

CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2742

Chapter 269, Laws of 2010

61st Legislature
2010 Regular Session

DUI--IGNITION INTERLOCK REQUIREMENTS--PRIOR OFFENSES--LIABILITY

EFFECTIVE DATE: 01/01/11

Passed by the House March 9, 2010
Yeas 95 Nays 0

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate March 5, 2010
Yeas 48 Nays 0

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Approved March 31, 2010, 4:10 p.m.

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

CERTIFICATE

I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2742** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

BARBARA BAKER

Chief Clerk

FILED

April 1, 2010

**Secretary of State
State of Washington**

SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2742

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2010 Regular Session

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2010 Regular Session

By House Transportation (originally sponsored by Representatives Goodman, Lias, Sells, Hasegawa, Maxwell, Roberts, Jacks, Carlyle, Rolfes, Simpson, O'Brien, and Morrell)

READ FIRST TIME 02/08/10.

1 AN ACT Relating to accountability for persons driving under the
2 influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs; amending RCW 46.20.385,
3 46.20.391, 46.20.720, 46.61.5055, 46.20.410, 46.20.342, 46.20.740,
4 10.05.020, 10.05.090, and 10.05.160; adding a new section to chapter
5 46.61 RCW; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

7 **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.20.385 and 2008 c 282 s 9 are each amended to read
8 as follows:

9 (1)(a) Beginning January 1, 2009, any person licensed under this
10 chapter who is convicted of (~~any offense involving the use,~~
11 ~~consumption, or possession of alcohol while operating a motor vehicle~~
12 ~~in~~) a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504(~~(, other than vehicular~~
13 ~~homicide or vehicular assault)~~) or an equivalent local or out-of-state
14 statute or ordinance, or a violation of RCW 46.61.520(1)(a) or
15 46.61.522(1)(b), or who has had or will have his or her license
16 suspended, revoked, or denied under RCW 46.20.3101, may submit to the
17 department an application for an ignition interlock driver's license.
18 The department, upon receipt of the prescribed fee and upon determining

1 that the petitioner is eligible to receive the license, may issue an
2 ignition interlock driver's license.

3 (b) A person may apply for an ignition interlock driver's license
4 anytime, including immediately after receiving the notices under RCW
5 46.20.308 or after his or her license is suspended, revoked, or denied.
6 A person receiving an ignition interlock driver's license waives his or
7 her right to a hearing or appeal under RCW 46.20.308.

8 (c) An applicant under this subsection shall provide proof to the
9 satisfaction of the department that a functioning ignition interlock
10 device has been installed on all vehicles operated by the person.

11 (i) The department shall require the person to maintain the device
12 on all vehicles operated by the person and shall restrict the person to
13 operating only vehicles equipped with the device, for the remainder of
14 the period of suspension, revocation, or denial. The installation of
15 an ignition interlock device is not necessary on vehicles owned,
16 leased, or rented by a person's employer and on those vehicles whose
17 care and/or maintenance is the temporary responsibility of the
18 employer, and driven at the direction of a person's employer as a
19 requirement of employment during working hours. The person must
20 provide the department with a declaration pursuant to RCW 9A.72.085
21 from his or her employer stating that the person's employment requires
22 the person to operate a vehicle owned by the employer or other persons
23 during working hours.

24 (ii) Subject to any periodic renewal requirements established by
25 the department under this section and subject to any applicable
26 compliance requirements under this chapter or other law, an ignition
27 interlock driver's license granted upon a suspension or revocation
28 under RCW 46.61.5055 or 46.20.3101 extends through the remaining
29 portion of any concurrent or consecutive suspension or revocation that
30 may be imposed as the result of administrative action and criminal
31 conviction arising out of the same incident.

32 (iii) The time period during which the person is licensed under
33 this section shall apply on a day-for-day basis toward satisfying the
34 period of time the ignition interlock device restriction is required
35 under RCW 46.20.720 and 46.61.5055.

36 (2) An applicant for an ignition interlock driver's license who
37 qualifies under subsection (1) of this section is eligible to receive
38 a license only if((÷

1 ~~(a) Within seven years immediately preceding the date of the~~
2 ~~offense that gave rise to the present conviction or incident, the~~
3 ~~applicant has not committed vehicular homicide under RCW 46.61.520 or~~
4 ~~vehicular assault under RCW 46.61.522; and~~

5 ~~(b))~~ the applicant files satisfactory proof of financial
6 responsibility under chapter 46.29 RCW.

7 (3) Upon receipt of evidence that a holder of an ignition interlock
8 driver's license granted under this subsection no longer has a
9 functioning ignition interlock device installed on all vehicles
10 operated by the driver, the director shall give written notice by
11 first-class mail to the driver that the ignition interlock driver's
12 license shall be canceled. ~~((The effective date of cancellation shall~~
13 ~~be fifteen days from the date of mailing the notice.))~~ If at any time
14 before the cancellation goes into effect the driver submits evidence
15 that a functioning ignition interlock device has been installed on all
16 vehicles operated by the driver, the cancellation shall be stayed. If
17 the cancellation becomes effective, the driver may obtain, at no
18 additional charge, a new ignition interlock driver's license upon
19 submittal of evidence that a functioning ignition interlock device has
20 been installed on all vehicles operated by the driver.

21 (4) A person aggrieved by the decision of the department on the
22 application for an ignition interlock driver's license may request a
23 hearing as provided by rule of the department.

24 (5) The director shall cancel an ignition interlock driver's
25 license ~~((upon receipt of))~~ after receiving notice that the holder
26 thereof has been convicted of operating a motor vehicle in violation of
27 its restrictions, no longer meets the eligibility requirements, or
28 ~~((of))~~ has been convicted of or found to have committed a separate
29 offense or any other act or omission that under this chapter would
30 warrant suspension or revocation of a regular driver's license. The
31 department must give notice of the cancellation ~~((is effective as of~~
32 ~~the date of the conviction, and continues with the same force and~~
33 ~~effect as any suspension or revocation under this title))~~ as provided
34 under RCW 46.20.245. A person whose ignition interlock driver's
35 license has been canceled under this section may reapply for a new
36 ignition interlock driver's license if he or she is otherwise qualified
37 under this section and pays the fee required under RCW 46.20.380.

