# CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

#### ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6885

Chapter 13, Laws of 2006

59th Legislature 2006 Regular Session

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

EFFECTIVE DATE: 6/07/06

Passed by the Senate March 3, 2006 CERTIFICATE YEAS 44 NAYS 2 I, Thomas Hoemann, Secretary of the Senate of the State of BRAD OWEN Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6885** as President of the Senate passed by the Senate and the House Passed by the House March 2, 2006 YEAS 97 NAYS 1 of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth. FRANK CHOPP THOMAS HOEMANN Speaker of the House of Representatives Secretary Approved March 8, 2006. FILED March 8, 2006 - 2:13 p.m.

> Secretary of State State of Washington

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

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# ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6885

### AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2006 Regular Session

### State of Washington

#### 59th Legislature

2006 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Labor, Commerce, Research & Development (originally sponsored by Senators Kohl-Welles, McAuliffe, Thibaudeau, Keiser and Fairley)

READ FIRST TIME 02/06/06.

- AN ACT Relating to unemployment insurance; amending RCW 50.20.120,
- 2 50.20.050, 50.29.025, 50.29.041, 50.29.021, and 50.16.030; reenacting
- 3 RCW 50.04.293, 50.04.294, 50.20.010, 50.20.060, 50.20.065, 50.20.066,
- 4 50.20.100, 50.20.119, 50.20.240, 50.04.335, 50.16.010, 50.16.015,
- 5 50.24.014, 50.20.190, and 50.04.206; creating new sections; and
- 6 repealing 2005 c 133 s 10 (uncodified).
- 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 8 PART I BENEFIT PROVISIONS
- 9 **Sec. 1.** RCW 50.20.120 and 2005 c 133 s 3 are each amended to read 10 as follows:
- 11 (1)(a) Subject to the other provisions of this title, benefits
- 12 shall be payable to any eligible individual during the individual's
- 13 benefit year in a maximum amount equal to the lesser of thirty times
- 14 the weekly benefit amount, as determined in subsection (2) of this
- 15 section, or one-third of the individual's base year wages under this
- 16 title: PROVIDED, That as to any week which falls in an extended
- 17 benefit period as defined in RCW 50.22.010(1), an individual's

eligibility for maximum benefits in excess of twenty-six times his or her weekly benefit amount will be subject to the terms and conditions set forth in RCW 50.22.020.

- (b) With respect to claims that have an effective date on or after the first Sunday of the calendar month immediately following the month in which the commissioner finds that the state unemployment rate is six and eight-tenths percent or less, benefits shall be payable to any eligible individual during the individual's benefit year in a maximum amount equal to the lesser of twenty-six times the weekly benefit amount, as determined in subsection (2) of this section, or one-third of the individual's base year wages under this title.
- (2)(a) For claims with an effective date before January 4, 2004, an individual's weekly benefit amount shall be an amount equal to one twenty-fifth of the average quarterly wages of the individual's total wages during the two quarters of the individual's base year in which such total wages were highest.
- (b) With respect to claims with an effective date on or after January 4, 2004, and before January 2, 2005, an individual's weekly benefit amount shall be an amount equal to one twenty-fifth of the average quarterly wages of the individual's total wages during the three quarters of the individual's base year in which such total wages were highest.
- (c)(i) With respect to claims with an effective date on or after January 2, 2005, except as provided in (c)(ii) of this subsection, an individual's weekly benefit amount shall be an amount equal to one percent of the total wages paid in the individual's base year.
- (ii) With respect to claims with an effective date on or after the first Sunday following April 22, 2005, ((and before July 1, 2007,)) an individual's weekly benefit amount shall be an amount equal to three and eighty-five one-hundredths percent of the average quarterly wages of the individual's total wages during the two quarters of the individual's base year in which such total wages were highest.
- (3) The maximum and minimum amounts payable weekly shall be determined as of each June 30th to apply to benefit years beginning in the twelve-month period immediately following such June 30th.
- 36 (a)(i) With respect to claims that have an effective date before 37 January 4, 2004, the maximum amount payable weekly shall be seventy

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1 percent of the "average weekly wage" for the calendar year preceding 2 such June 30th.

- (ii) With respect to claims that have an effective date on or after January 4, 2004, the maximum amount payable weekly shall be either four hundred ninety-six dollars or sixty-three percent of the "average weekly wage" for the calendar year preceding such June 30th, whichever is greater.
- 8 (b) The minimum amount payable weekly shall be fifteen percent of 9 the "average weekly wage" for the calendar year preceding such June 10 30th.
- 11 (4) If any weekly benefit, maximum benefit, or minimum benefit 12 amount computed herein is not a multiple of one dollar, it shall be 13 reduced to the next lower multiple of one dollar.
- 14 **Sec. 2.** RCW 50.20.050 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- 16 (1) With respect to claims that have an effective date before 17 January 4, 2004:
  - (a) An individual shall be disqualified from benefits beginning with the first day of the calendar week in which he or she has left work voluntarily without good cause and thereafter for seven calendar weeks and until he or she has obtained bona fide work in employment covered by this title and earned wages in that employment equal to seven times his or her weekly benefit amount.

The disqualification shall continue if the work obtained is a mere sham to qualify for benefits and is not bona fide work. In determining whether work is of a bona fide nature, the commissioner shall consider factors including but not limited to the following:

(i) The duration of the work;

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- 29 (ii) The extent of direction and control by the employer over the 30 work; and
- 31 (iii) The level of skill required for the work in light of the 32 individual's training and experience.
- 33 (b) An individual shall not be considered to have left work voluntarily without good cause when:
- 35 (i) He or she has left work to accept a bona fide offer of bona 36 fide work as described in (a) of this subsection;

- (ii) The separation was because of the illness or disability of the claimant or the death, illness, or disability of a member of the claimant's immediate family if the claimant took all reasonable precautions, in accordance with any regulations that the commissioner may prescribe, to protect his or her employment status by having promptly notified the employer of the reason for the absence and by having promptly requested reemployment when again able to assume employment: PROVIDED, That these precautions need not have been taken when they would have been a futile act, including those instances when the futility of the act was a result of a recognized labor/management dispatch system;
- (iii) He or she has left work to relocate for the spouse's employment that is due to an employer-initiated mandatory transfer that is outside the existing labor market area if the claimant remained employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move; or
- (iv) The separation was necessary to protect the claimant or the claimant's immediate family members from domestic violence, as defined in RCW 26.50.010, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110.
- (c) In determining under this subsection whether an individual has left work voluntarily without good cause, the commissioner shall only consider work-connected factors such as the degree of risk involved to the individual's health, safety, and morals, the individual's physical fitness for the work, the individual's ability to perform the work, and such other work connected factors as the commissioner may deem pertinent, including state and national emergencies. Good cause shall not be established for voluntarily leaving work because of its distance from an individual's residence where the distance was known to the individual at the time he or she accepted the employment and where, in the judgment of the department, the distance is customarily traveled by workers in the individual's job classification and labor market, nor because of any other significant work factor which was generally known and present at the time he or she accepted employment, unless the related circumstances have so changed as to amount to a substantial involuntary deterioration of the work factor or unless the commissioner determines that other related circumstances would work an unreasonable hardship on the individual were he or she required to continue in the employment.

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- (d) Subsection (1)(a) and (c) of this section shall not apply to an 1 2 individual whose marital status or domestic responsibilities cause him or her to leave employment. Such an individual shall not be eliqible 3 for unemployment insurance benefits beginning with the first day of the 4 calendar week in which he or she left work and thereafter for seven 5 calendar weeks and until he or she has requalified, either by obtaining 6 7 bona fide work in employment covered by this title and earning wages in that employment equal to seven times his or her weekly benefit amount 8 or by reporting in person to the department during ten different 9 calendar weeks and certifying on each occasion that he or she is ready, 10 able, and willing to immediately accept any suitable work which may be 11 offered, is actively seeking work pursuant to customary trade 12 practices, and is utilizing such employment counseling and placement 13 services as are available through the department. This subsection does 14 not apply to individuals covered by (b)(ii) or (iii) of this 15 subsection. 16
  - (2) With respect to claims that have an effective date on or after January 4, 2004:
    - (a) An individual shall be disqualified from benefits beginning with the first day of the calendar week in which he or she has left work voluntarily without good cause and thereafter for seven calendar weeks and until he or she has obtained bona fide work in employment covered by this title and earned wages in that employment equal to seven times his or her weekly benefit amount.

