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Government & Tribal Affairs.

HOUSE BILL 1525

State of Washington60th Legislature2007 Regular SessionBy Representatives Chase, Kessler, Morris, Sump, B. Sullivan, Hunt
and HudginsSullivan, HuntRead first time 01/22/2007.Referred to Committee on State

1 AN ACT Relating to regulatory fairness for small businesses; 2 amending RCW 19.85.020, 19.85.030, and 19.85.040; adding a new section 3 to chapter 19.85 RCW; and creating a new section.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. The legislature finds that:

6 (1) A vibrant and growing small business sector is critical to 7 creating jobs in a dynamic economy;

8 (2) Small businesses bear a disproportionate share of regulatory9 costs and burdens;

10 (3) Fundamental changes that are needed in the regulatory and 11 enforcement culture of state agencies to make them more responsive to 12 small business can be made without compromising the statutory missions 13 of the agencies;

14 (4) When adopting rules to protect the health, safety, and economic 15 welfare of Washington, state agencies should seek to achieve statutory 16 goals as effectively and efficiently as possible without imposing 17 unnecessary burdens on small employers;

18 (5) Uniform regulatory and reporting requirements can impose

1 unnecessary and disproportionately burdensome demands including legal, 2 accounting, and consulting costs upon small businesses with limited 3 resources;

4 (6) The failure to recognize differences in the scale and resources
5 of regulated businesses can adversely affect competition in the
6 marketplace, discourage innovation, and restrict improvements in
7 productivity;

8 (7) Unnecessary regulations create entry barriers in many 9 industries and discourage potential entrepreneurs from introducing 10 beneficial products and processes;

11 (8) The practice of treating all regulated businesses the same 12 leads to inefficient use of regulatory agency resources, enforcement 13 problems, and, in some cases, to actions inconsistent with the 14 legislative intent of health, safety, environmental, and economic 15 welfare legislation;

(9) Alternative regulatory approaches which do not conflict with
the state objective of applicable statutes may be available to minimize
the significant economic impact of rules on small businesses; and

19 (10) The process by which state rules are developed and adopted 20 should be reformed to require agencies to solicit the ideas and 21 comments of small businesses, to examine the impact of proposed and 22 existing rules on such businesses, and to review the continued need for 23 existing rules.

24 **Sec. 2.** RCW 19.85.020 and 2003 c 166 s 1 are each amended to read 25 as follows:

26 ((Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise,)) The definitions 27 in this section apply through this chapter <u>unless the context clearly</u> 28 <u>requires otherwise</u>.

(1) "Industry" means all of the businesses in this state in any one 29 four-digit standard industrial classification as published by the 30 United States department of commerce, or the North American industry 31 classification system as published by the executive office of the 32 president and the office of management and budget. However, if the use 33 34 of a four-digit standard industrial classification or North American 35 industry classification system would result in the release of data that 36 would violate state confidentiality laws, "industry" means all

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businesses in a three-digit standard industrial classification or the
 North American industry classification system.

3 (2) "Minor cost" means a cost per business that is less than three4 tenths of one percent of annual revenue or income, or one hundred
5 dollars, whichever is greater, or one percent of annual payroll.

6 (3) "Small business" means any business entity, including a sole 7 proprietorship, corporation, partnership, or other legal entity, that 8 is owned and operated independently from all other businesses, and that 9 has fifty or fewer employees.

10 (((2))) (4) "Small business economic impact statement" means a 11 statement meeting the requirements of RCW 19.85.040 prepared by a state 12 agency pursuant to RCW 19.85.030.

13 (((3) "Industry" means all of the businesses in this state in any 14 one four-digit standard industrial classification as published by the 15 United States department of commerce. However, if the use of a four-16 digit standard industrial classification would result in the release of 17 data that would violate state confidentiality laws, "industry" means 18 all businesses in a three digit standard industrial classification.))

19 Sec. 3. RCW 19.85.030 and 2000 c 171 s 60 are each amended to read 20 as follows:

21 (1) In the adoption of a rule under chapter 34.05 RCW, an agency shall prepare a small business economic impact statement: (a) If the 22 23 proposed rule will impose more than minor costs on businesses in an industry; or (b) if requested to do so by a majority vote of the joint 24 25 administrative rules review committee within forty-five days of 26 receiving the notice of proposed rule making under RCW 34.05.320. 27 However, if the agency has completed the pilot rule process as defined by RCW 34.05.313 before filing the notice of a proposed rule, the 28 29 agency is not required to prepare a small business economic impact 30 statement.