1 (6)(a) Unless costs are waived by the ignition interlock company or
2 the person is indigent under RCW 10.101.010, the applicant shall pay
3 the cost of installing, removing, and leasing the ignition interlock
4 device and shall pay an additional fee of twenty dollars per month.
5 Payments shall be made directly to the ignition interlock company. The
6 company shall remit the additional twenty-dollar fee to the department.

7 (b) The department shall deposit the proceeds of the twenty-dollar
8 fee into the ignition interlock device revolving account. Expenditures
9 from the account may be used only to administer and operate the
10 ignition interlock device revolving account program. The department
11 shall adopt rules to provide monetary assistance according to greatest
12 need and when funds are available.

13 (7) The department shall adopt rules to implement ignition
14 interlock licensing. The department shall consult with the
15 administrative office of the courts, the state patrol, the Washington
16 association of sheriffs and police chiefs, ignition interlock
17 companies, and any other organization or entity the department deems
18 appropriate.

19 **Sec. 2.** RCW 46.20.391 and 2008 c 282 s 6 are each amended to read
20 as follows:

21 (1) Any person licensed under this chapter who is convicted of an
22 offense relating to motor vehicles for which suspension or revocation
23 of the driver's license is mandatory, other than vehicular homicide,
24 vehicular assault, driving while under the influence of intoxicating
25 liquor or any drug, or being in actual physical control of a motor
26 vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug,
27 may submit to the department an application for a temporary restricted
28 driver's license. The department, upon receipt of the prescribed fee
29 and upon determining that the petitioner is eligible to receive the
30 license, may issue a temporary restricted driver's license and may set
31 definite restrictions as provided in RCW 46.20.394.

32 (2)(a) A person licensed under this chapter whose driver's license
33 is suspended administratively due to failure to appear or pay a traffic
34 ticket under RCW 46.20.289; a violation of the financial responsibility
35 laws under chapter 46.29 RCW; or for multiple violations within a
36 specified period of time under RCW 46.20.291, may apply to the
37 department for an occupational driver's license.

1 (b) If the suspension is for failure to respond, pay, or comply
2 with a notice of traffic infraction or conviction, the applicant must
3 enter into a payment plan with the court.

4 (c) An occupational driver's license issued to an applicant
5 described in (a) of this subsection shall be valid for the period of
6 the suspension or revocation.

7 (3) An applicant for an occupational or temporary restricted
8 driver's license who qualifies under subsection (1) or (2) of this
9 section is eligible to receive such license only if:

10 (a) Within seven years immediately preceding the date of the
11 offense that gave rise to the present conviction or incident, the
12 applicant has not committed vehicular homicide under RCW 46.61.520 or
13 vehicular assault under RCW 46.61.522; and

14 (b) The applicant demonstrates that it is necessary for him or her
15 to operate a motor vehicle because he or she:

16 (i) Is engaged in an occupation or trade that makes it essential
17 that he or she operate a motor vehicle;

18 (ii) Is undergoing continuing health care or providing continuing
19 care to another who is dependent upon the applicant;

20 (iii) Is enrolled in an educational institution and pursuing a
21 course of study leading to a diploma, degree, or other certification of
22 successful educational completion;

23 (iv) Is undergoing substance abuse treatment or is participating in
24 meetings of a twelve-step group such as Alcoholics Anonymous that
25 requires the petitioner to drive to or from the treatment or meetings;

26 (v) Is fulfilling court-ordered community service responsibilities;

27 (vi) Is in a program that assists persons who are enrolled in a
28 WorkFirst program pursuant to chapter 74.08A RCW to become gainfully
29 employed and the program requires a driver's license;

30 (vii) Is in an apprenticeship, on-the-job training, or welfare-to-
31 work program; or

32 (viii) Presents evidence that he or she has applied for a position
33 in an apprenticeship or on-the-job training program for which a
34 driver's license is required to begin the program, provided that a
35 license granted under this provision shall be in effect for no longer
36 than fourteen days; and

37 (c) The applicant files satisfactory proof of financial
38 responsibility under chapter 46.29 RCW; and

1 (d) Upon receipt of evidence that a holder of an occupational
2 driver's license granted under this subsection is no longer enrolled in
3 an apprenticeship or on-the-job training program, the director shall
4 give written notice by first-class mail to the driver that the
5 occupational driver's license shall be canceled. (~~The effective date~~
6 ~~of cancellation shall be fifteen days from the date of mailing the~~
7 ~~notice.~~) If at any time before the cancellation goes into effect the
8 driver submits evidence of continued enrollment in the program, the
9 cancellation shall be stayed. If the cancellation becomes effective,
10 the driver may obtain, at no additional charge, a new occupational
11 driver's license upon submittal of evidence of enrollment in another
12 program that meets the criteria set forth in this subsection; and

13 (e) The department shall not issue an occupational driver's license
14 under (b)(iv) of this subsection if the applicant is able to receive
15 transit services sufficient to allow for the applicant's participation
16 in the programs referenced under (b)(iv) of this subsection.

17 (4) A person aggrieved by the decision of the department on the
18 application for an occupational or temporary restricted driver's
19 license may request a hearing as provided by rule of the department.

20 (5) The director shall cancel an occupational or temporary
21 restricted driver's license (~~upon receipt of~~) after receiving notice
22 that the holder thereof has been convicted of operating a motor vehicle
23 in violation of its restrictions, no longer meets the eligibility
24 requirements, or (~~of~~) has been convicted of or found to have
25 committed a separate offense or any other act or omission that under
26 this chapter (~~46.20-RCW~~) would warrant suspension or revocation of a
27 regular driver's license. The department must give notice of the
28 cancellation (~~is effective as of the date of the conviction, and~~
29 ~~continues with the same force and effect as any suspension or~~
30 ~~revocation under this title~~) as provided under RCW 46.20.245. A
31 person whose occupational or temporary restricted driver's license has
32 been canceled under this section may reapply for a new occupational or
33 temporary restricted driver's license if he or she is otherwise
34 qualified under this section and pays the fee required under RCW
35 46.20.380.

