## ESSB 5726 - H COMM AMD

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By Committee on Insurance, Financial Services & Consumer Protection

## ADOPTED AS AMENDED 04/05/2007

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:
- 3 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. This act may be known and cited as the insurance fair conduct act.
- 5 **Sec. 2.** RCW 48.30.010 and 1997 c 409 s 107 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
  - (1) No person engaged in the business of insurance shall engage in unfair methods of competition or in unfair or deceptive acts or practices in the conduct of such business as such methods, acts, or practices are defined pursuant to subsection (2) of this section.
  - (2) In addition to such unfair methods and unfair or deceptive acts or practices as are expressly defined and prohibited by this code, the commissioner may from time to time by regulation promulgated pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, define other methods of competition and other acts and practices in the conduct of such business reasonably found by the commissioner to be unfair or deceptive after a review of all comments received during the notice and comment rule-making period.
  - (3)(a) In defining other methods of competition and other acts and practices in the conduct of such business to be unfair or deceptive, and after reviewing all comments and documents received during the notice and comment rule-making period, the commissioner shall identify his or her reasons for defining the method of competition or other act or practice in the conduct of insurance to be unfair or deceptive and shall include a statement outlining these reasons as part of the adopted rule.
- 26 (b) The commissioner shall include a detailed description of facts 27 upon which he or she relied and of facts upon which he or she failed to 28 rely, in defining the method of competition or other act or practice in

the conduct of insurance to be unfair or deceptive, in the concise explanatory statement prepared under RCW 34.05.325(6).

- (c) Upon appeal the superior court shall review the findings of fact upon which the regulation is based de novo on the record.
  - (4) No such regulation shall be made effective prior to the expiration of thirty days after the date of the order by which it is promulgated.
  - (5) If the commissioner has cause to believe that any person is violating any such regulation, the commissioner may order such person to cease and desist therefrom. The commissioner shall deliver such order to such person direct or mail it to the person by registered mail with return receipt requested. If the person violates the order after expiration of ten days after the cease and desist order has been received by him or her, he or she may be fined by the commissioner a sum not to exceed two hundred and fifty dollars for each violation committed thereafter.
  - (6) If any such regulation is violated, the commissioner may take such other or additional action as is permitted under the insurance code for violation of a regulation.
- 20 (7) An insurer engaged in the business of insurance may not unreasonably deny a claim for coverage or payment of benefits to any first party claimant. "First party claimant" has the same meaning as in section 3 of this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 48.30 RCW to read as follows:
  - (1) Any first party claimant to a policy of insurance who is unreasonably denied a claim for coverage or payment of benefits by an insurer may bring an action in the superior court of this state to recover the actual damages sustained, together with the costs of the action, including reasonable attorneys' fees and litigation costs, as set forth in subsection (3) of this section.
  - (2) The superior court may, after finding that an insurer has acted unreasonably in denying a claim for coverage or payment of benefits or has violated a rule in subsection (5) of this section, increase the total award of damages to an amount not to exceed three times the actual damages.

(3) The superior court shall, after a finding of unreasonable denial of a claim for coverage or payment of benefits, or after a finding of a violation of a rule in subsection (5) of this section, award reasonable attorneys' fees and actual and statutory litigation costs, including expert witness fees, to the first party claimant of an insurance contract who is the prevailing party in such an action.

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- (4) "First party claimant" means an individual, corporation, association, partnership, or other legal entity asserting a right to payment as a covered person under an insurance policy or insurance contract arising out of the occurrence of the contingency or loss covered by such a policy or contract.
- 12 (5) A violation of any of the following is a violation for the 13 purposes of subsections (2) and (3) of this section:
- 14 (a) WAC 284-30-330, captioned "specific unfair claims settlement practices defined";
- 16 (b) WAC 284-30-350, captioned "misrepresentation of policy 17 provisions";
- 18 (c) WAC 284-30-360, captioned "failure to acknowledge pertinent 19 communications";
- 20 (d) WAC 284-30-370, captioned "standards for prompt investigation of claims";
  - (e) WAC 284-30-380, captioned "standards for prompt, fair and equitable settlements applicable to all insurers"; or
  - (f) An unfair claims settlement practice rule adopted under RCW 48.30.010 by the insurance commissioner intending to implement this section. The rule must be codified in chapter 284-30 of the Washington Administrative Code.
  - (6) This section does not limit a court's existing ability to make any other determination regarding an action for an unfair or deceptive practice of an insurer or provide for any other remedy that is available at law."

<u>EFFECT:</u> The reference to insurance rules that can serve as a basis for treble damages or attorneys' fees is narrowed. The substitute bill referred to any rule adopted under the authority of RCW

48.30.010. The amendment includes five existing rules and any rules adopted as unfair claims settlement practice rules by the Insurance Commissioner that are intended to implement this act. The five existing rules address the following areas: Specific unfair claims settlement practices; misrepresentation of policy provisions; failure acknowledge pertinent communications; standards for prompt investigation; standards for prompt, fair and equitable settlements applicable to all insurers. The provision that states that the remedies in the bill are separate from any remedies prescribed in RCW 19.86.090 of the Consumer Protection Act is removed. A court's existing ability to make any other determination regarding an unfair practice by an insurer or provide for any other remedy that is available at law is not limited by the bill.

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