## SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5805

State of Washington 60th Legislature 2007 Regular Session

**By** Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Hatfield, Zarelli, Rasmussen, Swecker, Shin and Hargrove)

READ FIRST TIME 03/05/07.

AN ACT Relating to the sales and use taxation of grain elevators; amending RCW 82.08.820, 82.08.820, 82.08.820, 82.12.820, 82.12.820, and 82.12.820; providing effective dates; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 82.08.820 and 2006 c 354 s 10 are each amended to read 7 as follows:

8 (1) Wholesalers or third-party warehousers who own or operate 9 warehouses ((<del>or</del>)), grain elevators, or grain exporting facilities, and 10 retailers who own or operate distribution centers, and who have paid 11 the tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 on:

(a) Material-handling and racking equipment, <u>grain exporting</u>
 <u>facility equipment</u>, and labor and services rendered in respect to
 installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment;
 or

(b) Construction of a warehouse ((or)), grain elevator, or grain <u>exporting facility</u>, including materials, and including service and labor costs,

are eligible for an exemption in the form of a remittance. The amount 1 2 of the remittance is computed under subsection (3) of this section and is based on the state share of sales tax. 3

4

(2) For purposes of this section and RCW 82.12.820:

5

(a) "Agricultural products" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.213;

(b) "Construction" means the actual construction of a warehouse 6 7 ((or)), grain elevator, or grain exporting facility that did not exist before the construction began. "Construction" includes expansion if 8 the expansion adds at least two hundred thousand square feet of 9 additional space to an existing warehouse or additional storage 10 capacity of at least one million bushels to an existing grain elevator 11 or grain exporting facility. "Construction" does not include 12 13 renovation, remodeling, or repair;

14 (c) "Department" means the department of revenue;

(d) "Distribution center" means a warehouse that is used 15 exclusively by a retailer solely for the storage and distribution of 16 17 finished goods to retail outlets of the retailer. "Distribution center" does not include a warehouse at which retail sales occur; 18

19 (e) "Finished goods" means tangible personal property intended for sale by a retailer or wholesaler. "Finished goods" does not include 20 21 agricultural products stored by wholesalers, third-party warehouses, or 22 retailers if the storage takes place on the land of the person who produced the agricultural product. "Finished goods" does not include 23 24 logs, minerals, petroleum, gas, or other extracted products stored as 25 raw materials or in bulk;

(f) "Grain elevator" means a structure used for storage and 26 27 handling of grain in bulk. Grain elevator does not include a grain exporting facility; 28

(q) "Grain exporting facility" means one or more contiguous parcels 29 of real property with one or more grain exporting facility structures 30 constructed after January 1, 2007, with a total bushel capacity in 31 32 excess of three million;

(h) "Grain exporting facility equipment" means equipment located at 33 a grain exporting facility that is primarily used to handle, store, 34 organize, convey, package, or repackage grain, oil seeds, and 35 byproducts thereof in bulk to, from, or within grain exporting facility 36 37 structures. The term includes tangible personal property with a useful life of one year or more that becomes an ingredient or component of the 38

equipment, including repair and replacement parts. The term does not 1 include equipment in offices, lunchrooms, restrooms, and other like 2 space, within a grain exporting facility, or equipment used for 3 purposes other than handling, storing, organizing, conveying, 4 packaging, or repackaging grain, oil seeds, and byproducts thereof. 5 б "Grain exporting facility equipment" includes but is not limited to: Conveyers, carousels, lifts, positioners, pick-up-and-place units, 7 cranes, hoists, mechanical arms, and robots; mechanized systems, 8 including containers that are an integral part of the system, whose 9 purpose is to lift or move tangible personal property; and automated 10 handling, storage, and retrieval systems, including computers that 11 control them, whose purpose is to lift or move tangible personal 12 13 property; forklifts and other off-the-road vehicles that are used to 14 lift or move tangible personal property and that cannot be operated legally on roads and streets; and conveying systems, chutes, shelves, 15 racks, bins, drawers, pallets, and other containers and storage devices 16 that form a necessary part of the storage system; 17

(i) "Grain exporting facility structure" means storage silos, 18 tanks, conveyers, scale towers, bins, electrical improvements, scales, 19 20 foundations and supports, off-load pits, rails and railbeds, and other 21 buildings primarily used to handle, store, organize, or convey grain, oil seeds, and byproducts thereof in bulk. Office space, lunchrooms, 22 restrooms, maintenance buildings, and other space necessary for the 23 24 operation of the grain exporting facility are considered part of the grain exporting facility structures as are loading docks and other such 25 26 space or structures attached or adjacent to the conveyers and used for handling of grain, oil seeds, and byproducts thereof. A structure may 27 have more than one storage area. Landscaping and parking lots are not 28 considered part of the grain exporting facility structure. A storage 29 yard is not a grain exporting facility structure, nor is a structure in 30 which manufacturing takes place; 31