The disqualification shall continue if the work obtained is a mere sham to qualify for benefits and is not bona fide work. In determining whether work is of a bona fide nature, the commissioner shall consider factors including but not limited to the following:

(i) The duration of the work;

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- 30 (ii) The extent of direction and control by the employer over the 31 work; and
- 32 (iii) The level of skill required for the work in light of the 33 individual's training and experience.
- 34 (b) An individual is not disqualified from benefits under (a) of this subsection when:
- 36 (i) He or she has left work to accept a bona fide offer of bona 37 fide work as described in (a) of this subsection;

- 1 (ii) The separation was necessary because of the illness or 2 disability of the claimant or the death, illness, or disability of a 3 member of the claimant's immediate family if:
  - (A) The claimant pursued all reasonable alternatives to preserve his or her employment status by requesting a leave of absence, by having promptly notified the employer of the reason for the absence, and by having promptly requested reemployment when again able to assume employment. These alternatives need not be pursued, however, when they would have been a futile act, including those instances when the futility of the act was a result of a recognized labor/management dispatch system; and
  - (B) The claimant terminated his or her employment status, and is not entitled to be reinstated to the same position or a comparable or similar position;
  - (iii) (A) With respect to claims that have an effective date before July 2, 2006, he or she:  $((\langle A \rangle))$  (I) Left work to relocate for the spouse's employment that, due to a mandatory military transfer:  $((\langle I \rangle))$  (1) Is outside the existing labor market area; and  $((\langle II \rangle))$  (2) is in Washington or another state that, pursuant to statute, does not consider such an individual to have left work voluntarily without good cause; and  $((\langle B \rangle))$  (II) remained employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move;
  - (B) With respect to claims that have an effective date on or after July 2, 2006, he or she: (I) Left work to relocate for the spouse's employment that, due to a mandatory military transfer, is outside the existing labor market area; and (II) remained employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move;
  - (iv) The separation was necessary to protect the claimant or the claimant's immediate family members from domestic violence, as defined in RCW 26.50.010, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110;
  - (v) The individual's usual compensation was reduced by twenty-five percent or more;
- 33 (vi) The individual's usual hours were reduced by twenty-five 34 percent or more;
- (vii) The individual's worksite changed, such change caused a material increase in distance or difficulty of travel, and, after the change, the commute was greater than is customary for workers in the individual's job classification and labor market;

- 1 (viii) The individual's worksite safety deteriorated, the 2 individual reported such safety deterioration to the employer, and the 3 employer failed to correct the hazards within a reasonable period of 4 time;
  - (ix) The individual left work because of illegal activities in the individual's worksite, the individual reported such activities to the employer, and the employer failed to end such activities within a reasonable period of time; or
- 9 (x) The individual's usual work was changed to work that violates 10 the individual's religious convictions or sincere moral beliefs.
- 11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** 2005 c 133 s 10 (uncodified) is repealed.

# 12 PART II - TAX PROVISIONS

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- 13 **Sec. 4.** RCW 50.29.025 and 2005 c 133 s 5 are each amended to read 14 as follows:
  - (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the contribution rate for each employer subject to contributions under RCW 50.24.010 shall be determined under this subsection.
  - (a) A fund balance ratio shall be determined by dividing the balance in the unemployment compensation fund as of the September 30th immediately preceding the rate year by the total remuneration paid by all employers subject to contributions during the second calendar year preceding the rate year and reported to the department by the following March 31st. The division shall be carried to the fourth decimal place with the remaining fraction, if any, disregarded. The fund balance ratio shall be expressed as a percentage.
  - (b) The interval of the fund balance ratio, expressed as a percentage, shall determine which tax schedule in (e) of this subsection shall be in effect for assigning tax rates for the rate year. The intervals for determining the effective tax schedule shall be:
- 31 Interval of the
  32 Fund Balance Ratio Effective
  33 Expressed as a Percentage Tax Schedule

1	2.90 and above	AA
2	2.10 to 2.89	A
3	1.70 to 2.09	В
4	1.40 to 1.69	C
5	1.00 to 1.39	D
6	0.70 to 0.99	E
7	Less than 0.70	F

- (c) An array shall be prepared, listing all qualified employers in ascending order of their benefit ratios. The array shall show for each qualified employer: (i) Identification number; (ii) benefit ratio; (iii) taxable payrolls for the four calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and reported to the department by the cut-off date; (iv) a cumulative total of taxable payrolls consisting of the employer's taxable payroll plus the taxable payrolls of all other employers preceding him or her in the array; and (v) the percentage equivalent of the cumulative total of taxable payrolls.
- (d) Each employer in the array shall be assigned to one of twenty rate classes according to the percentage intervals of cumulative taxable payrolls set forth in (e) of this subsection: PROVIDED, That if an employer's taxable payroll falls within two or more rate classes, the employer and any other employer with the same benefit ratio shall be assigned to the lowest rate class which includes any portion of the employer's taxable payroll.
- (e) Except as provided in RCW 50.29.026, the contribution rate for each employer in the array shall be the rate specified in the following tables for the rate class to which he or she has been assigned, as determined under (d) of this subsection, within the tax schedule which is to be in effect during the rate year:

29									
30	Perc	ent of							
31	Cum	ulative		Schedu	les of C	ontrib	utions	Rates	
32	Taxable	Taxable Payrolls		for Effective Tax Schedule					
33		Rate							
34	From	To Class	AA	A	В	C	D	E	F
35	0.00	5.00 1	0.47	0.47	0.57	0.97	1.47	1.87	2.47
36	5.01	10.00 2	0.47	0.47	0.77	1.17	1.67	2.07	2.67

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10.01 15.00
                                                      3 0.57 0.57
                                                                      0.97 1.37 1.77 2.27 2.87
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                                                       4 0.57 0.73
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                                         15.01 20.00
                                                                      1.11 1.51 1.90 2.40 2.98
                                         20.01 25.00
                                                      5 0.72 0.92
                                                                      1.30 1.70 2.09
                                                                                     2.59 3.08
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                                                                                     2.69 3.18
                                         25.01 30.00
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                                                                      1.49 1.89 2.29
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                                         30.01 35.00
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                                         35.01 40.00
                                                      8 1.19 1.48
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                                         40.01 45.00
                                                      9 1.37 1.67
                                                                      2.07 2.47 2.87
                                                                                     3.27 3.66
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                                         45.01 50.00 10 1.56 1.86
                                                                      2.26 2.66 3.06
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                                         50.01 55.00 11 1.84 2.14
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                                                                      2.45 2.85 3.25
                                         55.01 60.00 12 2.03 2.33
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                                                                      2.64 3.04 3.44
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                                         60.01 65.00 13 2.22 2.52
                                                                      2.83 3.23 3.64
                                                                                     4.04 4.34
11
                                         65.01 70.00 14 2.40 2.71
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                                                                      3.02 3.43 3.83
12
                                         70.01 75.00 15 2.68 2.90
                                                                      3.21 3.62 4.02
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                                         75.01 80.00 16 2.87 3.09
                                                                      3.42 3.81 4.22
                                                                                     4.53 4.73
                                                     17 3.27 3.47
                                                                      3.77 4.17 4.57
                                                                                     4.87 4.97
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                                         80.01 85.00
                                                                                     4.97 5.17
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                                         85.01 90.00 18 3.67 3.87
                                                                      4.17 4.57 4.87
                                         90.01 95.00 19 4.07 4.27
                                                                                     5.17 5.37
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                                                                      4.57 4.97 5.07
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                                         95.01 100.00 20 5.40 5.40
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- (f) The contribution rate for each employer not qualified to be in the array shall be as follows:
- (i) Employers who do not meet the definition of "qualified employer" by reason of failure to pay contributions when due shall be assigned a contribution rate two-tenths higher than that in rate class 20 for the applicable rate year, except employers who have an approved agency-deferred payment contract by September 30 of the previous rate year. If any employer with an approved agency-deferred payment contract fails to make any one of the succeeding deferred payments or fails to submit any succeeding tax report and payment in a timely manner, the employer's tax rate shall immediately revert to a contribution rate two-tenths higher than that in rate class 20 for the applicable rate year; and
- (ii) For all other employers not qualified to be in the array, the contribution rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry rate as determined by the commissioner; however, the rate may not be less than one percent.
- (2) Beginning with contributions assessed for rate year 2005, the contribution rate for each employer subject to contributions under RCW 50.24.010 shall be the sum of the array calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate determined under this subsection, and the solvency surcharge determined under RCW 50.29.041, if any.

