CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 2561

61st Legislature 2010 1st Special Session

Passed by the House April 12, 2010 Yeas 59 Nays 38

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 12, 2010 Yeas 28 Nays 18 CERTIFICATE

I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 2561** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

Chief Clerk

President of the Senate

Approved

FILED

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

#### ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 2561

#### AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2010 1st Special Session

#### State of Washington 61st Legislature 2010 Regular Session

**By** Representatives Dunshee, Williams, White, Seaquist, Darneille, Eddy, Dickerson, Sells, Rolfes, Chase, Green, Appleton, Sullivan, Simpson, Nelson, Hudgins, Jacks, Hunt, Hasegawa, Ormsby, Moeller, and Roberts

Prefiled 01/06/10. Read first time 01/11/10. Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

AN ACT Relating to creating jobs by funding construction of energy cost saving improvements to public facilities and raising revenue therefor; amending RCW 82.08.0293, 82.12.0293, and 39.94.040; adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW; creating new sections; making an appropriation; providing a contingent effective date; providing for submission of certain sections of this act to a vote of the people; and declaring an emergency.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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#### PART I

## SHORT TITLE AND INTENT

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 101.** This act may be known and cited as the 12 jobs act.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 102. The legislature intends to create jobs in 14 every corner of Washington state by issuing bonds, which will catalyze 15 energy savings and repair work at public schools and state colleges and 16 universities.

It is the intent of the legislature that these investments will 1 2 create jobs quickly and directly, at a time when the state's residents need jobs. It is the further intent of the legislature that these 3 4 investments both accelerate innovation in the energy efficiency sector and create locally developed technologies and companies to provide 5 6 sustainable jobs. The legislature intends to prioritize the use of 7 innovative technologies and facilitate the development of a sustainable 8 innovation cluster that creates and installs highly efficient building 9 technologies and creates jobs.

The legislature intends that these job-creating projects save 10 taxpayers money, with an estimated one hundred twenty-six million 11 12 dollars saved each year in public schools through reduced energy and 13 operational costs, and improve the health and safety of those 14 buildings. The energy savings are equivalent to the use of an estimated ninety thousand houses. It is also the intent of the 15 legislature that these job-creating projects lead to 16 reduced pollutants, as the weatherization and energy efficiency projects will 17 18 reduce pollution emissions by an estimated amount equivalent to 19 removing an estimated one hundred thirty thousand cars from the roads 20 each year.

# PART II

### BOND AUTHORIZATION

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 201. (1) For the purpose of creating jobs by 23 24 constructing needed capital improvements to public facilities for 25 energy, utility, and operational cost savings, the state finance 26 committee is authorized to issue general obligation bonds of the state of Washington in the sum of five hundred five million dollars, or so 27 28 much thereof as may be required, for this purpose and all costs 29 incidental thereto. The bonds issued under the authority of this section are known as jobs act bonds. 30

(2) Bonds authorized in this section must be sold in the manner, at
 the time or times, in amounts, and at such prices as the state finance
 committee determines.

34 (3) The authorization to issue bonds contained in this chapter does35 not expire until the full authorization has been issued.

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1 (4) No bonds authorized in this section may be offered for sale 2 without prior legislative appropriation of the net proceeds of the sale 3 of the bonds.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 202. (1) The nondebt-limit general fund bond
retirement account must be used for the payment of the principal of and
interest on the bonds authorized in section 201 of this act.

7 (2) The state finance committee must, on or before June 30th of 8 each year, certify to the state treasurer the amount needed in the 9 ensuing twelve months to meet the bond retirement and interest 10 requirements on the bonds authorized in section 201 of this act.

(3) On each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due on bonds issued for the purposes of section 201 of this act, the state treasurer shall withdraw from any general state revenues received in the state treasury and deposit in the nondebt-limit general fund bond retirement account an amount equal to the amount certified by the state finance committee to be due on the payment date.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 203. (1) Bonds issued under this section and 18 sections 201 and 202 of this act must state that they are a general 19 obligation of the state of Washington, must pledge the full faith and 20 credit of the state to the payment of the principal thereof and the 21 interest thereon, and must contain an unconditional promise to pay the 22 principal and interest as the same shall become due.

(2) The owner and holder of each of the bonds or the trustee for the owner and holder of any of the bonds may by mandamus or other appropriate proceeding require the transfer and payment of funds as directed in this section.