32 (j) "Material-handling equipment and racking equipment" means 33 equipment in a warehouse or grain elevator that is primarily used to 34 handle, store, organize, convey, package, or repackage finished goods. 35 The term includes tangible personal property with a useful life of one 36 year or more that becomes an ingredient or component of the equipment, 37 including repair and replacement parts. The term does not include 38 equipment in offices, lunchrooms, restrooms, and other like space,

within a warehouse or grain elevator, or equipment used for 1 2 nonwarehousing purposes. "Material-handling equipment" includes but is not limited to: Conveyers, carousels, lifts, positioners, pick-up-and-3 place units, cranes, hoists, mechanical arms, and robots; mechanized 4 5 systems, including containers that are an integral part of the system, whose purpose is to lift or move tangible personal property; and 6 7 automated handling, storage, and retrieval systems, including computers 8 that control them, whose purpose is to lift or move tangible personal property; and forklifts and other off-the-road vehicles that are used 9 10 to lift or move tangible personal property and that cannot be operated legally on roads and streets. "Racking equipment" includes, but is not 11 12 limited to, conveying systems, chutes, shelves, racks, bins, drawers, 13 pallets, and other containers and storage devices that form a necessary 14 part of the storage system;

15

((<del>(h)</del>)) <u>(k)</u> "Person" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.030;

16 ((((i))) (1) "Retailer" means a person who makes "sales at retail" 17 as defined in chapter 82.04 RCW of tangible personal property;

 $(((\frac{j})))$  (m) "Square footage" means the product of the 18 two horizontal dimensions of each floor of a specific warehouse. 19 The entire footprint of the warehouse shall be measured in calculating the 20 21 square footage, including space that juts out from the building profile such as loading docks. "Square footage" does not mean the aggregate of 22 23 the square footage of more than one warehouse at a location or the 24 aggregate of the square footage of warehouses at more than one 25 location;

26 ((<del>(k)</del>)) <u>(n)</u> "Third-party warehouser" means a person taxable under 27 RCW 82.04.280(4);

((((1))) (o) "Warehouse" means an enclosed building or structure in 28 which finished goods are stored. A warehouse building or structure may 29 have more than one storage room and more than one floor. Office space, 30 31 lunchrooms, restrooms, and other space within the warehouse and 32 necessary for the operation of the warehouse are considered part of the warehouse as are loading docks and other such space attached to the 33 building and used for handling of finished goods. Landscaping and 34 parking lots are not considered part of the warehouse. A storage yard 35 36 is not a warehouse, nor is a building in which manufacturing takes 37 place; and

1 (((m))) (p) "Wholesaler" means a person who makes "sales at 2 wholesale" as defined in chapter 82.04 RCW of tangible personal 3 property, but "wholesaler" does not include a person who makes sales 4 exempt under RCW 82.04.330.

(3)(a) A person claiming an exemption from state tax in the form of 5 a remittance under this section must pay the tax imposed by RCW б 7 82.08.020. The buyer may then apply to the department for remittance of all or part of the tax paid under RCW 82.08.020. For grain 8 elevators with bushel capacity of one million but less than two 9 10 million, the remittance is equal to fifty percent of the amount of tax paid. For warehouses with square footage of two hundred thousand or 11 more and for grain elevators with bushel capacity of two million or 12 13 more, the remittance is equal to one hundred percent of the amount of 14 tax paid for qualifying construction, materials, service, and labor, and fifty percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying material-15 handling equipment and racking equipment, and labor and services 16 17 rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment. For grain exporting facilities, the 18 remittance is equal to one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid 19 for qualifying construction, materials, service, and labor, and fifty 20 21 percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying grain exporting facility equipment, and labor and services rendered in respect to 22 installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment. 23

24 (b) The department shall determine eligibility under this section 25 based on information provided by the buyer and through audit and other 26 administrative records. The buyer shall on a quarterly basis submit an 27 information sheet, in a form and manner as required by the department by rule, specifying the amount of exempted tax claimed and the 28 qualifying purchases or acquisitions for which the exemption is 29 The buyer shall retain, in adequate detail to enable the 30 claimed. department to determine whether the equipment or construction meets the 31 32 criteria under this section: Invoices; proof of tax paid; documents describing the material-handling equipment and racking equipment and 33 grain exporting facility equipment; location and size of warehouses 34 ((and)), grain elevators, and grain exporting facilities; 35 and 36 construction invoices and documents.

37 (c) The department shall on a quarterly basis remit exempted

amounts to qualifying persons who submitted applications during the 1 2 previous quarter.

grain elevators, ((and)) grain exporting 3 (4) Warehouses, facilities, material-handling equipment and racking equipment, and 4 5 grain exporting facility equipment for which an exemption, credit, or deferral has been or is being received under chapter 82.60, 82.62, or 6 7 82.63 RCW or RCW 82.08.02565 or 82.12.02565 are not eligible for any remittance under this section. ((Warehouses and grain elevators upon 8 9 which construction was initiated before May 20, 1997, are not eligible 10 for a remittance under this section.))

