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## SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1528

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2009 Regular Session

By House Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Representatives Sells, Conway, Green, Kenney, Hasegawa, Miloscia, Morrell, Van De Wege, Cody, Appleton, Dickerson, O'Brien, Simpson, Chase, Williams, Moeller, Goodman, Ormsby, Nelson, Eddy, Hunt, Dunshee, Roberts, McCoy, Blake, Kirby, Jacks, Hurst, Wood, Takko, Ericks, Campbell, Seaquist, Kagi, Haigh, White, Flannigan, Rolfes, Wallace, Quall, Sullivan, Darneille, Orwall, Finn, Morris, Hudgins, and Santos)

READ FIRST TIME 02/23/09.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to prohibiting certain employer communications
- 2 about political or religious matters; adding new sections to chapter
- 3 49.44 RCW; and creating a new section.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** (1) Employees in Washington state have a first amendment right to not attend a meeting, or listen to, or respond to, or participate in communication by their employer on political or religious matters as defined in section 2 of this act.
- 9 (2) Employers in Washington state have a first amendment right to express their views to their employees on political and religious 10 matters as defined in section 2 of this act in any usual and customary 11 For example, employers may conduct employee meetings, 12 13 disseminate literature, or send e-mails to employees regarding their political and religious views but shall not be able to require 14 employees to attend these meetings, or listen to, or respond to, or 15 16 participate in this communication.
- 17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** The definitions in this section apply

p. 1 SHB 1528

- throughout this section and sections 3 through 5 of this act unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
  - (1) "Adverse employment action" means discharge, discipline, or any adverse change in the status or the terms and conditions of the employee's employment.
    - (2) "Employee" means the same as provided in RCW 49.12.005(4).
- 7 (3) "Employer" means an employer, as defined in RCW 49.12.005(3)(b), and includes any person acting in the interest of such 9 an employer.
- 10 (4) "Political matters" means matters directly related to 11 candidates, elected officials, ballot propositions, legislation, 12 election campaigns, political parties, and political, social, 13 community, and labor or other mutual aid organizations.
- 14 (5) "Religious matters" means all aspects of religious observance 15 and practice, as well as belief.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) An employer may not require an employee to attend a meeting, or listen to, or respond to, or participate in, any communication relating to political or religious matters as defined in section 2 of this act.
- 20 (2) An employer may not take or threaten to take an adverse 21 employment action against an employee because the employee:
  - (a) Refuses to attend a meeting or listen or otherwise respond to, or participate in, any other communication that the employee reasonably believes violates or would violate this section;
  - (b) Challenges or opposes any practice or action that the employee reasonably believes violates or would violate this section; or
  - (c) Makes a claim, files suit, testifies, assists, or participates in any manner in any investigation, proceeding, or hearing involving any practice or action that the employee reasonably believes violates or would violate this section.
    - (3) This section does not:

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- 32 (a) Apply to any requirement related to meetings or any other 33 communications about religious matters by an employer that is a 34 religious organization, corporation, association, educational 35 institution, or society;
- 36 (b) Prohibit any employer from requiring its employees to attend a 37 meeting, listen or otherwise respond to, or participate in, any other

SHB 1528 p. 2

- communications that are (i) reasonably necessary to the performance of actions by the employees that may be lawfully required; and (ii) related to the normal operation of the employer's business or
- 4 enterprise.
- Sec. 4. An employee aggrieved by a violation of 5 NEW SECTION. 6 section 3 of this act may bring a civil action in the superior court 7 for the county where the violation is alleged to have occurred or where the employer has its principal office. The court may award a 8 9 prevailing employee injunctive relief, rehiring or reinstatement of the 10 employee to the employee's former position or equivalent position, back 11 pay and restoration of any other terms and conditions of employment to 12 which the employee would otherwise have been eligible if the violation 13 had not occurred, damages for any reasonably foreseeable losses 14 sustained by the employee as a result of such a violation, and any other appropriate relief as deemed necessary by the court to make the 15 employee whole and to restrain violations of section 3 of this act. 16 17 The court shall award a prevailing employee an additional one hundred 18 percent of back pay as liquidated damages to compensate for harms caused by the delay in payment, together with reasonable attorneys' 19 20 fees and costs.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Employers shall post a notice of employee rights under this act in a conspicuous place accessible to the employees at the employer's place of business.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Sections 2 through 5 of this act are each added to chapter 49.44 RCW.

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p. 3 SHB 1528