and expenditures made therefrom)). However, the guardian shall not be required to account for any routine 33 benefit funds received on behalf of the child from a public social 34 service agency; and 35

36 (f) Notify the court of a change of address of the guardian or 37 child. However, unless specifically ordered by the court, the notice 1 requirements and standards for relocation set forth in chapter 26.09
2 RCW shall not apply to guardianships established pursuant to this
3 chapter.

4 (3) As used in this section, the term "health care" includes, but
5 is not limited to, medical, dental, psychological, and psychiatric care
6 and treatment.

7 (4) ((The child shall remain dependent for the duration of the guardianship. While the guardianship remains in effect, the dependency guardian shall be a party to any dependency proceedings pertaining to the child.

11 (5)) The guardianship shall remain in effect only until the child 12 is eighteen years of age or until the court terminates the guardianship 13 order, whichever occurs sooner.

14 (5) The court shall not have the authority, in a guardianship 15 proceeding, to order the department of social and health services to 16 supervise or to provide services to the guardian and/or the child.

17 (6) Letters of guardianship shall be issued to the guardian upon
 18 the filing of the order appointing the guardian pursuant to this
 19 chapter.

20 **Sec. 10.** RCW 13.34.233 and 2000 c 122 s 30 are each amended to 21 read as follows:

(1) Any party, including the guardian, may ((request)) apply to the 22 23 court ((under RCW 13.34.150)) to modify or terminate a ((dependency)) 24 quardianship order. ((Notice of any motion to modify or terminate the 25 guardianship shall be served on all other parties, including any agency 26 that was responsible for supervising the child's placement at the time 27 the guardianship petition was filed. Notice in all cases shall be served upon the department. If the department was not previously a 28 29 party to the guardianship proceeding, the department shall nevertheless have the right to: (a) Initiate a proceeding to modify or terminate a 30 31 guardianship; and (b) intervene at any stage of such a proceeding)) If the applicant is represented by counsel, counsel shall move for an 32 order to show cause why the relief should not be granted, pursuant to 33 34 this section. If the applicant is not represented by counsel, he or 35 she may move for an order to show cause, or may deliver a written 36 request to the clerk of the court. The written request must contain 1 <u>the reasons that justify a modification or termination of the</u> 2 guardianship order.

(2) By the next judicial day after receipt of an unrepresented 3 person's request to modify or terminate a guardianship order, the clerk 4 shall deliver the request to the court. The court may: (a) Direct the 5 clerk to schedule a hearing; (b) appoint a guardian ad litem to б investigate the issues raised by the application or take any emergency 7 action the court deems necessary to protect the juvenile who is the 8 subject of the guardianship until a hearing can be held; or (c) deny 9 the application without scheduling a hearing, if it appears, based on 10 documents in the court file, that the application is frivolous. Prior 11 to denying an application without a hearing, the court may request a 12 13 response from any party. Any denial of an application without a hearing shall be in writing with the reasons for denial explained. A 14 copy of the order shall be mailed by the clerk to the applicant, to the 15 guardian, and to any other person or agency entitled to notice. Unless 16 within thirty days after receiving the request from the clerk the court 17 directs otherwise, the clerk shall schedule a hearing on the request 18 and mail notice to the guardian, the child if the child is age twelve 19 or older, the applicant, the department, and any other person entitled 20 21 to receive notice. The court shall hold a hearing on the motion before modifying or terminating the guardianship. 22

23 (3) The terms of a guardianship order may be modified only if the 24 court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence and upon the basis of 25 facts that have arisen since the entry of the guardianship order, that 26 a substantial change in circumstances has occurred and that the 27 modification is in the best interest of the child.

(4) The guardianship may be ((modified or)) terminated ((upon the 28 motion of any party or the department)) only if the court finds, by a 29 preponderance of the evidence and upon the basis of facts that have 30 arisen since entry of the guardianship order, that ((there has been)) 31 a substantial change ((of)) in circumstances ((subsequent to the 32 establishment of the guardianship)) has occurred and that ((it)) the 33 termination is in the ((child's)) best interest ((to modify or 34 35 terminate the guardianship. The court shall hold a hearing on the 36 motion before modifying or terminating a quardianship)) of the child 37 and is necessary to serve the best interests of the child.