36 **Sec. 3.** RCW 46.20.720 and 2008 c 282 s 12 are each amended to read
37 as follows:

1 (1) The court may order that after a period of suspension,
2 revocation, or denial of driving privileges, and for up to as long as
3 the court has jurisdiction, any person convicted of any offense
4 involving the use, consumption, or possession of alcohol while
5 operating a motor vehicle may drive only a motor vehicle equipped with
6 a functioning ignition interlock. The court shall establish a specific
7 calibration setting at which the interlock will prevent the vehicle
8 from being started. The court shall also establish the period of time
9 for which interlock use will be required.

10 (2) Under RCW 46.61.5055(~~(, 10.05.020, or section 18 of this act)~~)
11 and subject to the exceptions listed in that statute, the court shall
12 order any person convicted of (~~(an alcohol-related)~~) a violation of RCW
13 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or an equivalent local ordinance (~~(or~~
14 ~~participating in a deferred prosecution program under RCW 10.05.020 or~~
15 ~~section 18 of this act for an alcohol-related violation of RCW~~
16 ~~46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or an equivalent local ordinance)~~) to apply for
17 an ignition interlock driver's license from the department under RCW
18 46.20.385 and to have a functioning ignition interlock device installed
19 on all motor vehicles operated by the person.

20 (3) The department shall require that, after any applicable period
21 of suspension, revocation, or denial of driving privileges, a person
22 may drive only a motor vehicle equipped with a functioning ignition
23 interlock device if the person is convicted of (~~(an alcohol-related)~~)
24 a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or an equivalent local or
25 out-of-state statute or ordinance.

26 The department may waive the requirement for the use of such a
27 device if it concludes that such devices are not reasonably available
28 in the local area. The installation of an ignition interlock device is
29 not necessary on vehicles owned, leased, or rented by a person's
30 employer and on those vehicles whose care and/or maintenance is the
31 temporary responsibility of the employer, and driven at the direction
32 of a person's employer as a requirement of employment during working
33 hours. The person must provide the department with a declaration
34 pursuant to RCW 9A.72.085 from his or her employer stating that the
35 person's employment requires the person to operate a vehicle owned by
36 the employer or other persons during working hours.

37 The ignition interlock device shall be calibrated to prevent the
38 motor vehicle from being started when the breath sample provided has an

1 alcohol concentration of 0.025 or more. Subject to the provisions of
2 subsection (4) of this section, the period of time of the restriction
3 will be ((as follows)) no less than:

4 (a) For a person who has not previously been restricted under this
5 section, a period of one year;

6 (b) For a person who has previously been restricted under (a) of
7 this subsection, a period of five years;

8 (c) For a person who has previously been restricted under (b) of
9 this subsection, a period of ten years.

10 (4) A restriction imposed under subsection (3) of this section
11 shall remain in effect until the department receives a declaration from
12 the person's ignition interlock device vendor, in a form provided or
13 approved by the department, certifying that there have been none of the
14 following incidents in the four consecutive months prior to the date of
15 release:

16 (a) An attempt to start the vehicle with a breath alcohol
17 concentration of 0.04 or more;

18 (b) Failure to take or pass any required retest; or

19 (c) Failure of the person to appear at the ignition interlock
20 device vendor when required for maintenance, repair, calibration,
21 monitoring, inspection, or replacement of the device.

22 **Sec. 4.** RCW 46.61.5055 and 2008 c 282 s 14 are each amended to
23 read as follows:

24 (1) Except as provided in RCW 46.61.502(6) or 46.61.504(6), a
25 person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504
26 and who has no prior offense within seven years shall be punished as
27 follows:

28 (a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less
29 than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to
30 take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result
31 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

32 (i) By imprisonment for not less than one day nor more than one
33 year. Twenty-four consecutive hours of the imprisonment may not be
34 suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of
35 this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the
36 offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory
37 minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in

1 writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the
2 facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based. In lieu of the
3 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment required under this subsection
4 (1)(a)(i), the court may order not less than fifteen days of electronic
5 home monitoring. The offender shall pay the cost of electronic home
6 monitoring. The county or municipality in which the penalty is being
7 imposed shall determine the cost. The court may also require the
8 offender's electronic home monitoring device to include an alcohol
9 detection breathalyzer, and the court may restrict the amount of
10 alcohol the offender may consume during the time the offender is on
11 electronic home monitoring; and

12 (ii) By a fine of not less than three hundred fifty dollars nor
13 more than five thousand dollars. Three hundred fifty dollars of the
14 fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the
15 offender to be indigent; or

16 (b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at
17 least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a
18 test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result
19 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

20 (i) By imprisonment for not less than two days nor more than one
21 year. Two consecutive days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or
22 deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory
23 minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's
24 physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence
25 is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason
26 for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the
27 suspension or deferral is based. In lieu of the mandatory minimum term
28 of imprisonment required under this subsection (1)(b)(i), the court may
29 order not less than thirty days of electronic home monitoring. The
30 offender shall pay the cost of electronic home monitoring. The county
31 or municipality in which the penalty is being imposed shall determine
32 the cost. The court may also require the offender's electronic home
33 monitoring device to include an alcohol detection breathalyzer, and the
34 court may restrict the amount of alcohol the offender may consume
35 during the time the offender is on electronic home monitoring; and

36 (ii) By a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than
37 five thousand dollars. Five hundred dollars of the fine may not be

1 suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be
2 indigent.

