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SHB 1716 - H AMD 224 By Representative Asay

ADOPTED 03/05/2011

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

3 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds:

- (1) The market price of gold has increased significantly in recent years and there has been a proliferation of secondhand dealers, including temporary, transient secondhand businesses, engaging in "cash for gold" type precious metal transactions. Frequently, these "cash for gold" type operations are operated by persons desiring to exploit unsuspecting consumers based on current market conditions;
- (2) The increasing number of "cash for gold" type transactions in communities and neighborhoods throughout Washington has been linked to increased crimes involving the theft of gold and other precious metal objects, including home burglaries, robberies, and other crimes, resulting in depressed home values and other threats to the health, safety, and welfare of Washington state residents; and
- (3) With the growing number of precious metal transactions, there is a corresponding significant increase in the number of "cash for gold" type storefront businesses, including temporary, transient secondhand businesses, in Washington state which may not be consistent with the quality of life and personal security sought by communities and neighborhoods and the state as a whole.
- Therefore, to better protect legitimate owners, consumers, and secondhand dealers, the legislature intends to establish and implement stricter standards relating to transactions involving property consisting of gold and other precious metals.
- 26 **Sec. 2.** RCW 19.60.010 and 1995 c 133 s 1 are each amended to read 27 as follows:
- Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

1 (1) "Melted metals" means metals derived from metal junk or 2 precious metals that have been reduced to a melted state from other 3 than ore or ingots which are produced from ore that has not previously 4 been processed.

- (2) <u>"Metal junk"</u> means any metal that has previously been milled, shaped, stamped, or forged and that is no longer useful in its original form, except precious metals.
- (3) "Nonmetal junk" means any nonmetal, commonly discarded item that is worn out, or has outlasted its usefulness as intended in its original form except nonmetal junk does not include an item made in a former period which has enhanced value because of its age.
- (4) <u>"Pawnbroker"</u> means every person engaged, in whole or in part, in the business of loaning money on the security of pledges of personal property, or deposits or conditional sales of personal property, or the purchase or sale of personal property.
 - (5) "Precious metals" means gold, silver, and platinum.
- (6) <u>"Secondhand dealer"</u> means every person engaged in whole or in part in the business of purchasing, selling, trading, consignment selling, or otherwise transferring for value, secondhand property including metal junk, melted metals, precious metals, whether or not the person maintains a fixed place of business within the state. Secondhand dealer also includes persons or entities conducting business, more than three times per year, at flea markets or swap meets((, more than three times per year)).
- (7) "Secondhand precious metal dealer" means any person or entity engaged in whole or in part in the commercial activity or business of purchasing, selling, trading, consignment selling, or otherwise transferring for value, more than three times per year, secondhand property that is a precious metal, whether or not the person or entity maintains a permanent or fixed place of business within the state, or engages in the business at flea markets or swap meets. Secondhand property, for purposes of transactions by a secondhand precious metal dealer, does not include: (a) Gold, silver, and platinum coins or other precious metal coins that are legal tender or precious metal coins that have numismatic or precious metal value or (b) gold, silver, platinum, or other precious metal bullions.
- (8) "Secondhand property" means any item of personal property offered for sale which is not new, including metals in any form, except

postage stamps, coins that are legal tender, bullion in the form of fabricated hallmarked bars, used books, and clothing of a resale value of seventy-five dollars or less, except furs.

- ((8)) <u>(9)</u> "Transaction" means a pledge, or the purchase of, or consignment of, or the trade of any item of personal property by a pawnbroker or a secondhand dealer from a member of the general public.
- ((+9)) (10) "Loan period" means the period of time from the date the loan is made until the date the loan is paid off, the loan is in default, or the loan is refinanced and new loan documents are issued, including all grace or extension periods.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) For any transaction involving property consisting of a precious metal bought or received from an individual, every secondhand precious metal dealer doing business in this state shall maintain wherever that business is conducted a record in which shall be legibly written in the English language, at the time of each transaction, the following information:
 - (a) The signature of the person with whom the transaction is made;
 - (b) The time and date of the transaction;
- 19 (c) The name of the person or employee or the identification number 20 of the person or employee conducting the transaction;
 - (d) The name, date of birth, sex, height, weight, race, and residential address and telephone number of the person with whom the transaction is made;
 - (e) A complete description of the precious metal property pledged, bought, or consigned, including the brand name, serial number, model number or name, any initials or engraving, size, pattern, and color of stone or stones;
 - (f) The price paid;