- 1 (a) The array calculation factor rate shall be determined as 2 follows:
  - (i) An array shall be prepared, listing all qualified employers in ascending order of their benefit ratios. The array shall show for each qualified employer: (A) Identification number; (B) benefit ratio; and (C) taxable payrolls for the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and reported to the employment security department by the cut-off date.
  - (ii) Each employer in the array shall be assigned to one of forty rate classes according to his or her benefit ratio as follows, and, except as provided in RCW 50.29.026, the array calculation factor rate for each employer in the array shall be the rate specified in the rate class to which the employer has been assigned:

14	Benefit Ratio		Rate	Rate
15	At least	Less than	Class	(percent)
16		0.000001	1	0.00
17	0.000001	0.001250	2	0.13
18	0.001250	0.002500	3	0.25
19	0.002500	0.003750	4	0.38
20	0.003750	0.005000	5	0.50
21	0.005000	0.006250	6	0.63
22	0.006250	0.007500	7	0.75
23	0.007500	0.008750	8	0.88
24	0.008750	0.010000	9	1.00
25	0.010000	0.011250	10	1.15
26	0.011250	0.012500	11	1.30
27	0.012500	0.013750	12	1.45
28	0.013750	0.015000	13	1.60
29	0.015000	0.016250	14	1.75
30	0.016250	0.017500	15	1.90
31	0.017500	0.018750	16	2.05
32	0.018750	0.020000	17	2.20
33	0.020000	0.021250	18	2.35
34	0.021250	0.022500	19	2.50
35	0.022500	0.023750	20	2.65
36	0.023750	0.025000	21	2.80

1	0.02500	0.026250	22	2.95
2	0.02625	0.027500	23	3.10
3	0.02750	0.028750	24	3.25
4	0.02875	0.030000	25	3.40
5	0.03000	0.031250	26	3.55
6	0.03125	0.032500	27	3.70
7	0.03250	0.033750	28	3.85
8	0.03375	0.035000	29	4.00
9	0.03500	0.036250	30	4.15
10	0.03625	0.037500	31	4.30
11	0.03750	0.040000	32	4.45
12	0.04000	0.042500	33	4.60
13	0.04250	0.045000	34	4.75
14	0.04500	0.047500	35	4.90
15	0.04750	0.050000	36	5.05
16	0.05000	0.052500	37	5.20
17	0.05250	0.055000	38	5.30
18	0.05500	0.057500	39	5.35
19	0.05750	00	40	5.40

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- (b) The graduated social cost factor rate shall be determined as 21 follows:
  - (i)(A) Except as provided in (b)(i)(B)((-)) and (C)((-)) of this subsection, the commissioner shall calculate the flat social cost factor for a rate year by dividing the total social cost by the total taxable payroll. The division shall be carried to the second decimal place with the remaining fraction disregarded unless it amounts to five hundredths or more, in which case the second decimal place shall be rounded to the next higher digit. The flat social cost factor shall be expressed as a percentage.
  - (B) If, on the cut-off date, the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is determined by the commissioner to be an amount that will provide more than ten months of unemployment benefits, the commissioner shall calculate the flat social cost factor for the rate year immediately following the cut-off date by reducing the total social cost by the dollar amount that represents the number of months for which the balance in the unemployment compensation fund on the cutoff date will provide benefits above ten months and dividing the result by the total taxable payroll. However, the calculation under this

subsection (2)(b)(i)(B) for a rate year may not result in a flat social cost factor that is more than ((two-tenths)) four-tenths lower than the calculation under (b)(i)(A) of this subsection for that rate year.

For the purposes of this subsection, the commissioner shall determine the number of months of unemployment benefits in the unemployment compensation fund using the benefit cost rate for the average of the three highest calendar benefit cost rates in the twenty consecutive completed calendar years immediately preceding the cut-off date or a period of consecutive calendar years immediately preceding the cut-off date that includes three recessions, if longer.

- (C) The minimum flat social cost factor calculated under this subsection (2)(b) shall be six-tenths of one percent, except that if the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is determined by the commissioner to be an amount that will provide:
- (I) At least twelve months but less than fourteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be five-tenths of one percent; or
  - (II) At least fourteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be five-tenths of one percent, except that, for employers in rate class 1, the minimum shall be forty-five hundredths of one percent.
- (((D) With respect to rate year 2007, the flat social cost factor shall be the lesser of:
- 23 (I) The flat social cost factor determined under (b)(i)(A) through (C) of this subsection; or
  - (II) The flat social cost factor that would be determined under (b)(i)(A) through (C) of this subsection if RCW 50.20.120(2)(c)(i) had been in effect during the immediately preceding rate year.))
  - (ii)(A) Except as provided in (b)(ii)(B) of this subsection, the graduated social cost factor rate for each employer in the array is the flat social cost factor multiplied by the percentage specified as follows for the rate class to which the employer has been assigned in (a)(ii) of this subsection, except that the sum of an employer's array calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate may not exceed six and five-tenths percent or, for employers whose North American industry classification system code is within "111," "112," "1141," "115," "3114," "3117," ((ex)) "42448," or "49312," may not exceed six percent through rate year 2007 and may not exceed five and
- 38 <u>seven-tenths percent for rate year 2008 and thereafter</u>:

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(I) Rate class 1 - 78 percent;
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         (II) Rate class 2 - 82 percent;
         (III) Rate class 3 - 86 percent;
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         (IV) Rate class 4 - 90 percent;
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         (V) Rate class 5 - 94 percent;
         (VI) Rate class 6 - 98 percent;
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         (VII) Rate class 7 - 102 percent;
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         (VIII) Rate class 8 - 106 percent;
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         (IX) Rate class 9 - 110 percent;
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         (X) Rate class 10 - 114 percent;
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         (XI) Rate class 11 - 118 percent; and
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12
         (XII) Rate classes 12 through 40 - 120 percent.
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- (B) For contributions assessed beginning July 1, 2005, through 13 14 ((<del>June 30,</del>)) December 31, 2007, for employers whose North American industry classification system code is "111," "112," "1141," "115," 15 "3114," "3117," "42448," or "49312," the graduated social cost factor
- 16 17 rate is zero.
- (iii) For the purposes of this section: 18
- (A) "Total social cost" means((÷ 19

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- (I) Except as provided in (b)(iii)(A)(II) of this subsection,)) the amount calculated by subtracting the array calculation factor contributions paid by all employers with respect to the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and paid to the employment security department by the cut-off date from the total unemployment benefits paid to claimants in the same four consecutive calendar quarters. To calculate the flat social cost factor for rate year 2005, the commissioner shall calculate the total social cost using the array calculation factor contributions that would have been required to be paid by all employers in the calculation period if (a) of this subsection had been in effect for the relevant period.
- (((II) For rate year 2007, the amount calculated under (b)(iii)(A)(I) of this subsection reduced by the amount of benefits charged that exceed the contributions paid in the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the applicable computation date because, as applicable, specified employers are subject to the social cost contributions under (b)(ii)(B) of this subsection, and/or because

the social cost factor contributions are paid under (b)(i)(D)(II) of
this subsection.))