1 (((3) Upon entry of an order terminating the guardianship, the 2 dependency guardian shall not have any rights or responsibilities with 3 respect to the child and shall not have legal standing to participate 4 as a party in further dependency proceedings pertaining to the child. 5 The court may allow the child's dependency guardian to attend 6 dependency review proceedings pertaining to the child for the sole 7 purpose of providing information about the child to the court.

(4))) (5) The court may only terminate a quardianship on the 8 application of a parent who is seeking a return of custody of the 9 child, if it finds by a preponderance of the evidence and on the basis 10 11 of facts that have arisen since the quardianship was established that: (a) The parent has substantially and successfully addressed the 12 13 parenting deficiencies identified by the court in the dependency action, or the circumstances of the parent have changed, and the child 14 would no longer be at risk of harm to the child's health, welfare, and 15 safety if returned to the care and custody of the parent; 16

17 (b) The child, if age twelve or older, agrees to the return to the 18 parent; and

(c) Termination of the guardianship and return of the child to the
 care and custody of the parent is in the best interests of the child.

The court must also consider other relevant factors including but not limited to the length and stability of the guardianship, the strength of the relationship between the child and the guardian, the amount and nature of parent-child contact during the guardianship, and the wishes of the guardian.

26 If the court finds that an application by a parent to terminate a 27 guardianship has been made in bad faith, the court shall assess the 28 attorneys' fees and court costs against the parent.

29 (6) The court may terminate a guardianship on the stipulation of 30 the child, if the child is age twelve or older, the child's guardian, 31 and a parent of the child who is seeking to regain custody of the child 32 if it finds by a preponderance of the evidence and on the basis of 33 facts that have arisen since the guardianship was established that:

34 (a) The parent has substantially and successfully addressed the 35 parenting deficiencies identified by the court in the dependency 36 action, or the circumstances of the parent have changed, and the child 37 would no longer be at risk of harm to the child's health, welfare, and 38 safety if returned to the care and custody of the parent; (b) The guardian of the child agrees that the parent is presently
 able to provide appropriate care for the child and agrees to the return
 of the child to the parent's care and custody;

4 (c) The child if age twelve or older agrees to the return to the 5 parent; and

6 (d) Termination of the guardianship and return of the child to the 7 care and custody of the parent is in the best interests of the child.

8 (7) At any time during a proceeding for modification or termination 9 of a guardianship order, the court may, on its own motion or on the 10 motion of any party, appoint a guardian ad litem or attorney for the 11 child to represent and be an advocate for the best interests of the 12 child.

13 (8) Upon entry of an order terminating the guardianship, the 14 ((child shall remain dependent and the)) court shall either return the child to the child's parent or order the child into the custody, 15 16 control, and care of ((the department or a licensed child placing 17 agency for placement in a foster home or group care facility licensed 18 pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW or in a home not required to be licensed pursuant to such chapter)) a substitute quardian. The court shall not 19 place a child in the custody of the child's parent unless the court 20 21 finds that reasons for removal as set forth in RCW 13.34.130 no longer 22 exist and that such placement is in the child's best interest. ((The 23 court shall thereafter conduct reviews as provided in RCW 13.34.138 24 and, where applicable, shall hold a permanency planning hearing in 25 accordance with RCW 13.34.145.)) The court shall have the authority to 26 place a child in shelter care or other out-of-home care licensed by the 27 department under chapter 74.15 RCW only if a dependency petition has been filed pursuant to RCW 13.34.040 and is currently pending before 28 29 the court. The court may request that the department file a dependency 30 petition on behalf of the child.