(5) The lessor or owner of a warehouse ((or)), grain elevator, or 11 grain exporting facility is not eligible for a remittance under this 12 13 section unless the underlying ownership of the warehouse ((or)), grain elevator, or grain exporting facility, and the material-handling 14 equipment and racking equipment and grain exporting facility equipment 15 16 vests exclusively in the same person, or unless the lessor by written 17 contract agrees to pass the economic benefit of the remittance to the lessee in the form of reduced rent payments. 18

19 Sec. 2. RCW 82.08.820 and 2006 c 354 s 11 are each amended to read 20 as follows:

21 (1) Wholesalers or third-party warehousers who own or operate warehouses ((or)), grain elevators, or grain exporting facilities and 22 23 retailers who own or operate distribution centers, and who have paid 24 the tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 on:

(a) Material-handling and racking equipment, grain exporting 25 26 facility equipment, and labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment; 27 28 or

(b) Construction of a warehouse ((or)), grain elevator, or grain 29 30 exporting facility, including materials, and including service and 31 labor costs,

are eligible for an exemption in the form of a remittance. The amount 32 of the remittance is computed under subsection (3) of this section and 33 is based on the state share of sales tax. 34

35

(2) For purposes of this section and RCW 82.12.820:

36 (a) "Agricultural products" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.213; 1 (b) "Cold storage warehouse" has the meaning provided in RCW
2 82.74.010;

(c) "Construction" means the actual construction of a warehouse 3 ((or)), grain elevator, or grain exporting facility that did not exist 4 before the construction began. "Construction" includes expansion if 5 the expansion adds at least twenty-five thousand square feet of 6 7 additional space to an existing cold storage warehouse, at least two hundred thousand square feet of additional space to an existing 8 warehouse other than a cold storage warehouse, or additional storage 9 capacity of at least one million bushels to an existing grain elevator 10 or grain exporting facility. "Construction" does not include 11 12 renovation, remodeling, or repair;

13 (d) "Department" means the department of revenue;

14 (e) "Distribution center" means a warehouse that is used 15 exclusively by a retailer solely for the storage and distribution of 16 finished goods to retail outlets of the retailer. "Distribution 17 center" does not include a warehouse at which retail sales occur;

(f) "Finished goods" means tangible personal property intended for sale by a retailer or wholesaler. "Finished goods" does not include agricultural products stored by wholesalers, third-party warehouses, or retailers if the storage takes place on the land of the person who produced the agricultural product. "Finished goods" does not include logs, minerals, petroleum, gas, or other extracted products stored as raw materials or in bulk;

25 (g) "Grain elevator" means a structure used for storage and 26 handling of grain in bulk<u>. Grain elevator does not include a grain</u> 27 <u>exporting facility</u>;

(h) "Grain exporting facility" means one or more contiguous parcels of real property with one or more grain exporting facility structures constructed after January 1, 2007, with a total bushel capacity in excess of three million;

(i) "Grain exporting facility equipment" means equipment located at a grain exporting facility that is primarily used to handle, store, organize, convey, package, or repackage grain, oil seeds, and byproducts thereof in bulk to, from, or within grain exporting facility structures. The term includes tangible personal property with a useful life of one year or more that becomes an ingredient or component of the equipment, including repair and replacement parts. The term does not

include equipment in offices, lunchrooms, restrooms, and other like 1 2 space, within a grain exporting facility, or equipment used for purposes other than handling, storing, organizing, conveying, 3 packaging, or repackaging grain, oil seeds, and byproducts thereof. 4 "Grain exporting facility equipment" includes but is not limited to: 5 Conveyers, carousels, lifts, positioners, pick-up-and-place units, б cranes, hoists, mechanical arms, and robots; mechanized systems, 7 including containers that are an integral part of the system, whose 8 purpose is to lift or move tangible personal property; and automated 9 handling, storage, and retrieval systems, including computers that 10 control them, whose purpose is to lift or move tangible personal 11 12 property; forklifts and other off-the-road vehicles that are used to 13 lift or move tangible personal property and that cannot be operated legally on roads and streets; and conveying systems, chutes, shelves, 14 racks, bins, drawers, pallets, and other containers and storage devices 15 that form a necessary part of the storage system; 16

(j) "Grain exporting facility structure" means storage silos, 17 tanks, conveyers, scale towers, bins, electrical improvements, scales, 18 foundations and supports, off-load pits, rails and railbeds, and other 19 buildings primarily used to handle, store, organize, or convey grain, 20 21 oil seeds, and byproducts thereof in bulk. Office space, lunchrooms, restrooms, maintenance buildings, and other space necessary for the 22 operation of the grain exporting facility are considered part of the 23 24 grain exporting facility structures as are loading docks and other such space or structures attached or adjacent to the conveyers and used for 25 26 handling of grain, oil seeds, and byproducts thereof. A structure may 27 have more than one storage area. Landscaping and parking lots are not considered part of the grain exporting facility structure. A storage 28 yard is not a grain exporting facility structure, nor is a structure in 29 30 which manufacturing takes place;

(k) "Material-handling equipment and racking equipment" means 31 32 equipment in a warehouse or grain elevator that is primarily used to handle, store, organize, convey, package, or repackage finished goods. 33 34 The term includes tangible personal property with a useful life of one 35 year or more that becomes an ingredient or component of the equipment, 36 including repair and replacement parts. The term does not include 37 equipment in offices, lunchrooms, restrooms, and other like space, 38 within a warehouse or grain elevator, or equipment used for

nonwarehousing purposes. "Material-handling equipment" includes but is 1 2 not limited to: Conveyers, carousels, lifts, positioners, pick-up-andplace units, cranes, hoists, mechanical arms, and robots; mechanized 3 systems, including containers that are an integral part of the system, 4 5 whose purpose is to lift or move tangible personal property; and automated handling, storage, and retrieval systems, including computers 6 7 that control them, whose purpose is to lift or move tangible personal property; and forklifts and other off-the-road vehicles that are used 8 9 to lift or move tangible personal property and that cannot be operated legally on roads and streets. "Racking equipment" includes, but is not 10 limited to, conveying systems, chutes, shelves, racks, bins, drawers, 11 12 pallets, and other containers and storage devices that form a necessary 13 part of the storage system;