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#### PART III

### PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS, APPROPRIATIONS, AND REVENUE PROVISIONS

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 301. (1) The department of commerce, in 30 consultation with the department of general administration and the 31 Washington State University energy program, shall administer the jobs 32 act.

33 (2) The department of general administration must develop 34 guidelines that are consistent with national and international energy

savings performance standards for the implementation of energy savings
 performance contracting projects by the energy savings performance
 contractors by December 31, 2010.

4 (3) The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter
5 and section 302 of this act unless the context clearly requires
6 otherwise.

7 (a) "Cost-effectiveness" means that the present value to higher 8 education institutions and school districts of the energy reasonably expected to be saved or produced by a facility, activity, measure, or 9 10 piece of equipment over its useful life, including any compensation received from a utility or the Bonneville power administration, is 11 12 greater than the net present value of the costs of implementing, maintaining, and operating such facility, activity, measure, or piece 13 14 of equipment over its useful life, when discounted at the cost of 15 public borrowing.

(b) "Energy cost savings" means savings realized in expenses for energy use and expenses associated with water, wastewater, or solid waste systems.

(c) "Energy equipment" means energy management systems and any 19 equipment, materials, or supplies that are expected, upon installation, 20 21 to reduce the energy use or energy cost of an existing building or 22 facility, and the services associated with the equipment, materials, or supplies, including but not limited to design, engineering, financing, 23 24 installation, project management, guarantees, operations, and 25 maintenance. Reduction in energy use or energy cost may also include 26 reductions in the use or cost of water, wastewater, or solid waste.

(d) "Energy savings performance contracting" means the process authorized by chapter 39.35C RCW by which a company contracts with a public agency to conduct energy audits and guarantee energy savings from energy efficiency.

(e) "Innovative measures" means advanced or emerging technologies, 31 32 systems, or approaches that may not yet be in common practice but improve energy efficiency, accelerate deployment, or reduce energy 33 34 usage, and become widely commercially available in the future if proven 35 successful in demonstration programs without compromising the 36 guaranteed performance or measurable energy and operational cost 37 savings anticipated. Examples of innovative measures include, but are 38 not limited to, advanced energy and systems operations monitoring,

diagnostics, and controls systems for buildings; novel heating, cooling, ventilation, and water heating systems; advanced windows and insulation technologies, highly efficient lighting technologies, designs, and controls; and integration of renewable energy sources into buildings, and energy savings verification technologies and solutions.

6 (f) "Operational cost savings" means savings realized from parts, 7 service fees, capital renewal costs, and other measurable annual 8 expenses to maintain and repair systems. This definition does not mean 9 labor savings related to existing facility staff.

10 (g) "Public facilities" means buildings, building components, and 11 major equipment or systems owned by public school districts and public 12 higher education institutions.

13 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 302.** (1) Within appropriations specifically 14 provided for the purposes of this chapter, the department of commerce, in consultation with the department of general administration, and the 15 16 Washington State University energy program shall establish a 17 competitive process to solicit and evaluate applications from public 18 school districts, public higher education institutions, and other state agencies. Final grant awards shall be determined by the department of 19 20 commerce.

(2) Grants must be awarded in competitive rounds, based on demand and capacity, with at least five percent of each grant round awarded to small public school districts with fewer than one thousand full-time equivalent students, based on demand and capacity.

(3) Within each competitive round, projects must be weighted and
 prioritized based on the following criteria and in the following order:

(a) Leverage ratio: In each round, the higher the leverage ratio
 of nonstate funding sources to state jobs act grant, the higher the
 project ranking.

30 (b) Energy savings: In each round, the higher the energy savings, 31 the higher the project ranking. Applicants must submit documentation 32 that demonstrates energy and operational cost savings resulting from 33 the installation of the energy equipment and improvements. The energy 34 savings analysis must be performed by a licensed engineer and 35 documentation must include but is not limited to the following:

36 (i) A description of the energy equipment and improvements;

37 (ii) A description of the energy and operational cost savings; and

(iii) A description of the extent to which the project employs
 collaborative and innovative measures and encourages demonstration of
 new and emerging technologies with high energy savings or energy cost
 reductions.

5 (c) Expediency of expenditure: Project readiness to spend funds 6 must be prioritized so that the legislative intent to expend funds 7 quickly is met.