- (B) "Total taxable payroll" means the total amount of wages subject to tax, as determined under RCW 50.24.010, for all employers in the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and reported to the employment security department by the cut-off date.
- (c) The array calculation factor rate for each employer not qualified to be in the array shall be as follows:
- (i) Employers who do not meet the definition of "qualified employer" by reason of failure to pay contributions when due shall be assigned an array calculation factor rate two-tenths higher than that in rate class 40, except employers who have an approved agency-deferred payment contract by September 30th of the previous rate year. If any employer with an approved agency-deferred payment contract fails to make any one of the succeeding deferred payments or fails to submit any succeeding tax report and payment in a timely manner, the employer's tax rate shall immediately revert to an array calculation factor rate two-tenths higher than that in rate class 40; and
- (ii) For all other employers not qualified to be in the array, the array calculation factor rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry array calculation factor rate as determined by the commissioner, plus fifteen percent of that amount; however, the rate may not be less than one percent or more than the array calculation factor rate in rate class 40.
- (d) The graduated social cost factor rate for each employer not qualified to be in the array shall be as follows:
- (i) For employers whose array calculation factor rate is determined under (c)(i) of this subsection, the social cost factor rate shall be the social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b)(ii) of this subsection.
- (ii) For employers whose array calculation factor rate is determined under (c)(ii) of this subsection, the social cost factor rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry social cost factor rate as determined by the commissioner, plus fifteen percent of that amount, but not more than the social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b)(ii) of this subsection.

(3) Assignment of employers by the commissioner to industrial classification, for purposes of this section, shall be in accordance with established classification practices found in the "Standard Industrial Classification Manual" issued by the federal office of management and budget to the third digit provided in the standard industrial classification code, or in the North American industry classification system code.

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8 Sec. 5. RCW 50.29.041 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

Beginning with contributions assessed for rate year 2005, the contribution rate of each employer subject to contributions under RCW 50.24.010 shall include a solvency surcharge determined as follows:

- (1) This section shall apply to employers' contributions for a rate year immediately following a cut-off date only if, on the cut-off date, the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is determined by the commissioner to be an amount that will provide fewer than ((six)) seven months of unemployment benefits.
- (2) The solvency surcharge shall be the lowest rate necessary, as determined by the commissioner, but not more than two-tenths of one percent, to provide revenue during the applicable rate year that will fund unemployment benefits for the number of months that is the difference between ((eight)) nine months and the number of months for which the balance in the unemployment compensation fund on the cut-off date will provide benefits.
- 25 (3) The basis for determining the number of months of unemployment 26 benefits shall be the same basis used in RCW 50.29.025(2)(b)(i)(B).
- 27 **Sec. 6.** RCW 50.29.021 and 2005 c 133 s 4 are each amended to read 28 as follows:
- 29 (1) This section applies to benefits charged to the experience 30 rating accounts of employers for claims that have an effective date on 31 or after January 4, 2004.
- 32 (2)(a) An experience rating account shall be established and 33 maintained for each employer, except employers as described in RCW 34 50.44.010 and 50.44.030 who have properly elected to make payments in 35 lieu of contributions, taxable local government employers as described

in RCW 50.44.035, and those employers who are required to make payments in lieu of contributions, based on existing records of the employment security department.

- (b) Benefits paid to an eligible individual shall be charged to the experience rating accounts of each of such individual's employers during the individual's base year in the same ratio that the wages paid by each employer to the individual during the base year bear to the wages paid by all employers to that individual during that base year, except as otherwise provided in this section.
- (c) When the eligible individual's separating employer is a covered contribution paying base year employer, benefits paid to the eligible individual shall be charged to the experience rating account of only the individual's separating employer if the individual qualifies for benefits under:
- (i) RCW 50.20.050(2)(b)(i), as applicable, and became unemployed after having worked and earned wages in the bona fide work; or
  - (ii) RCW 50.20.050(2)(b)(v) through (x).
- (3) The legislature finds that certain benefit payments, in whole or in part, should not be charged to the experience rating accounts of employers except those employers described in RCW 50.44.010 and 50.44.030 who have properly elected to make payments in lieu of contributions, taxable local government employers described in RCW 50.44.035, and those employers who are required to make payments in lieu of contributions, as follows:
- (a) Benefits paid to any individual later determined to be ineligible shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer.
  - (b) Benefits paid to an individual filing under the provisions of chapter 50.06 RCW shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer only if:
- (i) The individual files under RCW 50.06.020(1) after receiving crime victims' compensation for a disability resulting from a nonwork-related occurrence; or
  - (ii) The individual files under RCW 50.06.020(2).
- 35 (c) Benefits paid which represent the state's share of benefits 36 payable as extended benefits defined under RCW 50.22.010(6) shall not 37 be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying 38 employer.

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- 1 (d) In the case of individuals who requalify for benefits under RCW 50.20.050 or 50.20.060, benefits based on wage credits earned prior to the disqualifying separation shall not be charged to the experience rating account of the contribution paying employer from whom that separation took place.
  - (e) Individuals who qualify for benefits under RCW 50.20.050(2)(b)(iv), as applicable, shall not have their benefits charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer.

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- (f) With respect to claims with an effective date on or after the first Sunday following April 22, 2005, ((and before July 1, 2007,)) benefits paid that exceed the benefits that would have been paid if the weekly benefit amount for the claim had been determined as one percent of the total wages paid in the individual's base year shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer.
- (4)(a) A contribution paying base year employer, not otherwise eligible for relief of charges for benefits under this section, may receive such relief if the benefit charges result from payment to an individual who:
- 21 (i) Last left the employ of such employer voluntarily for reasons 22 not attributable to the employer;
  - (ii) Was discharged for misconduct or gross misconduct connected with his or her work not a result of inability to meet the minimum job requirements;
  - (iii) Is unemployed as a result of closure or severe curtailment of operation at the employer's plant, building, worksite, or other facility. This closure must be for reasons directly attributable to a catastrophic occurrence such as fire, flood, or other natural disaster; or
  - (iv) Continues to be employed on a regularly scheduled permanent part-time basis by a base year employer and who at some time during the base year was concurrently employed and subsequently separated from at least one other base year employer. Benefit charge relief ceases when the employment relationship between the employer requesting relief and the claimant is terminated. This subsection does not apply to shared work employers under chapter 50.60 RCW.

- (b) The employer requesting relief of charges under this subsection must request relief in writing within thirty days following mailing to the last known address of the notification of the valid initial determination of such claim, stating the date and reason for the separation or the circumstances of continued employment. The commissioner, upon investigation of the request, shall determine whether relief should be granted.
- **Sec. 7.** RCW 50.16.030 and 2005 c 133 s 6 are each amended to read 9 as follows:
- (1)(a) Except as provided in (b) ((and (c))) of this subsection, moneys shall be requisitioned from this state's account in the unemployment trust fund solely for the payment of benefits and repayment of loans from the federal government to guarantee solvency of the unemployment compensation fund in accordance with regulations prescribed by the commissioner, except that money credited to this state's account pursuant to section 903 of the social security act, as amended, shall be used exclusively as provided in RCW 50.16.030(5). The commissioner shall from time to time requisition from the unemployment trust fund such amounts, not exceeding the amounts standing to its account therein, as he or she deems necessary for the payment of benefits for a reasonable future period. Upon receipt thereof the treasurer shall deposit such moneys in the benefit account and shall issue his or her warrants for the payment of benefits solely from such benefits account.
  - (b) Moneys for the payment of regular benefits as defined in RCW 50.22.010 shall be requisitioned during fiscal year(( $\mathfrak{s}$ )) 2006 (( $\mathfrak{s}$ )) in the following order:
  - (i) First, from the moneys credited to this state's account in the unemployment trust fund pursuant to section 903 of the social security act, as amended in section 209 of the temporary extended unemployment compensation act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1103(d)), the amount equal to the amount of benefits charged that exceed the contributions paid in the four consecutive calendar quarters ending on June 30, 2006, ((for the fiscal year 2006 calculation, and ending on June 30, 2007, for the fiscal year 2007 calculation,)) because the social cost factor contributions that employers are subject to under RCW

