CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5034

59th Legislature 2005 Regular Session

Passed by the Senate April 20, 2005 YEAS 26 NAYS 20

President of the Senate

Passed by the House April 13, 2005 YEAS 56 NAYS 40

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved

Secretary

FILED

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

CERTIFICATE

I, Thomas Hoemann, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5034** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5034

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2005 Regular Session

State of Washington 59th Legislature 2005 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Government Operations & Elections (originally sponsored by Senator Kastama; by request of Public Disclosure Commission)

READ FIRST TIME 02/03/05.

AN ACT Relating to disclosure of and restrictions on campaign funding; amending RCW 42.17.020, 42.17.103, 42.17.110, 42.17.510, 42.17.530, and 42.17.660; reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.640; adding new sections to chapter 42.17 RCW; creating a new section; repealing RCW 42.17.505; providing effective dates; and declaring an emergency.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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PART I - FINDINGS AND INTENT

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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. The legislature finds that:

9 (1) Timely disclosure to voters of the identity and sources of 10 funding for electioneering communications is vitally important to the 11 integrity of state, local, and judicial elections.

Electioneering communications identify 12 (2)that political office and 13 candidates for state, local, or judicial that are 14 distributed sixty days before an election for those offices are 15 intended to influence voters and the outcome of those elections.

16 (3) The state has a compelling interest in providing voters 17 information about electioneering communications in political campaigns 18 concerning candidates for state, local, or judicial office so that 1 voters can be fully informed as to the: (a) Source of support or 2 opposition to those candidates; and (b) identity of persons attempting 3 to influence the outcome of state, local, and judicial candidate 4 elections.

5 (4) Nondisclosure of financial information about advertising that 6 masquerades as relating only to issues and not to candidate campaigns 7 fosters corruption or the appearance of corruption. These consequences 8 can be substantially avoided by full disclosure of the identity and 9 funding of those persons paying for such advertising.

(5) The United States supreme court held in *McConnell et al. v.* 10 Federal Elections Commission, 540 U.S. 93, 124 S.Ct. 619, 157 L.Ed.2d 11 12 491 (2003) that speakers seeking to influence elections do not possess 13 inviolable free speech right to engage in electioneering an 14 communications regarding elections, including when issue advocacy is the functional equivalent of express advocacy. 15 Therefore, such 16 election campaign communications can be regulated and the source of 17 funding disclosed.

18 (6) The state also has a sufficiently compelling interest in 19 preventing corruption in political campaigns to justify and restore 20 contribution limits and restrictions on the use of soft money in RCW 21 42.17.640. Those interests include restoring restrictions on the use 22 of such funds for electioneering communications, as well as the laws 23 preventing circumvention of those limits and restrictions.

24 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. Based upon the findings in section 1 of this 25 act, this act is narrowly tailored to accomplish the following and is 26 intended to:

(1) Improve the disclosure to voters of information concerning persons and entities seeking to influence state, local, and judicial campaigns through reasonable and effective mechanisms, including improving disclosure of the source, identity, and funding of electioneering communications concerning state, local, and judicial candidate campaigns;

33 (2) Regulate electioneering communications that mention state, 34 local, and judicial candidates and that are broadcast, mailed, erected, 35 distributed, or otherwise published right before the election so that 36 the public knows who is paying for such communications;

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(3) Reenact and amend the contribution limits in RCW 42.17.640 (6) 1 2 and (14) and the restrictions on the use of soft money, including as applied to electioneering communications, as those limits and 3 restrictions were in effect following the passage of chapter 2, Laws of 4 5 1993 (Initiative No. 134) and before the state supreme court decision in Washington State Republican Party v. Washington State Public 6 7 Disclosure Commission, 141 Wn.2d 245, 4 P.3d 808 (2000). The commission is authorized to fully restore the implementation of the 8 limits and restrictions of RCW 42.17.640 (6) and (14) in light of 9 10 McConnell et al. v. Federal Elections Commission, 540 U.S. 93, 124 S.Ct. 619, 157 L.Ed.2d 491 (2003). The United States supreme court 11 upheld the disclosure and regulation of electioneering communications 12 13 in political campaigns, including but not limited to issue advocacy that is the functional equivalent of express advocacy; 14

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PART II - ELECTIONEERING COMMUNICATIONS

(4) Authorize the commission to adopt rules to implement this act.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. (1) A payment for or promise to pay for any 18 electioneering communication shall be reported to the commission by the 19 sponsor on forms the commission shall develop by rule to include, at a 20 minimum, the following information:

21

(a) Name and address of the sponsor;

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(b) Source of funds for the communication, including:

23 (i) General treasury funds. The name and address of businesses, unions, groups, associations, or other organizations using general 24 25 treasury funds for the communication, however, if a business, union, group, association, or other organization undertakes a 26 special solicitation of its members or other persons for an electioneering 27 communication, or it otherwise receives funds for an electioneering 28 29 communication, that entity shall report pursuant to (b)(ii) of this 30 subsection;

(ii) Special solicitations and other funds. The name, address, and, for individuals, occupation and employer, of a person whose funds were used to pay for the electioneering communication, along with the amount, if such funds from the person have exceeded two hundred fifty dollars in the aggregate for the electioneering communication; and (iii) Any other source information required or exempted by the
 commission by rule;

3 (c) Name and address of the person to whom an electioneering 4 communication related expenditure was made;

5 (d) A detailed description of each expenditure of more than one
6 hundred dollars;

7 (e) The date the expenditure was made and the date the
8 electioneering communication was first broadcast, transmitted, mailed,
9 erected, distributed, or otherwise published;

10 (f) The amount of the expenditure;

11 (g) The name of each candidate clearly identified in the 12 electioneering communication, the office being sought by each 13 candidate, and the amount of the expenditure attributable to each 14 candidate; and

15 (h) Any other information the commission may require or exempt by 16 rule.

