CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2073

Chapter 508, Laws of 2005

59th Legislature 2005 Regular Session

JUVENILE OFFENDERS--SENTENCING

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/24/05

Passed by the House April 19, 2005 Yeas 98 Nays 0

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 13, 2005 Yeas 47 Nays 0

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Approved May 17, 2005.

CERTIFICATE

I, Richard Nafziger, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2073** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

RICHARD NAFZIGER

Chief Clerk

FILED

May 17, 2005 - 2:18 p.m.

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2073

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2005 Regular Session

State of Washington 59th Legislature 2005 Regular Session

By House Committee on Juvenile Justice & Family Law (originally sponsored by Representatives Dickerson, Moeller and Chase)

READ FIRST TIME 03/04/05.

1 AN ACT Relating to juvenile sentencing alternatives; and amending 2 RCW 13.40.167.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 13.40.167 and 2003 c 378 s 4 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

6 (1) When an offender is subject to a standard range ((commitment of
7 15 to 65 weeks)) disposition involving confinement by the department,
8 the court may:

9 (a) Impose the standard range; or

10 (b) Suspend the standard range disposition on condition that the 11 offender complies with the terms of this mental health disposition 12 alternative.

13 (2) The court may impose this disposition alternative when the 14 court finds the following:

(a) The offender has a current diagnosis, consistent with the American psychiatry association diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders, of axis I psychiatric disorder, excluding youth that are diagnosed as solely having a conduct disorder, oppositional defiant disorder, substance abuse disorder, paraphilia, or pedophilia; 1 (b) An appropriate treatment option is available in the local 2 community;

3 (c) The plan for the offender identifies and addresses requirements for successful participation and completion of the 4 treatment intervention program including: Incentives and graduated sanctions 5 designed specifically for amenable youth, including the use of 6 7 detention, detoxication, and in-patient or outpatient substance abuse treatment and psychiatric hospitalization, and structured community 8 support consisting of mental health providers, probation, educational 9 and vocational advocates, child welfare services, and family and 10 community support. For any mental health treatment ordered for an 11 offender under this section, the treatment option selected shall be 12 13 chosen from among programs which have been successful in addressing mental health needs of juveniles and successful in mental health 14 treatment of juveniles and identified as research-based best practice 15 programs. A list of programs which meet these criteria shall be agreed 16 17 upon by: The Washington association of juvenile court administrators, the juvenile rehabilitation administration of the department of social 18 and health services, a representative of the division of public 19 behavioral health and justice policy at the University of Washington, 20 21 and the Washington institute for public policy. The list of programs 22 shall be created not later than July 1, 2003. The group shall provide the list to all superior courts, its own membership, the legislature, 23 24 and the governor. The group shall meet annually and revise the list as 25 appropriate; and

(d) The offender, offender's family, and community will benefitfrom use of the mental health disposition alternative.

(3) The court on its own motion may order, or on motion by either 28 party, shall order a comprehensive mental health evaluation to 29 determine if the offender has a designated mental disorder. 30 The court may also order a chemical dependency evaluation to determine if the 31 32 offender also has a co-occurring chemical dependency disorder. The evaluation shall include at a minimum the following: The offender's 33 version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the 34 offender's offense, an assessment of the offender's mental health and 35 drug-alcohol problems and previous treatment attempts, and the 36 37 offender's social, criminal, educational, and employment history and living situation. 38

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- 1 (4) The evaluator shall determine if the offender is amenable to 2 research-based treatment. A proposed case management and treatment 3 plan shall include at a minimum:
- 4

(a) The availability of treatment;

5

(b) Anticipated length of treatment;

6 (c) Whether one or more treatment interventions are proposed and 7 the anticipated sequence of those treatment interventions;

8 (d) The education plan;

9 (e) The residential plan; and

10

(f) The monitoring plan.

(5) The court on its own motion may order, or on motion by either party, shall order a second mental health or chemical dependency evaluation. The party making the motion shall select the evaluator. The requesting party shall pay the cost of any examination ordered under this subsection and subsection (3) of this section unless the court finds the offender is indigent and no third party insurance coverage is available, in which case the state shall pay the cost.

18 (6) Upon receipt of the assessments, evaluations, and reports the 19 court shall consider whether the offender and the community will 20 benefit from use of the mental health disposition alternative. The 21 court shall consider the victim's opinion whether the offender should 22 receive the option.

(7) If the court determines that the mental health disposition 23 24 alternative is appropriate, the court shall impose a standard range 25 disposition ((of not more than 65 weeks)), suspend execution of the disposition, and place the offender on community supervision up to one 26 27 year and impose one or more other local sanctions. Confinement in a secure county detention facility, other than county group homes, 28 inpatient psychiatric treatment facilities, and substance abuse 29 programs, shall be limited to thirty days. As a condition of a 30 31 suspended disposition, the court shall require the offender to 32 participate in the recommended treatment interventions.

33 (8) The treatment providers shall submit monthly reports to the 34 court and parties on the offender's progress in treatment. The report 35 shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the 36 following: Dates of attendance, offender's compliance with 37 requirements, treatment activities, medication management, the

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1 offender's relative progress in treatment, and any other material 2 specified by the court at the time of the disposition.

3 (9) If the offender fails to comply with the suspended disposition,
4 the court may impose sanctions pursuant to RCW 13.40.200 or may revoke
5 the suspended disposition and order the disposition's execution.

6 (10) An offender is ineligible for the mental health disposition
7 option under this section if ((the offender is adjudicated of a sex or
8 violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030)):

9 <u>(a) The offender is ordered to serve a disposition for a firearm</u> 10 <u>violation under RCW 13.40.193; or</u>

(b) The offense for which the disposition is being considered is:
 (i) An offense category A+, A, or A- offense, or an attempt,

13 <u>conspiracy</u>, or solicitation to commit a class A+, A, or A- offense;

14 (ii) Manslaughter in the second degree (RCW 9A.32.070);

15 (iii) A sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030; or

16 (iv) Any offense category B+ or B offense, when the offense 17 includes infliction of bodily harm upon another or when during the 18 commission or immediate withdrawal from the offense the respondent was 19 armed with a deadly weapon.

20 (11) Subject to funds appropriated for this specific purpose, the 21 costs incurred by the juvenile courts for the mental health and 22 chemical dependency evaluations, treatment, and costs of supervision 23 required under this act shall be paid by the department's juvenile 24 rehabilitation administration.

> Passed by the House April 19, 2005. Passed by the Senate April 13, 2005. Approved by the Governor May 17, 2005. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 17, 2005.