50.29.025(2)(b)(ii)(B) are less than the social cost factor contributions that these employers would have been subject to if RCW 50.29.025(2)(b)(ii)(A) had applied to these employers; and

- (ii) Second, after the requisitioning required under (b)(i) of this subsection ((in the respective fiscal year)), from all other moneys credited to this state's account in the unemployment trust fund.
- (((c) After the requisitioning required under (b) of this subsection, if applicable, moneys for the payment of regular benefits as defined in RCW 50.22.010 shall be requisitioned during calendar year 2007 in the following order:
- (i) First, from the moneys credited to this state's account in the unemployment trust fund pursuant to section 903 of the social security act, as amended in section 209 of the temporary extended unemployment compensation act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1103(d)), the amount equal to the amount of benefits paid under RCW 50.20.120(2)(c)(ii) beginning on the first Sunday following April 22, 2005, and ending on June 30, 2007, that exceed the amount of benefits that would have been paid if the weekly benefit amount had been determined as one percent of the total wages paid in the individual's base year; and
- (ii) Second, after the requisitioning required under (c)(i) of this subsection in the respective calendar year, from all other moneys credited to this state's account in the unemployment trust fund.))
- (2) Expenditures of such moneys in the benefit account and refunds from the clearing account shall not be subject to any provisions of law requiring specific appropriations or other formal release by state officers of money in their custody, and RCW 43.01.050, as amended, shall not apply. All warrants issued by the treasurer for the payment of benefits and refunds shall bear the signature of the treasurer and the countersignature of the commissioner, or his or her duly authorized agent for that purpose.
- (3) Any balance of moneys requisitioned from the unemployment trust fund which remains unclaimed or unpaid in the benefit account after the expiration of the period for which sums were requisitioned shall either be deducted from estimates for, and may be utilized for the payment of, benefits during succeeding periods, or in the discretion of the commissioner, shall be redeposited with the secretary of the treasury of the United States of America to the credit of this state's account in the unemployment trust fund.

- (4) Money credited to the account of this state in the unemployment trust fund by the secretary of the treasury of the United States of America pursuant to section 903 of the social security act, as amended, may be requisitioned and used for the payment of expenses incurred for the administration of this title pursuant to a specific appropriation by the legislature, provided that the expenses are incurred and the money is requisitioned after the enactment of an appropriation law which:
- (a) Specifies the purposes for which such money is appropriated and the amounts appropriated therefor;
- (b) Limits the period within which such money may be obligated to a period ending not more than two years after the date of the enactment of the appropriation law; and
- (c) Limits the amount which may be obligated during a twelve-month period beginning on July 1st and ending on the next June 30th to an amount which does not exceed the amount by which (i) the aggregate of the amounts credited to the account of this state pursuant to section 903 of the social security act, as amended, during the same twelvemonth period and the thirty-four preceding twelve-month periods, exceeds (ii) the aggregate of the amounts obligated pursuant to RCW 50.16.030 (4), (5) and (6) and charged against the amounts credited to the account of this state during any of such thirty-five twelve-month For the purposes of RCW 50.16.030(4), (5) and (6), amounts obligated during any such twelve-month period shall be charged against equivalent amounts which were first credited and which are not already so charged; except that no amount obligated for administration during any such twelve-month period may be charged against any amount credited during such a twelve-month period earlier than the thirty-fourth twelve-month period preceding such period: PROVIDED, That any amount credited to this state's account under section 903 of the social security act, as amended, which has been appropriated for expenses of administration, whether or not withdrawn from the trust fund shall be excluded from the unemployment compensation fund balance for the purpose of experience rating credit determination.
- (5) Money credited to the account of this state pursuant to section 903 of the social security act, as amended, may not be withdrawn or used except for the payment of benefits and for the payment of expenses of administration and of public employment offices pursuant to RCW

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- 50.16.030 (4), (5) and (6). However, moneys credited because of excess amounts in federal accounts in federal fiscal years 1999, 2000, and 2001 shall be used solely for the administration of the unemployment compensation program and are not subject to appropriation by the legislature for any other purpose.
- (6) Money requisitioned as provided in RCW 50.16.030 (4), (5) and 6 7 (6) for the payment of expenses of administration shall be deposited in the unemployment compensation fund, but until expended, shall remain a 8 part of the unemployment compensation fund. 9 The commissioner shall 10 maintain a separate record of the deposit, obligation, expenditure and return of funds so deposited. Any money so deposited which either will 11 12 not be obligated within the period specified by the appropriation law 13 or remains unobligated at the end of the period, and any money which 14 has been obligated within the period but will not be expended, shall be returned promptly to the account of this state in the unemployment 15 16 trust fund.

#### PART III - REENACTED PROVISIONS

- 18 **Sec. 8.** RCW 50.04.293 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 5 are each 19 reenacted to read as follows:
- With respect to claims that have an effective date before January 4, 2004, "misconduct" means an employee's act or failure to act in willful disregard of his or her employer's interest where the effect of the employee's act or failure to act is to harm the employer's business.
- 25 **Sec. 9.** RCW 50.04.294 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 6 are each 26 reenacted to read as follows:
- With respect to claims that have an effective date on or after January 4, 2004:
- 29 (1) "Misconduct" includes, but is not limited to, the following 30 conduct by a claimant:
- 31 (a) Willful or wanton disregard of the rights, title, and interests 32 of the employer or a fellow employee;
- 33 (b) Deliberate violations or disregard of standards of behavior 34 which the employer has the right to expect of an employee;

- 1 (c) Carelessness or negligence that causes or would likely cause 2 serious bodily harm to the employer or a fellow employee; or
  - (d) Carelessness or negligence of such degree or recurrence to show an intentional or substantial disregard of the employer's interest.
  - (2) The following acts are considered misconduct because the acts signify a willful or wanton disregard of the rights, title, and interests of the employer or a fellow employee. These acts include, but are not limited to:
- 9 (a) Insubordination showing a deliberate, willful, or purposeful 10 refusal to follow the reasonable directions or instructions of the 11 employer;
- 12 (b) Repeated inexcusable tardiness following warnings by the 13 employer;
  - (c) Dishonesty related to employment, including but not limited to deliberate falsification of company records, theft, deliberate deception, or lying;
- 17 (d) Repeated and inexcusable absences, including absences for which 18 the employee was able to give advance notice and failed to do so;
  - (e) Deliberate acts that are illegal, provoke violence or violation of laws, or violate the collective bargaining agreement. However, an employee who engages in lawful union activity may not be disqualified due to misconduct;
  - (f) Violation of a company rule if the rule is reasonable and if the claimant knew or should have known of the existence of the rule; or
    - (g) Violations of law by the claimant while acting within the scope of employment that substantially affect the claimant's job performance or that substantially harm the employer's ability to do business.
      - (3) "Misconduct" does not include:
- 29 (a) Inefficiency, unsatisfactory conduct, or failure to perform 30 well as the result of inability or incapacity;
  - (b) Inadvertence or ordinary negligence in isolated instances; or
  - (c) Good faith errors in judgment or discretion.
- 33 (4) "Gross misconduct" means a criminal act in connection with an 34 individual's work for which the individual has been convicted in a 35 criminal court, or has admitted committing, or conduct connected with 36 the individual's work that demonstrates a flagrant and wanton disregard 37 of and for the rights, title, or interest of the employer or a fellow 38 employee.

