## ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1571

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2009 Regular Session

**By** House Agriculture & Natural Resources (originally sponsored by Representatives Blake and Chandler; by request of Department of Ecology)

READ FIRST TIME 02/23/09.

AN ACT Relating to the adjudication of water rights; amending RCW 90.03.110, 90.03.120, 90.03.130, 90.03.140, 90.03.160, 90.03.180, 90.03.210, 90.03.240, 90.03.243, 90.44.220, and 43.21B.110; adding new sections to chapter 90.03 RCW; creating a new section; and repealing RCW 90.03.170 and 90.03.190.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

7 **Sec. 1.** RCW 90.03.110 and 1987 c 109 s 72 are each amended to read 8 as follows:

(1) Upon the filing of a petition with the department by a planning 9 10 unit or by one or more persons claiming the right to ((divert)) any waters within the state or when, after investigation, in the judgment 11 12 of the department, the ((interest of the public will be subserved by a determination-of-the-rights-thereto,-it-shall-be-the-duty-of-the 13 department to)) public interest will be served by a determination of 14 15 the rights thereto, the department shall prepare a statement of the facts, together with a plan or map of the locality under investigation, 16 and file such statement and plan or map in the superior court of the 17 county in which said water is situated, or, in case such water flows or 18 19 is situated in more than one county, in the county which the department

1 shall determine to be the most convenient to the parties interested 2 therein. Such <u>a</u> statement shall ((contain substantially the following 3 matter, to wit:

4 (1) The names of all known persons claiming the right to divert 5 said-water, -the right to -the diversion -of -which -is -sought -to -be 6 determined, and

7 (2) A brief statement of the facts in relation to such water, and 8 the necessity for a determination of the rights thereto)):

9 (a) For an adjudication, either (i) identify each person or entity 10 owning real property situated within the area to be adjudicated but 11 outside the boundaries of a city, town, or special purpose district 12 that provides water to property within its service area; (ii) identify 13 all known persons claiming a right to the water sought to be 14 determined; or (iii) identify both; and

15 (b) Include a brief statement of the facts in relation to such 16 water, and the necessity for a determination of the rights thereto.

17 (2) Prior to filing an adjudication under this chapter, the 18 department shall:

19 (a) For an adjudication, consult with the administrative office of 20 the courts to determine whether sufficient judicial resources are 21 available to commence and to prosecute the adjudication in a timely 22 manner; and

23 (b) For an adjudication, report to the appropriate committees of 24 the legislature on the estimated budget needs for the court and the 25 department to conduct the adjudication.

26 **Sec. 2.** RCW 90.03.120 and 1987 c 109 s 73 are each amended to read 27 as follows:

(1) Upon the filing of the statement and map as provided in RCW 90.03.110 the judge of such superior court shall make an order directing summons to be issued, and fixing the return day thereof, which shall be not less than ((sixty)) one hundred nor more than ((ninety)) one hundred thirty days, after the making of such order: PROVIDED, That for good cause, the court, at the request of the department, may modify said time period.

35 (2) A summons <u>issued under this section</u> shall ((thereupon)) be 36 issued out of said superior court, signed and attested by the clerk 37 thereof, in the name of the state of Washington, as plaintiff, against

all known persons ((claiming the right to divert the water involved and 1 2 also-all-persons-unknown-claiming-the-right-to-divert-the-water involved, --which -- said)) identified by the department under RCW 3 90.03.110. The summons shall contain a brief statement of the objects 4 5 and purpose of the proceedings and shall require the defendants to appear on the return day thereof, and make and file ((a statement of)) 6 7 an adjudication claim to, or interest in, the water involved and a statement that unless they appear at the time and place fixed and 8 assert such right, judgment will be entered determining their rights 9 10 according to the evidence: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That any persons claiming the right to ((the use of)) water by virtue of a contract with 11 12 a claimant to the right to divert the same, shall not be necessary 13 parties to the proceeding.