(2) Electioneering communications shall be reported as follows: The sponsor of an electioneering communication shall report to the commission within twenty-four hours of, or on the first working day after, the date the electioneering communication is broadcast, transmitted, mailed, erected, distributed, or otherwise published.

(3) Electioneering communications shall be reported electronically
by the sponsor using software provided or approved by the commission.
The commission may make exceptions on a case-by-case basis for a
sponsor who lacks the technological ability to file reports using the
electronic means provided or approved by the commission.

(4) All persons required to report under RCW 42.17.065, 42.17.080, 42.17.090, and 42.17.100 are subject to the requirements of this section, although the commission may determine by rule that persons filing according to those sections may be exempt from reporting some of the information otherwise required by this section. The commission may determine that reports filed pursuant to this section also satisfy the requirements of RCW 42.17.100 and 42.17.103.

34 (5) Failure of any sponsor to report electronically under this35 section shall be a violation of this chapter.

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) An electioneering communication made by

1 a person in cooperation, consultation, or concert with, or at the 2 request or suggestion of, a candidate, a candidate's authorized 3 committee, or their agents is a contribution to the candidate.

4 (2) An electioneering communication made by a person in 5 cooperation, consultation, or concert with, or at the request or 6 suggestion of, a political committee or its agents is a contribution to 7 the political committee.

8 (3) If an electioneering communication is not a contribution 9 pursuant to subsection (1) or (2) of this section, the sponsor shall 10 file an affidavit or declaration so stating at the time the sponsor is 11 required to report the electioneering communication expense under 12 section 3 of this act.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. (1) The sponsor of an electioneering 14 communication shall preserve all financial records relating to the 15 communication, including books of account, bills, receipts, contributor 16 information, and ledgers, for not less than five calendar years 17 following the year in which the communication was broadcast, 18 transmitted, mailed, erected, or otherwise published.

(2) All reports filed under section 3 of this act shall be 19 20 certified as correct by the sponsor. If the sponsor is an individual using his or her own funds to pay for the communication, the 21 certification shall be signed by the individual. If the sponsor is a 22 23 political committee, the certification shall be signed by the committee 24 treasurer. If the sponsor is another entity, the certification shall be signed by the individual responsible for authorizing the expenditure 25 26 on the entity's behalf.

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PART III - AMENDMENTS TO AND REENACTMENT OF CURRENT LAWS

28 **Sec. 6.** RCW 42.17.020 and 2002 c 75 s 1 are each amended to read 29 as follows:

30 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 31 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) <u>"Actual malice" means to act with knowledge of falsity or with</u>
 reckless disregard as to truth or falsity.

34 (2) "Agency" includes all state agencies and all local agencies.
 35 "State agency" includes every state office, department, division,

bureau, board, commission, or other state agency. "Local agency" includes every county, city, town, municipal corporation, quasimunicipal corporation, or special purpose district, or any office, department, division, bureau, board, commission, or agency thereof, or other local public agency.

6 (((2))) (<u>3</u>) "Authorized committee" means the political committee 7 authorized by a candidate, or by the public official against whom 8 recall charges have been filed, to accept contributions or make 9 expenditures on behalf of the candidate or public official.

10 (((3))) (4) "Ballot proposition" means any "measure" as defined by 11 RCW ((29.01.110)) 29A.04.091, or any initiative, recall, or referendum 12 proposition proposed to be submitted to the voters of the state or any 13 municipal corporation, political subdivision, or other voting 14 constituency from and after the time when the proposition has been 15 initially filed with the appropriate election officer of that 16 constituency prior to its circulation for signatures.

17 (((4))) (5) "Benefit" means a commercial, proprietary, financial, 18 economic, or monetary advantage, or the avoidance of a commercial, 19 proprietary, financial, economic, or monetary disadvantage.

(((5))) <u>(6)</u> "Bona fide political party" means:

(a) An organization that has filed a valid certificate of nomination with the secretary of state under chapter ((29.24)) 29A.20 RCW;

(b) The governing body of the state organization of a major
political party, as defined in RCW ((29.01.090)) 29A.04.086, that is
the body authorized by the charter or bylaws of the party to exercise
authority on behalf of the state party; or

(c) The county central committee or legislative district committee of a major political party. There may be only one legislative district committee for each party in each legislative district.

31 (((-6))) (7) "Depository" means a bank designated by a candidate or 32 political committee pursuant to RCW 42.17.050.

33 (((7))) <u>(8)</u> "Treasurer" and "deputy treasurer" mean the individuals 34 appointed by a candidate or political committee, pursuant to RCW 35 42.17.050, to perform the duties specified in that section.

36 (((8))) <u>(9)</u> "Candidate" means any individual who seeks nomination 37 for election or election to public office. An individual seeks 38 nomination or election when he or she first:

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(a) Receives contributions or makes expenditures or reserves space
 or facilities with intent to promote his or her candidacy for office;

(b) Announces publicly or files for office;

4 (c) Purchases commercial advertising space or broadcast time to 5 promote his or her candidacy; or

6 (d) Gives his or her consent to another person to take on behalf of 7 the individual any of the actions in (a) or (c) of this subsection.

8 (((9))) <u>(10)</u> "Caucus political committee" means a political 9 committee organized and maintained by the members of a major political 10 party in the state senate or state house of representatives.