8 (4) Projects that do not use energy savings performance contracting must: (a) Verify energy and operational cost savings, as defined in 9 10 section 301 of this act, for ten years or until the energy and operational costs savings pay for the project, whichever is shorter; 11 12 (b) follow the department of general administration's energy savings 13 performance contracting project guidelines developed pursuant to section 301 of this act; and (c) employ a licensed engineer for the 14 energy audit and construction. The department of commerce may require 15 third-party verification of savings if a project is not implemented by 16 17 an energy savings performance contractor selected by the department of 18 general administration through the request of qualifications process. 19 Third-party verification must be conducted either by an energy savings performance contractor selected by the department of general 20 21 administration through a request for qualifications, a licensed 22 engineer specializing in energy conservation, or by a project resource 23 educational service district conservation manager or resource 24 conservation manager.

(5) To intensify competition, the department of commerce may only award funds to the top eighty-five percent of projects applying in a round until the department of commerce determines a final round is appropriate. Projects that do not receive a grant award in one round may reapply in subsequent rounds.

30 (6) To match federal grants and programs that require state 31 matching funds and produce significantly higher efficiencies in 32 operations and utilities, the level of innovation criteria may be 33 increased for the purposes of weighted scoring to capture those federal 34 dollars for selected projects that require a higher level of innovation 35 and regional collaboration.

36 (7) Grant amounts awarded to each project must allow for the 37 maximum number of projects funded with the greatest energy and cost 38 benefit.

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1 (8)(a) The department of commerce must use bond proceeds to pay 2 one- half of the preliminary audit, up to five cents per square foot, 3 if the project does not meet the school district's and higher education 4 institution's predetermined cost-effectiveness criteria. School 5 districts and higher education institutions must pay the other one-half 6 of the cost of the preliminary audit if the project does not meet their 7 predetermined cost-effectiveness criteria.

8 (b) The energy savings performance contractor may not charge for an 9 investment grade audit if the project does not meet the school 10 district's and higher education institution's predetermined cost-11 effectiveness criteria. School districts and higher education 12 institutions must pay the full price of an investment grade audit if 13 they do not proceed with a project that meets the school district's and institution's predetermined cost-effectiveness 14 higher education 15 criteria.

16 (9) The department of commerce may charge projects administrative 17 fees and may pay the department of general administration and the 18 Washington State University energy program administration fees in an 19 amount determined through a memorandum of understanding.

20 (10) The department of commerce and the department of general 21 administration must submit a joint report to the appropriate committees 22 of the legislature and the office of financial management on the timing 23 and use of the grant funds, program administrative function, compliance 24 with apprenticeship utilization requirements in RCW 39.04.320, compliance with prevailing wage requirements, and administration fees 25 26 by the end of each fiscal year, until the funds are fully expended and 27 all savings verification requirements are fulfilled.

### 28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 303. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE--JOBS ACT

29 The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation is for fiscal year 2011 30 31 and is provided solely for grants to public school districts and public 32 higher education institutions for energy and operational cost savings improvements to public facilities and related projects that result in 33 34 energy and operational cost savings under the provision and 35 requirements of sections 301 and 302 of this act. Related projects are 36 those projects that must be completed in order for the energy 37 efficiency improvements to be effective.

1 Appropriation:

2	Washington Works AccountState \$500,000,000
3	Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
4	Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0
5	TOTAL

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 304. The legislature intends to increase 7 general state revenues to pay for a portion of the increased debt 8 service costs for voter-approved bonds and for debt-limit bonds 9 authorized by the legislature for projects awarded grants under 10 sections 301 and 302 of this act for energy efficiency projects in 11 public facilities.

Sec. 305. RCW 82.08.0293 and 2010 1st sp.s. c ... (2ESSB 6143) s 902 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales of food and food ingredients. "Food and food ingredients" means substances, whether in liquid, concentrated, solid, frozen, dried, or dehydrated form, that are sold for ingestion or chewing by humans and are consumed for their taste or nutritional value. "Food and food ingredients" does not include:

20 (a) "Alcoholic beverages," which means beverages that are suitable 21 for human consumption and contain one-half of one percent or more of 22 alcohol by volume; and

(b) "Tobacco," which means cigarettes, cigars, chewing or pipetobacco, or any other item that contains tobacco.