14 (3) To the extent consistent with court rules and subject to the availability of funds provided either by direct appropriation or funded 15 through the administrative office of the courts for this specific 16 adjudicative proceeding, the court is encouraged to conduct the water 17 rights adjudication employing innovative practices and technologies 18 appropriate to large scale and complex cases, such as: (a) Electronic 19 filing of documents, including notice and claims; (b) appearance via 20 21 teleconferencing; (c) prefiling of testimony; and (d) other practices and technologies consistent with court rules and emerging technologies. 22

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW 24 to read as follows:

(1) A judge in a water right adjudication filed under this chapter
may be partially or fully disqualified from hearing the adjudication.
Partial disqualification means disqualification from hearing specified
claims. Full disqualification means disqualification from hearing any
aspect of the adjudication.

(a) A judge is partially disqualified when the judge's impartiality
 might reasonably be questioned and the apparent or actual partiality is
 limited to specified claims.

33 (b) A judge is fully disqualified when the judge's impartiality 34 might reasonably be questioned and the apparent or actual partiality 35 extends beyond limited claims such that the judge should not hear any 36 part of the adjudication. 1 (2) A judge may recuse himself or herself under this section or a 2 party may file a motion for disqualification. A motion for 3 disqualification must state whether the remedy being sought is full or 4 partial disqualification.

5 (3)(a) For parties who are named in the original pleadings, a 6 motion for disqualification is timely if it is filed before the judge 7 issues a discretionary order or ruling in the adjudication.

8 (b) For a party who is joined in the adjudication after the 9 original pleadings have been filed, a motion for disqualification is 10 timely if it is filed within the earliest of either (i) thirty days of 11 being joined in the adjudication; or (ii) after the joinder of the 12 party, before the judge issues a discretionary order or ruling relating 13 to the joined party.

14 (c) When a motion for disqualification is untimely filed under this 15 subsection (3), the motion will be granted only when necessary to 16 correct a substantial injustice.

(d) For purposes of this section, "discretionary order or ruling"
has the same meaning as "order or ruling involving discretion" in RCW
4.12.050.

20 (4) A party filing a motion for disqualification under this section 21 has the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the 22 judge should be disqualified under the standards of subsection (1) of 23 this section.

(5) The motion for disqualification may not be heard by the judge against whom the motion is filed. Subject to this limitation, the court may assign the disqualification motion to any superior court judge of the judicial district in which the adjudication was filed or to a visiting superior court judge under RCW 2.56.040.

(6) Except as stated in subsection (3)(d) of this section, RCW 4.12.040 and 4.12.050, which otherwise govern the disqualification of superior court judges, do not apply to water right adjudications filed under this chapter. The standards set forth in RCW 2.28.030, which govern the disqualification of judicial officers generally, may be grounds for disqualification under this section.

35 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW
36 to read as follows:

37 Upon expiration of the filing period established under RCW

90.03.120(2), the department shall file a motion for default against defendants who have been served but who have failed to file an adjudication claim under RCW 90.03.140. A party in default may file a late claim under the same circumstances the party could respond or defend under court rules on default judgments.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW 7 to read as follows:

8 If an adjudication claim is for a use for which a statement of 9 claim was required to be filed under chapter 90.14 RCW and no such 10 claim was filed, the department may move that the adjudication claim be 11 denied. The court shall grant the department's motion unless the 12 claimant shows good cause why the motion should not be granted.

13 Sec. 6. RCW 90.03.130 and 1987 c 109 s 74 are each amended to read 14 as follows:

15 Service of said summons shall be made in the same manner and with the same force and effect as service of summons in civil actions 16 commenced in the superior courts of the state: PROVIDED, That ((for 17 18 good-cause,-the-court,-at-the-request-of-the-department,-as-an 19 alternative to personal service, may authorize service of summons to be)) as an alternative to personal service, service may be made by 20 certified mail, with return receipt signed and dated by defendant, a 21 22 spouse of a defendant, or another person authorized to accept service. 23 If the defendants, or either of them, cannot be found within the state of Washington, of which the return of the sheriff of the county in 24 25 which the proceeding is pending or the failure to sign a receipt for certified mail shall be prima facie evidence, upon the filing of an 26 affidavit by the department, or its attorney, in conformity with the 27 statute relative to the service of summons by publication in civil 28 29 actions, such service may be made by publication in a newspaper of 30 general circulation in the county in which such proceeding is pending, and also publication of said summons in a newspaper of general 31 32 circulation in each county in which any portion of the water is situated, once a week for six consecutive weeks (six publications). 33 34 ((In-cases\_where\_personal\_service\_can\_be\_had, such\_summons\_shall\_be 35 served-at-least-twenty-days-before-the-return-day-thereof.)) The 36 summons by publication shall state that ((statements of)) adjudication

