CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SENATE BILL 5804

Chapter 247, Laws of 2009

61st Legislature 2009 Regular Session

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE BENEFITS--PART-TIME EMPLOYMENT--VOLUNTARY SEPARATION

EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/26/09

Passed by the Senate March 12, 2009 YEAS 47 NAYS 0

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Passed by the House April 14, 2009 YEAS 96 NAYS 0

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved April 28, 2009, 3:56 p.m.

CERTIFICATE

I, Thomas Hoemann, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SENATE BILL 5804** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

THOMAS HOEMANN

Secretary

FILED

April 29, 2009

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SENATE BILL 5804

Passed Legislature - 2009 Regular Session

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2009 Regular Session

By Senators Keiser, Franklin, Kohl-Welles, and Kline

Read first time 02/02/09. Referred to Committee on Labor, Commerce & Consumer Protection.

1 AN ACT Relating to voluntarily leaving part-time work; and amending 2 RCW 50.20.050.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 50.20.050 and 2008 c 323 s 1 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

6 (1) With respect to claims that have an effective date before 7 January 4, 2004:

8 (a) An individual shall be disqualified from benefits beginning 9 with the first day of the calendar week in which he or she has left 10 work voluntarily without good cause and thereafter for seven calendar 11 weeks and until he or she has obtained bona fide work in employment 12 covered by this title and earned wages in that employment equal to 13 seven times his or her weekly benefit amount.

The disqualification shall continue if the work obtained is a mere sham to qualify for benefits and is not bona fide work. In determining whether work is of a bona fide nature, the commissioner shall consider factors including but not limited to the following:

18 (i) The duration of the work;

(ii) The extent of direction and control by the employer over the
 work; and

3 (iii) The level of skill required for the work in light of the 4 individual's training and experience.

5 (b) An individual shall not be considered to have left work 6 voluntarily without good cause when:

7 (i) He or she has left work to accept a bona fide offer of bona8 fide work as described in (a) of this subsection;

(ii) The separation was because of the illness or disability of the 9 claimant or the death, illness, or disability of a member of the 10 claimant's immediate family if the claimant took all reasonable 11 precautions, in accordance with any regulations that the commissioner 12 13 may prescribe, to protect his or her employment status by having promptly notified the employer of the reason for the absence and by 14 having promptly requested reemployment when again able to assume 15 16 employment: PROVIDED, That these precautions need not have been taken when they would have been a futile act, including those instances when 17 the futility of the act was a result of a recognized labor/management 18 19 dispatch system;

20 (iii) He or she has left work to relocate for the spouse's 21 employment that is due to an employer-initiated mandatory transfer that 22 is outside the existing labor market area if the claimant remained 23 employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move; or

(iv) The separation was necessary to protect the claimant or the
claimant's immediate family members from domestic violence, as defined
in RCW 26.50.010, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110.

27 (c) In determining under this subsection whether an individual has left work voluntarily without good cause, the commissioner shall only 28 consider work-connected factors such as the degree of risk involved to 29 the individual's health, safety, and morals, the individual's physical 30 31 fitness for the work, the individual's ability to perform the work, and 32 such other work connected factors as the commissioner may deem pertinent, including state and national emergencies. Good cause shall 33 not be established for voluntarily leaving work because of its distance 34 from an individual's residence where the distance was known to the 35 individual at the time he or she accepted the employment and where, in 36 37 the judgment of the department, the distance is customarily traveled by 38 workers in the individual's job classification and labor market, nor

because of any other significant work factor which was generally known and present at the time he or she accepted employment, unless the related circumstances have so changed as to amount to a substantial involuntary deterioration of the work factor or unless the commissioner determines that other related circumstances would work an unreasonable hardship on the individual were he or she required to continue in the employment.