(2) ((Until July 1, 2013,)) The exemption of "food and food ingredients" provided for in subsection (1) of this section does not apply to prepared food, soft drinks, bottled water, candy, or dietary supplements. ((Beginning July 1, 2013, the exemption of "food and food ingredients" provided for in subsection (1) of this section does not apply to prepared food, soft drinks, candy, or dietary supplements.)) For purposes of this subsection, the following definitions apply:

32 (a) "Dietary supplement" means any product, other than tobacco,33 intended to supplement the diet that:

34 (i) Contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients:

35 (A) A vitamin;

36 (B) A mineral;

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- (C) An herb or other botanical;

2 (D) An amino acid;

3 (E) A dietary substance for use by humans to supplement the diet by
4 increasing the total dietary intake; or

5 (F) A concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination 6 of any ingredient described in this subsection;

7 (ii) Is intended for ingestion in tablet, capsule, powder, softgel, 8 gelcap, or liquid form, or if not intended for ingestion in such form, 9 is not represented as conventional food and is not represented for use 10 as a sole item of a meal or of the diet; and

(iii) Is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement, identifiable by the "supplement facts" box found on the label as required pursuant to 21 C.F.R. Sec. 101.36, as amended or renumbered as of January 1, 2003.

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(b)(i) "Prepared food" means:

16 (A) Food sold in a heated state or heated by the seller;

(B) Food sold with eating utensils provided by the seller, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws. A plate does not include a container or packaging used to transport the food; or

21 (C) Two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller 22 for sale as a single item, except:

23 (I) Food that is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the 24 seller; or

(II) Raw eggs, fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by the federal food and drug administration in chapter 3, part 401.11 of The Food Code, published by the food and drug administration, as amended or renumbered as of January 1, 2003, so as to prevent foodborne illness.

30 (ii) "Prepared food" does not include the following food or food 31 ingredients, if the food or food ingredients are sold without eating 32 utensils provided by the seller:

(A) Food sold by a seller whose proper primary North American industry classification system (NAICS) classification is manufacturing in sector 311, except subsector 3118 (bakeries), as provided in the North American industry classification system--United States, 2002";

(B) Food sold in an unheated state by weight or volume as a singleitem; or

(C) Bakery items. The term "bakery items" includes bread, rolls,
 buns, biscuits, bagels, croissants, pastries, donuts, Danish, cakes,
 tortes, pies, tarts, muffins, bars, cookies, or tortillas.

4 (c) "Soft drinks" means nonalcoholic beverages that contain natural 5 or artificial sweeteners. Soft drinks do not include beverages that 6 contain: Milk or milk products; soy, rice, or similar milk 7 substitutes; or greater than fifty percent of vegetable or fruit juice 8 by volume.

9 (d) "Candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural 10 or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts, 11 or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 12 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation containing flour and 13 does not require refrigeration.

14 "Bottled water" means water that is placed in a sealed (e) container or package for human consumption. Bottled water is calorie 15 free and does not contain sweeteners or other additives except that it 16 17 may contain: (i) Antimicrobial agents; (ii) fluoride; (iii) carbonation; (iv) vitamins, minerals, and electrolytes; (v) oxygen; 18 (vi) preservatives; and (vii) only those flavors, extracts, or essences 19 derived from a spice or fruit. "Bottled water" includes water that is 20 21 delivered to the buyer in a reusable container that is not sold with 22 the water.

(3) Notwithstanding anything in this section to the contrary, the exemption of "food and food ingredients" provided in this section applies to food and food ingredients that are furnished, prepared, or served as meals:

(a) Under a state administered nutrition program for the aged as
provided for in the older Americans act (P.L. 95-478 Title III) and RCW
74.38.040(6);

30 (b) That are provided to senior citizens, individuals with 31 disabilities, or low-income persons by a not-for-profit organization 32 organized under chapter 24.03 or 24.12 RCW; or

33 (c) That are provided to residents, sixty-two years of age or 34 older, of a qualified low-income senior housing facility by the lessor 35 or operator of the facility. The sale of a meal that is billed to both 36 spouses of a marital community or both domestic partners of a domestic 37 partnership meets the age requirement in this subsection (3)(c) if at least one of the spouses or domestic partners is at least sixty-two years of age. For purposes of this subsection, "qualified low-income senior housing facility" means a facility:

4 (i) That meets the definition of a qualified low-income housing
5 project under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 42 of the federal internal revenue code,
6 as existing on August 1, 2009;

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(ii) That has been partially funded under 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1485; and

8 (iii) For which the lessor or operator has at any time been 9 entitled to claim a federal income tax credit under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 42 10 of the federal internal revenue code.