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Sec. 10. RCW 50.20.010 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 3 are each reenacted to read as follows:

- (1) An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive waiting period credits or benefits with respect to any week in his or her eligibility period only if the commissioner finds that:
- (a) He or she has registered for work at, and thereafter has continued to report at, an employment office in accordance with such regulation as the commissioner may prescribe, except that the commissioner may by regulation waive or alter either or both of the requirements of this subdivision as to individuals attached to regular jobs and as to such other types of cases or situations with respect to which the commissioner finds that the compliance with such requirements would be oppressive, or would be inconsistent with the purposes of this title;
- (b) He or she has filed an application for an initial determination and made a claim for waiting period credit or for benefits in accordance with the provisions of this title;
- (c) He or she is able to work, and is available for work in any trade, occupation, profession, or business for which he or she is reasonably fitted.
- (i) With respect to claims that have an effective date before January 4, 2004, to be available for work an individual must be ready, able, and willing, immediately to accept any suitable work which may be offered to him or her and must be actively seeking work pursuant to customary trade practices and through other methods when so directed by the commissioner or the commissioner's agents.
- (ii) With respect to claims that have an effective date on or after January 4, 2004, to be available for work an individual must be ready, able, and willing, immediately to accept any suitable work which may be offered to him or her and must be actively seeking work pursuant to customary trade practices and through other methods when so directed by the commissioner or the commissioner's agents. If a labor agreement or dispatch rules apply, customary trade practices must be in accordance with the applicable agreement or rules;
  - (d) He or she has been unemployed for a waiting period of one week;
- 36 (e) He or she participates in reemployment services if the 37 individual has been referred to reemployment services pursuant to the

- profiling system established by the commissioner under RCW 50.20.011, unless the commissioner determines that:
  - (i) The individual has completed such services; or
  - (ii) There is justifiable cause for the claimant's failure to participate in such services; and
  - (f) As to weeks beginning after March 31, 1981, which fall within an extended benefit period as defined in RCW 50.22.010, the individual meets the terms and conditions of RCW 50.22.020 with respect to benefits claimed in excess of twenty-six times the individual's weekly benefit amount.
- 12 (2) An individual's eligibility period for regular benefits shall 12 be coincident to his or her established benefit year. An individual's 13 eligibility period for additional or extended benefits shall be the 14 periods prescribed elsewhere in this title for such benefits.
- 15 **Sec. 11.** RCW 50.20.060 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 7 are each 16 reenacted to read as follows:
  - With respect to claims that have an effective date before January 4, 2004, an individual shall be disqualified from benefits beginning with the first day of the calendar week in which he or she has been discharged or suspended for misconduct connected with his or her work and thereafter for seven calendar weeks and until he or she has obtained bona fide work in employment covered by this title and earned wages in that employment equal to seven times his or her weekly benefit amount. Alcoholism shall not constitute a defense to disqualification from benefits due to misconduct.
- 26 **Sec. 12.** RCW 50.20.065 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 8 are each reenacted to read as follows:
- With respect to claims that have an effective date before January 4, 2004:
- 30 (1) An individual who has been discharged from his or her work 31 because of a felony or gross misdemeanor of which he or she has been 32 convicted, or has admitted committing to a competent authority, and 33 that is connected with his or her work shall have all hourly wage 34 credits based on that employment canceled.
- 35 (2) The employer shall notify the department of such an admission

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or conviction, not later than six months following the admission or conviction.

- (3) The claimant shall disclose any conviction of the claimant of a work-connected felony or gross misdemeanor occurring in the previous two years to the department at the time of application for benefits.
- (4) All benefits that are paid in error based on wage/hour credits that should have been removed from the claimant's base year are recoverable, notwithstanding RCW 50.20.190 or 50.24.020 or any other provisions of this title.
- **Sec. 13.** RCW 50.20.066 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 9 are each 11 reenacted to read as follows:
- With respect to claims that have an effective date on or after January 4, 2004:
  - (1) An individual shall be disqualified from benefits beginning with the first day of the calendar week in which he or she has been discharged or suspended for misconduct connected with his or her work and thereafter for ten calendar weeks and until he or she has obtained bona fide work in employment covered by this title and earned wages in that employment equal to ten times his or her weekly benefit amount. Alcoholism shall not constitute a defense to disqualification from benefits due to misconduct.
  - (2) An individual who has been discharged from his or her work because of gross misconduct shall have all hourly wage credits based on that employment or six hundred eighty hours of wage credits, whichever is greater, canceled.
  - (3) The employer shall notify the department of a felony or gross misdemeanor of which an individual has been convicted, or has admitted committing to a competent authority, not later than six months following the admission or conviction.
  - (4) The claimant shall disclose any conviction of the claimant of a work-connected felony or gross misdemeanor occurring in the previous two years to the department at the time of application for benefits.
- 33 (5) All benefits that are paid in error based on this section are 34 recoverable, notwithstanding RCW 50.20.190 or 50.24.020 or any other 35 provisions of this title.

- Sec. 14. RCW 50.20.100 and 2004 c 110 s 2 are each reenacted to read as follows:
- (1) Suitable work for an individual is employment in an occupation 3 in keeping with the individual's prior work experience, education, or 4 5 training and if the individual has no prior work experience, special education, or training for employment available in the general area, 6 7 then employment which the individual would have the physical and mental ability to perform. In determining whether work is suitable for an 8 individual, the commissioner shall also consider the degree of risk 9 10 involved to the individual's health, safety, and morals, the individual's physical fitness, the individual's length of unemployment 11 12 and prospects for securing local work in the individual's customary 13 occupation, the distance of the available work from the individual's 14 residence, and such other factors as the commissioner may deem pertinent, including state and national emergencies. 15
  - (2) For individuals with base year work experience in agricultural labor, any agricultural labor available from any employer shall be deemed suitable unless it meets conditions in RCW 50.20.110 or the commissioner finds elements of specific work opportunity unsuitable for a particular individual.
  - (3) For part-time workers as defined in RCW 50.20.119, suitable work includes suitable work under subsection (1) of this section that is for seventeen or fewer hours per week.
- (4) For individuals who have qualified for unemployment compensation benefits under RCW 50.20.050 (1)(b)(iv) or (2)(b)(iv), as applicable, an evaluation of the suitability of the work must consider the individual's need to address the physical, psychological, legal, and other effects of domestic violence or stalking.
- 29 **Sec. 15.** RCW 50.20.119 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 12 are each 30 reenacted to read as follows:
- 31 (1) With respect to claims that have an effective date on or after 32 January 2, 2005, an otherwise eligible individual may not be denied 33 benefits for any week because the individual is a part-time worker and 34 is available for, seeks, applies for, or accepts only work of seventeen 35 or fewer hours per week by reason of the application of RCW 36 50.20.010(1)(c), 50.20.080, or 50.22.020(1) relating to availability

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for work and active search for work, or failure to apply for or refusal to accept suitable work.

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- (2) For purposes of this section, "part-time worker" means an individual who: (a) Earned wages in "employment" in at least forty weeks in the individual's base year; and (b) did not earn wages in "employment" in more than seventeen hours per week in any weeks in the individual's base year.
- 8 Sec. 16. RCW 50.20.240 and 2004 c 110 s 1 are each reenacted to 9 read as follows:
  - (1)(a) To ensure that following the initial application for benefits, an individual is actively engaged in searching for work, the employment security department shall implement a job search monitoring program. Effective January 4, 2004, the department shall contract with employment security agencies in other states to ensure that individuals residing in those states and receiving benefits under this title are actively engaged in searching for work in accordance with the requirements of this section. The department may use interactive voice technology and other electronic means to ensure that individuals are subject to comparable job search monitoring, regardless of whether they reside in Washington or elsewhere.
  - (b) Except for those individuals with employer attachment or union referral, individuals who qualify for unemployment compensation under RCW 50.20.050 (1)(b)(iv) or (2)(b)(iv), as applicable, and individuals in commissioner-approved training, an individual who has received five or more weeks of benefits under this title, regardless of whether the individual resides in Washington or elsewhere, must provide evidence of seeking work, as directed by the commissioner or the commissioner's agents, for each week beyond five in which a claim is filed. regard to claims with an effective date before January 4, 2004, the evidence must demonstrate contacts with at least three employers per week or documented in-person job search activity at the local reemployment center. With regard to claims with an effective date on or after January 4, 2004, the evidence must demonstrate contacts with at least three employers per week or documented in-person job search activities at the local reemployment center at least three times per week.