14

 $\left(\left(\frac{1}{1}\right)\right)$  <u>(1)</u> "Person" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.030;

15 (((<del>(j)</del>)) (m) "Retailer" means a person who makes "sales at retail" 16 as defined in chapter 82.04 RCW of tangible personal property;

17 ((<del>(k)</del>)) <u>(n)</u> "Square footage" means the product of the two horizontal dimensions of each floor of a specific warehouse. 18 The entire footprint of the warehouse shall be measured in calculating the 19 20 square footage, including space that juts out from the building profile 21 such as loading docks. "Square footage" does not mean the aggregate of 22 the square footage of more than one warehouse at a location or the 23 aggregate of the square footage of warehouses at more than one 24 location;

25 (((+))) (o) "Third-party warehouser" means a person taxable under 26 RCW 82.04.280(4);

27 ((<del>(m)</del>)) <u>(p)</u> "Warehouse" means an enclosed building or structure in which finished goods are stored. A warehouse building or structure may 28 have more than one storage room and more than one floor. Office space, 29 lunchrooms, restrooms, and other space within the warehouse and 30 31 necessary for the operation of the warehouse are considered part of the 32 warehouse as are loading docks and other such space attached to the building and used for handling of finished goods. Landscaping and 33 parking lots are not considered part of the warehouse. A storage yard 34 is not a warehouse, nor is a building in which manufacturing takes 35 36 place; and

37 (((n))) (q) "Wholesaler" means a person who makes "sales at

wholesale" as defined in chapter 82.04 RCW of tangible personal property, but "wholesaler" does not include a person who makes sales exempt under RCW 82.04.330.

(3)(a) A person claiming an exemption from state tax in the form of 4 a remittance under this section must pay the tax imposed by RCW 5 82.08.020. The buyer may then apply to the department for remittance б 7 of all or part of the tax paid under RCW 82.08.020. For grain elevators with bushel capacity of one million but less than two 8 million, the remittance is equal to fifty percent of the amount of tax 9 10 paid. For warehouses with square footage of two hundred thousand or more, other than cold storage warehouses, and for grain elevators with 11 12 bushel capacity of two million or more, the remittance is equal to one 13 hundred percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying construction, 14 materials, service, and labor, and fifty percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying material-handling equipment and racking equipment, 15 and labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, 16 17 cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment. For cold storage warehouses with square footage of twenty-five thousand or more, the 18 remittance is equal to one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid 19 for qualifying construction, materials, service, and labor, and one 20 21 hundred percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying material-22 handling equipment and racking equipment, and labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or 23 24 improving the equipment. For grain exporting facilities, the 25 remittance is equal to one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid 26 for qualifying construction, materials, service, and labor, and fifty 27 percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying grain exporting facility equipment, and labor and services rendered in respect to 28 installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment. 29

(b) The department shall determine eligibility under this section 30 31 based on information provided by the buyer and through audit and other 32 administrative records. The buyer shall on a quarterly basis submit an information sheet, in a form and manner as required by the department 33 by rule, specifying the amount of exempted tax claimed and the 34 qualifying purchases or acquisitions for which the exemption is 35 The buyer shall retain, in adequate detail to enable the 36 claimed. 37 department to determine whether the equipment or construction meets the 38 criteria under this section: Invoices; proof of tax paid; documents

describing the material-handling equipment and racking equipment <u>and</u> grain exporting facility equipment; location and size of warehouses ((and)), grain elevators, <u>and grain exporting facilities</u>; and construction invoices and documents.

5 (c) The department shall on a quarterly basis remit exempted 6 amounts to qualifying persons who submitted applications during the 7 previous quarter.

Warehouses, grain elevators, ((and)) grain exporting 8 (4) facilities, material-handling equipment and racking equipment, and 9 grain exporting facility equipment for which an exemption, credit, or 10 deferral has been or is being received under chapter 82.60, 82.62, or 11 12 82.63 RCW or RCW 82.08.02565 or 82.12.02565 are not eligible for any 13 remittance under this section. ((Warehouses and grain elevators upon 14 which construction was initiated before May 20, 1997, are not eligible for a remittance under this section.)) 15

(5) The lessor or owner of a warehouse ((or)), grain elevator, or 16 17 grain exporting facility is not eligible for a remittance under this section unless the underlying ownership of the warehouse ((or)), grain 18 elevator, or grain exporting facility, and the material-handling 19 equipment and racking equipment and grain exporting facility equipment 20 21 vests exclusively in the same person, or unless the lessor by written 22 contract agrees to pass the economic benefit of the remittance to the 23 lessee in the form of reduced rent payments.