(((10))) (11) "Commercial advertiser" means any person who sells the service of communicating messages or producing printed material for broadcast or distribution to the general public or segments of the general public whether through the use of newspapers, magazines, television and radio stations, billboard companies, direct mail advertising companies, printing companies, or otherwise.

17 ((((11)))) (12) "Commission" means the agency established under RCW 18 42.17.350.

19 (((12))) (13) "Compensation" unless the context requires a narrower 20 meaning, includes payment in any form for real or personal property or 21 services of any kind: PROVIDED, That for the purpose of compliance 22 with RCW 42.17.241, the term "compensation" shall not include per diem 23 allowances or other payments made by a governmental entity to reimburse 24 a public official for expenses incurred while the official is engaged 25 in the official business of the governmental entity.

26 (((13))) <u>(14)</u> "Continuing political committee" means a political 27 committee that is an organization of continuing existence not 28 established in anticipation of any particular election campaign.

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(((11)))) <u>(15)</u>(a) "Contribution" includes:

(i) A loan, gift, deposit, subscription, forgiveness of
indebtedness, donation, advance, pledge, payment, transfer of funds
between political committees, or anything of value, including personal
and professional services for less than full consideration;

(ii) An expenditure made by a person in cooperation, consultation,
 or concert with, or at the request or suggestion of, a candidate, a
 political committee, or their agents;

(iii) The financing by a person of the dissemination, distribution,or republication, in whole or in part, of broadcast, written, graphic,

1 or other form of political advertising <u>or electioneering communication</u> 2 prepared by a candidate, a political committee, or its authorized 3 agent;

4 (iv) Sums paid for tickets to fund-raising events such as dinners
5 and parties, except for the actual cost of the consumables furnished at
6 the event.

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(b) "Contribution" does not include:

8 (i) Standard interest on money deposited in a political committee's9 account;

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(ii) Ordinary home hospitality;

(iii) A contribution received by a candidate or political committee that is returned to the contributor within five business days of the date on which it is received by the candidate or political committee;

(iv) A news item, feature, commentary, or editorial in a regularly scheduled news medium that is of primary interest to the general public, that is in a news medium controlled by a person whose business is that news medium, and that is not controlled by a candidate or a political committee;

(v) An internal political communication primarily limited to the members of or contributors to a political party organization or political committee, or to the officers, management staff, or stockholders of a corporation or similar enterprise, or to the members of a labor organization or other membership organization;

(vi) The rendering of personal services of the sort commonly performed by volunteer campaign workers, or incidental expenses personally incurred by volunteer campaign workers not in excess of fifty dollars personally paid for by the worker. "Volunteer services," for the purposes of this section, means services or labor for which the individual is not compensated by any person;

30 (vii) Messages in the form of reader boards, banners, or yard or 31 window signs displayed on a person's own property or property occupied 32 by a person. However, a facility used for such political advertising 33 for which a rental charge is normally made must be reported as an in-34 kind contribution and counts towards any applicable contribution limit 35 of the person providing the facility;

36 (viii) Legal or accounting services rendered to or on behalf of:

37 (A) A political party or caucus political committee if the person

1 paying for the services is the regular employer of the person rendering 2 such services; or

3 (B) A candidate or an authorized committee if the person paying for 4 the services is the regular employer of the individual rendering the 5 services and if the services are solely for the purpose of ensuring 6 compliance with state election or public disclosure laws.

7 (c) Contributions other than money or its equivalent are deemed to 8 have a monetary value equivalent to the fair market value of the 9 contribution. Services or property or rights furnished at less than 10 their fair market value for the purpose of assisting any candidate or 11 political committee are deemed a contribution. Such a contribution 12 must be reported as an in-kind contribution at its fair market value 13 and counts towards any applicable contribution limit of the provider.

14 (((15))) <u>(16)</u> "Elected official" means any person elected at a 15 general or special election to any public office, and any person 16 appointed to fill a vacancy in any such office.

17 (((16))) (17) "Election" includes any primary, general, or special 18 election for public office and any election in which a ballot 19 proposition is submitted to the voters: PROVIDED, That an election in 20 which the qualifications for voting include other than those 21 requirements set forth in Article VI, section 1 (Amendment 63) of the 22 Constitution of the state of Washington shall not be considered an 23 election for purposes of this chapter.

(((17))) <u>(18)</u> "Election campaign" means any campaign in support of
 or in opposition to a candidate for election to public office and any
 campaign in support of, or in opposition to, a ballot proposition.

(((18))) (19) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day of December after the date of the last previous general election for the office that the candidate seeks and ending on November 30 30th after the next election for the office. In the case of a special election to fill a vacancy in an office, "election cycle" means the period beginning on the day the vacancy occurs and ending on November 30 30th after the special election.

34 (((19))) <u>(20) "Electioneering communication" means any broadcast,</u> 35 <u>cable, or satellite television or radio transmission, United States</u> 36 <u>postal service mailing, billboard, newspaper, or periodical that:</u>

