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**SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1364**

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**State of Washington**

**60th Legislature**

**2008 Regular Session**

**By** House Finance (originally sponsored by Representatives Seaquist, Rolfes, Sells, Appleton, Upthegrove, Hasegawa, Lantz, Ericks, Green, Roberts, Dunn, Morrell, McDonald, Hurst, Wallace, and Dickerson)

READ FIRST TIME 02/12/08.

1       AN ACT Relating to increasing the disposable income threshold  
2 levels for senior citizens and persons retired by reason of physical  
3 disability to qualify for property tax relief; amending RCW 84.36.381  
4 and 84.38.030; and creating a new section.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6       **Sec. 1.** RCW 84.36.381 and 2005 c 248 s 2 are each amended to read  
7 as follows:

8       A person shall be exempt from any legal obligation to pay all or a  
9 portion of the amount of excess and regular real property taxes due and  
10 payable in the year following the year in which a claim is filed, and  
11 thereafter, in accordance with the following:

12       (1) The property taxes must have been imposed upon a residence  
13 which was occupied by the person claiming the exemption as a principal  
14 place of residence as of the time of filing: PROVIDED, That any person  
15 who sells, transfers, or is displaced from his or her residence may  
16 transfer his or her exemption status to a replacement residence, but no  
17 claimant shall receive an exemption on more than one residence in any  
18 year: PROVIDED FURTHER, That confinement of the person to a hospital,

1 nursing home, boarding home, or adult family home shall not disqualify  
2 the claim of exemption if:

3 (a) The residence is temporarily unoccupied;

4 (b) The residence is occupied by a spouse and/or a person  
5 financially dependent on the claimant for support; or

6 (c) The residence is rented for the purpose of paying nursing home,  
7 hospital, boarding home, or adult family home costs;

8 (2) The person claiming the exemption must have owned, at the time  
9 of filing, in fee, as a life estate, or by contract purchase, the  
10 residence on which the property taxes have been imposed or if the  
11 person claiming the exemption lives in a cooperative housing  
12 association, corporation, or partnership, such person must own a share  
13 therein representing the unit or portion of the structure in which he  
14 or she resides. For purposes of this subsection, a residence owned by  
15 a marital community or owned by cotenants shall be deemed to be owned  
16 by each spouse or cotenant, and any lease for life shall be deemed a  
17 life estate;

18 (3) The person claiming the exemption must be (a) sixty-one years  
19 of age or older on December 31st of the year in which the exemption  
20 claim is filed, or must have been, at the time of filing, retired from  
21 regular gainful employment by reason of disability, or (b) a veteran of  
22 the armed forces of the United States with one hundred percent service-  
23 connected disability as provided in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 423 (d)(1)(A) as  
24 amended prior to January 1, 2005. However, any surviving spouse of a  
25 person who was receiving an exemption at the time of the person's death  
26 shall qualify if the surviving spouse is fifty-seven years of age or  
27 older and otherwise meets the requirements of this section;

28 (4) The amount that the person shall be exempt from an obligation  
29 to pay shall be calculated on the basis of combined disposable income,  
30 as defined in RCW 84.36.383. If the person claiming the exemption was  
31 retired for two months or more of the assessment year, the combined  
32 disposable income of such person shall be calculated by multiplying the  
33 average monthly combined disposable income of such person during the  
34 months such person was retired by twelve. If the income of the person  
35 claiming exemption is reduced for two or more months of the assessment  
36 year by reason of the death of the person's spouse, or when other  
37 substantial changes occur in disposable income that are likely to  
38 continue for an indefinite period of time, the combined disposable

1 income of such person shall be calculated by multiplying the average  
2 monthly combined disposable income of such person after such  
3 occurrences by twelve. If it is necessary to estimate income to comply  
4 with this subsection, the assessor may require confirming documentation  
5 of such income prior to May 31 of the year following application;

6 (5)(a) A person who otherwise qualifies under this section and has  
7 a combined disposable income of (~~(thirty-five)~~) forty thousand dollars  
8 or less shall be exempt from all excess property taxes; and