8 (d) Subsection (1)(a) and (c) of this section shall not apply to an individual whose marital status or domestic responsibilities cause him 9 or her to leave employment. Such an individual shall not be eliqible 10 for unemployment insurance benefits beginning with the first day of the 11 12 calendar week in which he or she left work and thereafter for seven 13 calendar weeks and until he or she has requalified, either by obtaining 14 bona fide work in employment covered by this title and earning wages in that employment equal to seven times his or her weekly benefit amount 15 16 or by reporting in person to the department during ten different 17 calendar weeks and certifying on each occasion that he or she is ready, able, and willing to immediately accept any suitable work which may be 18 offered, is actively seeking work pursuant to customary trade 19 practices, and is utilizing such employment counseling and placement 20 21 services as are available through the department. This subsection does 22 not apply to individuals covered by (b)(ii) or (iii) of this subsection. 23

(2) With respect to claims that have an effective date on or afterJanuary 4, 2004:

(a) An individual shall be disqualified from benefits beginning
with the first day of the calendar week in which he or she has left
work voluntarily without good cause and thereafter for seven calendar
weeks and until he or she has obtained bona fide work in employment
covered by this title and earned wages in that employment equal to
seven times his or her weekly benefit amount.

The disqualification shall continue if the work obtained is a mere sham to qualify for benefits and is not bona fide work. In determining whether work is of a bona fide nature, the commissioner shall consider factors including but not limited to the following:

36 (i) The duration of the work;

37 (ii) The extent of direction and control by the employer over the 38 work; and (iii) The level of skill required for the work in light of the
 individual's training and experience.

3 (b) An individual is not disqualified from benefits under (a) of 4 this subsection when:

5 (i) He or she has left work to accept a bona fide offer of bona
6 fide work as described in (a) of this subsection;

7 (ii) The separation was necessary because of the illness or 8 disability of the claimant or the death, illness, or disability of a 9 member of the claimant's immediate family if:

10 (A) The claimant pursued all reasonable alternatives to preserve his or her employment status by requesting a leave of absence, by 11 having promptly notified the employer of the reason for the absence, 12 13 and by having promptly requested reemployment when again able to assume employment. These alternatives need not be pursued, however, when they 14 would have been a futile act, including those instances when the 15 16 futility of the act was a result of a recognized labor/management 17 dispatch system; and

(B) The claimant terminated his or her employment status, and is
not entitled to be reinstated to the same position or a comparable or
similar position;

(iii)(A) With respect to claims that have an effective date before July 2, 2006, he or she: (I) Left work to relocate for the spouse's employment that, due to a mandatory military transfer: (1) Is outside the existing labor market area; and (2) is in Washington or another state that, pursuant to statute, does not consider such an individual to have left work voluntarily without good cause; and (II) remained employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move;

(B) With respect to claims that have an effective date on or after July 2, 2006, he or she: (I) Left work to relocate for the spouse's employment that, due to a mandatory military transfer, is outside the existing labor market area; and (II) remained employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move;

33 (iv) The separation was necessary to protect the claimant or the 34 claimant's immediate family members from domestic violence, as defined 35 in RCW 26.50.010, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110;

36 (v) The individual's usual compensation was reduced by twenty-five 37 percent or more;

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1 (vi) The individual's usual hours were reduced by twenty-five
2 percent or more;

3 (vii) The individual's worksite changed, such change caused a 4 material increase in distance or difficulty of travel, and, after the 5 change, the commute was greater than is customary for workers in the 6 individual's job classification and labor market;

7 (viii) The individual's worksite safety deteriorated, the 8 individual reported such safety deterioration to the employer, and the 9 employer failed to correct the hazards within a reasonable period of 10 time;

(ix) The individual left work because of illegal activities in the individual's worksite, the individual reported such activities to the employer, and the employer failed to end such activities within a reasonable period of time;

15 (x) The individual's usual work was changed to work that violates 16 the individual's religious convictions or sincere moral beliefs; or

17 (xi) The individual left work to enter an apprenticeship program 18 approved by the Washington state apprenticeship training council. 19 Benefits are payable beginning Sunday of the week prior to the week in 20 which the individual begins active participation in the apprenticeship 21 program.

22 (3) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, for separations 23 occurring on or after the effective date of this section, an individual 24 who was simultaneously employed in full-time employment and part-time 25 employment and is otherwise eligible for benefits from the loss of the 26 full-time employment shall not be disqualified from benefits because 27 the individual:

28 (a) Voluntarily quit the part-time employment before the loss of

29 the full-time employment; and

30 (b) Did not have prior knowledge that he or she would be separated

31 <u>from full-time employment.</u>

Passed by the Senate March 12, 2009. Passed by the House April 14, 2009. Approved by the Governor April 28, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 29, 2009.