<u>SHB 1194</u> - S AMD 279 By Senator Kline

NOT CONSIDERED 05/25/2011

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2 On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "Relating to" strike the 3 remainder of the title and insert "bail; amending RCW 10.19.090, 4 10.19.100, 10.19.160, 18.185.010, 18.185.040, 18.185.070, and 5 18.185.110; amending 2010 c 254 s 2 (uncodified); and adding new 6 sections to chapter 10.19 RCW."

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8 On page 1, beginning on line 9, strike everything through line 10 9 and insert "Sec. 2. RCW 10.19.090 and 1986 c 322 s 2 are each amended 10 to read as follows:

In criminal cases where a recognizance for the appearance of any 12 person, either as a witness or to appear and answer, shall have been 13 taken and a default entered, the recognizance shall be declared 14 forfeited by the court, and at the time of adjudging such forfeiture 15 said court shall enter judgment against the principal and sureties 16 named in such recognizance for the sum therein mentioned, and 17 execution may issue thereon the same as upon other judgments. If the 18 surety is not notified by the court in writing of the unexplained 19 failure of the defendant to appear within ((thirty)) fourteen calendar 20 days of the date for appearance, then the forfeiture shall be null and 21 void and the recognizance exonerated.

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23 Sec. 3. RCW 10.19.100 and 1891 c 28 s 86 are each amended to read 24 as follows:

25 The parties, or either of them, against whom such judgment may be 26 entered in the superior or supreme courts, may stay said execution for 27 sixty days from the date of the notification by the court by giving a 1 bond with two or more sureties, to be approved by the clerk, 2 conditioned for the payment of such judgment at the expiration of 3 sixty days, unless the same shall be vacated before the expiration of 4 that time.

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6 **Sec. 4.** RCW 10.19.160 and 1986 c 322 s 5 are each amended to read 7 as follows:

8 (1) The surety on the bond may return a person to custody ((a person)) 9 for good cause in a criminal case under the surety's bond if the 10 surrender is accompanied by a notice of forfeiture or a notarized 11 affidavit specifying the reasons for the surrender. If, upon motion 12 by a party to the bail transaction, a court determines that good cause 13 does not exist for the surety to surrender a person, the surety shall 14 return the premium paid by, or on behalf of, the person, as well as 15 any recovery fee. Good cause for surrender includes, but is not 16 limited to, a substantial increase in the likelihood of the risk of 17 flight, violation of a court order, failure to appear, or the 18 concealment or intentional misrepresentation of information by the 19 person, provided that good cause does not include failure to make 20 timely payments to the surety for the bond premium. The surrender 21 shall be made to the ((facility in which the person was originally 22 held in custody or the)) county or city jail affiliated with the court 23 issuing the warrant resulting in bail.

24 (2) A violation of this section amounts to unprofessional conduct 25 <u>under RCW 18.185.110.</u>

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27 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The presiding judge of a court shall notify 28 the administrative office of the courts when the court revokes or 29 reinstates the justification or certification of a bail bond agent to 30 post bonds in the court. The notice to the administrative office of 31 the courts must include the reasons for the revocation or 32 reinstatement. Upon receiving the notification, the administrative 33 office of the courts shall notify superior courts and courts of 34 limited jurisdiction statewide. No civil liability may be imposed by

1194-S AMS KLIN ROEJ 042

any court on the administrative office of the courts or its employees
under this section except upon proof of bad faith or willful or wanton
misconduct or gross negligence.

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5 **Sec. 6.** RCW 18.185.010 and 2004 c 186 s 2 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 8 this section apply throughout this chapter.

9 (1) "Department" means the department of licensing.

10 (2) "Director" means the director of licensing.

11 (3) "Commission" means the criminal justice training commission.

12 (4) "Collateral or security" means property of any kind given as13 security to obtain a bail bond.

14 (5) "Bail bond agency" means a business that sells and issues 15 corporate surety bail bonds or that provides security in the form of 16 personal or real property to ensure the appearance of a criminal 17 defendant before the courts of this state or the United States.

18 (6) "Qualified agent" means an owner, sole proprietor, partner, 19 manager, officer, or chief operating officer of a corporation who 20 meets the requirements set forth in this chapter for obtaining a bail 21 bond agency license.

22 (7) "Bail bond agent" means a person who is employed by a bail 23 bond agency and engages in the sale or issuance of bail bonds, but 24 does not mean a clerical, secretarial, or other support person who 25 does not participate in the sale or issuance of bail bonds.

26 (8) "Licensee" means a bail bond agency, a bail bond agent, a27 qualified agent, or a bail bond recovery agent.

(9) "Branch office" means any office physically separated from the principal place of business of the licensee from which the licensee or an employee or agent of the licensee conducts any activity meeting the criteria of a bail bond agency.