3 (2) Except as provided in RCW 46.61.502(6) or 46.61.504(6), a
4 person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504
5 and who has one prior offense within seven years shall be punished as
6 follows:

7 (a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less
8 than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to
9 take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result
10 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

11 (i) By imprisonment for not less than thirty days nor more than one
12 year and sixty days of electronic home monitoring. The offender shall
13 pay for the cost of the electronic monitoring. The county or
14 municipality where the penalty is being imposed shall determine the
15 cost. The court may also require the offender's electronic home
16 monitoring device include an alcohol detection breathalyzer, and may
17 restrict the amount of alcohol the offender may consume during the time
18 the offender is on electronic home monitoring. Thirty days of
19 imprisonment and sixty days of electronic home monitoring may not be
20 suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of
21 this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the
22 offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory
23 minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in
24 writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the
25 facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and

26 (ii) By a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than
27 five thousand dollars. Five hundred dollars of the fine may not be
28 suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be
29 indigent; or

30 (b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at
31 least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a
32 test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result
33 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

34 (i) By imprisonment for not less than forty-five days nor more than
35 one year and ninety days of electronic home monitoring. The offender
36 shall pay for the cost of the electronic monitoring. The county or
37 municipality where the penalty is being imposed shall determine the
38 cost. The court may also require the offender's electronic home

1 monitoring device include an alcohol detection breathalyzer, and may
2 restrict the amount of alcohol the offender may consume during the time
3 the offender is on electronic home monitoring. Forty-five days of
4 imprisonment and ninety days of electronic home monitoring may not be
5 suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of
6 this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the
7 offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory
8 minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in
9 writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the
10 facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and

11 (ii) By a fine of not less than seven hundred fifty dollars nor
12 more than five thousand dollars. Seven hundred fifty dollars of the
13 fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the
14 offender to be indigent.

15 (3) Except as provided in RCW 46.61.502(6) or 46.61.504(6), a
16 person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504
17 and who has two or three prior offenses within seven years shall be
18 punished as follows:

19 (a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less
20 than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to
21 take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result
22 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

23 (i) By imprisonment for not less than ninety days nor more than one
24 year and one hundred twenty days of electronic home monitoring. The
25 offender shall pay for the cost of the electronic monitoring. The
26 county or municipality where the penalty is being imposed shall
27 determine the cost. The court may also require the offender's
28 electronic home monitoring device include an alcohol detection
29 breathalyzer, and may restrict the amount of alcohol the offender may
30 consume during the time the offender is on electronic home monitoring.
31 Ninety days of imprisonment and one hundred twenty days of electronic
32 home monitoring may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds
33 that the imposition of this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a
34 substantial risk to the offender's physical or mental well-being.
35 Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the
36 court shall state in writing the reason for granting the suspension or
37 deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based;
38 and

1 (ii) By a fine of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than
2 five thousand dollars. One thousand dollars of the fine may not be
3 suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be
4 indigent; or

5 (b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at
6 least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a
7 test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result
8 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

9 (i) By imprisonment for not less than one hundred twenty days nor
10 more than one year and one hundred fifty days of electronic home
11 monitoring. The offender shall pay for the cost of the electronic
12 monitoring. The county or municipality where the penalty is being
13 imposed shall determine the cost. The court may also require the
14 offender's electronic home monitoring device include an alcohol
15 detection breathalyzer, and may restrict the amount of alcohol the
16 offender may consume during the time the offender is on electronic home
17 monitoring. One hundred twenty days of imprisonment and one hundred
18 fifty days of electronic home monitoring may not be suspended or
19 deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory
20 minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's
21 physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence
22 is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason
23 for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the
24 suspension or deferral is based; and

25 (ii) By a fine of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars
26 nor more than five thousand dollars. One thousand five hundred dollars
27 of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the
28 offender to be indigent.

29 (4) A person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or
30 46.61.504 shall be punished under chapter 9.94A RCW if: (a) The person
31 has four or more prior offenses within ten years; or (b) the person has
32 ever previously been convicted of: (i) A violation of RCW 46.61.520
33 committed while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug;
34 (ii) a violation of RCW 46.61.522 committed while under the influence
35 of intoxicating liquor or any drug; or (iii) an out-of-state offense
36 comparable to the offense specified in (b)(i) or (ii) of this
37 subsection.

1 (5)(a) The court shall require any person convicted of (~~an~~
2 ~~alcohol-related~~) a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or an
3 equivalent local ordinance to apply for an ignition interlock driver's
4 license from the department (~~(under RCW 46.20.385)~~) and to have a
5 functioning ignition interlock device installed on all motor vehicles
6 operated by the person.

7 (b) The installation of an ignition interlock device is not
8 necessary on vehicles owned, leased, or rented by a person's employer
9 and on those vehicles whose care and/or maintenance is the temporary
10 responsibility of the employer, and driven at the direction of a
11 person's employer as a requirement of employment during working hours.
12 The person must provide the department with a declaration pursuant to
13 RCW 9A.72.085 from his or her employer stating that the person's
14 employment requires the person to operate a vehicle owned by the
15 employer or other persons during working hours.

16 (c) An ignition interlock device imposed under this section shall
17 be calibrated to prevent a motor vehicle from being started when the
18 breath sample provided has an alcohol concentration of 0.025 or more.

19 (d) The court may waive the requirement that a person (~~(obtain)~~)
20 apply for an ignition interlock driver's license (~~(and operate only~~
21 ~~vehicles equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device)~~) if the
22 court makes a specific finding in writing that:

23 (i) The person lives out-of-state and the devices are not
24 reasonably available in the person's local area(~~(, that)~~);

25 (ii) The person does not operate a vehicle(~~(,)~~); or

26 (iii) The person is not eligible to receive an ignition interlock
27 driver's license under RCW 46.20.385 because the person is not a
28 resident of Washington, is a habitual traffic offender, has already
29 applied for or is already in possession of an ignition interlock
30 driver's license, has never had a driver's license, has been certified
31 under chapter 74.20A RCW as noncompliant with a child support order, or
32 is subject to any other condition or circumstance that makes the person
33 ineligible to obtain an ignition interlock driver's license.

34 (e) (~~When the requirement~~) If a court finds that a person is not
35 eligible to receive an ignition interlock driver's license under this
36 section, the court is not required to make any further subsequent
37 inquiry or determination as to the person's eligibility.

1 (f) If the court orders that a person (~~obtain~~) refrain from
2 consuming any alcohol and requires the person to apply for an ignition
3 interlock driver's license (~~and operate only vehicles equipped with a~~
4 functioning ignition interlock device is waived by the court)), and the
5 person states that he or she does not operate a motor vehicle or the
6 person is ineligible to obtain an ignition interlock driver's license,
7 the court shall order the person to submit to alcohol monitoring
8 through an alcohol detection breathalyzer device, transdermal sensor
9 device, or other technology designed to detect alcohol in a person's
10 system. The person shall pay for the cost of the monitoring. The
11 county or municipality where the penalty is being imposed shall
12 determine the cost.