37 (a) Clearly identifies a candidate for a state, local, or judicial

office either by specifically naming the candidate, or identifying the 1 2 candidate without using the candidate's name; (b) Is broadcast, transmitted, mailed, erected, distributed, or 3 otherwise published within sixty days before any election for that 4 office in the jurisdiction in which the candidate is seeking election; 5 6 and 7 (c) Either alone, or in combination with one or more communications identifying the candidate by the same sponsor during the sixty days 8 9 before an election, has a fair market value of five thousand dollars or 10 more. (21) "Electioneering communication" does not include: 11 (a) Usual and customary advertising of a business owned by a 12 13 candidate, even if the candidate is mentioned in the advertising when 14 the candidate has been regularly mentioned in that advertising appearing at least twelve months preceding his or her becoming a 15 16 candidate; 17 (b) Advertising for candidate debates or forums when the advertising is paid for by or on behalf of the debate or forum sponsor, 18 so long as two or more candidates for the same position have been 19 invited to participate in the debate or forum; 20 21 (c) A news item, feature, commentary, or editorial in a regularly 22 scheduled news medium that is: 23 (i) Of primary interest to the general public; 24 (ii) In a news medium controlled by a person whose business is that 25 news medium; and (iii) Not a medium controlled by a candidate or a political 26 27 committee; (d) Slate cards and sample ballots; 28 (e) Advertising for books, films, dissertations, or similar works 29 (i) written by a candidate when the candidate entered into a contract 30 for such publications or media at least twelve months before becoming 31 <u>a candidate, or (ii) written about a candidate;</u> 32 (f) Public service announcements; 33 (q) A mailed internal political communication primarily limited to 34 the members of or contributors to a political party organization or 35 political committee, or to the officers, management staff, or 36 37 stockholders of a corporation or similar enterprise, or to the members of a labor organization or other membership organization; 38

1 (h) An expenditure by or contribution to the authorized committee

2 3 of a candidate for state, local, or judicial office; or (i) Any other communication exempted by the commission through rule

4 <u>consistent with the intent of this chapter.</u>

(22) "Expenditure" includes a payment, contribution, subscription, 5 distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of 6 7 value, and includes a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not legally enforceable, to make an expenditure. The term "expenditure" 8 9 also includes a promise to pay, a payment, or a transfer of anything of value in exchange for goods, services, property, facilities, or 10 anything of value for the purpose of assisting, benefiting, or honoring 11 12 any public official or candidate, or assisting in furthering or opposing any election campaign. For the purposes of this chapter, 13 14 agreements to make expenditures, contracts, and promises to pay may be reported as estimated obligations until actual payment is made. 15 The term "expenditure" shall not include the partial or complete repayment 16 17 by a candidate or political committee of the principal of a loan, the receipt of which loan has been properly reported. 18

19 (((20))) <u>(23)</u> "Final report" means the report described as a final 20 report in RCW 42.17.080(2).

21 $((\frac{21}{1}))$ (24) "General election" for the purposes of RCW 42.17.640 22 means the election that results in the election of a person to a state 23 office. It does not include a primary.

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(((22))) <u>(25)</u> "Gift," is as defined in RCW 42.52.010.

25 (((23))) (26) "Immediate family" includes the spouse, dependent children, and other dependent relatives, if living in the household. 26 27 For the purposes of RCW 42.17.640 through 42.17.790, "immediate family" means an individual's spouse, and child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, 28 stepparent, grandparent, brother, half brother, sister, or half sister 29 of the individual and the spouse of any such person and a child, 30 31 stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, brother, half 32 brother, sister, or half sister of the individual's spouse and the 33 spouse of any such person.

34 (((24))) (27) "Incumbent" means a person who is in present 35 possession of an elected office.

36 (28) "Independent expenditure" means an expenditure that has each 37 of the following elements:

(a) It is made in support of or in opposition to a candidate for 1 2 office by a person who is not (i) a candidate for that office, (ii) an authorized committee of that candidate for that office, (iii) a person 3 who has received the candidate's encouragement or approval to make the 4 5 expenditure, if the expenditure pays in whole or in part for political advertising supporting that candidate or promoting the defeat of any б 7 other candidate or candidates for that office, or (iv) a person with whom the candidate has collaborated for the purpose of making the 8 expenditure, if the expenditure pays in whole or in part for political 9 advertising supporting that candidate or promoting the defeat of any 10 other candidate or candidates for that office; 11

(b) The expenditure pays in whole or in part for political advertising that either specifically names the candidate supported or opposed, or clearly and beyond any doubt identifies the candidate without using the candidate's name; and

16 (c) The expenditure, alone or in conjunction with another 17 expenditure or other expenditures of the same person in support of or 18 opposition to that candidate, has a value of five hundred dollars or 19 more. A series of expenditures, each of which is under five hundred 20 dollars, constitutes one independent expenditure if their cumulative 21 value is five hundred dollars or more.

22 $((\frac{25}{2}))$ (29)(a) "Intermediary" means an individual who transmits 23 a contribution to a candidate or committee from another person unless 24 the contribution is from the individual's employer, immediate family as 25 defined for purposes of RCW 42.17.640 through 42.17.790, or an 26 association to which the individual belongs.

(b) A treasurer or a candidate is not an intermediary for purposesof the committee that the treasurer or candidate serves.

(c) A professional fund-raiser is not an intermediary if the fundand raiser is compensated for fund-raising services at the usual and customary rate.

32 (d) A volunteer hosting a fund-raising event at the individual's33 home is not an intermediary for purposes of that event.

34 (((26))) <u>(30)</u> "Legislation" means bills, resolutions, motions, 35 amendments, nominations, and other matters pending or proposed in 36 either house of the state legislature, and includes any other matter 37 that may be the subject of action by either house or any committee of the legislature and all bills and resolutions that, having passed both houses, are pending approval by the governor.

3 (((27))) (31) "Lobby" and "lobbying" each mean attempting to influence the passage or defeat of any legislation by the legislature 4 5 of the state of Washington, or the adoption or rejection of any rule, standard, rate, or other legislative enactment of any state agency 6 7 under the state Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW. Neither "lobby" nor "lobbying" includes an association's or other 8 organization's act of communicating with the 9 members of that 10 association or organization.

