CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

HOUSE BILL 1789

61st Legislature 2009 Regular Session

Passed by the House April 18, 2009 Yeas 97 Nays 0

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 7, 2009 Yeas 42 Nays 0

CERTIFICATE

I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **HOUSE BILL 1789** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

Chief Clerk

President of the Senate

Approved

FILED

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

HOUSE BILL 1789

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2009 Regular Session

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2009 Regular Session

By Representatives Dammeier, O'Brien, Dickerson, Hurst, Klippert, Morrell, Orwall, Green, Walsh, and Darneille; by request of Department of Corrections

Read first time 01/29/09. Referred to Committee on Human Services.

AN ACT Relating to allowing the department of corrections to rely upon jail certification in the calculation of release dates for offenders; amending RCW 9.94A.728; and providing an effective date.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 9.94A.728 and 2008 c 231 s 34 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

No person serving a sentence imposed pursuant to this chapter and committed to the custody of the department shall leave the confines of the correctional facility or be released prior to the expiration of the sentence except as follows:

11 (1) Except as otherwise provided for in subsection (2) of this section, the term of the sentence of an offender committed to a 12 13 correctional facility operated by the department may be reduced by earned release time in accordance with procedures that shall be 14 15 developed and promulgated by the correctional agency having 16 jurisdiction in which the offender is confined. The earned release 17 time shall be for good behavior and good performance, as determined by the correctional agency having jurisdiction. The correctional agency 18 shall not credit the offender with earned release credits in advance of 19

the offender actually earning the credits. Any program established 1 2 pursuant to this section shall allow an offender to earn early release credits for presentence incarceration. If an offender is transferred 3 4 from a county jail to the department, the administrator of a county 5 jail facility shall certify to the department the amount of time spent in custody at the facility and the amount of earned release time. б The 7 department may approve a jail certification from a correctional agency that calculates earned release time based on the actual amount of 8 confinement time served by the offender before sentencing when an 9 erroneous calculation of confinement time served by the offender before 10 sentencing appears on the judgment and sentence. An offender who has 11 12 been convicted of a felony committed after July 23, 1995, that involves 13 any applicable deadly weapon enhancements under RCW 9.94A.533 (3) or 14 (4), or both, shall not receive any good time credits or earned release time for that portion of his or her sentence that results from any 15 16 deadly weapon enhancements.

(a) In the case of an offender convicted of a serious violent 17 offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or 18 after July 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, the aggregate earned 19 release time may not exceed fifteen percent of the sentence. In the 20 21 case of an offender convicted of a serious violent offense, or a sex 22 offense that is a class A felony, committed on or after July 1, 2003, 23 the aggregate earned release time may not exceed ten percent of the 24 sentence.

(b)(i) In the case of an offender who qualifies under (b)(ii) of this subsection, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed fifty percent of the sentence.

(ii) An offender is qualified to earn up to fifty percent of aggregate earned release time under this subsection (1)(b) if he or she:

31 (A) Is classified in one of the two lowest risk categories under 32 (b)(iii) of this subsection;

33 (B) Is not confined pursuant to a sentence for:

34 (I) A sex offense;

35 (II) A violent offense;

36 (III) A crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411;

37 (IV) A felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 38 10.99.020;

p. 2

1

(V) A violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary);

(VI) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to 2 3 violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with 4 intent to deliver methamphetamine; or

(VII) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to 5 б violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor); 7

(C) Has no prior conviction for:

8 (I) A sex offense;

(II) A violent offense; 9

10 (III) A crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411;

11 (IV) A felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 12 10.99.020;

13 (V) A violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary);

14 (VI) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with 15 16 intent to deliver methamphetamine; or

(VII) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to 17 18 violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor);

19 (D) Participates in programming or activities as directed by the offender's individual reentry plan as provided under RCW 72.09.270 to 20 21 the extent that such programming or activities are made available by 22 the department; and

23 (E) Has not committed a new felony after July 22, 2007, while under 24 community custody.

(iii) For purposes of determining an offender's eligibility under 25 26 this subsection (1)(b), the department shall perform a risk assessment of every offender committed to a correctional facility operated by the 27 28 department who has no current or prior conviction for a sex offense, a 29 violent offense, a crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411, 30 a felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020, a violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary), a violation of, or 31 32 an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by 33 manufacture or delivery or possession with intent to deliver 34 methamphetamine, or a violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or 35 conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled 36 substance to a minor). The department must classify each assessed 37 offender in one of four risk categories between highest and lowest risk. 38

(iv) The department shall recalculate the earned release time and
 reschedule the expected release dates for each qualified offender under
 this subsection (1)(b).