13 (~~(f)~~) (g) The period of time for which ignition interlock use or
14 alcohol monitoring is required will be as follows:

15 (i) For a person who has not previously been restricted under this
16 section, a period of one year;

17 (ii) For a person who has previously been restricted under (~~(f)~~)
18 (g)(i) of this subsection, a period of five years;

19 (iii) For a person who has previously been restricted under (~~(f)~~)
20 (g)(ii) of this subsection, a period of ten years.

21 (6) If a person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or
22 46.61.504 committed the offense while a passenger under the age of
23 sixteen was in the vehicle, the court shall:

24 (a) In any case in which the installation and use of an interlock
25 or other device is not mandatory under RCW 46.20.720 or other law,
26 order the use of such a device for not less than sixty days following
27 the restoration of the person's license, permit, or nonresident driving
28 privileges; and

29 (b) In any case in which the installation and use of such a device
30 is otherwise mandatory, order the use of such a device for an
31 additional sixty days.

32 (7) In exercising its discretion in setting penalties within the
33 limits allowed by this section, the court shall particularly consider
34 the following:

35 (a) Whether the person's driving at the time of the offense was
36 responsible for injury or damage to another or another's property; and

37 (b) Whether at the time of the offense the person was driving or in
38 physical control of a vehicle with one or more passengers.

1 (8) An offender punishable under this section is subject to the
2 alcohol assessment and treatment provisions of RCW 46.61.5056.

3 (9) The license, permit, or nonresident privilege of a person
4 convicted of driving or being in physical control of a motor vehicle
5 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs must:

6 (a) If the person's alcohol concentration was less than 0.15, or if
7 for reasons other than the person's refusal to take a test offered
8 under RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's
9 alcohol concentration:

10 (i) Where there has been no prior offense within seven years, be
11 suspended or denied by the department for ninety days;

12 (ii) Where there has been one prior offense within seven years, be
13 revoked or denied by the department for two years; or

14 (iii) Where there have been two or more prior offenses within seven
15 years, be revoked or denied by the department for three years;

16 (b) If the person's alcohol concentration was at least 0.15:

17 (i) Where there has been no prior offense within seven years, be
18 revoked or denied by the department for one year;

19 (ii) Where there has been one prior offense within seven years, be
20 revoked or denied by the department for nine hundred days; or

21 (iii) Where there have been two or more prior offenses within seven
22 years, be revoked or denied by the department for four years; or

23 (c) If by reason of the person's refusal to take a test offered
24 under RCW 46.20.308, there is no test result indicating the person's
25 alcohol concentration:

26 (i) Where there have been no prior offenses within seven years, be
27 revoked or denied by the department for two years;

28 (ii) Where there has been one prior offense within seven years, be
29 revoked or denied by the department for three years; or

30 (iii) Where there have been two or more previous offenses within
31 seven years, be revoked or denied by the department for four years.

32 The department shall grant credit on a day-for-day basis for any
33 portion of a suspension, revocation, or denial already served under
34 this subsection for a suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under
35 RCW 46.20.3101 arising out of the same incident.

36 For purposes of this subsection (9), the department shall refer to
37 the driver's record maintained under RCW 46.52.120 when determining the
38 existence of prior offenses.

1 (10) After expiration of any period of suspension, revocation, or
2 denial of the offender's license, permit, or privilege to drive
3 required by this section, the department shall place the offender's
4 driving privilege in probationary status pursuant to RCW 46.20.355.

5 (11)(a) In addition to any nonsuspendable and nondeferrable jail
6 sentence required by this section, whenever the court imposes less than
7 one year in jail, the court shall also suspend but shall not defer a
8 period of confinement for a period not exceeding five years. The court
9 shall impose conditions of probation that include: (i) Not driving a
10 motor vehicle within this state without a valid license to drive and
11 proof of financial responsibility for the future; (ii) not driving a
12 motor vehicle within this state while having an alcohol concentration
13 of 0.08 or more within two hours after driving; and (iii) not refusing
14 to submit to a test of his or her breath or blood to determine alcohol
15 concentration upon request of a law enforcement officer who has
16 reasonable grounds to believe the person was driving or was in actual
17 physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the
18 influence of intoxicating liquor. The court may impose conditions of
19 probation that include nonrepetition, installation of an ignition
20 interlock device on the probationer's motor vehicle, alcohol or drug
21 treatment, supervised probation, or other conditions that may be
22 appropriate. The sentence may be imposed in whole or in part upon
23 violation of a condition of probation during the suspension period.

24 (b) For each violation of mandatory conditions of probation under
25 (a)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this subsection, the court shall order the
26 convicted person to be confined for thirty days, which shall not be
27 suspended or deferred.

28 (c) For each incident involving a violation of a mandatory
29 condition of probation imposed under this subsection, the license,
30 permit, or privilege to drive of the person shall be suspended by the
31 court for thirty days or, if such license, permit, or privilege to
32 drive already is suspended, revoked, or denied at the time the finding
33 of probation violation is made, the suspension, revocation, or denial
34 then in effect shall be extended by thirty days. The court shall
35 notify the department of any suspension, revocation, or denial or any
36 extension of a suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under this
37 subsection.

1 (12) A court may waive the electronic home monitoring requirements
2 of this chapter when:

3 (a) The offender does not have a dwelling, telephone service, or
4 any other necessity to operate an electronic home monitoring system;

5 (b) The offender does not reside in the state of Washington; or

6 (c) The court determines that there is reason to believe that the
7 offender would violate the conditions of the electronic home monitoring
8 penalty.

9 Whenever the mandatory minimum term of electronic home monitoring
10 is waived, the court shall state in writing the reason for granting the
11 waiver and the facts upon which the waiver is based, and shall impose
12 an alternative sentence with similar punitive consequences. The
13 alternative sentence may include, but is not limited to, additional
14 jail time, work crew, or work camp.