(4)(a) Subsection (1) of this section notwithstanding, the retail sale of food and food ingredients is subject to sales tax under RCW 82.08.020 if the food and food ingredients are sold through a vending machine. Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the selling price of food and food ingredients sold through a vending machine for purposes of RCW 82.08.020 is fifty-seven percent of the gross receipts.

(b) For soft drinks and hot prepared food and food ingredients, other than food and food ingredients which are heated after they have been dispensed from the vending machine, the selling price is the total gross receipts of such sales divided by the sum of one plus the sales tax rate expressed as a decimal.

(c) For tax collected under this subsection (4), the requirements that the tax be collected from the buyer and that the amount of tax be stated as a separate item are waived.

25 Sec. 306. RCW 82.12.0293 and 2010 1st sp.s. c ... (2ESSB 6143) s
26 903 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The provisions of this chapter do not apply in respect to the
use of food and food ingredients for human consumption. "Food and food
ingredients" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.08.0293.

(2) ((Until July 1, 2013,)) The exemption of "food and food 30 31 ingredients" provided for in subsection (1) of this section does not apply to prepared food, soft drinks, bottled water, candy, or dietary 32 supplements. ((Beginning July 1, 2013, the exemption of "food and food 33 34 ingredients" provided for in subsection (1) of this section does not 35 apply to prepared food, soft drinks, candy, or dietary supplements.)) 36 "Prepared food," "soft drinks," "dietary supplements," "candy," and "bottled water" have the same meanings as in RCW 82.08.0293. 37

1 (3) Notwithstanding anything in this section to the contrary, the 2 exemption of "food and food ingredients" provided in this section 3 ((apply)) applies to food and food ingredients which are furnished, 4 prepared, or served as meals:

(a) Under a state administered nutrition program for the aged as
provided for in the older Americans act (P.L. 95-478 Title III) and RCW
74.38.040(6);

8 (b) Which are provided to senior citizens, individuals with 9 disabilities, or low-income persons by a not-for-profit organization 10 organized under chapter 24.03 or 24.12 RCW; or

11 (c) That are provided to residents, sixty-two years of age or 12 older, of a qualified low-income senior housing facility by the lessor 13 or operator of the facility. The sale of a meal that is billed to both 14 spouses of a marital community or both domestic partners of a domestic partnership meets the age requirement in this subsection (3)(c) if at 15 16 least one of the spouses or domestic partners is at least sixty-two 17 years of age. For purposes of this subsection, "qualified low-income 18 senior housing facility" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.08.0293.

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# PART IV

## TECHNICAL PROVISIONS

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 401. (1) The legislature may provide additional 22 means for raising moneys for the payment of the principal of and 23 interest on the bonds authorized in section 201 of this act, and 24 section 202 of this act may not be deemed to provide an exclusive 25 method for the payment.

(2) The office of the state treasurer must determine a mechanism to
 allow individual Washington state residents to purchase jobs act bonds.

28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 402.** The bonds authorized by this chapter 29 constitute a legal investment for all state funds or for funds under 30 state control and all funds of municipal corporations.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **sec. 403.** The state finance committee is authorized 32 to prescribe the form, terms, conditions, and covenants of the bonds 33 provided for in this act, the time or times of sale of all or any

1 portion of them, and the conditions and manner of their sale and 2 issuance.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 404. The Washington works account is created in 4 the state treasury. All receipts from bonds authorized under section 5 201 of this act must be deposited in the account. Moneys in the 6 account may be spent only after appropriation. The proceeds from the 7 sale of the bonds authorized in section 201 of this act must be 8 deposited in the account. Moneys in the account must be used 9 exclusively for:

(1) The purposes of sections 301, 302, and 303 of this act, which includes energy and operational cost savings improvements and related projects that result in energy and operational cost savings for public school districts and public higher education institutions; and

14 (2) The payment of the expenses incurred in connection with the15 sale and issuance of the bonds.