24 **Sec. 3.** RCW 82.08.820 and 2006 c 354 s 12 are each amended to read 25 as follows:

(1) Wholesalers or third-party warehousers who own or operate warehouses ((<del>or</del>)), grain elevators, or grain exporting facilities and retailers who own or operate distribution centers, and who have paid the tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 on:

(a) Material-handling and racking equipment, grain exporting
 <u>facility equipment</u>, and labor and services rendered in respect to
 installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment;
 or

(b) Construction of a warehouse ((or)), grain elevator, or grain
 exporting facility, including materials, and including service and
 labor costs,

are eligible for an exemption in the form of a remittance. The amount 1 2 of the remittance is computed under subsection (3) of this section and is based on the state share of sales tax. 3

4

(2) For purposes of this section and RCW 82.12.820:

5

(a) "Agricultural products" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.213; (b) "Construction" means the actual construction of a warehouse

6 7 ((or)), grain elevator, or grain exporting facility that did not exist before the construction began. "Construction" includes expansion if 8 9 the expansion adds at least two hundred thousand square feet of additional space to an existing warehouse or additional storage 10 capacity of at least one million bushels to an existing grain elevator 11 or grain exporting facility. "Construction" does not include 12 13 renovation, remodeling, or repair;

14 (c) "Department" means the department of revenue;

(d) "Distribution center" means a warehouse that is used 15 exclusively by a retailer solely for the storage and distribution of 16 17 finished goods to retail outlets of the retailer. "Distribution center" does not include a warehouse at which retail sales occur; 18

19 (e) "Finished goods" means tangible personal property intended for 20 sale by a retailer or wholesaler. "Finished goods" does not include 21 agricultural products stored by wholesalers, third-party warehouses, or 22 retailers if the storage takes place on the land of the person who produced the agricultural product. "Finished goods" does not include 23 24 logs, minerals, petroleum, gas, or other extracted products stored as 25 raw materials or in bulk;

(f) "Grain elevator" means a structure used for storage and 26 27 handling of grain in bulk. Grain elevator does not include a grain exporting facility; 28

(q) "Grain exporting facility" means one or more contiguous parcels 29 of real property with one or more grain exporting facility structures 30 constructed after January 1, 2007, with a total bushel capacity in 31 32 excess of three million;

(h) "Grain exporting facility equipment" means equipment located at 33 a grain exporting facility that is primarily used to handle, store, 34 organize, convey, package, or repackage grain, oil seeds, and 35 byproducts thereof in bulk to, from, or within grain exporting facility 36 37 structures. The term includes tangible personal property with a useful life of one year or more that becomes an ingredient or component of the 38

equipment, including repair and replacement parts. The term does not 1 include equipment in offices, lunchrooms, restrooms, and other like 2 space, within a grain exporting facility, or equipment used for 3 purposes other than handling, storing, organizing, conveying, 4 packaging, or repackaging grain, oil seeds, and byproducts thereof. 5 б "Grain exporting facility equipment" includes but is not limited to: Conveyers, carousels, lifts, positioners, pick-up-and-place units, 7 cranes, hoists, mechanical arms, and robots; mechanized systems, 8 including containers that are an integral part of the system, whose 9 purpose is to lift or move tangible personal property; and automated 10 handling, storage, and retrieval systems, including computers that 11 control them, whose purpose is to lift or move tangible personal 12 13 property; forklifts and other off-the-road vehicles that are used to 14 lift or move tangible personal property and that cannot be operated legally on roads and streets; and conveying systems, chutes, shelves, 15 racks, bins, drawers, pallets, and other containers and storage devices 16 that form a necessary part of the storage system; 17

(i) "Grain exporting facility structure" means storage silos, 18 tanks, conveyers, scale towers, bins, electrical improvements, scales, 19 20 foundations and supports, off-load pits, rails and railbeds, and other 21 buildings primarily used to handle, store, organize, or convey grain, oil seeds, and byproducts thereof in bulk. Office space, lunchrooms, 22 restrooms, maintenance buildings, and other space necessary for the 23 24 operation of the grain exporting facility are considered part of the grain exporting facility structures as are loading docks and other such 25 26 space or structures attached or adjacent to the conveyers and used for handling of grain, oil seeds, and byproducts thereof. A structure may 27 have more than one storage area. Landscaping and parking lots are not 28 considered part of the grain exporting facility structure. A storage 29 yard is not a grain exporting facility structure, nor is a structure in 30 which manufacturing takes place; 31

32 (j) "Material-handling equipment and racking equipment" means 33 equipment in a warehouse or grain elevator that is primarily used to 34 handle, store, organize, convey, package, or repackage finished goods. 35 The term includes tangible personal property with a useful life of one 36 year or more that becomes an ingredient or component of the equipment, 37 including repair and replacement parts. The term does not include 38 equipment in offices, lunchrooms, restrooms, and other like space,

within a warehouse or grain elevator, or equipment used for 1 2 nonwarehousing purposes. "Material-handling equipment" includes but is not limited to: Conveyers, carousels, lifts, positioners, pick-up-and-3 place units, cranes, hoists, mechanical arms, and robots; mechanized 4 5 systems, including containers that are an integral part of the system, whose purpose is to lift or move tangible personal property; and 6 7 automated handling, storage, and retrieval systems, including computers 8 that control them, whose purpose is to lift or move tangible personal 9 property; and forklifts and other off-the-road vehicles that are used 10 to lift or move tangible personal property and that cannot be operated legally on roads and streets. "Racking equipment" includes, but is not 11 12 limited to, conveying systems, chutes, shelves, racks, bins, drawers, 13 pallets, and other containers and storage devices that form a necessary 14 part of the storage system;