15 Whenever the combination of jail time and electronic home
16 monitoring or alternative sentence would exceed three hundred sixty-
17 five days, the offender shall serve the jail portion of the sentence
18 first, and the electronic home monitoring or alternative portion of the
19 sentence shall be reduced so that the combination does not exceed three
20 hundred sixty-five days.

21 (13) An offender serving a sentence under this section, whether or
22 not a mandatory minimum term has expired, may be granted an
23 extraordinary medical placement by the jail administrator subject to
24 the standards and limitations set forth in RCW 9.94A.728(~~(+4)~~) (3).

25 (14) For purposes of this section and RCW 46.61.502 and 46.61.504:

26 (a) A "prior offense" means any of the following:

27 (i) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or an equivalent
28 local ordinance;

29 (ii) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.504 or an equivalent
30 local ordinance;

31 (iii) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.520 committed while
32 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug;

33 (iv) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.522 committed while
34 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug;

35 (v) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.5249, 46.61.500, or
36 9A.36.050 or an equivalent local ordinance, if the conviction is the
37 result of a charge that was originally filed as a violation of RCW

1 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance, or of RCW
2 46.61.520 or 46.61.522;

3 (vi) An out-of-state conviction for a violation that would have
4 been a violation of (a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), or (v) of this
5 subsection if committed in this state;

6 (vii) A deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW granted in a
7 prosecution for a violation of RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, or an
8 equivalent local ordinance; or

9 (viii) A deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW granted in a
10 prosecution for a violation of RCW 46.61.5249, or an equivalent local
11 ordinance, if the charge under which the deferred prosecution was
12 granted was originally filed as a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or
13 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance, or of RCW 46.61.520 or
14 46.61.522;

15 If a deferred prosecution is revoked based on a subsequent
16 conviction for an offense listed in this subsection (14)(a), the
17 subsequent conviction shall not be treated as a prior offense of the
18 revoked deferred prosecution for the purposes of sentencing;

19 (b) "Within seven years" means that the arrest for a prior offense
20 occurred within seven years ((of)) before or after the arrest for the
21 current offense; and

22 (c) "Within ten years" means that the arrest for a prior offense
23 occurred within ten years ((of)) before or after the arrest for the
24 current offense.

25 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 46.61 RCW
26 to read as follows:

27 If a person is required, as part of the person's judgment and
28 sentence, to install an ignition interlock device on all motor vehicles
29 operated by the person and the person is under the jurisdiction of the
30 municipality or county probation or supervision department, the
31 probation or supervision department must verify the installation of the
32 ignition interlock device or devices. The municipality or county
33 probation or supervision department satisfies the requirement to verify
34 the installation or installations if the municipality or county
35 probation or supervision department receives written verification by
36 one or more companies doing business in the state that it has installed
37 the required device on a vehicle owned or operated by the person. The

1 municipality or county shall have no further obligation to supervise
2 the use of the ignition interlock device or devices by the person and
3 shall not be civilly liable for any injuries or damages caused by the
4 person for failing to use an ignition interlock device or for driving
5 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or being in
6 actual physical control of a motor vehicle under the influence of
7 intoxicating liquor or any drug.

8 **Sec. 6.** RCW 46.20.410 and 2008 c 282 s 8 are each amended to read
9 as follows:

10 (1) Any person convicted for violation of any restriction of an
11 occupational driver's license(~~(7)~~) or a temporary restricted driver's
12 license(~~(7—or—an—ignition—interlock—driver's—license)~~) shall in
13 addition to the (~~immediate revocation~~) cancellation of such license
14 and any other penalties provided by law be fined not less than fifty
15 nor more than two hundred dollars or imprisoned for not more than six
16 months or both such fine and imprisonment.

17 (2) It is a gross misdemeanor for a person to violate any
18 restriction of an ignition interlock driver's license.

19 **Sec. 7.** RCW 46.20.342 and 2008 c 282 s 4 are each amended to read
20 as follows:

21 (1) It is unlawful for any person to drive a motor vehicle in this
22 state while that person is in a suspended or revoked status or when his
23 or her privilege to drive is suspended or revoked in this or any other
24 state. Any person who has a valid Washington driver's license is not
25 guilty of a violation of this section.

26 (a) A person found to be an habitual offender under chapter 46.65
27 RCW, who violates this section while an order of revocation issued
28 under chapter 46.65 RCW prohibiting such operation is in effect, is
29 guilty of driving while license suspended or revoked in the first
30 degree, a gross misdemeanor. Upon the first such conviction, the
31 person shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than ten days.
32 Upon the second conviction, the person shall be punished by
33 imprisonment for not less than ninety days. Upon the third or
34 subsequent conviction, the person shall be punished by imprisonment for
35 not less than one hundred eighty days. If the person is also convicted
36 of the offense defined in RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, when both

1 convictions arise from the same event, the minimum sentence of
2 confinement shall be not less than ninety days. The minimum sentence
3 of confinement required shall not be suspended or deferred. A
4 conviction under this subsection does not prevent a person from
5 petitioning for reinstatement as provided by RCW 46.65.080.

6 (b) A person who violates this section while an order of suspension
7 or revocation prohibiting such operation is in effect and while the
8 person is not eligible to reinstate his or her driver's license or
9 driving privilege, other than for a suspension for the reasons
10 described in (c) of this subsection, is guilty of driving while license
11 suspended or revoked in the second degree, a gross misdemeanor. For
12 the purposes of this subsection, a person is not considered to be
13 eligible to reinstate his or her driver's license or driving privilege
14 if the person is eligible to obtain an ignition interlock driver's
15 license but did not obtain such a license. This subsection applies
16 when a person's driver's license or driving privilege has been
17 suspended or revoked by reason of:

18 (i) A conviction of a felony in the commission of which a motor
19 vehicle was used;

20 (ii) A previous conviction under this section;

21 (iii) A notice received by the department from a court or diversion
22 unit as provided by RCW 46.20.265, relating to a minor who has
23 committed, or who has entered a diversion unit concerning an offense
24 relating to alcohol, legend drugs, controlled substances, or imitation
25 controlled substances;