2 publication or before the return date, whichever is later. In cases where personal service or service by certified mail is had, summons 3 must be served at least sixty days before the return day thereof. For 4 summons by certified mail, completion of service occurs upon the date 5 of receipt by the defendant. 6 7 Personal service of summons may be made by department of ecology employees for actions pertaining to water rights. 8 9 Sec. 7. RCW 90.03.140 and 1987 c 109 s 75 are each amended to read 10 as follows: 11 (1) On or before the ((return day of such summons, each defendant 12 shall file in the office of the clerk of said court a statement, and 13 therewith a copy thereof for the department, containing substantially the following: 14 15 (1) The name and post office address of defendant. 16 (2) The full nature of the right, or use, on which the claim is 17 based. (3) The time of initiation of such right and commencement of such 18 19 use. 20 (4) The date of beginning and completion of construction. 21 (5) The dimensions and capacity of all ditches existing at the time 22 of making said statement. 23 (6) The amount of land under irrigation and the maximum quantity of water-used-thereon-prior-to-the-date-of-said-statement-and-if-for 24 25 power, or other purposes, the maximum quantity of water used prior to 26 date of said statement. 27 (7) The legal description of the land upon which said water has been, or may be, put to beneficial use, and the legal description of 28 29 the subdivision of land on which the point of diversion is located. Such-statement)) date\_specified\_in\_the\_summons,\_each\_defendant 30 shall file with the clerk of the superior court an adjudication claim 31 on a form and in a manner provided by the department, and mail or 32 electronically mail a copy to the department. The department shall 33 provide information that will assist claimants of small uses of water 34 35 in completing their adjudication claims. The adjudication claim must contain substantially the following, except that when the legal basis 36

claims must be filed within ((twenty)) sixty days after the last

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- for the claimed right is a federally reserved right, the information 1 2 must be filed only as applicable: (a) The name, mailing address, and telephone contact number of each 3 defendant on the claim, and e-mail address, if available; 4 5 (b) The purpose or purposes of use of the water and the annual and instantaneous quantities of water put to beneficial use; 6 7 (c) For each use, the date the first steps were taken under the law to put the water to beneficial use; 8 9 (d) The date of beginning and completion of the construction of wells, ditches, or other works to put the water to use; 10 (e) The maximum amount of land ever under irrigation and the 11 maximum annual and instantaneous quantities of water ever used thereon 12 13 prior to the date of the statement and if for power, or other purposes, 14 the maximum annual and instantaneous quantities of water ever used prior to the date of the adjudication claim; 15 (f) The dates between which water is used annually; 16 17 (q) If located outside the boundaries of a city, town, or special purpose district that provides water to property within its service 18 area, the legal description and county tax parcel number of the land 19 20 upon which the water as presently claimed has been, or may be, put to 21 beneficial use; 22 (h) The legal description and county tax parcel number of the subdivision of land on which the point of diversion or withdrawal is 23 24 located as well as land survey and geographic positioning coordinates of the same if available; 25 (i) Whether a right to surface or groundwater, or both, is claimed 26 27 and the source of the surface water and the location and depth of all 28 <u>wells;</u> (j) The legal basis for the claimed right; 29 (k) Whether a statement of claim relating to the water right was 30 31 filed under chapter 90.14 RCW or whether a declaration relating to the water right was filed under chapter 90.44 RCW and, if so, the claim or 32 declaration number, and whether the right is documented by a permit or 33 certificate and, if so, the permit number or certificate number. When 34 the source is a well, the well log number must be provided, when 35 36 available; 37
  - (1) The amount of land and the annual and instantaneous quantities

1 of water used thereon, or used for power or other purposes, that the 2 defendant claims as a present right.