15

((<del>(h)</del>)) <u>(k)</u> "Person" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.030;

16 ((((i))) (1) "Retailer" means a person who makes "sales at retail" 17 as defined in chapter 82.04 RCW of tangible personal property;

 $(((\frac{j})))$  (m) "Square footage" means the product of the 18 two horizontal dimensions of each floor of a specific warehouse. 19 The entire footprint of the warehouse shall be measured in calculating the 20 21 square footage, including space that juts out from the building profile such as loading docks. "Square footage" does not mean the aggregate of 22 23 the square footage of more than one warehouse at a location or the 24 aggregate of the square footage of warehouses at more than one 25 location;

26 ((<del>(k)</del>)) <u>(n)</u> "Third-party warehouser" means a person taxable under 27 RCW 82.04.280(4);

((((1))) (o) "Warehouse" means an enclosed building or structure in 28 which finished goods are stored. A warehouse building or structure may 29 have more than one storage room and more than one floor. Office space, 30 31 lunchrooms, restrooms, and other space within the warehouse and 32 necessary for the operation of the warehouse are considered part of the warehouse as are loading docks and other such space attached to the 33 building and used for handling of finished goods. Landscaping and 34 parking lots are not considered part of the warehouse. A storage yard 35 36 is not a warehouse, nor is a building in which manufacturing takes 37 place; and

1 (((m))) (p) "Wholesaler" means a person who makes "sales at 2 wholesale" as defined in chapter 82.04 RCW of tangible personal 3 property, but "wholesaler" does not include a person who makes sales 4 exempt under RCW 82.04.330.

(3)(a) A person claiming an exemption from state tax in the form of 5 a remittance under this section must pay the tax imposed by RCW б 7 82.08.020. The buyer may then apply to the department for remittance of all or part of the tax paid under RCW 82.08.020. For grain 8 elevators with bushel capacity of one million but less than two 9 10 million, the remittance is equal to fifty percent of the amount of tax paid. For warehouses with square footage of two hundred thousand or 11 more and for grain elevators with bushel capacity of two million or 12 13 more, the remittance is equal to one hundred percent of the amount of 14 tax paid for qualifying construction, materials, service, and labor, and fifty percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying material-15 handling equipment and racking equipment, and labor and services 16 17 rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment. For grain exporting facilities, the 18 remittance is equal to one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid 19 for qualifying construction, materials, service, and labor, and fifty 20 21 percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying grain exporting facility equipment, and labor and services rendered in respect to 22 installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment. 23

24 (b) The department shall determine eligibility under this section 25 based on information provided by the buyer and through audit and other 26 administrative records. The buyer shall on a quarterly basis submit an 27 information sheet, in a form and manner as required by the department by rule, specifying the amount of exempted tax claimed and the 28 qualifying purchases or acquisitions for which the exemption is 29 The buyer shall retain, in adequate detail to enable the 30 claimed. department to determine whether the equipment or construction meets the 31 32 criteria under this section: Invoices; proof of tax paid; documents describing the material-handling equipment and racking equipment and 33 grain exporting facility equipment; location and size of warehouses 34 ((and)), grain elevators, and grain exporting facilities; 35 and construction invoices and documents. 36

37 (c) The department shall on a quarterly basis remit exempted

amounts to qualifying persons who submitted applications during the
 previous quarter.

grain elevators, ((and)) grain exporting 3 (4) Warehouses, facilities, material-handling equipment and racking equipment, and 4 5 grain exporting facility equipment for which an exemption, credit, or deferral has been or is being received under chapter 82.60, 82.62, or 6 7 82.63 RCW or RCW 82.08.02565 or 82.12.02565 are not eligible for any remittance under this section. ((Warehouses and grain elevators upon 8 9 which construction was initiated before May 20, 1997, are not eligible 10 for a remittance under this section.))

(5) The lessor or owner of a warehouse ((or)), grain elevator, or 11 grain exporting facility is not eligible for a remittance under this 12 section unless the underlying ownership of the warehouse ((or)), grain 13 elevator, or grain exporting facility and the material-handling 14 equipment and racking equipment and grain exporting facility equipment 15 vests exclusively in the same person, or unless the lessor by written 16 17 contract agrees to pass the economic benefit of the remittance to the lessee in the form of reduced rent payments. 18

19 Sec. 4. RCW 82.12.820 and 2003 c 5 s 13 are each amended to read 20 as follows:

(1) Wholesalers or third-party warehousers who own or operate warehouses ((or)), grain elevators, or grain exporting facilities and retailers who own or operate distribution centers, and who have paid the tax levied under RCW 82.12.020 on:

(a) Material-handling equipment and racking equipment, grain exporting facility equipment, and labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment; or

(b) Materials incorporated in the construction of a warehouse ((<del>or</del>)), grain elevator, <u>or grain exporting facility</u> are eligible for an exemption on tax paid in the form of a remittance or credit against tax owed. The amount of the remittance or credit is computed under subsection (2) of this section and is based on the state share of use tax.