31 **Sec. 11.** RCW 13.34.236 and 1994 c 288 s 10 are each amended to 32 read as follows:

(1) Any <u>suitable</u> person over the age of twenty-one years who is not otherwise disqualified by this section((, any nonprofit corporation, or any Indian tribe)) may be appointed the ((dependency)) guardian of a child under RCW 13.34.232. ((No person is qualified to serve as a

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1 dependency guardian unless the person meets the minimum requirements to 2 care for children as provided in RCW 74.15.030.))

(2) Before the court may establish a quardianship of a child, the 3 department, a private agency licensed under the provisions of chapter 4 74.15 RCW or other state's licensing authority, or the child's tribe if 5 the child is an Indian child, shall have available in its files or 6 7 shall complete a home study approving the proposed guardian. The home study shall include a criminal history background check under RCW 8 74.15.030 of those persons age sixteen and older residing in the 9 proposed guardian's home. The department shall be required to complete 10 the home study only if the department currently is providing services 11 12 to the child.

13 (3) The court shall not approve a guardianship until the child has resided with the proposed quardian for a minimum of six months and the 14 department or supervising private agency has recommended that the 15 guardianship be established and, if the child is an Indian child, the 16 17 child's tribe does not object to the establishment of the guardianship. (4) If the preferences of a child's parent were not considered 18 under RCW 13.34.260 as they relate to the proposed ((dependency)) 19 guardian, the court shall consider such preferences before appointing 20 21 the ((dependency)) quardian.

22 **Sec. 12.** RCW 13.32A.030 and 2000 c 123 s 2 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

As used in this chapter the following terms have the meanings indicated unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

(1) "Abuse or neglect" means the injury, sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, negligent treatment, or maltreatment of a child by any person under circumstances which indicate that the child's health, welfare, and safety is harmed, excluding conduct permitted under RCW 9A.16.100. An abused child is a child who has been subjected to child abuse or neglect as defined in this section.

32 (2) "Administrator" means the individual who has the daily
 33 administrative responsibility of a crisis residential center, or his or
 34 her designee.

35 (3) "At-risk youth" means a juvenile:

36 (a) Who is absent from home for at least seventy-two consecutive37 hours without consent of his or her parent;

1 (b) Who is beyond the control of his or her parent such that the 2 child's behavior endangers the health, safety, or welfare of the child 3 or any other person; or

4 (c) Who has a substance abuse problem for which there are no 5 pending criminal charges related to the substance abuse.

6 (4) "Child," "juvenile," and "youth" mean any unemancipated 7 individual who is under the chronological age of eighteen years.

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(5) "Child in need of services" means a juvenile:

9 (a) Who is beyond the control of his or her parent such that the 10 child's behavior endangers the health, safety, or welfare of the child 11 or other person;

(b) Who has been reported to law enforcement as absent without consent for at least twenty-four consecutive hours on two or more separate occasions from the home of either parent, a crisis residential center, an out-of-home placement, or a court-ordered placement; and

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(i) Has exhibited a serious substance abuse problem; or

(ii) Has exhibited behaviors that create a serious risk of harm tothe health, safety, or welfare of the child or any other person; or

19 (c)(i) Who is in need of: (A) Necessary services, including food, 20 shelter, health care, clothing, or education; or (B) services designed 21 to maintain or reunite the family;

22 (ii) Who lacks access to, or has declined to utilize, these 23 services; and

(iii) Whose parents have evidenced continuing but unsuccessful
 efforts to maintain the family structure or are unable or unwilling to
 continue efforts to maintain the family structure.

(6) "Child in need of services petition" means a petition filed in juvenile court by a parent, child, or the department seeking adjudication of placement of the child.

30 (7) "Crisis residential center" means a secure or semi-secure31 facility established pursuant to chapter 74.13 RCW.

32 (8) "Custodian" means the person or entity who has the legal right33 to the custody of the child.

34 (9) "Department" means the department of social and health 35 services.

36 (10) "Extended family member" means an adult who is a grandparent,37 brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, uncle, aunt, or first cousin

with whom the child has a relationship and is comfortable, and who is
 willing and available to care for the child.