26 (iv) A conviction of RCW 46.20.410, relating to the violation of
27 restrictions of an occupational driver's license, a temporary
28 restricted driver's license, or an ignition interlock driver's license;

29 (v) A conviction of RCW 46.20.345, relating to the operation of a
30 motor vehicle with a suspended or revoked license;

31 (vi) A conviction of RCW 46.52.020, relating to duty in case of
32 injury to or death of a person or damage to an attended vehicle;

33 (vii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.024, relating to attempting to
34 elude pursuing police vehicles;

35 (viii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.500, relating to reckless driving;

36 (ix) A conviction of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, relating to a
37 person under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs;

38 (x) A conviction of RCW 46.61.520, relating to vehicular homicide;

1 (xi) A conviction of RCW 46.61.522, relating to vehicular assault;
2 (xii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.527(4), relating to reckless
3 endangerment of roadway workers;
4 (xiii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.530, relating to racing of
5 vehicles on highways;
6 (xiv) A conviction of RCW 46.61.685, relating to leaving children
7 in an unattended vehicle with motor running;
8 (xv) A conviction of RCW 46.61.740, relating to theft of motor
9 vehicle fuel;
10 (xvi) A conviction of RCW 46.64.048, relating to attempting,
11 aiding, abetting, coercing, and committing crimes;
12 (xvii) An administrative action taken by the department under
13 chapter 46.20 RCW; or
14 (xviii) A conviction of a local law, ordinance, regulation, or
15 resolution of a political subdivision of this state, the federal
16 government, or any other state, of an offense substantially similar to
17 a violation included in this subsection.
18 (c) A person who violates this section when his or her driver's
19 license or driving privilege is, at the time of the violation,
20 suspended or revoked solely because (i) the person must furnish proof
21 of satisfactory progress in a required alcoholism or drug treatment
22 program, (ii) the person must furnish proof of financial responsibility
23 for the future as provided by chapter 46.29 RCW, (iii) the person has
24 failed to comply with the provisions of chapter 46.29 RCW relating to
25 uninsured accidents, (iv) the person has failed to respond to a notice
26 of traffic infraction, failed to appear at a requested hearing,
27 violated a written promise to appear in court, or has failed to comply
28 with the terms of a notice of traffic infraction or citation, as
29 provided in RCW 46.20.289, (v) the person has committed an offense in
30 another state that, if committed in this state, would not be grounds
31 for the suspension or revocation of the person's driver's license, (vi)
32 the person has been suspended or revoked by reason of one or more of
33 the items listed in (b) of this subsection, but was eligible to
34 reinstate his or her driver's license or driving privilege at the time
35 of the violation, or (vii) the person has received traffic citations or
36 notices of traffic infraction that have resulted in a suspension under
37 RCW 46.20.267 relating to intermediate drivers' licenses, or any
38 combination of (i) through (vii), is guilty of driving while license

1 suspended or revoked in the third degree, a misdemeanor. For the
2 purposes of this subsection, a person is not considered to be eligible
3 to reinstate his or her driver's license or driving privilege if the
4 person is eligible to obtain an ignition interlock driver's license but
5 did not obtain such a license.

6 (2) Upon receiving a record of conviction of any person or upon
7 receiving an order by any juvenile court or any duly authorized court
8 officer of the conviction of any juvenile under this section, the
9 department shall:

10 (a) For a conviction of driving while suspended or revoked in the
11 first degree, as provided by subsection (1)(a) of this section, extend
12 the period of administrative revocation imposed under chapter 46.65 RCW
13 for an additional period of one year from and after the date the person
14 would otherwise have been entitled to apply for a new license or have
15 his or her driving privilege restored; or

16 (b) For a conviction of driving while suspended or revoked in the
17 second degree, as provided by subsection (1)(b) of this section, not
18 issue a new license or restore the driving privilege for an additional
19 period of one year from and after the date the person would otherwise
20 have been entitled to apply for a new license or have his or her
21 driving privilege restored; or

22 (c) Not extend the period of suspension or revocation if the
23 conviction was under subsection (1)(c) of this section. If the
24 conviction was under subsection (1)(a) or (b) of this section and the
25 court recommends against the extension and the convicted person has
26 obtained a valid driver's license, the period of suspension or
27 revocation shall not be extended.

28 **Sec. 8.** RCW 46.20.740 and 2008 c 282 s 13 are each amended to read
29 as follows:

30 (1) The department shall attach or imprint a notation on the
31 driving record of any person restricted under RCW 46.20.720 (~~(e)~~),
32 46.61.5055, or 10.05.140 stating that the person may operate only a
33 motor vehicle equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device.
34 The department shall determine the person's eligibility for licensing
35 based upon written verification by a company doing business in the
36 state that it has installed the required device on a vehicle owned or
37 operated by the person seeking reinstatement. If, based upon

1 notification from the interlock provider or otherwise, the department
2 determines that an ignition interlock required under this section is no
3 longer installed or functioning as required, the department shall
4 suspend the person's license or privilege to drive. Whenever the
5 license or driving privilege of any person is suspended or revoked as
6 a result of noncompliance with an ignition interlock requirement, the
7 suspension shall remain in effect until the person provides notice
8 issued by a company doing business in the state that a vehicle owned or
9 operated by the person is equipped with a functioning ignition
10 interlock device.

11 (2) It is a gross misdemeanor for a person with such a notation on
12 his or her driving record to operate a motor vehicle that is not so
13 equipped.

14 **Sec. 9.** RCW 10.05.020 and 2008 c 282 s 16 are each amended to read
15 as follows:

16 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section (~~or~~
17 ~~section 18 of this act~~)), the petitioner shall allege under oath in the
18 petition that the wrongful conduct charged is the result of or caused
19 by alcoholism, drug addiction, or mental problems for which the person
20 is in need of treatment and unless treated the probability of future
21 recurrence is great, along with a statement that the person agrees to
22 pay the cost of a diagnosis and treatment of the alleged problem or
23 problems if financially able to do so. The petition shall also contain
24 a case history and written assessment prepared by an approved
25 alcoholism treatment program as designated in chapter 70.96A RCW if the
26 petition alleges alcoholism, an approved drug program as designated in
27 chapter 71.24 RCW if the petition alleges drug addiction, or by an
28 approved mental health center if the petition alleges a mental problem.