3 (2) The adjudication claim shall be verified on oath by the defendant((, and in the discretion of the court may be amended)). 4 The department shall furnish the form for the adjudication claim. A 5 claimant may file an adjudication claim electronically if authorized 6 7 under state and local court rules. The department may assist claimants in their effort by making the department's pertinent records and 8 information accessible electronically or by other means and through 9 conferring with claimants. 10

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW 12 to read as follows:

13 Within the date set by the court for filing evidence, each claimant shall file with the court evidence to support the claimant's 14 adjudication claims. The court is encouraged to set a date for filing 15 16 evidence that is reasonable and fair for the timely processing of the 17 adjudication. The evidence may include, without limitation, permits or certificates of water right, statements of claim made under chapter 18 90.14 RCW, deeds, documents related to issuance of a land patent, 19 20 aerial photographs, decrees of previous water rights adjudications, 21 crop records, records of livestock purchases and sales, records of power use, metering records, declarations containing testimonial 22 23 evidence, records of diversion, withdrawal or storage and delivery by 24 irrigation districts or ditch companies, and any other evidence to support that a water right was obtained and was not thereafter 25 26 abandoned or relinquished. The evidence filed may include matters that are outside the original adjudication claim filed, and within the date 27 set by the court for filing evidence, the claimant may amend the 28 adjudication claim to conform to the evidence filed. Thereafter, 29 except for good cause shown, a claimant may not file additional 30 31 evidence to support the claim.

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW 33 to read as follows:

34 (1) Upon the receipt of adjudication claims and the filing of 35 claimants' evidence, the department shall conduct a preliminary 36 investigation for the purpose of examining:

(a) The uses of the subject waters by and any physical works in
 connection with the persons to whom the adjudication applies; and

3 (b) The uses for which a statement of claim has been filed under 4 chapter 90.14 RCW or for which the department has a permit or 5 certificate of water right on record.

6 (2)(a) The examination may include, as the department deems 7 appropriate:

8 (i) An estimation of the amount of water that is reasonably 9 necessary to accomplish various beneficial uses within the area;

10 (ii) The measurement of stream flows;

11 (iii) The measurement of any diversion or withdrawal rates;

12 (iv) An estimation of storage capacity and the amount of water 13 stored;

14 (v) The types and numbers of stock watered;

15 (vi) The number of residences served;

16 (vii) The location and size of any irrigated land areas; and

17 (viii) Any other information pertinent to the determination of 18 water rights in an adjudication under this chapter.

(b) The department may also take other necessary steps and gather 19 other data and information as may be essential to the proper 20 21 understanding of the water uses and associated rights of the affected 22 water users, including review of each claimant's adjudication claim and evidence the claimant filed to support the claim. 23 The claimants and 24 the department are encouraged to confer as may be beneficial to clarify 25 the factual and legal basis for the claim. To the extent consistent with court rules, the court may deem it appropriate to encourage 26 27 claimants and the department to work closely together to reach agreement on a claimed water right that may result in timely settlement 28 of water rights, reduced costs for the parties, greater equity and 29 general public service, and better information that may be used for 30 31 overall water management.

(3) The department shall file with the court the department's
report of findings as to each adjudication claim filed timely under RCW
90.03.140. The department may divide its report of findings into two
or more segments, covering particular drainages, uses, or other
appropriate bases for dividing the report on adjudication claims.
Based on the evidence filed by claimants and the department's report of

1 findings, the department shall file with the superior court either or
2 both of the following motions:

3 (a) A motion for a partial decree in favor of all stated claims
4 under RCW 90.03.140 that the department finds to be substantiated with
5 factual evidence; or

6 (b) A motion seeking determination of contested claims before the 7 court.

8 **Sec. 10.** RCW 90.03.160 and 1989 c 80 s 1 are each amended to read 9 as follows:

10 (1) Upon ((the completion of the service of summons as hereinbefore 11 provided, the superior court in which said proceeding is pending shall 12 make-an-order-referring-said-proceeding-to-the-department-to-take testimony by its duly authorized designee, as referee, and the designee 13 14 shall report to and file with the superior court of the county in which such cause is pending a transcript of such testimony for adjudication 15 16 thereon by such court. The superior court may, in any complex case with-more-than-one-thousand-named-defendants,-including-the-United 17 States, retain for hearing and further processing such portions of the 18 proceeding as pertain to a discrete class or classes of defendants or 19 20 claims of water rights if the court determines that: (1) Resolution of 21 claims of such classes appear to involve significant issues of law, either procedural or substantive; and (2) such a retention will both 22 23 expedite the conclusion of the case and reduce the overall expenditures 24 of - the - plaintiff, - defendants, - and - the - court)) filing of the 25 department's motion or motions under section 9(3) of this act, any party with a claim filed under RCW 90.03.140 for the appropriation of 26 water or waters of the subject adjudication may file and serve a 27 response to the department's motion or motions within the time set by 28 the court for such a response. Objections must include specific 29 information in regard to the particular disposition against which the 30 objection is being made. Objections must also state the underlying 31 basis of the objection being made, including general information about 32 the forms of evidence that support the objection. Any party may file 33 34 testimony with the court and serve it on other parties. If a party 35 intends to cross-examine a claimant or witness based on another party's 36 prefiled testimony, the party intending to cross-examine shall file a 37 notice of intent to cross-examine no later than fifteen days in advance