35 (2)(a) A person claiming an exemption from state tax in the form of 36 a remittance under this section must pay the tax imposed by RCW 37 82.12.020 to the department. The person may then apply to the

department for remittance of all or part of the tax paid under RCW 1 2 82.12.020. For grain elevators with bushel capacity of one million but less than two million, the remittance is equal to fifty percent of the 3 amount of tax paid. For warehouses with square footage of two hundred 4 thousand and for grain elevators with bushel capacity of two million or 5 more, the remittance is equal to one hundred percent of the amount of 6 7 tax paid for qualifying construction materials, and fifty percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying material-handling equipment and 8 racking equipment, and labor and services rendered in respect to 9 installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment. 10 For grain exporting facilities, the remittance is equal to one hundred 11 percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying construction 12 13 materials, and fifty percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying grain exporting facility equipment, and labor and services rendered in 14 respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the 15 16 equipment.

(b) The department shall determine eligibility under this section 17 based on information provided by the buyer and through audit and other 18 administrative records. The buyer shall on a quarterly basis submit an 19 information sheet, in a form and manner as required by the department 20 21 by rule, specifying the amount of exempted tax claimed and the 22 qualifying purchases or acquisitions for which the exemption is The buyer shall retain, in adequate detail to enable the 23 claimed. 24 department to determine whether the equipment or construction meets the criteria under this section: Invoices; proof of tax paid; documents 25 describing the material-handling equipment and racking equipment and 26 27 grain exporting facility equipment; location and size of warehouses, if applicable; and construction invoices and documents. 28

(c) The department shall on a quarterly basis remit or credit exempted amounts to qualifying persons who submitted applications during the previous quarter.

(3) Warehouse, grain elevators, ((and)) grain exporting facilities,
material-handling equipment and racking equipment, and grain exporting
facility equipment for which an exemption, credit, or deferral has been
or is being received under chapter 82.60, ((82.61,)) 82.62, or 82.63
RCW or RCW 82.08.02565 or 82.12.02565 are not eligible for any
remittance under this section. ((Materials incorporated in warehouses)

1 and grain elevators upon which construction was initiated prior to May

2 20, 1997, are not eligible for a remittance under this section.))

(4) The lessor or owner of the warehouse ((or)), grain elevator, or 3 grain exporting facility is not eligible for a remittance or credit 4 5 under this section unless the underlying ownership of the warehouse ((or)), grain elevator, or grain exporting facility and material-6 7 handling equipment and racking equipment and grain exporting facility equipment vests exclusively in the same person, or unless the lessor by 8 9 written contract agrees to pass the economic benefit of the exemption to the lessee in the form of reduced rent payments. 10

11

(5) The definitions in RCW 82.08.820 apply to this section.

12 Sec. 5. RCW 82.12.820 and 2005 c 513 s 12 are each amended to read 13 as follows:

(1) Wholesalers or third-party warehousers who own or operate warehouses ((or)), grain elevators, or grain exporting facilities, and retailers who own or operate distribution centers, and who have paid the tax levied under RCW 82.12.020 on:

(a) Material-handling equipment and racking equipment, grain
 exporting facility equipment, and labor and services rendered in
 respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the
 equipment; or

((or)), grain elevator, or grain exporting facility are eligible for an exemption on tax paid in the form of a remittance or credit against tax owed. The amount of the remittance or credit is computed under subsection (2) of this section and is based on the state share of use tax.

(2)(a) A person claiming an exemption from state tax in the form of 28 a remittance under this section must pay the tax imposed by RCW 29 30 82.12.020 to the department. The person may then apply to the 31 department for remittance of all or part of the tax paid under RCW 82.12.020. For grain elevators with bushel capacity of one million but 32 less than two million, the remittance is equal to fifty percent of the 33 amount of tax paid. For warehouses with square footage of two hundred 34 thousand or more, other than cold storage warehouses, and for grain 35 36 elevators with bushel capacity of two million or more, the remittance 37 is equal to one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid for

qualifying construction materials, and fifty percent of the amount of 1 2 tax paid for qualifying material-handling equipment and racking equipment, and labor and services rendered in respect to installing, 3 repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment. For cold 4 storage warehouses with square footage of twenty-five thousand or more, 5 the remittance is equal to one hundred percent of the amount of tax 6 7 paid for qualifying construction, materials, ((service, and labor,)) and one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying 8 material-handling equipment and racking equipment, and labor and 9 10 services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment. For grain exporting facilities, 11 12 the remittance is equal to one hundred percent of the amount of tax 13 paid for qualifying construction materials, and fifty percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying grain exporting facility equipment, 14 and labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, 15 cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment. 16

(b) The department shall determine eligibility under this section 17 based on information provided by the buyer and through audit and other 18 administrative records. The buyer shall on a quarterly basis submit an 19 information sheet, in a form and manner as required by the department 20 21 by rule, specifying the amount of exempted tax claimed and the 22 qualifying purchases or acquisitions for which the exemption is The buyer shall retain, in adequate detail to enable the 23 claimed. 24 department to determine whether the equipment or construction meets the criteria under this section: Invoices; proof of tax paid; documents 25 describing the material-handling equipment and racking equipment and 26 27 grain exporting facility equipment; location and size of warehouses, if applicable; and construction invoices and documents. 28

(c) The department shall on a quarterly basis remit or credit exempted amounts to qualifying persons who submitted applications during the previous quarter.

