HOUSE BILL 3112

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2010 Regular Session

By Representatives Klippert, O'Brien, McCune, Wallace, and Roach

Read first time 01/25/10. Referred to Committee on Public Safety & Emergency Preparedness.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to assault of a law enforcement officer or other
- 2 employee of a law enforcement agency; amending RCW 9A.36.011,
- 3 9A.36.021, and 9.94A.533; and prescribing penalties.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 Sec. 1. RCW 9A.36.011 and 1997 c 196 s 1 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
- 7 (1) A person is guilty of assault in the first degree if he or $8 ext{ she}((\tau))$:
- 9 (a) With intent to inflict great bodily harm:
- 10 (((a))) <u>(i)</u> Assaults another with a firearm or any deadly weapon or 11 by any force or means likely to produce great bodily harm or death; or
- 12 (((b))) <u>(ii)</u> Administers, exposes, or transmits to or causes to be 13 taken by another, poison, the human immunodeficiency virus as defined 14 in chapter 70.24 RCW, or any other destructive or noxious substance; or
 - (((c))) <u>(iii)</u> Assaults another and inflicts great bodily harm; or
- 16 (b) Assaults a law enforcement officer or other employee of a law
- 17 <u>enforcement agency with a deadly weapon who was performing his or her</u>
- 18 official duties at the time of the assault.

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19 (2) Assault in the first degree is a class A felony.

p. 1 HB 3112

- 1 **Sec. 2.** RCW 9A.36.021 and 2007 c 79 s 2 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
 - (1) A person is guilty of assault in the second degree if he or she, under circumstances not amounting to assault in the first degree:
 - (a) Intentionally assaults another and thereby recklessly inflicts substantial bodily harm; or
 - (b) Intentionally and unlawfully causes substantial bodily harm to an unborn quick child by intentionally and unlawfully inflicting any injury upon the mother of such child; or
 - (c) Assaults another with a deadly weapon; or

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- 11 (d) With intent to inflict bodily harm, administers to or causes to 12 be taken by another, poison or any other destructive or noxious 13 substance; or
 - (e) With intent to commit a felony, assaults another; or
- 15 (f) Knowingly inflicts bodily harm which by design causes such pain 16 or agony as to be the equivalent of that produced by torture; or
 - (g) Assaults another by strangulation; or
- (h) With criminal negligence, causes bodily harm to a law enforcement officer or other employee of a law enforcement agency who was performing his or her official duties at the time of the assault by means of a weapon or other instrument or thing likely to produce bodily harm.
- 23 (2)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, assault in the second degree is a class B felony.
- 25 (b) Assault in the second degree with a finding of sexual 26 motivation under RCW 9.94A.835 or 13.40.135 is a class A felony.
- 27 **Sec. 3.** RCW 9.94A.533 and 2009 c 141 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- 29 (1) The provisions of this section apply to the standard sentence 30 ranges determined by RCW 9.94A.510 or 9.94A.517.
 - (2) For persons convicted of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the standard sentence range is determined by locating the sentencing grid sentence range defined by the appropriate offender score and the seriousness level of the completed crime, and multiplying the range by seventy-five percent.

HB 3112 p. 2

- (3) The following additional times shall be added to the standard 1 2 sentence range for felony crimes committed after July 23, 1995, if the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm as defined in RCW 3 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes 4 5 listed in this subsection as eligible for any firearm enhancements based on the classification of the completed felony crime. 6 7 offender is being sentenced for more than one offense, the firearm 8 enhancement or enhancements must be added to the total period of confinement for all offenses, regardless of which underlying offense is 9 10 subject to a firearm enhancement. If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is 11 12 being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any 13 14 firearm enhancements, the following additional times shall be added to the standard sentence range determined under subsection (2) of this 15 section based on the felony crime of conviction as classified under RCW 16 17 9A.28.020:
 - (a) Five years for any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection;

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- (b) Three years for any felony defined under any law as a class B felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of ten years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection;
- (c) Eighteen months for any felony defined under any law as a class C felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of five years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection;
- (d) If the offender is being sentenced for any firearm enhancements under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection and the offender has previously been sentenced for any deadly weapon enhancements after July 23, 1995, under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection or subsection (4)(a), (b), and/or (c) of this section, or both, all firearm enhancements under this subsection shall be twice the amount of the enhancement listed;
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all firearm enhancements under this section are mandatory, shall be served in total confinement, and shall run consecutively to all other sentencing provisions, including other firearm or deadly weapon enhancements, for all offenses sentenced under this chapter. However, whether or not a

p. 3 HB 3112

mandatory minimum term has expired, an offender serving a sentence under this subsection may be granted an extraordinary medical placement when authorized under RCW $9.94A.728((\frac{4}{1}))$ (3);