of the hearing. If no notice of intent to cross-examine based on the prefiled testimony is given, then the claimant or witness is not required to appear at the hearing. Any party may present evidence in support of or in response to an objection.

5 (2) The superior court may appoint a referee or other judicial
6 officer to assist the court.

7 (3) The superior court may adopt special rules of procedure for an adjudication of water rights under this chapter, including simplified 8 procedures for claimants of small uses of water. The rules of 9 procedure for a superior court apply to an adjudication of water rights 10 under this chapter unless superseded by special rules of the court 11 under this subsection. The superior court is encouraged to consider 12 13 entering, after notice and hearing and as the court determines appropriate, pretrial orders from an adjudication commenced on October 14 15 12, 1977.

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW 17 to read as follows:

(1) The legislature finds that early settlement of contested claims 18 is needed for a fair and efficient adjudication of water rights. 19 20 Therefore, the department and other parties should identify 21 opportunities for settlement following the date set by the court for filing evidence for all parties. To the extent consistent with court 22 23 rules, the court as it deems beneficial is encouraged to urge as many 24 parties to the adjudication as possible to reach timely agreement on claimed water rights in a manner that limits costs to the public, 25 26 claimants, counties, courts, and the department. Further, at appropriate times throughout the process the court as 27 it deems beneficial is encouraged to direct parties to utilize alternative 28 methods of dispute resolution, including 29 informal meetings, negotiation, mediation, or other methods to reach agreement on disputed 30 31 claims.

32 (2) Any time after the filing of all claims under RCW 90.03.140, 33 the department or another party may move the superior court to allow 34 parties to meet for settlement discussions for a set length of time, 35 either before an appointed mediator or without a mediator. For good 36 cause shown, the court may extend the length of time for settlement

1 discussions. The costs of mediation must be equitably borne by the 2 parties to the mediation.

3 (3) If the department and a claimant reach agreement on settlement, 4 the department shall file a motion to approve the settlement pursuant 5 to section 9(3)(a) of this act and shall disclose the terms of the 6 settlement to other parties to the adjudication. The court shall 7 conduct a hearing prior to approving a settlement and any party to the 8 adjudication may object or offer modifications to the settlement.

9 **Sec. 12.** RCW 90.03.180 and 1995 c 292 s 21 are each amended to 10 read as follows:

At the time of filing the ((statement)) <u>adjudication claim</u> as provided in RCW 90.03.140, each defendant<u>, except the United States or</u> <u>an Indian tribe under 43 U.S.C. Sec. 666</u>, shall pay to the clerk of the superior court a fee as set under RCW ((<del>36.18.020</del>)) <u>36.18.016</u>.

15 Sec. 13. RCW 90.03.210 and 2001 c 220 s 5 are each amended to read 16 as follows:

(1) During the pendency of such adjudication proceedings prior to 17 judgment or upon review by an appellate court, the stream or other 18 water involved shall be regulated or partially regulated according to 19 20 the schedule of rights specified in the department's report upon an order of the court authorizing such regulation: 21 PROVIDED, Any 22 interested party may file a bond and obtain an order staying the 23 regulation of said stream as to him, in which case the court shall make such order regarding the regulation of the stream or other water as he 24 25 may deem just. The bond shall be filed within five days following the service of notice of appeal in an amount to be fixed by the court and 26 with sureties satisfactory to the court, conditioned to perform the 27 28 judgment of the court.

(2) Any appeal of a decision of the department on an application to change or transfer a water right subject to ((a-general)) an adjudication that is being litigated actively ((and-was-commenced before October 13, 1977,)) shall be conducted as follows:

(a) The appeal shall be filed with the court conducting the
 adjudication and served under RCW 34.05.542(3). The content of the
 notice of appeal shall conform to RCW 34.05.546. Standing to appeal

shall be based on the requirements of RCW 34.05.530 and is not limited
 to parties to the adjudication.