11 (((28))) <u>(32)</u> "Lobbyist" includes any person who lobbies either in 12 his or her own or another's behalf.

13 (((29))) (33) "Lobbyist's employer" means the person or persons by 14 whom a lobbyist is employed and all persons by whom he or she is 15 compensated for acting as a lobbyist.

16 (((30))) <u>(34) "Participate" means that, with respect to a</u> 17 particular election, an entity:

18 (a) Makes either a monetary or in-kind contribution to a candidate;
19 (b) Makes an independent expenditure or electioneering
20 communication in support of or opposition to a candidate;

21 (c) Endorses a candidate prior to contributions being made by a 22 subsidiary corporation or local unit with respect to that candidate or 23 that candidate's opponent;

24 (d) Makes a recommendation regarding whether a candidate should be 25 supported or opposed prior to a contribution being made by a subsidiary 26 corporation or local unit with respect to that candidate or that 27 candidate's opponent; or

(e) Directly or indirectly collaborates or consults with a subsidiary corporation or local unit on matters relating to the support of or opposition to a candidate, including, but not limited to, the amount of a contribution, when a contribution should be given, and what assistance, services or independent expenditures, or electioneering communications, if any, will be made or should be made in support of or opposition to a candidate.

35 (35) "Person" includes an individual, partnership, joint venture, 36 public or private corporation, association, federal, state, or local 37 governmental entity or agency however constituted, candidate,

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1 committee, political committee, political party, executive committee 2 thereof, or any other organization or group of persons, however 3 organized.

4 (((31))) <u>(36)</u> "Person in interest" means the person who is the 5 subject of a record or any representative designated by that person, 6 except that if that person is under a legal disability, the term 7 "person in interest" means and includes the parent or duly appointed 8 legal representative.

9 (((32))) <u>(37)</u> "Political advertising" includes any advertising 10 displays, newspaper ads, billboards, signs, brochures, articles, 11 tabloids, flyers, letters, radio or television presentations, or other 12 means of mass communication, used for the purpose of appealing, 13 directly or indirectly, for votes or for financial or other support <u>or</u> 14 <u>opposition</u> in any election campaign.

15 (((33))) <u>(38)</u> "Political committee" means any person (except a 16 candidate or an individual dealing with his or her own funds or 17 property) having the expectation of receiving contributions or making 18 expenditures in support of, or opposition to, any candidate or any 19 ballot proposition.

20 (((34))) (39) "Primary" for the purposes of RCW 42.17.640 means the 21 procedure for nominating a candidate to state office under chapter 22 ((29.18 or 29.21)) 29A.52 RCW or any other primary for an election that 23 uses, in large measure, the procedures established in chapter ((29.18 or 29.21)) 29A.52 RCW.

25 (((35))) <u>(40)</u> "Public office" means any federal, state, judicial, 26 county, city, town, school district, port district, special district, 27 or other state political subdivision elective office.

((((36))) (<u>41)</u> "Public record" includes any writing containing 28 information relating to the conduct of government or the performance of 29 any governmental or proprietary function prepared, owned, used, or 30 31 retained by any state or local agency regardless of physical form or 32 characteristics. For the office of the secretary of the senate and the office of the chief clerk of the house of representatives, public 33 records means legislative records as defined in RCW 40.14.100 and also 34 means the following: All budget and financial records; personnel 35 36 leave, travel, and payroll records; records of legislative sessions; 37 reports submitted to the legislature; and any other record designated a public record by any official action of the senate or the house of
 representatives.

3 (((37))) (42) "Recall campaign" means the period of time beginning
4 on the date of the filing of recall charges under RCW ((29.82.015))
5 29A.56.120 and ending thirty days after the recall election.

6 (((38))) <u>(43)</u> "Sponsor of an electioneering communications, 7 independent expenditures, or political advertising" means the person 8 paying for the electioneering communication, independent expenditure, 9 or political advertising. If a person acts as an agent for another or 10 is reimbursed by another for the payment, the original source of the 11 payment is the sponsor.

12 (44) "State legislative office" means the office of a member of the 13 state house of representatives or the office of a member of the state 14 senate.

15 (((39))) <u>(45)</u> "State office" means state legislative office or the 16 office of governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, attorney 17 general, commissioner of public lands, insurance commissioner, 18 superintendent of public instruction, state auditor, or state 19 treasurer.

20 (((40))) (46) "State official" means a person who holds a state 21 office.

22 (((41))) (47) "Surplus funds" mean, in the case of a political committee or candidate, the balance of contributions that remain in the 23 24 possession or control of that committee or candidate subsequent to the 25 election for which the contributions were received, and that are in excess of the amount necessary to pay remaining debts incurred by the 26 27 committee or candidate prior to that election. In the case of a continuing political committee, "surplus funds" 28 mean those contributions remaining in the possession or control of the committee 29 that are in excess of the amount necessary to pay all remaining debts 30 31 when it makes its final report under RCW 42.17.065.

32 (((42))) <u>(48)</u> "Writing" means handwriting, typewriting, printing, 33 photostating, photographing, and every other means of recording any 34 form of communication or representation, including, but not limited to, 35 letters, words, pictures, sounds, or symbols, or combination thereof, 36 and all papers, maps, magnetic or paper tapes, photographic films and 37 prints, motion picture, film and video recordings, magnetic or punched

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cards, discs, drums, diskettes, sound recordings, and other documents
 including existing data compilations from which information may be
 obtained or translated.

As used in this chapter, the singular shall take the plural and any gender, the other, as the context requires.