3 (11) "Guardian" means that person or agency that (a) has been 4 appointed as the guardian of a child in a legal proceeding ((other than 5 a proceeding under chapter 13.34 RCW)), and (b) has the right to legal 6 custody of the child pursuant to such appointment. ((The term 7 "guardian" does not include a "dependency guardian" appointed pursuant 8 to a proceeding under chapter 13.34 RCW.))

9 (12) "Multidisciplinary team" means a group formed to provide 10 assistance and support to a child who is an at-risk youth or a child in need of services and his or her parent. The team shall include the 11 12 parent, a department case worker, a local government representative 13 when authorized by the local government, and when appropriate, members 14 from the mental health and substance abuse disciplines. The team may also include, but is not limited to, the following persons: Educators, 15 law enforcement personnel, probation officers, employers, church 16 17 persons, tribal members, therapists, medical personnel, social service providers, placement providers, and extended family members. The team 18 members shall be volunteers who do not receive compensation while 19 acting in a capacity as a team member, unless the member's employer 20 21 chooses to provide compensation or the member is a state employee.

(13) "Out-of-home placement" means a placement in a foster family home or group care facility licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW or placement in a home, other than that of the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian, not required to be licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW.

(14) "Parent" means the parent or parents who have the legal rightto custody of the child. "Parent" includes custodian or guardian.

(15) "Secure facility" means a crisis residential center, or portion thereof, that has locking doors, locking windows, or a secured perimeter, designed and operated to prevent a child from leaving without permission of the facility staff.

(16) "Semi-secure facility" means any facility, including but not limited to crisis residential centers or specialized foster family homes, operated in a manner to reasonably assure that youth placed there will not run away. Pursuant to rules established by the department, the facility administrator shall establish reasonable hours for residents to come and go from the facility such that no residents

are free to come and go at all hours of the day and night. To prevent 1 2 residents from taking unreasonable actions, the facility administrator, where appropriate, may condition a resident's leaving the facility upon 3 4 the resident being accompanied by the administrator or the 5 administrator's designee and the resident may be required to notify the administrator or the administrator's designee of any intent to leave, 6 7 his or her intended destination, and the probable time of his or her 8 return to the center.

9 (17) "Staff secure facility" means a structured group care facility 10 licensed under rules adopted by the department with a ratio of at least 11 one adult staff member to every two children.

12 (18) "Temporary out-of-home placement" means an out-of-home 13 placement of not more than fourteen days ordered by the court at a 14 fact-finding hearing on a child in need of services petition.

15 Sec. 13. RCW 74.15.020 and 2001 c 230 s 1, 2001 c 144 s 1, and 2001 c 137 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031, and unless otherwise clearly indicated by the context thereof, the following terms shall mean:

20 (1) "Agency" means any person, firm, partnership, association, 21 corporation, or facility which receives children, expectant mothers, or 22 persons with developmental disabilities for control, care, or 23 maintenance outside their own homes, or which places, arranges the 24 placement of, or assists in the placement of children, expectant mothers, or persons with developmental disabilities for foster care or 25 26 placement of children for adoption, and shall include the following irrespective of whether there is compensation to the agency or to the 27 28 children, expectant mothers or persons with developmental disabilities 29 for services rendered:

30 (a) "Child day-care center" means an agency which regularly 31 provides care for a group of children for periods of less than twenty-32 four hours;

(b) "Child-placing agency" means an agency which places a child orchildren for temporary care, continued care, or for adoption;

(c) "Community facility" means a group care facility operated forthe care of juveniles committed to the department under RCW 13.40.185.