3 (b) If the appeal includes a challenge to the portion of the 4 department's decision that pertains to tentative determinations of the 5 validity and extent of the water right, review of those tentative 6 determinations shall be conducted by the court consistent with the 7 provisions of RCW 34.05.510 through 34.05.598, except that the review 8 shall be de novo.

(c) If the appeal includes a challenge to any portion of the 9 department's decision other than the tentative determinations of the 10 validity and extent of the right, the court must certify to the 11 12 pollution control hearings board for review and decision those portions 13 of the department's decision. Review by the pollution control hearings 14 board shall be conducted consistent with chapter 43.21B RCW and the board's implementing regulations, except that the requirements for 15 filing, service, and content of the notice of appeal shall be governed 16 17 by (a) of this subsection. Any party to an appeal may move the court to certify portions of the appeal to the pollution control hearings 18 board, but the appellant must file a motion for certification no later 19 than ninety days after the appeal is filed under this section. 20

(d) Appeals shall be scheduled to afford all parties full opportunity to participate before the superior court and the pollution control hearings board.

(e) Any person wishing to appeal the decision of the board made
under (c) of this subsection shall seek review of the decision in
accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW, except that the petition for review
must be filed with the superior court conducting the adjudication.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect or modify
any treaty or other federal rights of an Indian tribe, or the rights of
any federal agency or other person or entity arising under federal law.
Nothing in this section is intended or shall be construed as affecting
or modifying any existing right of a federally recognized Indian tribe
to protect from impairment its federally reserved water rights in
federal court.

35 **Sec. 14.** RCW 90.03.240 and 1987 c 109 s 82 are each amended to 36 read as follows:

37 Upon the <u>court's</u> final determination of the rights to ((the

diversion of)) water ((it shall be the duty of)), the department ((to)) 1 2 shall issue to each person entitled to ((the diversion of)) a water <u>right</u> by such <u>a</u> determination, a certificate ((under-his-official 3 seal)) of adjudicated water right, setting forth the name and ((post 4 office)) mailing address of record with the court of such person; the 5 priority and purpose of the right; the period during which said right 6 7 may be exercised, the point of diversion or withdrawal, and the place of use; the land to which said water right is appurtenant ((and when 8 9 applicable)); the maximum ((quantity)) annual and instantaneous quantities of water allowed; and specific provisions or limitations or 10 both under which the water right has been confirmed. 11

12 The department shall provide notice to the water right holder that 13 the certificate has been prepared for issuance and that fees for the 14 issuance of the certificate are due in accordance with RCW 90.03.470 and any other applicable fee schedule. If the water right holder fails 15 16 to submit the required fees within one year from the date the notice 17 was issued by the department, the department may move the court for sanctions for violation of the court's order in the final decree 18 requiring payment. 19

20 **Sec. 15.** RCW 90.03.243 and 1982 c 15 s 1 are each amended to read 21 as follows:

22 The expenses incurred by the state in a proceeding to determine 23 rights to water initiated under RCW 90.03.110 or 90.44.220 or upon 24 appeal of such a determination shall be borne by the state. Subject to the \_\_availability \_\_of \_\_state \_\_funding \_\_provided \_\_either \_\_by \_\_direct 25 26 appropriation or funded through the administrative office of the courts for this specific purpose, the county in which an adjudication or a 27 suit to administer an adjudication is being held must be provided the 28 29 extraordinary costs imposed on the superior court of that county due to 30 the adjudication.