Sec. 405. If the state finance committee deems it 16 NEW SECTION. necessary to issue any portion of the bonds authorized in this chapter 17 as taxable bonds in order to comply with federal internal revenue 18 19 service rules and regulations pertaining to the use of nontaxable bond 20 proceeds, the proceeds of such taxable bonds must be transferred to the 21 state taxable building construction account in lieu of any deposits 22 otherwise provided by section 404 of this act. The state treasurer must submit written notice to the director of financial management if 23 24 it is determined that any such transfer to the state taxable building 25 construction account is necessary. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. For purposes of this section, "nontaxable 26 bond proceeds" includes proceeds from bonds issued as tax exempt bonds 27 28 and proceeds from taxable bonds eligible for direct federal subsidy 29 under federal internal revenue service rules.

30 **Sec. 406.** RCW 39.94.040 and 2003 c 6 s 2 are each amended to read 31 as follows:

(1) Except as provided in RCW 28B.10.022, the state may not enter into any financing contract for itself if the aggregate principal amount payable thereunder is greater than an amount to be established from time to time by the state finance committee or participate in a

program providing for the issuance of certificates of participation, including any contract for credit enhancement, without the prior approval of the state finance committee. Except as provided in RCW 28B.10.022, the state finance committee shall approve the form of all financing contracts or a standard format for all financing contracts. The state finance committee also may:

7 (a) Consolidate existing or potential financing contracts into 8 master financing contracts with respect to property acquired by one or 9 more agencies, departments, instrumentalities of the state, the state 10 board for community and technical colleges, or a state institution of 11 higher learning; or to be acquired by an other agency;

(b) Approve programs providing for the issuance of certificates of participation in master financing contracts for the state or for other agencies;

15 (c) Enter into agreements with trustees relating to master 16 financing contracts; and

17 (d) Make appropriate rules for the performance of its duties under18 this chapter.

19 (2) In the performance of its duties under this chapter, the state 20 finance committee may consult with representatives from the department 21 of general administration, the office of financial management, and the 22 department of information services.

(3) With the approval of the state finance committee, the state
 also may enter into agreements with trustees relating to financing
 contracts and the issuance of certificates of participation.

(4) Except for financing contracts for real property used for the
 purposes described under chapter 28B.140 RCW, the state may not enter
 into any financing contract for real property of the state without
 prior approval of the legislature.

30 (5) The state may not enter into any financing contract on behalf of an other agency without the approval of such a financing contract by 31 32 the governing body of the other agency. For the purposes of this requirement, a financing contract must be treated as used for real 33 property if it is being entered into by the state for the acquisition 34 35 of land; the acquisition of an existing building; the construction of 36 a new building; or a major remodeling, renovation, rehabilitation, or rebuilding of an existing building. Prior approval of the legislature 37 is not required under this chapter for a financing contract entered 38

into by the state under this chapter for energy conservation 1 2 improvements to existing buildings where such improvements include (a) fixtures and equipment that are not part of a major remodeling, 3 renovation, rehabilitation, or rebuilding of the building, or (b) other 4 improvements to the building that are being performed for the primary 5 6 purpose of energy conservation. Such energy conservation improvements must be determined eligible for financing under this chapter by the 7 office of financial management in accordance with financing guidelines 8 9 established by the state treasurer, and are to be treated as personal 10 property for the purposes of this chapter.

# PART V REFERENDUM PROVISIONS

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 501. (1) The secretary of state shall submit sections 101 through 203 and 401 through 405 of this act to the people for their adoption and ratification, or rejection, at the next general election to be held in this state, in accordance with Article II, section 1 and Article VIII, section 3 of the state Constitution and the laws adopted to facilitate their operation.

(2) If the people ratify this act as specified under subsection (1)
of this section, revenues generated shall be spent as detailed in this
act.

(3) Pursuant to RCW 29A.72.050(6), the statement of subject and concise description for the ballot title shall read: "The legislature has passed Engrossed House Bill No. 2561 (this act), concerning job creation through energy efficiency projects in school buildings. This bill would promote job creation by authorizing bonds to construct energy efficiency savings improvements to schools, including higher education buildings."

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 502. Sections 303 through 306 of this act are 30 contingent upon approval by the voters of sections 101 through 203 and 31 401 through 405 of this act. If sections 101 through 203 and 401 32 through 405 of this act are not approved by the voters by December 1, 33 2010, sections 303 through 306 of this act are null and void.

1NEW SECTION.Sec. 503.Sections 201 through 203, 301, 302, and2401 through 405 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 43 RCW.

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# PART VI MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 601.** This act takes effect if Second Engrossed 6 Substitute Senate Bill No. 6143 is enacted by the legislature during 7 the 2010 1st special session.

--- END ---