6 **Sec. 7.** RCW 42.17.103 and 2001 c 54 s 1 are each amended to read 7 as follows:

(1) The sponsor of political advertising who, within twenty-one 8 days of an election, publishes, mails, or otherwise presents to the 9 public political advertising supporting or opposing a candidate or 10 ballot proposition that qualifies as an independent expenditure with a 11 12 fair market value of one thousand dollars or more shall deliver, either electronically or in written form, a special report to the commission 13 within twenty-four hours of, or on the first working day after, the 14 15 date the political advertising is first published, mailed, or otherwise 16 presented to the public.

17 (2) If a sponsor is required to file a special report under this section, the sponsor shall also deliver to the commission within the 18 delivery period established in subsection (1) of this section a special 19 20 report for each subsequent independent expenditure of any size 21 supporting or opposing the same candidate who was the subject of the 22 previous independent expenditure, supporting or opposing that 23 candidate's opponent, or supporting or opposing the same ballot 24 proposition that was the subject of the previous independent 25 expenditure.

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(3) The special report must include at least:

27 (a) The name and address of the person making the expenditure;

(b) The name and address of the person to whom the expenditure was made;

30 (c) A detailed description of the expenditure;

31 (d) The date the expenditure was made and the date the political 32 advertising was first published or otherwise presented to the public; 33 (e) The amount of the expenditure;

34 (f) The name of the candidate supported or opposed by the 35 expenditure, the office being sought by the candidate, and whether the 36 expenditure supports or opposes the candidate; or the name of the ballot proposition supported or opposed by the expenditure and whether
 the expenditure supports or opposes the ballot proposition; and

3

(g) Any other information the commission may require by rule.

4 (4) All persons required to report under RCW <u>42.17.065</u>, 42.17.080,
5 42.17.090, ((and)) 42.17.100, and section 3 of this act are subject to
6 the requirements of this section. The commission may determine that
7 reports filed pursuant to this section also satisfy the requirements of
8 RCW 42.17.100.

(5) The sponsor of independent expenditures supporting a candidate 9 or opposing that candidate's opponent required to report under this 10 section shall file with each required report an affidavit 11 or 12 declaration of the person responsible for making the independent 13 expenditure that the expenditure was not made in cooperation, 14 consultation, or concert with, or at the request or suggestion of, the candidate, the candidate's authorized committee, or the candidate's 15 16 agent, or with the encouragement or approval of the candidate, the 17 candidate's authorized committee, or the candidate's agent.

18 Sec. 8. RCW 42.17.110 and 1975-'76 2nd ex.s. c 112 s 5 are each 19 amended to read as follows:

(1) Each commercial advertiser who has accepted or provided political advertising or electioneering communications during the election campaign shall maintain open for public inspection during the campaign and for a period of no less than three years after the date of the applicable election, during normal business hours, documents and books of account which shall specify:

(a) The names and addresses of persons from whom it accepted
 political advertising <u>or electioneering communications</u>;

(b) The exact nature and extent of the ((advertising)) services
 rendered; and

30 (c) The consideration and the manner of paying that consideration 31 for such services.

32 (2) Each commercial advertiser which must comply with subsection
33 (1) of this section shall deliver to the commission, upon its request,
34 copies of such information as must be maintained open for public
35 inspection pursuant to subsection (1) of this section.

1 Sec. 9. RCW 42.17.510 and 1995 c 397 s 19 are each amended to read
2 as follows:

3 (1) All written political advertising, whether relating to candidates or ballot propositions, shall include the sponsor's name and 4 5 address. All radio and television political advertising, whether relating to candidates or ballot propositions, shall include the 6 7 sponsor's name. The use of an assumed name for the sponsor of electioneering communications, independent expenditures, or political 8 advertising shall be unlawful. ((The party with which a candidate 9 files)) For partisan office, if a candidate has expressed a party or 10 independent preference on the declaration of candidacy, that party or 11 12 independent designation shall be clearly identified in electioneering 13 communications, independent expenditures, or political advertising 14 ((for partisan office)).

(2) In addition to the materials required by subsection (1) of this 15 section, except as specifically addressed in subsections (4) and (5) of 16 17 this section, all political advertising undertaken as an independent expenditure by a person or entity other than a party organization, and 18 all electioneering communications, must include the following statement 19 ((on)) as part of the communication "NOTICE TO VOTERS (Required by 20 21 law): This advertisement is not authorized or approved by any 22 candidate. It is paid for by (name, address, city, state)." If the 23 advertisement undertaken as an independent expenditure or 24 electioneering communication is undertaken by a nonindividual other than a party organization, then the following notation must also be 25 included: "Top Five Contributors," followed by a listing of the names 26 27 of the five persons or entities making the largest contributions in excess of seven hundred dollars reportable under this chapter during 28 the twelve-month period before the date of the advertisement or 29 30 communication.

31 (3) The statements and listings of contributors required by 32 subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall:

33 (a) Appear on the first page or fold of the written <u>advertisement</u> 34 <u>or</u> communication in at least ten-point type, or in type at least ten 35 percent of the largest size type used in a written <u>advertisement or</u> 36 communication directed at more than one voter, such as a billboard or 37 poster, whichever is larger;

38

(b) Not be subject to the half-tone or screening process; and

1 2 (c) Be set apart from any other printed matter((; and

(d) Be clearly spoken on any broadcast advertisement)).