4 (v) This subsection (1)(b) applies retroactively to eligible
5 offenders serving terms of total confinement in a state correctional
6 facility as of July 1, 2003.

7 (vi) This subsection (1)(b) does not apply to offenders convicted 8 after July 1, 2010.

9 (c) In no other case shall the aggregate earned release time exceed 10 one-third of the total sentence;

(2)(a) A person convicted of a sex offense, a violent offense, any crime against persons under RCW 9.94A.411(2), or a felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW, may become eligible, in accordance with a program developed by the department, for transfer to community custody in lieu of earned release time pursuant to subsection (1) of this section;

(b) The department shall, as a part of its program for release to the community in lieu of earned release, require the offender to propose a release plan that includes an approved residence and living arrangement. All offenders with community custody terms eligible for release to community custody in lieu of earned release shall provide an approved residence and living arrangement prior to release to the community;

24 (c) The department may deny transfer to community custody in lieu of earned release time pursuant to subsection (1) of this section if 25 26 the department determines an offender's release plan, including 27 proposed residence location and living arrangements, may violate the conditions of the sentence or conditions of supervision, place the 28 offender at risk to violate the conditions of the sentence, place the 29 30 offender at risk to reoffend, or present a risk to victim safety or community safety. The department's authority under this section is 31 independent of any court-ordered condition of sentence or statutory 32 33 provision regarding conditions for community custody;

34 (d) If the department denies transfer to community custody in lieu 35 of earned early release pursuant to (c) of this subsection, the 36 department may transfer an offender to partial confinement in lieu of 37 earned early release up to three months. The three months in partial

p. 4

1 confinement is in addition to that portion of the offender's term of 2 confinement that may be served in partial confinement as provided in 3 this section;

4 (e) An offender serving a term of confinement imposed under RCW
5 9.94A.670(5)(a) is not eligible for earned release credits under this
6 section;

7 (3) An offender may leave a correctional facility pursuant to an 8 authorized furlough or leave of absence. In addition, offenders may 9 leave a correctional facility when in the custody of a corrections 10 officer or officers;

11 (4)(a) The secretary may authorize an extraordinary medical 12 placement for an offender when all of the following conditions exist:

13 (i) The offender has a medical condition that is serious enough to 14 require costly care or treatment;

(ii) The offender poses a low risk to the community because he or she is physically incapacitated due to age or the medical condition; and

18 (iii) Granting the extraordinary medical placement will result in 19 a cost savings to the state.

20 (b) An offender sentenced to death or to life imprisonment without 21 the possibility of release or parole is not eligible for an 22 extraordinary medical placement.

(c) The secretary shall require electronic monitoring for all offenders in extraordinary medical placement unless the electronic monitoring equipment interferes with the function of the offender's medical equipment or results in the loss of funding for the offender's medical care. The secretary shall specify who shall provide the monitoring services and the terms under which the monitoring shall be performed.

30 (d) The secretary may revoke an extraordinary medical placement 31 under this subsection at any time;

32 (5) The governor, upon recommendation from the clemency and pardons 33 board, may grant an extraordinary release for reasons of serious health 34 problems, senility, advanced age, extraordinary meritorious acts, or 35 other extraordinary circumstances;

36 (6) No more than the final six months of the offender's term of 37 confinement may be served in partial confinement designed to aid the 38 offender in finding work and reestablishing himself or herself in the

p. 5

1 community. This is in addition to that period of earned early release 2 time that may be exchanged for partial confinement pursuant to 3 subsection (2)(d) of this section;

4 (7) The governor may pardon any offender;

5 (8) The department may release an offender from confinement any 6 time within ten days before a release date calculated under this 7 section;

8 (9) An offender may leave a correctional facility prior to 9 completion of his or her sentence if the sentence has been reduced as 10 provided in RCW 9.94A.870; and

(10) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, an offender sentenced for a felony crime listed in RCW 9.94A.540 as subject to a mandatory minimum sentence of total confinement shall not be released from total confinement before the completion of the listed mandatory minimum sentence for that felony crime of conviction unless allowed under RCW 9.94A.540, however persistent offenders are not eligible for extraordinary medical placement.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. This act takes effect August 1, 2009.

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