31 Sec. 16. RCW 90.44.220 and 1987 c 109 s 119 are each amended to 32 read as follows:

33 ((In its discretion or upon the application of any party claiming 34 right to the withdrawal and use of public groundwater, the department 35 may file a petition)) Upon the filing of a petition with the department 36 by a planning unit or by one or more persons claiming a right to any

waters within the state or when, after investigation, in the judgment 1 2 of the department, the public interest will be served by a determination\_of\_the\_rights\_thereto,\_the\_department\_shall\_file\_a 3 petition to conduct an adjudication with the superior court of the 4 county for the determination of the rights of appropriators of any 5 particular groundwater body and all the provisions of RCW 90.03.110 б 7 through 90.03.240 ((as heretofore amended)) and sections 3 through 5, 8, 9, and 11 of this act, shall govern and apply to the adjudication 8 and determination of such groundwater body and to the ownership 9 Hereafter, in any proceedings for the adjudication and 10 thereof. determination of water rights--either rights to the use of surface 11 water or to the use of groundwater, or both--pursuant to chapter 90.03 12 13 RCW ((as-heretofore-amended)), all <u>or part of the</u> appropriators of groundwater or of surface water in the particular basin or area may be 14 included as parties to such adjudication, as ((pertinent)) set forth in 15 16 chapter 90.03 RCW.

17 **Sec. 17.** RCW 43.21B.110 and 2003 c 393 s 19 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

(1) The hearings board shall only have jurisdiction to hear and decide appeals from the following decisions of the department, the director, local conservation districts, and the air pollution control boards or authorities as established pursuant to chapter 70.94 RCW, or local health departments:

(a) Civil penalties imposed pursuant to RCW 18.104.155, 70.94.431,
70.105.080, 70.107.050, 88.46.090, 90.03.600, 90.48.144, 90.56.310, and
90.56.330.

(b) Orders issued pursuant to RCW 18.104.043, 18.104.060,
43.27A.190, 70.94.211, 70.94.332, 70.105.095, 86.16.020, 88.46.070,
90.14.130, 90.48.120, and 90.56.330.

30 (C) Except as provided in RCW 90.03.210(2), the issuance, 31 modification, or termination of any permit, certificate, or license by the department or any air authority in the exercise of 32 its jurisdiction, including the issuance or termination of a waste disposal 33 permit, the denial of an application for a waste disposal permit, the 34 modification of the conditions or the terms of a waste disposal permit, 35 36 or a decision to approve or deny an application for a solid waste 37 permit exemption under RCW 70.95.300.

(d) Decisions of local health departments regarding the grant or
 denial of solid waste permits pursuant to chapter 70.95 RCW.

3 (e) Decisions of local health departments regarding the issuance
4 and enforcement of permits to use or dispose of biosolids under RCW
5 70.95J.080.

6 (f) Decisions of the department regarding waste-derived fertilizer 7 or micronutrient fertilizer under RCW 15.54.820, and decisions of the 8 department regarding waste-derived soil amendments under RCW 70.95.205.

9 (g) Decisions of local conservation districts related to the denial 10 of approval or denial of certification of a dairy nutrient management 11 plan; conditions contained in a plan; application of any dairy nutrient 12 management practices, standards, methods, and technologies to a 13 particular dairy farm; and failure to adhere to the plan review and 14 approval timelines in RCW 90.64.026.

(h) Any other decision by the department or an air authority which pursuant to law must be decided as an adjudicative proceeding under chapter 34.05 RCW.

18 (2) The following hearings shall not be conducted by the hearings19 board:

(a) Hearings required by law to be conducted by the shorelineshearings board pursuant to chapter 90.58 RCW.

(b) Hearings conducted by the department pursuant to RCW 70.94.332,
70.94.390, 70.94.395, 70.94.400, 70.94.405, 70.94.410, and 90.44.180.

(c) ((Proceedings conducted by the department, or the department's
 designee, under RCW 90.03.160 through 90.03.210 or 90.44.220.)) Appeals
 of decisions by the department under RCW 90.03.110 and 90.44.220.

(d) Hearings conducted by the department to adopt, modify, orrepeal rules.

(e) Appeals of decisions by the department as provided in chapter43.21L RCW.

(3) Review of rules and regulations adopted by the hearings board
 shall be subject to review in accordance with the provisions of the
 Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW.

34 <u>NEW\_SECTION.</u> **sec. 18.** This act applies only to adjudications 35 initiated after the effective date of this section. 1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 19. The following acts or parts of acts are 2 each repealed:

3 (1) RCW 90.03.170 (Determination of water rights--Hearing--Notice-4 Prior rights preserved) and 1987 c 109 s 77 & 1917 c 117 s 20; and

5 (2) RCW 90.03.190 (Determination of water rights--Transcript of 6 testimony--Filing--Notice of hearing) and 1987 c 109 s 78 & 1917 c 117 7 s 22.

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