(4) In an independent expenditure or electioneering communication 3 transmitted via television or other medium that includes a visual 4 image, the following statement must either be clearly spoken, or appear 5 in print and be visible for at least four seconds, appear in letters 6 greater than four percent of the visual screen height, and have a 7 reasonable color contrast with the background: "No candidate 8 authorized this ad. Paid for by (name, city, state)." If the 9 advertisement or communication is undertaken by a nonindividual other 10 than a party organization, then the following notation must also be 11 included: "Top Five Contributors" followed by a listing of the names 12 13 of the five persons or entities making the largest contributions in excess of seven hundred dollars reportable under this chapter during 14 the twelve-month period before the date of the advertisement. 15 Abbreviations may be used to describe contributing entities if the full 16 name of the entity has been clearly spoken previously during the 17 broadcast advertisement. 18

19 (5) The following statement shall be clearly spoken in an independent expenditure or electioneering communication transmitted by 20 21 a method that does not include a visual image: "No candidate authorized this ad. Paid for by (name, city, state)." If the 22 independent expenditure or electioneering communication is undertaken 23 24 by a nonindividual other than a party organization, then the following statement must also be included: "Top Five Contributors" followed by 25 26 a listing of the names of the five persons or entities making the 27 largest contributions in excess of seven hundred dollars reportable under this chapter during the twelve-month period before the date of 28 the advertisement. Abbreviations may be used to describe contributing 29 entities if the full name of the entity has been clearly spoken 30 previously during the broadcast advertisement. 31

32 (6) Political yard signs are exempt from the requirement of 33 subsections (1) and (2) of this section that the name and address of 34 the sponsor of political advertising be listed on the advertising. In 35 addition, the public disclosure commission shall, by rule, exempt from 36 the identification requirements of subsections (1) and (2) of this 37 section forms of political advertising such as campaign buttons, balloons, pens, pencils, sky-writing, inscriptions, and other forms of
 advertising where identification is impractical.

3 (((5))) (7) For the purposes of this section, "yard sign" means any
 4 outdoor sign with dimensions no greater than eight feet by four feet.

5 **Sec. 10.** RCW 42.17.530 and 1999 c 304 s 2 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 (1) It is a violation of this chapter for a person to sponsor with 8 actual malice:

9 (a) Political advertising <u>or an electioneering communication</u> that 10 contains a false statement of material fact about a candidate for 11 public office. However, this subsection (1)(a) does not apply to 12 statements made by a candidate or the candidate's agent about the 13 candidate himself or herself;

(b) Political advertising <u>or an electioneering communication</u> that falsely represents that a candidate is the incumbent for the office sought when in fact the candidate is not the incumbent;

(c) Political advertising <u>or an electioneering communication</u> that makes either directly or indirectly, a false claim stating or implying the support or endorsement of any person or organization when in fact the candidate does not have such support or endorsement.

21 (2) Any violation of this section shall be proven by clear and 22 convincing evidence.

Sec. 11. RCW 42.17.640 and 2001 c 208 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

25 (1) No person, other than a bona fide political party or a caucus political committee, may make contributions to a candidate for a state 26 legislative office that in the aggregate exceed ((five)) seven hundred 27 dollars or to a candidate for a state office other than a state 28 29 legislative office that in the aggregate exceed one thousand four 30 hundred dollars for each election in which the candidate is on the ballot or appears as a write-in candidate. Contributions made with 31 respect to a primary may not be made after the date of the primary. 32 However, contributions to a candidate or a candidate's authorized 33 committee may be made with respect to a primary until thirty days after 34 35 the primary, subject to the following limitations: (a) The candidate 36 lost the primary; (b) the candidate's authorized committee has

insufficient funds to pay debts outstanding as of the date of the primary; and (c) the contributions may only be raised and spent to satisfy the outstanding debt. Contributions made with respect to a general election may not be made after the final day of the applicable election cycle.

(2) No person, other than a bona fide political party or a caucus б 7 political committee, may make contributions to a state official against whom recall charges have been filed, or to a political committee having 8 the expectation of making expenditures in support of the recall of the 9 10 state official, during a recall campaign that in the aggregate exceed ((five)) seven hundred dollars if for a state legislative office or one 11 thousand four hundred dollars if for a state office other than a state 12 13 legislative office.

14 (3)(a) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, no bona fide political party or caucus political committee may make contributions to 15 a candidate during an election cycle that in the aggregate exceed (i) 16 17 ((fifty)) seventy cents multiplied by the number of eligible registered voters in the jurisdiction from which the candidate is elected if the 18 contributor is a caucus political committee or the governing body of a 19 (ii) ((twenty-five)) thirty-five cents 20 state organization, or 21 multiplied by the number of registered voters in the jurisdiction from 22 which the candidate is elected if the contributor is a county central committee or a legislative district committee. 23

(b) No candidate may accept contributions from a county central committee or a legislative district committee during an election cycle that when combined with contributions from other county central committees or legislative district committees would in the aggregate exceed ((twenty-five)) thirty-five cents times the number of registered voters in the jurisdiction from which the candidate is elected.

(4)(a) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, no bona fide 30 political party or caucus political committee may make contributions to 31 32 a state official against whom recall charges have been filed, or to a political committee having the expectation of making expenditures in 33 support of the state official, during a recall campaign that in the 34 aggregate exceed (i) ((fifty)) seventy cents multiplied by the number 35 of eligible registered voters in the jurisdiction entitled to recall 36 37 the state official if the contributor is a caucus political committee 38 or the governing body of a state organization, or (ii) ((twenty five))

<u>thirty-five</u> cents multiplied by the number of registered voters in the jurisdiction from which the candidate is elected if the contributor is a county central committee or a legislative district committee.