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- (f) The firearm enhancements in this section shall apply to all felony crimes except the following: Possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, and use of a machine gun in a felony;
- (g) If the standard sentence range under this section exceeds the statutory maximum sentence for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence unless the offender is a persistent offender. If the addition of a firearm enhancement increases the sentence so that it would exceed the statutory maximum for the offense, the portion of the sentence representing the enhancement may not be reduced.
- (4) The following additional times shall be added to the standard sentence range for felony crimes committed after July 23, 1995, if the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon other than a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any deadly weapon enhancements based on the classification of the completed If the offender is being sentenced for more than one offense, the deadly weapon enhancement or enhancements must be added to the total period of confinement for all offenses, regardless of which underlying offense is subject to a deadly weapon enhancement. If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon other than a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any deadly weapon enhancements, the following additional times shall be added to the standard sentence range determined under subsection (2) of this section based on the felony crime of conviction as classified under RCW 9A.28.020:
- (a) Two years for any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection;
 - (b) One year for any felony defined under any law as a class B

HB 3112 p. 4

felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of ten years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection;

- (c) Six months for any felony defined under any law as a class C felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of five years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection;
- (d) If the offender is being sentenced under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection for any deadly weapon enhancements and the offender has previously been sentenced for any deadly weapon enhancements after July 23, 1995, under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection or subsection (3)(a), (b), and/or (c) of this section, or both, all deadly weapon enhancements under this subsection shall be twice the amount of the enhancement listed;
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all deadly weapon enhancements under this section are mandatory, shall be served in total confinement, and shall run consecutively to all other sentencing provisions, including other firearm or deadly weapon enhancements, for all offenses sentenced under this chapter. However, whether or not a mandatory minimum term has expired, an offender serving a sentence under this subsection may be granted an extraordinary medical placement when authorized under RCW $9.94A.728((\frac{4}{1}))$ (3);
- (f) The deadly weapon enhancements in this section shall apply to all felony crimes except the following: Possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, and use of a machine gun in a felony;
- (g) If the standard sentence range under this section exceeds the statutory maximum sentence for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence unless the offender is a persistent offender. If the addition of a deadly weapon enhancement increases the sentence so that it would exceed the statutory maximum for the offense, the portion of the sentence representing the enhancement may not be reduced.
- (5) The following additional times shall be added to the standard sentence range if the offender or an accomplice committed the offense while in a county jail or state correctional facility and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection. If the offender or an accomplice committed one of the crimes listed in this subsection while in a county jail or state correctional facility,

p. 5 HB 3112

- and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this
- 3 subsection, the following additional times shall be added to the
- 4 standard sentence range determined under subsection (2) of this
- 5 section:

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- 6 (a) Eighteen months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(2) 7 (a) or (b) or 69.50.410;
- 8 (b) Fifteen months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(2) 9 (c), (d), or (e);
 - (c) Twelve months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.4013.

For the purposes of this subsection, all of the real property of a state correctional facility or county jail shall be deemed to be part of that facility or county jail.

- (6) An additional twenty-four months shall be added to the standard sentence range for any ranked offense involving a violation of chapter 69.50 RCW if the offense was also a violation of RCW 69.50.435 or ((9.94A.605)) 9.94A.827. All enhancements under this subsection shall run consecutively to all other sentencing provisions, for all offenses sentenced under this chapter.
- (7) An additional two years shall be added to the standard sentence range for vehicular homicide committed while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502 for each prior offense as defined in RCW 46.61.5055.
- (8)(a) The following additional times shall be added to the standard sentence range for felony crimes committed on or after July 1, 2006, if the offense was committed with sexual motivation, as that term is defined in RCW 9.94A.030. If the offender is being sentenced for more than one offense, the sexual motivation enhancement must be added to the total period of total confinement for all offenses, regardless of which underlying offense is subject to a sexual motivation enhancement. If the offender committed the offense with sexual motivation and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the following additional times shall be added to the standard sentence range determined under subsection (2) of this section based on the felony crime of conviction as classified under RCW 9A.28.020:
- 37 (i) Two years for any felony defined under the law as a class A