32 (10) "Bail bond recovery agent" means a person who is under 33 contract with a bail bond agent to receive compensation, reward, or 34 any other form of lawful consideration for locating, apprehending, and

surrendering a fugitive criminal defendant for whom a bail bond has
been posted. "Bail bond recovery agent" does not include a general
authority Washington peace officer or a limited authority Washington
peace officer.

5 (11) (("Contract" means a written agreement between a bail bond 6 agent or qualified agent and a bail bond recovery agent for the 7 purpose of locating, apprehending, and surrendering a fugitive 8 criminal defendant in exchange for lawful consideration.

9 (12)) "Planned forced entry" means a premeditated forcible entry 10 into a dwelling, building, or other structure without the occupant's 11 knowledge or consent for the purpose of apprehending a fugitive 12 criminal defendant subject to a bail bond. "Planned forced entry" 13 does not include situations where, during an imminent or actual chase 14 or pursuit of a fleeing fugitive criminal defendant, or during a 15 casual or unintended encounter with the fugitive, the bail bond 16 recovery agent forcibly enters into a dwelling, building, or other 17 structure without advanced planning.

18 (12) "Property bond" means a bail bond executed for compensation the 19 security for which is real property, tangible personal property, or 20 <u>other assets.</u>

(13) "Property bond agency" means a bail bond agency that issues22 property bonds.

23 (14) "Surety bond" means a bail bond that is guaranteed by an 24 insurance company that has been qualified to transact surety insurance 25 business in Washington state by the insurance commissioner.

26 (15) "Surety bond agency" means a bail bond agency that issues 27 only surety bonds.

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29 Sec. 7. RCW 18.185.040 and 2004 c 186 s 4 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

31 (1) Applications for licenses required under this chapter shall be 32 filed with the director on a form provided by the director. The 33 director may require any information and documentation that reasonably 34 1 relates to the need to determine whether the applicant meets the 2 criteria, including fingerprints.

(2) Applicants for licensure or endorsement as a bail bond agent 3 4 or a bail bond recovery agent must complete a records check through 5 the Washington state patrol criminal identification system and through 6 the federal bureau of investigation at the applicant's expense. Such 7 record check shall include a fingerprint check using a Washington 8 state patrol approved fingerprint card. The Washington state patrol 9 shall forward the fingerprints of applicants to the federal bureau of 10 investigation for a national criminal history records check. The 11 director may accept proof of a recent national crime information 12 center/III criminal background report or any national or interstate 13 criminal background report in addition to fingerprints to accelerate 14 the licensing and endorsement process. The director is authorized to 15 periodically perform a background investigation of licensees to 16 identify criminal convictions subsequent to the renewal of a license 17 or endorsement.

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19 Sec. 8. RCW 18.185.070 and 1993 c 260 s 8 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

(1) No bail bond agency license may be issued under the provisions 21 22 of this chapter unless the qualified agent files with the director a 23 bond, executed by a surety company authorized to do business in this 24 state, in the sum of ten thousand dollars for a surety agency and one 25 hundred thousand dollars for a property bond agency conditioned to 26 recover against the agency and its servants, officers, agents, and 27 employees by reason of its violation of the provisions of RCW The bond shall be made payable to the state of 28 18.185.100. 29 Washington, and anyone so injured by the agency or its servants, 30 officers, agents, or employees may bring suit upon the bond in any 31 county in which jurisdiction over the licensee may be obtained. The 32 suit must be brought not later than two years after the failure to 33 return property in accordance with RCW 18.185.100. If valid claims 34 against the bond exceed the amount of the bond or deposit, each

1194-S AMS KLIN ROEJ 042

1 claimant shall be entitled only to a pro rata amount, based on the 2 amount of the claim as it is valid against the bond, without regard to 3 the date of filing of any claim or action.

4 (2) Every licensed bail bond agency must at all times maintain on 5 file with the director the bond required by this section in full force 6 and effect. Upon failure by a licensee to do so, the director shall 7 suspend the licensee's license and shall not reinstate the license 8 until this requirement is met.

9 (3) In lieu of posting a bond, a qualified <u>surety</u> agent may 10 deposit <u>ten thousand dollars</u> in an interest-bearing account((, ten)) 11 <u>and a qualified property bond agent may deposit one hundred</u> thousand 12 dollars in an interest-bearing account.

13 (4) The director may waive the bond requirements of this section,14 in his or her discretion, pursuant to adopted rules.