- 1 (c) In developing the requirements for the job search monitoring 2 program, the commissioner or the commissioner's agents shall utilize an 3 existing advisory committee having equal representation of employers 4 and workers.
- 5 (2) Effective January 4, 2004, an individual who fails to comply 6 fully with the requirements for actively seeking work under RCW 7 50.20.010 shall lose all benefits for all weeks during which the 8 individual was not in compliance, and the individual shall be liable 9 for repayment of all such benefits under RCW 50.20.190.
- 10 **Sec. 17.** RCW 50.04.335 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 2 are each 11 reenacted to read as follows:

After December 31, 2003, for the purpose of the payment of contributions, the term "wages" does not include an employee's income attributable to the transfer of shares of stock to the employee pursuant to his or her exercise of a stock option granted for any reason connected with his or her employment.

- 17 **Sec. 18.** RCW 50.16.010 and 2005 c 518 s 933 are each reenacted to 18 read as follows:
  - (1) There shall be maintained as special funds, separate and apart from all public moneys or funds of this state an unemployment compensation fund, an administrative contingency fund, and a federal interest payment fund, which shall be administered by the commissioner exclusively for the purposes of this title, and to which RCW 43.01.050 shall not be applicable.
    - (2)(a) The unemployment compensation fund shall consist of:
- 26 (i) All contributions collected under RCW 50.24.010 and payments in 27 lieu of contributions collected pursuant to the provisions of this 28 title;
- 29 (ii) Any property or securities acquired through the use of moneys 30 belonging to the fund;
- 31 (iii) All earnings of such property or securities;
- (iv) Any moneys received from the federal unemployment account in the unemployment trust fund in accordance with Title XII of the social security act, as amended;
- 35 (v) All money recovered on official bonds for losses sustained by 36 the fund;

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- 1 (vi) All money credited to this state's account in the unemployment 2 trust fund pursuant to section 903 of the social security act, as 3 amended;
  - (vii) All money received from the federal government as reimbursement pursuant to section 204 of the federal-state extended compensation act of 1970 (84 Stat. 708-712; 26 U.S.C. Sec. 3304); and
    - (viii) All moneys received for the fund from any other source.
- 8 (b) All moneys in the unemployment compensation fund shall be commingled and undivided.
- 10 (3)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the 11 administrative contingency fund shall consist of:
- 12 (i) All interest on delinquent contributions collected pursuant to this title;
- 14 (ii) All fines and penalties collected pursuant to the provisions of this title;
- 16 (iii) All sums recovered on official bonds for losses sustained by 17 the fund; and
  - (iv) Revenue received under RCW 50.24.014.

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- (b) All fees, fines, forfeitures, and penalties collected or assessed by a district court because of the violation of this title or rules adopted under this title shall be remitted as provided in chapter 3.62 RCW.
  - (c) Moneys available in the administrative contingency fund, other than money in the special account created under RCW 50.24.014(1)(a), shall be expended upon the direction of the commissioner, with the approval of the governor, whenever it appears to him or her that such expenditure is necessary solely for:
  - (i) The proper administration of this title and no federal funds are available for the specific purpose to which such expenditure is to be made, provided, the moneys are not substituted for appropriations from federal funds which, in the absence of such moneys, would be made available.
- (ii) The proper administration of this title for which purpose appropriations from federal funds have been requested but not yet received, provided, the administrative contingency fund will be reimbursed upon receipt of the requested federal appropriation.
- 37 (iii) The proper administration of this title for which compliance 38 and audit issues have been identified that establish federal claims

- requiring the expenditure of state resources in resolution. Claims must be resolved in the following priority: First priority is to provide services to eligible participants within the state; second priority is to provide substitute services or program support; and last priority is the direct payment of funds to the federal government.
- 6 (d) During the 2005-2007 fiscal biennium, the cost of the job 7 skills program at community and technical colleges as appropriated by 8 the legislature.
- Money in the special account created under RCW 50.24.014(1)(a) may only be expended, after appropriation, for the purposes specified in this section and RCW 50.62.010, 50.62.020, 50.62.030, 50.24.014, 50.44.053, and 50.22.010.
- 13 **Sec. 19.** RCW 50.16.015 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 24 are each 14 reenacted to read as follows:
  - A separate and identifiable fund to provide for the payment of interest on advances received from this state's account in the federal unemployment trust fund shall be established and administered under the direction of the commissioner. This fund shall be known as the federal interest payment fund and shall consist of contributions paid under RCW 50.16.070. All money in this fund shall be expended solely for the payment of interest on advances received from this state's account in the federal unemployment trust fund and for no other purposes whatsoever.
- 24 **Sec. 20.** RCW 50.24.014 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 25 are each 25 reenacted to read as follows:
- (1)(a) A separate and identifiable account to provide for the 26 financing of special programs to assist the unemployed is established 27 in the administrative contingency fund. All money in this account 28 29 shall be expended solely for the purposes of this title and for no 30 other purposes whatsoever. Contributions to this account shall accrue and become payable by each employer, except employers as described in 31 RCW 50.44.010 and 50.44.030 who have properly elected to make payments 32 in lieu of contributions, taxable local government employers as 33 34 described in RCW 50.44.035, and those employers who are required to 35 make payments in lieu of contributions, at a basic rate of two one-

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hundredths of one percent. The amount of wages subject to tax shall be determined under RCW 50.24.010.

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- (b) A separate and identifiable account is established in the 3 administrative contingency fund for financing the employment security 4 department's administrative cost under RCW 50.22.150 and the costs 5 under RCW 50.22.150(9). All money in this account shall be expended 6 solely for the purposes of this title and for no other purposes 7 whatsoever. Contributions to this account shall accrue and become 8 payable by each employer, except employers as described in RCW 9 10 50.44.010 and 50.44.030 who have properly elected to make payments in lieu of contributions, taxable local government employers as described 11 12 in RCW 50.44.035, those employers who are required to make payments in contributions, those employers described 13 lieu of under 14 50.29.025(1)(f)(ii), and those qualified employers assigned rate class 20 or rate class 40, as applicable, under RCW 50.29.025, at a basic 15 rate of one one-hundredth of one percent. The amount of wages subject 16 17 to tax shall be determined under RCW 50.24.010. Any amount of contributions payable under this subsection (1)(b) that exceeds the 18 amount that would have been collected at a rate of four one-thousandths 19 of one percent must be deposited in the unemployment compensation trust 20 21 fund.
  - (c) For the first calendar quarter of 1994 only, the basic two one-hundredths of one percent contribution payable under (a) of this subsection shall be increased by one-hundredth of one percent to a total rate of three one-hundredths of one percent. The proceeds of this incremental one-hundredth of one percent shall be used solely for the purposes described in section 22, chapter 483, Laws of 1993, and for the purposes of conducting an evaluation of the call center approach to unemployment insurance under section 5, chapter 161, Laws of 1998. During the 1997-1999 fiscal biennium, any surplus from contributions payable under this subsection (c) may be deposited in the unemployment compensation trust fund, used to support tax and wage automated systems projects that simplify and streamline employer reporting, or both.
  - (2)(a) Contributions under this section shall become due and be paid by each employer under rules as the commissioner may prescribe, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration

- of individuals in the employ of the employer. Any deduction in violation of this section is unlawful.
  - (b) In the payment of any contributions under this section, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to one-half cent or more, in which case it shall be increased to one cent.
  - (3) If the commissioner determines that federal funding has been increased to provide financing for the services specified in chapter 50.62 RCW, the commissioner shall direct that collection of contributions under this section be terminated on the following January 1st.
- 11 **Sec. 21.** RCW 50.20.190 and 2005 c 518 s 934 are each reenacted to read as follows:
  - (1) An individual who is paid any amount as benefits under this title to which he or she is not entitled shall, unless otherwise relieved pursuant to this section, be liable for repayment of the amount overpaid. The department shall issue an overpayment assessment setting forth the reasons for and the amount of the overpayment. amount assessed, to the extent not collected, may be deducted from any future benefits payable to the individual: PROVIDED, That in the absence of a back pay award, a settlement affecting the allowance of benefits, fraud, misrepresentation, or willful nondisclosure, every determination of liability shall be mailed or personally served not later than two years after the close of or final payment made on the individual's applicable benefit year for which the purported overpayment was made, whichever is later, unless the merits of the claim are subjected to administrative or judicial review in which event the period for serving the determination of liability shall be extended to allow service of the determination of liability during the six-month period following the final decision affecting the claim.
  - (2) The commissioner may waive an overpayment if the commissioner finds that the overpayment was not the result of fraud, misrepresentation, willful nondisclosure, or fault attributable to the individual and that the recovery thereof would be against equity and good conscience: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That the overpayment so waived shall be charged against the individual's applicable entitlement for the eligibility period containing the weeks to which the overpayment was attributed as though such benefits had been properly paid.