HB 3112 p. 6

felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both;

- (ii) Eighteen months for any felony defined under any law as a class B felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of ten years, or both;
- (iii) One year for any felony defined under any law as a class C felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of five years, or both;
- (iv) If the offender is being sentenced for any sexual motivation enhancements under (i), (ii), and/or (iii) of this subsection and the offender has previously been sentenced for any sexual motivation enhancements on or after July 1, 2006, under (i), (ii), and/or (iii) of this subsection, all sexual motivation enhancements under this subsection shall be twice the amount of the enhancement listed;
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all sexual motivation enhancements under this subsection are mandatory, shall be served in total confinement, and shall run consecutively to all other sentencing provisions, including other sexual motivation enhancements, for all offenses sentenced under this chapter. However, whether or not a mandatory minimum term has expired, an offender serving a sentence under this subsection may be granted an extraordinary medical placement when authorized under RCW $9.94A.728((\frac{4}{1}))$ (3);
- (c) The sexual motivation enhancements in this subsection apply to all felony crimes;
 - (d) If the standard sentence range under this subsection exceeds the statutory maximum sentence for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence unless the offender is a persistent offender. If the addition of a sexual motivation enhancement increases the sentence so that it would exceed the statutory maximum for the offense, the portion of the sentence representing the enhancement may not be reduced;
 - (e) The portion of the total confinement sentence which the offender must serve under this subsection shall be calculated before any earned early release time is credited to the offender;
 - (f) Nothing in this subsection prevents a sentencing court from imposing a sentence outside the standard sentence range pursuant to RCW 9.94A.535.
- 37 (9) An additional one-year enhancement shall be added to the 38 standard sentence range for the felony crimes of RCW 9A.44.073,

p. 7 HB 3112

9A.44.076, 9A.44.079, 9A.44.083, 9A.44.086, or 9A.44.089 committed on or after July 22, 2007, if the offender engaged, agreed, or offered to engage the victim in the sexual conduct in return for a fee. offender is being sentenced for more than one offense, the one-year enhancement must be added to the total period of total confinement for all offenses, regardless of which underlying offense is subject to the enhancement. If the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense for the felony crimes of RCW 9A.44.073, 9A.44.076, 9A.44.079, 9A.44.083, 9A.44.086, or 9A.44.089, and the offender attempted, solicited another, or conspired to engage, agree, or offer to engage the victim in the sexual conduct in return for a fee, an additional one-year enhancement shall be added to the standard sentence range determined under subsection (2) of this section. For purposes of this subsection, "sexual conduct" means sexual intercourse or sexual contact, both as defined in chapter 9A.44 RCW.

- (10)(a) For a person age eighteen or older convicted of any criminal street gang-related felony offense for which the person compensated, threatened, or solicited a minor in order to involve the minor in the commission of the felony offense, the standard sentence range is determined by locating the sentencing grid sentence range defined by the appropriate offender score and the seriousness level of the completed crime, and multiplying the range by one hundred twenty-five percent. If the standard sentence range under this subsection exceeds the statutory maximum sentence for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence is the presumptive sentence unless the offender is a persistent offender.
- (b) This subsection does not apply to any criminal street gangrelated felony offense for which involving a minor in the commission of the felony offense is an element of the offense.
- (c) The increased penalty specified in (a) of this subsection is unavailable in the event that the prosecution gives notice that it will seek an exceptional sentence based on an aggravating factor under RCW 9.94A.535.
- (11) An additional twelve months and one day shall be added to the standard sentence range for a conviction of attempting to elude a police vehicle as defined by RCW 46.61.024, if the conviction included a finding by special allegation of endangering one or more persons under RCW 9.94A.834.

HB 3112 p. 8

1 (12) An additional twelve months shall be added to the standard 2 sentence range for an offense that is also a violation of RCW 3 9.94A.831.

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(13) An additional thirty-six months shall be added to the standard sentence range for a conviction of assault under RCW 9A.36.011 or 9A.36.021, if the victim was a law enforcement officer or other employee of a law enforcement agency who was performing his or her official duties at the time of the assault, and the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon as defined in RCW 9.41.010. This enhancement shall run consecutively to all other sentencing provisions, for all offenses sentenced under this chapter.

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p. 9 HB 3112