CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2876

Chapter 38, Laws of 2006

59th Legislature 2006 Regular Session

LAW ENFORCEMENT--SOUND, VIDEO RECORDINGS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 6/7/06

Passed by the House February 14, 2006 Yeas 93 Nays 4

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate March 2, 2006 Yeas 43 Nays 0

CERTIFICATE

I, Richard Nafziger, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2876** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

RICHARD NAFZIGER

BRAD OWEN

Chief Clerk

President of the Senate

Approved March 14, 2006.

FILED

March 14, 2006 - 3:00 p.m.

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2876

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Passed Legislature - 2006 Regular Session

State of Washington 59th Legislature 2006 Regular Session

By House Committee on Judiciary (originally sponsored by Representatives Ericksen, Wood, Dunn, Armstrong and Ericks; by request of Washington State Patrol)

READ FIRST TIME 1/31/06.

- AN ACT Relating to sound and video recordings by law enforcement
- officers; and amending RCW 9.73.090.

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- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 9.73.090 and 2000 c 195 s 2 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
 - (1) The provisions of RCW 9.73.030 through 9.73.080 shall not apply to police, fire, emergency medical service, emergency communication center, and poison center personnel in the following instances:
 - (a) Recording incoming telephone calls to police and fire stations, licensed emergency medical service providers, emergency communication centers, and poison centers;
 - (b) Video and/or sound recordings may be made of arrested persons by police officers responsible for making arrests or holding persons in custody before their first appearance in court. Such video and/or sound recordings shall conform strictly to the following:
- 16 (i) The arrested person shall be informed that such recording is 17 being made and the statement so informing him shall be included in the 18 recording;

- 1 (ii) The recording shall commence with an indication of the time of 2 the beginning thereof and terminate with an indication of the time 3 thereof;
 - (iii) At the commencement of the recording the arrested person shall be fully informed of his constitutional rights, and such statements informing him shall be included in the recording;
 - (iv) The recordings shall only be used for valid police or court activities;
 - (c) Sound recordings that correspond to video images recorded by video cameras mounted in law enforcement vehicles. All law enforcement officers wearing a sound recording device that makes recordings corresponding to videos recorded by video cameras mounted in law enforcement vehicles must be in uniform. A sound recording device ((which)) that makes a recording pursuant to this subsection (1)(c) ((may only)) must be operated simultaneously with the video camera when the operating system has been activated for an event. No sound recording device may be intentionally turned off by the law enforcement officer during the ((operation of the video camera)) recording of an event. Once the event has been captured, the officer may turn off the audio recording and place the system back into "pre-event" mode.

No sound or video recording made under this subsection (1)(c) may be duplicated and made available to the public by a law enforcement agency subject to this section until final disposition of any criminal or civil litigation which arises from the ((incident or incidents)) event or events which were recorded. Such sound recordings shall not be divulged or used by any law enforcement agency for any commercial purpose.

A law enforcement officer shall inform any person being recorded by sound under this subsection (1)(c) that a sound recording is being made and the statement so informing the person shall be included in the sound recording, except that the law enforcement officer is not required to inform the person being recorded if the person is being recorded under exigent circumstances. A law enforcement officer is not required to inform a person being recorded by video under this subsection (1)(c) that the person is being recorded by video.

(2) It shall not be unlawful for a law enforcement officer acting in the performance of the officer's official duties to intercept, record, or disclose an oral communication or conversation where the

officer is a party to the communication or conversation or one of the 1 2 parties to the communication or conversation has given prior consent to the interception, recording, or disclosure: PROVIDED, That prior to 3 the interception, transmission, or recording the officer shall obtain 4 5 written or telephonic authorization from a judge or magistrate, who approve the interception, recording, or disclosure 6 shall 7 communications or conversations with a nonconsenting party for a reasonable and specified period of time, if there is probable cause to 8 9 believe that the nonconsenting party has committed, is engaged in, or 10 is about to commit a felony: PROVIDED HOWEVER, That if such authorization is given by telephone the authorization and officer's 11 statement justifying such authorization must be electronically recorded 12 by the judge or magistrate on a recording device in the custody of the 13 judge or magistrate at the time transmitted and the recording shall be 14 retained in the court records and reduced to writing as soon as 15 16 possible thereafter.

Any recording or interception of a communication or conversation incident to a lawfully recorded or intercepted communication or conversation pursuant to this subsection shall be lawful and may be divulged.

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All recordings of communications or conversations made pursuant to this subsection shall be retained for as long as any crime may be charged based on the events or communications or conversations recorded.

- (3) Communications or conversations authorized to be intercepted, recorded, or disclosed by this section shall not be inadmissible under RCW 9.73.050.
- (4) Authorizations issued under subsection (2) of this section shall be effective for not more than seven days, after which period the issuing authority may renew or continue the authorization for additional periods not to exceed seven days.
- (5) If the judge or magistrate determines that there is probable cause to believe that the communication or conversation concerns the unlawful manufacture, delivery, sale, or possession with intent to manufacture, deliver, or sell, controlled substances as defined in chapter 69.50 RCW, or legend drugs as defined in chapter 69.41 RCW, or imitation controlled substances as defined in chapter 69.52 RCW, the judge or magistrate may authorize the interception, transmission,

recording, or disclosure of communications or conversations under 1 subsection (2) of this section even though the true name of the 2 nonconsenting party, or the particular time and place for the 3 interception, transmission, recording, or disclosure, is not known at 4 the time of the request, if the authorization describes the 5 nonconsenting party and subject matter of the communication or 6 7 conversation with reasonable certainty under the circumstances. Any such communication or conversation may be intercepted, transmitted, 8 recorded, or disclosed as authorized notwithstanding a change in the 9 time or location of the communication or conversation after the 10 authorization has been obtained or the presence of or participation in 11 the communication or conversation by any additional party not named in 12 13 the authorization.

Authorizations issued under this subsection shall be effective for not more than fourteen days, after which period the issuing authority may renew or continue the authorization for an additional period not to exceed fourteen days.

Passed by the House February 14, 2006. Passed by the Senate March 2, 2006. Approved by the Governor March 14, 2006. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 14, 2006.

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