A county detention facility that houses juveniles committed to the
 department under RCW 13.40.185 pursuant to a contract with the
 department is not a community facility;

4 (d) "Crisis residential center" means an agency which is a
5 temporary protective residential facility operated to perform the
6 duties specified in chapter 13.32A RCW, in the manner provided in RCW
7 74.13.032 through 74.13.036;

(e) "Emergency respite center" is an agency that may be commonly 8 9 known as a crisis nursery, that provides emergency and crisis care for up to seventy-two hours to children who have been admitted by their 10 parents or guardians to prevent abuse or neglect. Emergency respite 11 12 centers may operate for up to twenty-four hours a day, and for up to 13 seven days a week. Emergency respite centers may provide care for 14 children ages birth through seventeen, and for persons eighteen through twenty with developmental disabilities who are admitted with a sibling 15 or siblings through age seventeen. Emergency respite centers may not 16 17 substitute for crisis residential centers or HOPE centers, or any other services defined under this section, and may not substitute for 18 services which are required under chapter 13.32A or 13.34 RCW; 19

(f) "Family day-care provider" means a child day-care provider who regularly provides child day care for not more than twelve children in the provider's home in the family living quarters;

(g) "Foster-family home" means an agency which regularly provides care on a twenty-four hour basis to one or more children, expectant mothers, or persons with developmental disabilities in the family abode of the person or persons under whose direct care and supervision the child, expectant mother, or person with a developmental disability is placed;

(h) "Group-care facility" means an agency, other than a fosterfamily home, which is maintained and operated for the care of a group of children on a twenty-four hour basis;

(i) "HOPE center" means an agency licensed by the secretary to provide temporary residential placement and other services to street youth. A street youth may remain in a HOPE center for thirty days while services are arranged and permanent placement is coordinated. No street youth may stay longer than thirty days unless approved by the department and any additional days approved by the department must be based on the unavailability of a long-term placement option. A street 1 youth whose parent wants him or her returned to home may remain in a 2 HOPE center until his or her parent arranges return of the youth, not 3 longer. All other street youth must have court approval under chapter 4 13.34 or 13.32A RCW to remain in a HOPE center up to thirty days;

5 (j) "Maternity service" means an agency which provides or arranges 6 for care or services to expectant mothers, before or during 7 confinement, or which provides care as needed to mothers and their 8 infants after confinement;

9 (k) "Responsible living skills program" means an agency licensed by the secretary that provides residential and transitional living 10 services to persons ages sixteen to eighteen who are dependent under 11 12 chapter 13.34 RCW and who have been unable to live in his or her 13 legally authorized residence and, as a result, the minor lived outdoors or in another unsafe location not intended for occupancy by the minor. 14 Dependent minors ages fourteen and fifteen may be eligible if no other 15 16 placement alternative is available and the department approves the 17 placement;

18 (1) "Service provider" means the entity that operates a community 19 facility.

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(2) "Agency" shall not include the following:

(a) Persons related to the child, expectant mother, or person withdevelopmental disability in the following ways:

(i) Any blood relative, including those of half-blood, and
 including first cousins, nephews or nieces, and persons of preceding
 generations as denoted by prefixes of grand, great, or great-great;

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(ii) Stepfather, stepmother, stepbrother, and stepsister;

(iii) A person who legally adopts a child or the child's parent as well as the natural and other legally adopted children of such persons, and other relatives of the adoptive parents in accordance with state law;

(iv) Spouses of any persons named in (i), (ii), or (iii) of this
 subsection (2)(a), even after the marriage is terminated; or

(v) Extended family members, as defined by the law or custom of the Indian child's tribe or, in the absence of such law or custom, a person who has reached the age of eighteen and who is the Indian child's grandparent, aunt or uncle, brother or sister, brother-in-law or sister-in-law, niece or nephew, first or second cousin, or stepparent who provides care in the family abode on a twenty-four-hour basis to an Indian child as defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903(4);

3 (b) Persons who are legal guardians, including guardians appointed
4 <u>under the provisions of RCW 13.34.232</u>, of the child, expectant mother,
5 or persons with developmental disabilities;

(c) Persons who care for a neighbor's or friend's child or 6 7 children, with or without compensation, where: (i) The person providing care for periods of less than twenty-four hours does not 8 9 conduct such activity on an ongoing, regularly scheduled basis for the purpose of engaging in business, which includes, but is not limited to, 10 11 advertising such care; or (ii) the parent and person providing care on a twenty-four-hour basis have agreed to the placement in writing and 12 13 the state is not providing any payment for the care;