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(3) Any assessment herein provided shall constitute a determination of liability from which an appeal may be had in the same manner and to the same extent as provided for appeals relating to determinations in respect to claims for benefits: PROVIDED, That an appeal from any determination covering overpayment only shall be deemed to be an appeal from the determination which was the basis for establishing the overpayment unless the merits involved in the issue set forth in such determination have already been heard and passed upon by the appeal If no such appeal is taken to the appeal tribunal by the individual within thirty days of the delivery of the notice of determination of liability, or within thirty days of the mailing of the notice of determination, whichever is the earlier, the determination of liability shall be deemed conclusive and final. Whenever any such notice of determination of liability becomes conclusive and final, the commissioner, upon giving at least twenty days notice by certified mail return receipt requested to the individual's last known address of the intended action, may file with the superior court clerk of any county within the state a warrant in the amount of the notice of determination of liability plus a filing fee under RCW 36.18.012(10). The clerk of the county where the warrant is filed shall immediately designate a superior court cause number for the warrant, and the clerk shall cause to be entered in the judgment docket under the superior court cause number assigned to the warrant, the name of the person(s) mentioned in the warrant, the amount of the notice of determination of liability, and the date when the warrant was filed. The amount of the warrant as docketed shall become a lien upon the title to, and any interest in, all real and personal property of the person(s) against whom the warrant is issued, the same as a judgment in a civil case duly docketed in the office of such clerk. A warrant so docketed shall be sufficient to support the issuance of writs of execution and writs of garnishment in favor of the state in the manner provided by law for a civil judgment. A copy of the warrant shall be mailed to the person(s) mentioned in the warrant by certified mail to the person's last known address within five days of its filing with the clerk.

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(4) On request of any agency which administers an employment security law of another state, the United States, or a foreign government and which has found in accordance with the provisions of such law that a claimant is liable to repay benefits received under

- such law, the commissioner may collect the amount of such benefits from the claimant to be refunded to the agency. In any case in which under this section a claimant is liable to repay any amount to the agency of another state, the United States, or a foreign government, such amounts may be collected without interest by civil action in the name of the commissioner acting as agent for such agency if the other state, the United States, or the foreign government extends such collection rights to the employment security department of the state of Washington, and provided that the court costs be paid by the governmental agency benefiting from such collection.
  - (5) Any employer who is a party to a back pay award or settlement due to loss of wages shall, within thirty days of the award or settlement, report to the department the amount of the award or settlement, the name and social security number of the recipient of the award or settlement, and the period for which it is awarded. When an individual has been awarded or receives back pay, for benefit purposes the amount of the back pay shall constitute wages paid in the period for which it was awarded. For contribution purposes, the back pay award or settlement shall constitute wages paid in the period in which it was actually paid. The following requirements shall also apply:
  - (a) The employer shall reduce the amount of the back pay award or settlement by an amount determined by the department based upon the amount of unemployment benefits received by the recipient of the award or settlement during the period for which the back pay award or settlement was awarded;
  - (b) The employer shall pay to the unemployment compensation fund, in a manner specified by the commissioner, an amount equal to the amount of such reduction;
  - (c) The employer shall also pay to the department any taxes due for unemployment insurance purposes on the entire amount of the back pay award or settlement notwithstanding any reduction made pursuant to (a) of this subsection;
  - (d) If the employer fails to reduce the amount of the back pay award or settlement as required in (a) of this subsection, the department shall issue an overpayment assessment against the recipient of the award or settlement in the amount that the back pay award or settlement should have been reduced; and

(e) If the employer fails to pay to the department an amount equal to the reduction as required in (b) of this subsection, the department shall issue an assessment of liability against the employer which shall be collected pursuant to the procedures for collection of assessments provided herein and in RCW 50.24.110.

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- (6) When an individual fails to repay an overpayment assessment 6 7 that is due and fails to arrange for satisfactory repayment terms, the commissioner shall impose an interest penalty of one percent per month 8 9 of the outstanding balance. Interest shall accrue immediately on overpayments assessed pursuant to RCW 50.20.070 and shall be imposed 10 when the assessment becomes final. For any other overpayment, interest 11 12 shall accrue when the individual has missed two or more of the 13 individual's monthly payments either partially or in full. The interest penalty shall be used, first, to fully fund either social 14 security number cross-match audits or other more effective activities 15 that ensure that individuals are entitled to all amounts of benefits 16 17 that they are paid, second, to fund other detection and recovery of overpayment and collection activities, and third, during the 2005-07 18 fiscal biennium, the cost of the job skills program at community and 19 technical colleges as appropriated by the legislature. 20
- 21 **Sec. 22.** RCW 50.04.206 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 27 are each 22 reenacted to read as follows:
- 23 The term "employment" shall not include service that is performed 24 by a nonresident alien for the period he or she is temporarily present 25 in the United States as a nonimmigrant under subparagraph (F), (H)(ii), 26 (H)(iii), or (J) of section 101(a)(15) of the federal immigration and 27 naturalization act, as amended, and that is performed to carry out the 28 purpose specified in the applicable subparagraph of the federal 29 immigration and naturalization act.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 23.** (1) Sections 8 through 13 and 16 of this act apply retroactively to claims that have an effective date on or after January 4, 2004.
- 33 (2) Sections 14 and 15 of this act apply retroactively to claims 34 that have an effective date on or after January 2, 2005.
- 35 (3) Sections 17 through 22 of this act apply retroactively to June 36 20, 2003.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. The employment security department shall study the following and report its findings and recommendations, if any, to the unemployment insurance advisory committee and to the house of representatives commerce and labor committee and the senate labor, commerce, research, and development committee, or their successor committees, by December 1, 2006:
- 8 (1) Employment patterns involving repeat episodes of unemployment 9 to achieve improved employer retention rates, improved claimant 10 placement rates, and increased employment opportunities;
- 11 (2) Employers in rate class 40, including types of industries, 12 sizes of employers, contributions paid, and benefit charges 13 attributable to such employers;
- 14 (3) Reasons for the unusually high rate of employer turnover among 15 Washington employers, which leads to a high volume of charges against 16 inactive accounts and increases socialized costs; and
- 17 (4) Fraud prevention methods such as corporate officer eligibility 18 for unemployment insurance, and personal liability of corporate 19 officers for failure to accurately report employee information or pay 20 taxes owed.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 25. Part headings used in this act are not any part of the law.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 26. Sections 4 and 5 of this act apply to rate years beginning on or after January 1, 2007.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 27. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 28. If any part of this act is found to be in conflict with federal requirements that are a prescribed condition to the allocation of federal funds to the state or the eligibility of employers in this state for federal unemployment tax credits, the conflicting part of this act is inoperative solely to the extent of the conflict, and the finding or determination does not affect the

- 1 operation of the remainder of this act. Rules adopted under this act
- 2 must meet federal requirements that are a necessary condition to the
- 3 receipt of federal funds by the state or the granting of federal
- 4 unemployment tax credits to employers in this state.

Passed by the Senate March 3, 2006. Passed by the House March 2, 2006. Approved by the Governor March 8, 2006. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 8, 2006.