(3) Warehouse, grain elevators, ((and)) grain exporting facilities,
material-handling equipment and racking equipment, and grain exporting
facility equipment for which an exemption, credit, or deferral has been
or is being received under chapter 82.60, ((82.61,)) 82.62, or 82.63
RCW or RCW 82.08.02565 or 82.12.02565 are not eligible for any
remittance under this section. ((Materials incorporated in warehouses)

1 and grain elevators upon which construction was initiated prior to May

2 20, 1997, are not eligible for a remittance under this section.))

(4) The lessor or owner of the warehouse ((or)), grain elevator, or 3 grain exporting facility is not eligible for a remittance or credit 4 5 under this section unless the underlying ownership of the warehouse ((or)), grain elevator, or grain exporting facility and material-6 7 handling equipment and racking equipment and grain exporting facility equipment vests exclusively in the same person, or unless the lessor by 8 9 written contract agrees to pass the economic benefit of the exemption to the lessee in the form of reduced rent payments. 10

11

(5) The definitions in RCW 82.08.820 apply to this section.

12 Sec. 6. RCW 82.12.820 and 2006 c 354 s 13 are each amended to read 13 as follows:

(1) Wholesalers or third-party warehousers who own or operate warehouses ((or)), grain elevators, or grain exporting facilities, and retailers who own or operate distribution centers, and who have paid the tax levied under RCW 82.12.020 on:

18 (a) Material-handling equipment and racking equipment, grain 19 <u>exporting facility equipment</u>, and labor and services rendered in 20 respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the 21 equipment; or

((or)), grain elevator, or grain exporting facility are eligible for an exemption on tax paid in the form of a remittance or credit against tax owed. The amount of the remittance or credit is computed under subsection (2) of this section and is based on the state share of use tax.

(2)(a) A person claiming an exemption from state tax in the form of 28 29 a remittance under this section must pay the tax imposed by RCW 30 82.12.020 to the department. The person may then apply to the 31 department for remittance of all or part of the tax paid under RCW 82.12.020. For grain elevators with bushel capacity of one million but 32 less than two million, the remittance is equal to fifty percent of the 33 amount of tax paid. For warehouses with square footage of two hundred 34 thousand or more and for grain elevators with bushel capacity of two 35 36 million or more, the remittance is equal to one hundred percent of the 37 amount of tax paid for qualifying construction materials, and fifty

percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying material-handling 1 2 equipment and racking equipment, and labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the 3 equipment. For grain exporting facilities, the remittance is equal to 4 one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying 5 construction materials, and fifty percent of the amount of tax paid for 6 qualifying grain exporting facility equipment, and labor and services 7 rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or 8 improving the equipment. 9

(b) The department shall determine eligibility under this section 10 based on information provided by the buyer and through audit and other 11 administrative records. The buyer shall on a quarterly basis submit an 12 13 information sheet, in a form and manner as required by the department 14 by rule, specifying the amount of exempted tax claimed and the qualifying purchases or acquisitions for which the exemption is 15 The buyer shall retain, in adequate detail to enable the 16 claimed. department to determine whether the equipment or construction meets the 17 criteria under this section: Invoices; proof of tax paid; documents 18 describing the material-handling equipment and racking equipment and 19 grain exporting facility equipment; location and size of warehouses, if 20 21 applicable; and construction invoices and documents.

(c) The department shall on a quarterly basis remit or credit exempted amounts to qualifying persons who submitted applications during the previous quarter.

(3) Warehouse, grain elevators, ((and)) grain exporting facilities, 25 26 material-handling equipment and racking equipment, and grain exporting 27 facility equipment for which an exemption, credit, or deferral has been or is being received under chapter 82.60, 82.62, or 82.63 RCW or RCW 28 82.08.02565 or 82.12.02565 are not eligible for any remittance under 29 ((Materials incorporated in warehouses and grain 30 this section. elevators upon which construction was initiated prior to May 20, 1997, 31 32 are not eligible for a remittance under this section.))

(4) The lessor or owner of the warehouse ((or)), grain elevator, or grain exporting facility is not eligible for a remittance or credit under this section unless the underlying ownership of the warehouse ((or)), grain elevator, or grain exporting facility and materialhandling equipment and racking equipment <u>and grain exporting facility</u> <u>equipment</u> vests exclusively in the same person, or unless the lessor by written contract agrees to pass the economic benefit of the exemption to the lessee in the form of reduced rent payments.

4 (5) The definitions in RCW 82.08.820 apply to this section.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. Sections 1 and 4 of this act are necessary 6 for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, 7 or support of the state government and its existing public 8 institutions, and take effect immediately.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. Sections 2 and 5 of this act are necessary 10 for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, 11 or support of the state government and its existing public 12 institutions, and take effect July 1, 2007.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. Sections 3 and 6 of this act take effect 14 July 1, 2012.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. Sections 1 and 4 of this act expire July 1, 16 2007.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. Sections 2 and 5 of this act expire July 1,
18 2012.

--- END ---