29 (2) In the case of a petitioner charged with a misdemeanor or gross
30 misdemeanor under chapter 9A.42 RCW, the petitioner shall allege under
31 oath in the petition that the petitioner is the natural or adoptive
32 parent of the alleged victim; that the wrongful conduct charged is the
33 result of parenting problems for which the petitioner is in need of
34 services; that the petitioner is in need of child welfare services
35 under chapter 74.13 RCW to improve his or her parenting skills in order
36 to better provide his or her child or children with the basic
37 necessities of life; that the petitioner wants to correct his or her

1 conduct to reduce the likelihood of harm to his or her minor children;
2 that in the absence of child welfare services the petitioner may be
3 unable to reduce the likelihood of harm to his or her minor children;
4 and that the petitioner has cooperated with the department of social
5 and health services to develop a plan to receive appropriate child
6 welfare services; along with a statement that the person agrees to pay
7 the cost of the services if he or she is financially able to do so.
8 The petition shall also contain a case history and a written service
9 plan from the department of social and health services.

10 (3) Before entry of an order deferring prosecution, a petitioner
11 shall be advised of his or her rights as an accused and execute, as a
12 condition of receiving treatment, a statement that contains: (a) An
13 acknowledgment of his or her rights; (b) an acknowledgment and waiver
14 of the right to testify, the right to a speedy trial, the right to call
15 witnesses to testify, the right to present evidence in his or her
16 defense, and the right to a jury trial; (c) a stipulation to the
17 admissibility and sufficiency of the facts contained in the written
18 police report; and (d) an acknowledgment that the statement will be
19 entered and used to support a finding of guilty if the court finds
20 cause to revoke the order granting deferred prosecution. The
21 petitioner shall also be advised that he or she may, if he or she
22 proceeds to trial and is found guilty, be allowed to seek suspension of
23 some or all of the fines and incarceration that may be ordered upon the
24 condition that he or she seek treatment and, further, that he or she
25 may seek treatment from public and private agencies at any time without
26 regard to whether or not he or she is found guilty of the offense
27 charged. He or she shall also be advised that the court will not
28 accept a petition for deferred prosecution from a person who: (i)
29 Sincerely believes that he or she is innocent of the charges; (ii)
30 sincerely believes that he or she does not, in fact, suffer from
31 alcoholism, drug addiction, or mental problems(~~(, unless the petition~~
32 ~~for deferred prosecution is under section 18 of this act)); or (iii) in~~
33 the case of a petitioner charged under chapter 9A.42 RCW, sincerely
34 believes that he or she does not need child welfare services.

35 (4) Before entering an order deferring prosecution, the court shall
36 make specific findings that: (a) The petitioner has stipulated to the
37 admissibility and sufficiency of the facts as contained in the written
38 police report; (b) the petitioner has acknowledged the admissibility of

1 the stipulated facts in any criminal hearing on the underlying offense
2 or offenses held subsequent to revocation of the order granting
3 deferred prosecution; (c) the petitioner has acknowledged and waived
4 the right to testify, the right to a speedy trial, the right to call
5 witnesses to testify, the right to present evidence in his or her
6 defense, and the right to a jury trial; and (d) the petitioner's
7 statements were made knowingly and voluntarily. Such findings shall be
8 included in the order granting deferred prosecution.

9 **Sec. 10.** RCW 10.05.090 and 2008 c 282 s 17 are each amended to
10 read as follows:

11 If a petitioner, who has been accepted for a deferred prosecution,
12 fails or neglects to carry out and fulfill any term or condition of the
13 petitioner's treatment plan or any term or condition imposed in
14 connection with the installation of an interlock or other device under
15 RCW 46.20.720 (~~or 46.20.385~~), the facility, center, institution, or
16 agency administering the treatment or the entity administering the use
17 of the device, shall immediately report such breach to the court, the
18 prosecutor, and the petitioner or petitioner's attorney of record,
19 together with its recommendation. The court upon receiving such a
20 report shall hold a hearing to determine whether the petitioner should
21 be removed from the deferred prosecution program. At the hearing,
22 evidence shall be taken of the petitioner's alleged failure to comply
23 with the treatment plan or device installation and the petitioner shall
24 have the right to present evidence on his or her own behalf. The court
25 shall either order that the petitioner continue on the treatment plan
26 or be removed from deferred prosecution. (~~If the petitioner's
27 noncompliance is based on a violation of a term or condition imposed in
28 connection with the installation of an ignition interlock device under
29 RCW 46.20.385, the court shall either order that the petitioner comply
30 with the term or condition or be removed from deferred prosecution.~~)
31 If removed from deferred prosecution, the court shall enter judgment
32 pursuant to RCW 10.05.020 and, if the charge for which the deferred
33 prosecution was granted was a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor under
34 Title 46 RCW, shall notify the department of licensing of the removal
35 and entry of judgment.

1 **Sec. 11.** RCW 10.05.160 and 2008 c 282 s 19 are each amended to
2 read as follows:

3 The prosecutor may appeal an order granting deferred prosecution on
4 any or all of the following grounds:

- 5 (1) Prior deferred prosecution has been granted to the defendant;
- 6 (2) Failure of the court to obtain proof of insurance or a
7 treatment plan conforming to the requirements of this chapter;
- 8 (3) Failure of the court to comply with the requirements of RCW
9 10.05.100;
- 10 (4) Failure of the evaluation facility to provide the information
11 required in RCW 10.05.040 and 10.05.050, if the defendant has been
12 referred to the facility for treatment. If an appeal on such basis is
13 successful, the trial court may consider the use of another treatment
14 program;
- 15 (5) Failure of the court to order the installation of an ignition
16 interlock or other device under RCW ((~~46.20.720~~ — ~~or~~ — ~~46.20.385~~))
17 10.05.140.

18 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 12.** This act takes effect January 1, 2011.
Passed by the House March 9, 2010.
Passed by the Senate March 5, 2010.
Approved by the Governor March 31, 2010.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 1, 2010.