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16 **Sec. 9.** RCW 18.185.110 and 2008 c 105 s 4 are each amended to 17 read as follows:

18 In addition to the unprofessional conduct described in RCW 19 18.235.130, the following conduct, acts, or conditions constitute 20 unprofessional conduct:

(1) Violating any of the provisions of this chapter or the rules22 adopted under this chapter;

23 (2) Failing to meet the qualifications set forth in RCW 24 18.185.020, 18.185.030, and 18.185.250;

(3) Knowingly committing, or being a party to, any material fraud, misrepresentation, concealment, conspiracy, collusion, trick, scheme, or device whereby any other person lawfully relies upon the word, representation, or conduct of the licensee. However, this subsection (3) does not prevent a bail bond recovery agent from using any pretext to locate or apprehend a fugitive criminal defendant or gain any information regarding the fugitive;

32 (4) Assigning or transferring any license issued pursuant to the 33 provisions of this chapter, except as provided in RCW 18.185.030 or 34 18.185.250;

1194-S AMS KLIN ROEJ 042

1 (5) Conversion of any money or contract, deed, note, mortgage, or 2 other evidence of title, to his or her own use or to the use of his or 3 her principal or of any other person, when delivered to him or her in 4 trust or on condition, in violation of the trust or before the 5 happening of the condition; and failure to return any money or 6 contract, deed, note, mortgage, or other evidence of title within 7 thirty days after the owner is entitled to possession, and makes 8 demand for possession, shall be prima facie evidence of conversion;

9 (6) <u>Entering into a contract, including a general power of</u> 10 <u>attorney, with a person that gives the bail bond agent full authority</u> 11 <u>over the person's finances, assets, real property, or personal</u> 12 property;

13 (7) Failing to keep records, maintain a trust account, or return 14 collateral or security, as required by RCW 18.185.100;

15 (((7))) <u>(8)</u> Any conduct in a bail bond transaction which 16 demonstrates bad faith, dishonesty, or untrustworthiness;

17 (((8))) <u>(9)</u> Violation of an order to cease and desist that is 18 issued by the director under chapter 18.235 RCW;

19 (((9))) <u>(10)</u> Wearing, displaying, holding, or using badges not 20 approved by the department;

21 (((10))) <u>(11)</u> Making any statement that would reasonably cause 22 another person to believe that the bail bond recovery agent is a sworn 23 peace officer;

24 (((11))) <u>(12)</u> Failing to carry a copy of the contract or to 25 present a copy of the contract as required under RCW 18.185.270(1);

26 (((12))) <u>(13)</u> Using the services of an unlicensed bail bond 27 recovery agent or using the services of a bail bond recovery agent 28 without issuing the proper contract;

29 (((13))) <u>(14)</u> Misrepresenting or knowingly making a material 30 misstatement or omission in the application for a license;

31 (((14))) <u>(15)</u> Using the services of a person performing the 32 functions of a bail bond recovery agent who has not been licensed by 33 the department as required by this chapter;

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 $((\frac{15}{15}))$ (16) Performing the functions of a bail bond recovery 1 2 agent without being both (a) licensed under this chapter or supervised 3 by a licensed bail bond recovery agent under RCW 18.185.290; and (b) 4 under contract with a bail bond agent; 5 (((16))) (17) Performing the functions of a bail bond recovery 6 agent without exercising due care to protect the safety of persons 7 other than the defendant and the property of persons other than the 8 defendant; ((or 9 - (17)) (18) Using a dog in the apprehension of a fugitive criminal 10 defendant; 11 (19) Surrendering a person without good cause pursuant to RCW 12 10.19.160; or 13 (20) Failing to reasonably disclose, when requested by law 14 enforcement, information within the bail agent's possession concerning 15 the location of a fugitive criminal defendant. 16 17 NEW SECTION. sec. 10. Sections 1 and 5 of this act are each 18 added to chapter 10.19 RCW." 19 20 Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any 21 22 internal references accordingly. 23

EFFECT: Amends the title of the bill to An Act Relating to Bail.

Requires courts to notify sureties of a defendant's failure to appear within 14 calendar days of the date on which the defendant failed to appear, rather than 30 days.

Specifies that the parties can stay the execution of the judgment for 60 days from the date of the notification by the court which provides a concrete starting date.

Allows a surety to surrender a client in a criminal case for good cause and if accompanied by a notice of forfeiture or a notarized affidavit specifying the reasons for surrender. If the court finds that good cause does not exist for the surrender the surety must

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return the premium paid as well as any recovery fee. Good cause does not include circumstances in which the client failed to make timely payment to the surety for the bond premium. A violation of this section is unprofessional conduct.

Requires the presiding judge of a court to notify AOC when the court revokes the justification or certification of a bail bond agent to post bonds in the court. This notice must include the reasons for revocation. Once AOC receives the information it must notify superior courts and courts of limited jurisdiction statewide.

Provides definitions for property and surety bonds and property and surety bond agencies.

Requires bail bond agent applicants to complete a records/ background check through WSP and the FBI.

Requires surety agencies to file a bond with DOL, or deposit into a trust account, \$10,000. Property bond agencies must file a bond with DOL, or deposit into a trust account, \$100,000.

Provides that it is considered unprofessional conduct for a bail bond agent to enter into a contract, including a general power of attorney, with a person that gives the bail bond agent full authority over the person's finances, assets, real property, or personal property. Failing to reasonably disclose, when requested by law enforcement, information within the bail agent's possession concerning the location of a fugitive criminal defendant is also unprofessional conduct.

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