An agency shall prepare the small business economic impact statement in accordance with RCW 19.85.040, and file it with the code reviser along with the notice required under RCW 34.05.320. An agency shall file a statement prepared at the request of the joint administrative rules review committee with the code reviser upon its completion before the adoption of the rule. An agency shall provide a

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1 copy of the small business economic impact statement to any person 2 requesting it.

3 (2) Based upon the extent of disproportionate impact on small 4 business identified in the statement prepared under RCW 19.85.040, the 5 agency shall, where legal and feasible in meeting the stated objectives 6 of the statutes upon which the rule is based, reduce the costs imposed 7 by the rule on small businesses. Methods to reduce the costs on small 8 businesses may include:

9 (a) Reducing, modifying, or eliminating substantive regulatory 10 requirements;

11 (b) Simplifying, reducing, or eliminating recordkeeping and 12 reporting requirements;

13 (c) Reducing the frequency of inspections;

14 (d) Delaying compliance timetables;

15 (e) Reducing or modifying fine schedules for noncompliance; or

16 (f) Any other mitigation techniques.

17 (3) If the agency determines it cannot reduce the costs imposed by 18 the rule on small businesses, the agency shall provide a clear 19 explanation of why it has made that determination and include that 20 statement with its filing of the proposed rule pursuant to RCW 21 34.05.320.

22 **Sec. 4.** RCW 19.85.040 and 1995 c 403 s 403 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

(1) A small business economic impact statement must include a brief 24 description of the reporting, recordkeeping, and other compliance 25 26 requirements of the proposed rule, and the kinds of professional services that a small business is likely to need in order to comply 27 with such requirements. It shall analyze the costs of compliance for 28 29 businesses required to comply with the proposed rule adopted pursuant to RCW 34.05.320, including costs of equipment, supplies, labor, 30 professional services, and increased administrative costs. It shall 31 consider, based on input received, whether compliance with the rule 32 will cause businesses to lose sales or revenue. To determine whether 33 34 the proposed rule will have a disproportionate <u>cost</u> impact on small 35 businesses, the impact statement must compare the cost of compliance 36 for small business with the cost of compliance for the ten percent of

businesses that are the largest businesses required to comply with the proposed rules using one or more of the following as a basis for comparing costs:

- 4 (a) Cost per employee;
- 5 (b) Cost per hour of labor; or
- 6 (c) Cost per one hundred dollars of sales.
- 7 (2) A small business economic impact statement must also include:

8 (a) A statement of the steps taken by the agency to reduce the 9 costs of the rule on small businesses as required by RCW 10 19.85.030(((3))) <u>(2)</u>, or reasonable justification for not doing so, 11 addressing the options listed in RCW 19.85.030(((3))) (2);

(b) A description of how the agency will involve small businessesin the development of the rule; and

14 (c) A list of industries that will be required to comply with the 15 rule. However, this subsection (2)(c) shall not be construed to 16 preclude application of the rule to any business or industry to which 17 it would otherwise apply.

(3) To obtain information for purposes of this section, an agency may survey a representative sample of affected businesses or trade associations and should, whenever possible, appoint a committee under RCW 34.05.310(2) to assist in the accurate assessment of the costs of a proposed rule, and the means to reduce the costs imposed on small business.

24 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** A new section is added to chapter 19.85 RCW 25 to read as follows:

26 (1) The small business advocacy committee is created. The committee shall be comprised of seven members: (a) Two members of the 27 house of representatives, who must be members of the 28 ioint administrative rules review committee, appointed by the speaker of the 29 house of representatives, from each of the two major caucuses of the 30 31 house of representatives; (b) two members of the senate, who must be members of the joint administrative rules review committee, appointed 32 33 by the president of the senate, from each of the two major caucuses of 34 the senate; and (c) three small business owners or their designees, appointed by the governor. The business owners, who shall serve two-35 36 year terms, shall make recommendations to the governor regarding their 37 replacements at the end of their terms.

1 (2) The small business advocacy committee is charged with reviewing 2 small business economic impact statements. If a majority of the 3 members find that a proposed rule will have a disproportionate impact 4 on small businesses and the proposed mitigation by an agency does not 5 meet the requirements of RCW 19.85.030(2), the committee shall make 6 recommendations to the agency for additional mitigation measures.

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