(g) The type and identifying number of identification used by the person with whom the transaction was made, which shall consist of a valid driver's license or identification card issued by any state or two pieces of identification issued by a governmental agency, one of which shall be descriptive of the person identified, and a full copy of both sides of each piece of identification used by the person with whom the transaction was made. At all times, one piece of current government issued picture identification will be required; and

(h) The nature of the transaction, a number identifying the transaction, the store identification as designated by the applicable law enforcement agency, or the name and address of the business or location, including the street address, and room number if appropriate, and the name of the person or employee conducting the transaction, and the location of the property.

- (2) The records required in subsection (1) of this section shall at all times during the ordinary hours of business, or at reasonable times if ordinary hours of business are not kept, be open to the inspection by any commissioned law enforcement officer of the state or any of its political subdivisions, and shall be maintained wherever that business is conducted for three years following the date of the transaction.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) Property consisting of a precious metal bought or received from an individual on consignment by any secondhand precious metal dealer with a permanent place of business in the state may not be removed from that place of business except consigned property returned to the owner, for a total of thirty days after the receipt of the property. Property shall at all times during the ordinary hours of business be open to inspection to any commissioned law enforcement officer of the state or any of its political subdivisions.
- (2) Property consisting of a precious metal bought or received from an individual on consignment by any secondhand precious metal dealer without a permanent place of business in the state must be stored and held within the city or county in which the property was received, except consigned property returned to the owner, for a total of thirty days after receipt of the property. The property shall be available within the appropriate jurisdiction for inspection at reasonable times by any commissioned law enforcement officer of the state or any of its political subdivisions.
- (3) Subsections (1) and (2) of this section do not apply when the property consisting of a precious metal was bought or received from a pawn shop, jeweler, secondhand dealer, or secondhand precious metal dealer who must provide a signed declaration showing the property is not stolen. The declaration may be included as part of the transactional record required under this subsection, or on a receipt for the transaction. The declaration must state substantially the

- 1 following: "I, the undersigned, affirm under penalty of law that the
- 2 property that is subject to this transaction is not to the best of my
- 3 knowledge stolen property."
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** If the applicable chief of police or the
- 5 county's chief law enforcement officer has compiled and published a
- 6 list of persons who have been convicted of any crime involving theft,
- 7 then a secondhand precious metal dealer shall utilize such a list for
- 8 any transaction involving property other than property consisting of a
- 9 precious metal as required by the applicable chief of police or the
- 10 county's chief law enforcement officer.
- 11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** No secondhand precious metal dealer doing
- 12 business in this state may operate a business without first obtaining
- 13 a business license from the local government in which the business is
- 14 situated.
- 15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** (1) It is a gross misdemeanor for:
- 16 (a) A secondhand precious metal dealer to knowingly make, cause, or
- 17 allow to be made any false entry or misstatement of any material matter
- in any book, record, or writing required to be kept under sections 3
- 19 through 6 and 9 of this act involving property consisting of precious
- 20 metal;
- 21 (b) A secondhand precious metal dealer to receive any precious
- 22 metal property from any person known to the secondhand precious metal
- 23 dealer as having been convicted of burglary, robbery, theft, or
- 24 possession of or receiving stolen property within the past ten years
- 25 whether the person is acting in his or her own behalf or as the agent
- 26 of another; or
- 27 (c) A secondhand precious metal dealer to knowingly violate any
- 28 other provision relating to precious metals under sections 3 through 6
- 29 and 9 of this act.
- 30 (2) It is a class C felony for a secondhand precious metal dealer
- 31 to commit a second or subsequent violation of subsection (1) of this
- 32 section involving property consisting of a precious metal.
- 33 Sec. 8. RCW 19.60.085 and 2000 c 171 s 56 are each amended to read
- 34 as follows:

The provisions of this chapter do not apply to transactions 1 2 conducted by the following:

(1) Motor vehicle dealers licensed under chapter 46.70 RCW;

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- (2) Vehicle wreckers ((or)), hulk haulers, and scrap processors licensed under chapter 46.79 or 46.80 RCW;
- (3) Persons giving an allowance for the trade-in or exchange of secondhand property on the purchase of other merchandise of the same kind of greater value; and
- (4) Persons in the business of buying or selling empty food and 9 10 beverage containers or metal or nonmetal junk, in compliance with chapter 19.290 RCW. 11
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** (1) For purposes of this section, "hosted 13 home party" means a gathering of persons at a private residence where a host or hostess has invited friends or other quests into his or her 14 residence where individual person-to-person sales of precious metals 15 16 occur.
 - (2) A host or hostess must be the owner, renter, or lessee of the private residence where the hosted home party takes place.
 - (3) A secondhand precious metal dealer who attends a hosted home party and purchases or sells precious metals from the invited guests must issue a receipt for each item sold or purchased at the hosted home party.
 - (4) The secondhand precious metal dealer must include on every receipt the following: (a) The name, residential address, telephone number, and driver's license number of the person hosting the home party; (b) The name, residential address, telephone number, and driver's license number of the person selling the item; (c) the name, residential address, telephone number, and driver's license number of the person purchasing the item; (d) a complete description of the item being sold, including the brand name, serial number, model number or name, any initials or engraving, size, pattern, and color of stone or stones; (e) time and date of the transaction; and (f) the amount and form of any consideration paid for the item.
 - (5) The secondhand precious metal dealer must make four copies of each transaction receipt: One for the seller, one for the host or hostess, one for the purchaser, and one for local authorities, if they

- should ask. The secondhand precious metal dealer and the host shall maintain copies of all transaction receipts and records for three years following the date of the precious metal transaction.
- (6) A secondhand precious metal dealer of a hosted home party who purchases precious metals at a hosted home party and complies with this section is otherwise exempt from sections 3, 4, and 5 of this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. Sections 3 through 7 and 9 of this act are each added to chapter 19.60 RCW."
- 9 Correct the title.

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- <u>EFFECT:</u> (1) Defines "secondhand precious metal dealer" as any person or entity engaged in the commercial activity or business of purchasing, selling, trading, consignment selling, or otherwise transferring for value, more than three times per year, secondhand precious metal property.
- (2) Clarifies that this act which requires secondhand precious metal dealers to maintain specific detailed records for transactions involving precious metals does not include transactions that involve coins or bullions.
- (3)(a) Provides that it is a gross misdemeanor offense: (i) To knowingly make a false entry or misstatement in any record required to be kept for precious metal transactions; (ii) for any secondhand precious metal dealer to receive any precious metal property from any person known to the secondhand precious metal dealer as having been convicted of burglary, robbery, theft, or possession of or receiving stolen property; or (iii) to knowingly violate any other statutory provisions relating to precious metals transactions by secondhand precious metal dealers. Subsequent offenses are class C felony offenses.
- (b) Also provides that the criminal penalties relating to secondhand precious metals do not pertain to: (i) A person that alters a serial number or identifying mark on a piece of personal secondhand precious metal property that has been pledged, (ii) a person that accepts personal secondhand precious metal property where the manufacturer's serial number or identifying mark has been altered, or (iii) secondhand precious metal dealers that accept property from anyone under 18 years of age or anyone who is under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- (4) Eliminates the provisions of the bill that provides that if a secondhand precious metal dealer purchased secondhand precious metals from a person at a price that was greater than \$100, then the amount could not be paid by cash and instead had to be paid by a written instruction.

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