(b) No state official against whom recall charges have been filed, 4 no authorized committee of the official, and no political committee 5 having the expectation of making expenditures in support of the recall б 7 of a state official may accept contributions from a county central committee or a legislative district committee during an election cycle 8 that when combined with contributions from other county central 9 committees or legislative district committees would in the aggregate 10 11 exceed ((twenty-five)) thirty-five cents multiplied by the number of 12 registered voters in the jurisdiction from which the candidate is 13 elected.

14 (5) For purposes of determining contribution limits under 15 subsections (3) and (4) of this section, the number of eligible 16 registered voters in a jurisdiction is the number at the time of the 17 most recent general election in the jurisdiction.

(6) Notwithstanding subsections (1) through (4) of this section, no 18 person other than an individual, bona fide political party, or caucus 19 political committee may make contributions reportable under this 20 21 chapter to a caucus political committee that in the aggregate exceed 22 ((five)) seven hundred dollars in a calendar year or to a bona fide political party that in the aggregate exceed ((two)) three thousand 23 24 five hundred dollars in a calendar year. This subsection does not 25 apply to loans made in the ordinary course of business.

26 (7) For the purposes of RCW 42.17.640 through 42.17.790, a 27 contribution to the authorized political committee of a candidate, or 28 of a state official against whom recall charges have been filed, is 29 considered to be a contribution to the candidate or state official.

30 (8) A contribution received within the twelve-month period after a 31 recall election concerning a state office is considered to be a 32 contribution during that recall campaign if the contribution is used to 33 pay a debt or obligation incurred to influence the outcome of that 34 recall campaign.

35 (9) The contributions allowed by subsection (2) of this section are 36 in addition to those allowed by subsection (1) of this section, and the 37 contributions allowed by subsection (4) of this section are in addition 38 to those allowed by subsection (3) of this section. 1 (10) RCW 42.17.640 through 42.17.790 apply to a special election 2 conducted to fill a vacancy in a state office. However, the 3 contributions made to a candidate or received by a candidate for a 4 primary or special election conducted to fill such a vacancy shall not 5 be counted toward any of the limitations that apply to the candidate or 6 to contributions made to the candidate for any other primary or 7 election.

(11) Notwithstanding the other subsections of this section, no 8 corporation or business entity not doing business in Washington state, 9 10 no labor union with fewer than ten members who reside in Washington state, and no political committee that has not received contributions 11 12 of ten dollars or more from at least ten persons registered to vote in 13 Washington state during the preceding one hundred eighty days may make 14 contributions reportable under this chapter to a candidate, to a state official against whom recall charges have been filed, or to a political 15 16 committee having the expectation of making expenditures in support of 17 the recall of the official. This subsection does not apply to loans made in the ordinary course of business. 18

(12) Notwithstanding the other subsections of this section, no 19 county central committee or legislative district committee may make 20 21 contributions reportable under this chapter to a candidate, state 22 official against whom recall charges have been filed, or political committee having the expectation of making expenditures in support of 23 24 the recall of a state official if the county central committee or 25 legislative district committee is outside of the jurisdiction entitled to elect the candidate or recall the state official. 26

(13) No person may accept contributions that exceed thecontribution limitations provided in this section.

29 (14) The following contributions are exempt from the contribution 30 limits of this section:

(a) 31 An expenditure or contribution earmarked for voter 32 registration, for absentee ballot information, for precinct caucuses, for get-out-the-vote campaigns, for precinct judges or inspectors, for 33 sample ballots, or for ballot counting, all without promotion of or 34 35 political advertising for individual candidates; or

36 (b) An expenditure by a political committee for its own internal 37 organization or fund raising without direct association with individual 38 candidates.

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1 Sec. 12. RCW 42.17.660 and 1993 c 2 s 6 are each amended to read
2 as follows:

3 For purposes of this chapter:

4 (1) A contribution by a political committee with funds that have 5 all been contributed by one person who exercises exclusive control over 6 the distribution of the funds of the political committee is a 7 contribution by the controlling person.

(2) Two or more entities are treated as a single entity if one of 8 the two or more entities is a subsidiary, branch, or department of a 9 corporation that is participating in an election campaign or making 10 <u>contributions</u>, or a local unit((-,)) <u>or</u> branch((-, -) or <u>affiliate</u>)) of a 11 trade association, labor union, or collective bargaining association 12 13 that is participating in an election campaign or making contributions. All contributions made by a person or political committee whose 14 contribution or expenditure activity is financed, maintained, or 15 16 controlled by a trade association, labor union, collective bargaining 17 organization, or the local unit of a trade association, labor union, or collective bargaining organization are considered made by the ((same 18 person or entity)) trade association, labor union, collective 19 bargaining organization, or local unit of a trade association, labor 20 21 union, or collective bargaining organization.

(3) The commission shall adopt rules to carry out this section and
 is not subject to the time restrictions of RCW 42.17.370(1).

24

PART IV - TECHNICAL PROVISIONS

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. RCW 42.17.505 (Definitions) and 1988 c 199 26 s 1 are each repealed.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** Part headings used in this act are not any 28 part of the law.

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 15. (1) Sections 1 through 5 of this act are 30 each added to chapter 42.17 RCW to be codified with the subchapter 31 heading of "Reporting of Electioneering Communications."

32 (2) The code reviser must change the subchapter heading "Political
 33 Advertising" to "Political Advertising and Electioneering
 34 Communications" in chapter 42.17 RCW.

1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 16. If any provision of this act or its 2 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 3 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 4 persons or circumstances is not affected.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 17. Sections 6 and 12 of this act are necessary 6 for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, 7 or support of the state government and its existing public 8 institutions, and take effect July 1, 2005. The remainder of this act 9 takes effect January 1, 2006.

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