## **ESHB 1295** - S COMM AMD

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By Committee on Government Operations, Tribal Relations & Elections

## ADOPTED AND ENGROSSED 4/11/11

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

"NEW\_SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature recognizes that fire sprinkler systems in private residences may prevent catastrophic losses of life and property, but that financial, technical, and other issues often discourage property owners from installing these protective systems.

It is the intent of the legislature to eradicate barriers that prevent the voluntary installation of sprinkler systems in private residences by promoting education regarding the effectiveness of residential fire sprinklers, and by providing financial and regulatory incentives to homeowners, builders, and water purveyors for voluntarily installing the systems. It is the further intent of the legislature to fully preserve the rulings of Fisk v. City of Kirkland, 164 Wn.2d 891 (2008), Stiefel v. City of Kent, 132 Wn. App.523 (2006), and similar cases.

- 17 **Sec. 2.** RCW 18.160.050 and 2008 c 155 s 2 are each amended to read 18 as follows:
  - (1)(a) All certificate of competency holders that desire to continue in the fire protection sprinkler business shall annually, prior to January 1st, secure from the state director of fire protection a renewal certificate of competency upon payment of the fee as prescribed by the state director of fire protection. Application for renewal shall be upon a form prescribed by the state director of fire protection and the certificate holder shall furnish the information required by the director.
- 27 (b) Failure of any certificate of competency holder to secure his 28 or her renewal certificate of competency within sixty days after the

due date shall constitute sufficient cause for the state director of fire protection to suspend the certificate of competency.

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- (c) The state director of fire protection may, upon the receipt of payment of all delinquent fees including a late charge, restore a certificate of competency that has been suspended for failure to pay the renewal fee.
- (d) A certificate of competency holder may voluntarily surrender his or her certificate of competency to the state director of fire protection and be relieved of the annual renewal fee. After surrendering the certificate of competency, he or she shall not be known as a certificate of competency holder and shall desist from the practice thereof. Within two years from the time of surrender of the certificate of competency, he or she may again qualify for a certificate of competency, without examination, by the payment of the required fee. If two or more years have elapsed, he or she shall return to the status of a new applicant.
- (2)(a) All licensed fire protection sprinkler system contractors desiring to continue to be licensed shall annually, prior to January 1st, secure from the state director of fire protection a renewal license upon payment of the fee as prescribed by the state director of fire protection. Application for renewal shall be upon a form prescribed by the state director of fire protection and the license holder shall furnish the information required by the director.
- (b) Failure of any license holder to secure his or her renewal license within sixty days after the due date shall constitute sufficient cause for the state director of fire protection to suspend the license.
- (c) The state director of fire protection may, upon the receipt of payment of all delinquent fees including a late charge, restore a license that has been suspended for failure to pay the renewal fee.
- (3) The initial certificate of competency or license fee shall be prorated based upon the portion of the year such certificate of competency or license is in effect, prior to renewal on January 1st.
- (4) The fire protection contractor license fund is created in the custody of the state treasurer. All receipts from license and certificate fees and charges or from the money generated by the rules and regulations promulgated under this chapter shall be deposited into the fund. Expenditures from the fund may be used only for purposes

- authorized under this chapter and standards for fire protection and its 1 2 enforcement, with respect to all hospitals as required by RCW 70.41.080((7-and)); for providing assistance in identifying fire 3 sprinkler system components that have been subject to either a recall 4 5 or voluntary replacement program by a manufacturer of fire sprinkler products, a nationally recognized testing laboratory, or the federal 6 consumer product safety commission; and for use in developing and 7 publishing educational materials related to the effectiveness of 8 residential fire sprinklers. Assistance shall include, but is not 9 limited to, aiding in the identification of recalled components, 10 information sharing strategies aimed at ensuring the consumer is made 11 aware of recalls and voluntary replacement programs, and providing 12 13 training and assistance to local fire authorities, the fire sprinkler 14 industry, and the public. Only the state director of fire protection or the director's designee may authorize expenditures from the fund. 15 The fund is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, 16 17 but no appropriation is required for expenditures.
- 18 **Sec. 3.** RCW 82.02.100 and 1992 c 219 s 2 are each amended to read 19 as follows:
- 20 <u>(1)</u> A person required to pay a fee pursuant to RCW 43.21C.060 for system improvements shall not be required to pay an impact fee under RCW 82.02.050 through 82.02.090 for those same system improvements.

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- (2) A person installing a residential fire sprinkler system in a single-family home shall not be required to pay the fire operations portion of the impact fee. The exempted fire operations impact fee shall not include the proportionate share related to the delivery of emergency medical services.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 70.119A RCW to read as follows:
- 30 (1) A person or purveyor that owns, operates, or maintains a public 31 water system shall not be liable for damages resulting from shutting 32 off water to a residential home with an installed fire sprinkler system 33 if the shut off is due to: (a) Routine maintenance or construction; 34 (b) nonpayment by the customer; or (c) a water system emergency.
- 35 (2) Any governmental or municipal corporation, including but not 36 limited to special districts, shall be deemed to be exercising a

- 1 governmental function when it acts or undertakes to supply water,
- 2 within or without its corporate limits, to a residential home with an
- 3 installed fire sprinkler system."

## ESHB 1295 - S COMM AMD

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By Committee on Government Operations, Tribal Relations & Elections

## ADOPTED 4/11/11

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "systems;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 18.160.050 and 82.02.100; adding a new section to chapter 70.119A RCW; and creating a new section."

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