14 (d) Parents on a mutually cooperative basis exchange care of one 15 another's children;

16 (e) A person, partnership, corporation, or other entity that 17 provides placement or similar services to exchange students or 18 international student exchange visitors or persons who have the care of 19 an exchange student in their home;

(f) A person, partnership, corporation, or other entity that provides placement or similar services to international children who have entered the country by obtaining visas that meet the criteria for medical care as established by the United States immigration and naturalization service, or persons who have the care of such an international child in their home;

26 (g) Nursery schools or kindergartens which are engaged primarily in 27 educational work with preschool children and in which no child is 28 enrolled on a regular basis for more than four hours per day;

(h) Schools, including boarding schools, which are engaged primarily in education, operate on a definite school year schedule, follow a stated academic curriculum, accept only school-age children and do not accept custody of children;

33 (i) Seasonal camps of three months' or less duration engaged 34 primarily in recreational or educational activities;

(j) Hospitals licensed pursuant to chapter 70.41 RCW when performing functions defined in chapter 70.41 RCW, nursing homes licensed under chapter 18.51 RCW and boarding homes licensed under chapter 18.20 RCW; 1

(k) Licensed physicians or lawyers;

(1) Facilities providing care to children for periods of less than
twenty-four hours whose parents remain on the premises to participate
in activities other than employment;

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(m) Facilities approved and certified under chapter 71A.22 RCW;

6 (n) Any agency having been in operation in this state ten years 7 prior to June 8, 1967, and not seeking or accepting moneys or 8 assistance from any state or federal agency, and is supported in part 9 by an endowment or trust fund;

10 (o) Persons who have a child in their home for purposes of 11 adoption, if the child was placed in such home by a licensed child-12 placing agency, an authorized public or tribal agency or court or if a 13 replacement report has been filed under chapter 26.33 RCW and the 14 placement has been approved by the court;

(p) An agency operated by any unit of local, state, or federal government or an agency, located within the boundaries of a federally recognized Indian reservation, licensed by the Indian tribe;

(q) A maximum or medium security program for juvenile offendersoperated by or under contract with the department;

20 (r) An agency located on a federal military reservation, except 21 where the military authorities request that such agency be subject to 22 the licensing requirements of this chapter.

(3) "Department" means the state department of social and healthservices.

(4) "Juvenile" means a person under the age of twenty-one who has
been sentenced to a term of confinement under the supervision of the
department under RCW 13.40.185.

(5) "Probationary license" means a license issued as a disciplinary
 measure to an agency that has previously been issued a full license but
 is out of compliance with licensing standards.

31 (6) "Requirement" means any rule, regulation, or standard of care 32 to be maintained by an agency.

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(7) "Secretary" means the secretary of social and health services.

(8) "Street youth" means a person under the age of eighteen who
lives outdoors or in another unsafe location not intended for occupancy
by the minor and who is not residing with his or her parent or at his
or her legally authorized residence.

1 (9) "Transitional living services" means at a minimum, to the 2 extent funds are available, the following:

3 (a) Educational services, including basic literacy and 4 computational skills training, either in local alternative or public 5 high schools or in a high school equivalency program that leads to 6 obtaining a high school equivalency degree;

7 (b) Assistance and counseling related to obtaining vocational 8 training or higher education, job readiness, job search assistance, and 9 placement programs;

10 (c) Counseling and instruction in life skills such as money 11 management, home management, consumer skills, parenting, health care, 12 access to community resources, and transportation and housing options;

13 (d) Individual and group counseling; and

(e) Establishing networks with federal agencies and state and local
organizations such as the United States department of labor, employment
and training administration programs including the job training
partnership act which administers private industry councils and the job
corps; vocational rehabilitation; and volunteer programs.

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. This act takes effect January 1, 2006.

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