9 (b)(i) A person who otherwise qualifies under this section and has  
10 a combined disposable income of (~~(thirty)~~) thirty-five thousand dollars  
11 or less but greater than (~~(twenty-five)~~) thirty thousand dollars shall  
12 be exempt from all regular property taxes on the greater of fifty  
13 thousand dollars or thirty-five percent of the valuation of his or her  
14 residence, but not to exceed seventy thousand dollars of the valuation  
15 of his or her residence; or

16 (ii) A person who otherwise qualifies under this section and has a  
17 combined disposable income of (~~(twenty-five)~~) thirty thousand dollars  
18 or less shall be exempt from all regular property taxes on the greater  
19 of sixty thousand dollars or sixty percent of the valuation of his or  
20 her residence;

21 (6) For a person who otherwise qualifies under this section and has  
22 a combined disposable income of (~~(thirty-five)~~) forty thousand dollars  
23 or less, the valuation of the residence shall be the assessed value of  
24 the residence on the later of January 1, 1995, or January 1st of the  
25 assessment year the person first qualifies under this section. If the  
26 person subsequently fails to qualify under this section only for one  
27 year because of high income, this same valuation shall be used upon  
28 requalification. If the person fails to qualify for more than one year  
29 in succession because of high income or fails to qualify for any other  
30 reason, the valuation upon requalification shall be the assessed value  
31 on January 1st of the assessment year in which the person requalifies.  
32 If the person transfers the exemption under this section to a different  
33 residence, the valuation of the different residence shall be the  
34 assessed value of the different residence on January 1st of the  
35 assessment year in which the person transfers the exemption.

36 In no event may the valuation under this subsection be greater than  
37 the true and fair value of the residence on January 1st of the  
38 assessment year.

1 This subsection does not apply to subsequent improvements to the  
2 property in the year in which the improvements are made. Subsequent  
3 improvements to the property shall be added to the value otherwise  
4 determined under this subsection at their true and fair value in the  
5 year in which they are made.

6 **Sec. 2.** RCW 84.38.030 and 2006 c 62 s 3 are each amended to read  
7 as follows:

8 A claimant may defer payment of special assessments and/or real  
9 property taxes on up to eighty percent of the amount of the claimant's  
10 equity value in the claimant's residence if the following conditions  
11 are met:

12 (1) The claimant must meet all requirements for an exemption for  
13 the residence under RCW 84.36.381, other than the age and income limits  
14 under RCW 84.36.381.

15 (2) The claimant must be sixty years of age or older on December  
16 31st of the year in which the deferral claim is filed, or must have  
17 been, at the time of filing, retired from regular gainful employment by  
18 reason of physical disability: PROVIDED, That any surviving spouse of  
19 a person who was receiving a deferral at the time of the person's death  
20 shall qualify if the surviving spouse is fifty-seven years of age or  
21 older and otherwise meets the requirements of this section.

22 (3) The claimant must have a combined disposable income, as defined  
23 in RCW 84.36.383, of (~~forty~~) forty-five thousand dollars or less.

24 (4) The claimant must have owned, at the time of filing, the  
25 residence on which the special assessment and/or real property taxes  
26 have been imposed. For purposes of this subsection, a residence owned  
27 by a marital community or owned by cotenants shall be deemed to be  
28 owned by each spouse or cotenant. A claimant who has only a share  
29 ownership in cooperative housing, a life estate, a lease for life, or  
30 a revocable trust does not satisfy the ownership requirement.

31 (5) The claimant must have and keep in force fire and casualty  
32 insurance in sufficient amount to protect the interest of the state in  
33 the claimant's equity value: PROVIDED, That if the claimant fails to  
34 keep fire and casualty insurance in force to the extent of the state's  
35 interest in the claimant's equity value, the amount deferred shall not  
36 exceed one hundred percent of the claimant's equity value in the land  
37 or lot only.

1           (6) In the case of special assessment deferral, the claimant must  
2 have opted for payment of such special assessments on the installment  
3 method if such method was available.

4           NEW SECTION. **Sec. 3.** This act applies to taxes levied for  
5 collection in 2009 and thereafter.

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