CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 2186

62nd Legislature 2012 Regular Session

Passed by the House January 27, 2012 Yeas 95 Nays 0 Speaker of the House of Representatives Passed by the Senate February 24, 2012 Yeas 49 Nays 0	I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 2186 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.		
			Chief Clerk
		President of the Senate	
		Approved	FILED
Governor of the State of Washington	Secretary of State State of Washington		

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 2186

Passed Legislature - 2012 Regular Session

State of Washington 62nd Legislature 2012 Regular Session

Representatives Bailey, Cody, Schmick, Darneille, Ahern, Green, Kelley, and Kenney

Prefiled 12/15/11. Read first time 01/09/12. Referred to Committee on Health Care & Wellness.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to improving the ability of licensed midwives to
- 2. work with registered nurses and licensed practical nurses; and amending
- RCW 18.79.040, 18.79.060, 18.79.260, and 18.79.270. 3
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON: 4
- 5 Sec. 1. RCW 18.79.040 and 2003 c 140 s 1 are each amended to read as follows: 6
- (1) "Registered nursing practice" means the performance of acts 8 requiring substantial specialized knowledge, judgment, and skill based 9 on the principles of the biological, physiological, behavioral, and 10 sociological sciences in either:
- 11 (a) The observation, assessment, diagnosis, care or counsel, and individuals with 12 health teaching of illnesses, injuries, 13 disabilities, or in the maintenance of health or prevention of illness 14 of others;
- 15 (b) The performance of such additional acts requiring education and 16 training and that are recognized by the medical and nursing professions 17 as proper and recognized by the commission to be performed by registered nurses licensed under this chapter and that are authorized 18 19 by the commission through its rules;

- (c) The administration, supervision, delegation, and evaluation of nursing practice. However, nothing in this subsection affects the authority of a hospital, hospital district, in-home service agency, community-based care setting, medical clinic, or office, concerning its administration and supervision;
 - (d) The teaching of nursing;

- (e) The executing of medical regimen as prescribed by a licensed physician and surgeon, dentist, osteopathic physician and surgeon, podiatric physician and surgeon, physician assistant, osteopathic physician assistant, or advanced registered nurse practitioner, or as directed by a licensed midwife within his or her scope of practice.
- (2) Nothing in this section prohibits a person from practicing a profession for which a license has been issued under the laws of this state or specifically authorized by any other law of the state of Washington.
- (3) This section does not prohibit (a) the nursing care of the sick, without compensation, by an unlicensed person who does not hold himself or herself out to be a registered nurse, (b) the practice of licensed practical nursing by a licensed practical nurse, or (c) the practice of a nursing assistant, providing delegated nursing tasks under chapter 18.88A RCW.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 18.79.060 and 1994 sp.s. c 9 s 406 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

"Licensed practical nursing practice" means the performance of services requiring the knowledge, skill, and judgment necessary for carrying out selected aspects of the designated nursing regimen under the direction and supervision of a licensed physician and surgeon, dentist, osteopathic physician and surgeon, physician assistant, osteopathic physician assistant, podiatric physician and surgeon, advanced registered nurse practitioner, ((or)) registered nurse, or midwife.

Nothing in this section prohibits a person from practicing a profession for which a license has been issued under the laws of this state or specifically authorized by any other law of the state of Washington.

This section does not prohibit the nursing care of the sick,

- without compensation, by an unlicensed person who does not hold himself or herself out to be a licensed practical nurse.
- 3 **Sec. 3.** RCW 18.79.260 and 2009 c 203 s 1 are each amended to read 4 as follows:
 - (1) A registered nurse under his or her license may perform for compensation nursing care, as that term is usually understood, to individuals with illnesses, injuries, or disabilities.
 - (2) A registered nurse may, at or under the general direction of a licensed physician and surgeon, dentist, osteopathic physician and surgeon, naturopathic physician, optometrist, podiatric physician and surgeon, physician assistant, osteopathic physician assistant, ((or)) advanced registered nurse practitioner, or midwife acting within the scope of his or her license, administer medications, treatments, tests, and inoculations, whether or not the severing or penetrating of tissues is involved and whether or not a degree of independent judgment and skill is required. Such direction must be for acts which are within the scope of registered nursing practice.
 - (3) A registered nurse may delegate tasks of nursing care to other individuals where the registered nurse determines that it is in the best interest of the patient.
 - (a) The delegating nurse shall:

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- 22 (i) Determine the competency of the individual to perform the 23 tasks;
 - (ii) Evaluate the appropriateness of the delegation;
- 25 (iii) Supervise the actions of the person performing the delegated 26 task; and
- 27 (iv) Delegate only those tasks that are within the registered 28 nurse's scope of practice.
 - (b) A registered nurse, working for a home health or hospice agency regulated under chapter 70.127 RCW, may delegate the application, instillation, or insertion of medications to a registered or certified nursing assistant under a plan of care.
- 33 (c) Except as authorized in (b) or (e) of this subsection, a 34 registered nurse may not delegate the administration of medications. 35 Except as authorized in (e) of this subsection, a registered nurse may 36 not delegate acts requiring substantial skill, and may not delegate

piercing or severing of tissues. Acts that require nursing judgment shall not be delegated.

- (d) No person may coerce a nurse into compromising patient safety by requiring the nurse to delegate if the nurse determines that it is inappropriate to do so. Nurses shall not be subject to any employer reprisal or disciplinary action by the nursing care quality assurance commission for refusing to delegate tasks or refusing to provide the required training for delegation if the nurse determines delegation may compromise patient safety.
- (e) For delegation in community-based care settings or in-home care settings, a registered nurse may delegate nursing care tasks only to registered or certified nursing assistants. Simple care tasks such as blood pressure monitoring, personal care service, diabetic insulin device set up, verbal verification of insulin dosage for sight-impaired individuals, or other tasks as defined by the nursing care quality assurance commission are exempted from this requirement.
- (i) "Community-based care settings" includes: Community residential programs for people with developmental disabilities, certified by the department of social and health services under chapter 71A.12 RCW; adult family homes licensed under chapter 70.128 RCW; and boarding homes licensed under chapter 18.20 RCW. Community-based care settings do not include acute care or skilled nursing facilities.
- (ii) "In-home care settings" include an individual's place of temporary or permanent residence, but does not include acute care or skilled nursing facilities, and does not include community-based care settings as defined in (e)(i) of this subsection.
- (iii) Delegation of nursing care tasks in community-based care settings and in-home care settings is only allowed for individuals who have a stable and predictable condition. "Stable and predictable condition" means a situation in which the individual's clinical and behavioral status is known and does not require the frequent presence and evaluation of a registered nurse.
- (iv) The determination of the appropriateness of delegation of a nursing task is at the discretion of the registered nurse. Other than delegation of the administration of insulin by injection for the purpose of caring for individuals with diabetes, the administration of medications by injection, sterile procedures, and central line maintenance may never be delegated.

(v) When delegating insulin injections under this section, the registered nurse delegator must instruct the individual regarding proper injection procedures and the use of insulin, demonstrate proper injection procedures, and must supervise and evaluate the individual performing the delegated task weekly during the first four weeks of delegation of insulin injections. If the registered nurse delegator determines that the individual is competent to perform the injection properly and safely, supervision and evaluation shall occur at least every ninety days thereafter.

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- (vi) The registered nurse shall verify that the nursing assistant has completed the required core nurse delegation training required in chapter 18.88A RCW prior to authorizing delegation.
- (vii) The nurse is accountable for his or her own individual actions in the delegation process. Nurses acting within the protocols of their delegation authority are immune from liability for any action performed in the course of their delegation duties.
- (viii) Nursing task delegation protocols are not intended to regulate the settings in which delegation may occur, but are intended to ensure that nursing care services have a consistent standard of practice upon which the public and the profession may rely, and to safeguard the authority of the nurse to make independent professional decisions regarding the delegation of a task.
- 23 (f) The nursing care quality assurance commission may adopt rules 24 to implement this section.
 - (4) Only a person licensed as a registered nurse may instruct nurses in technical subjects pertaining to nursing.
- (5) Only a person licensed as a registered nurse may hold herself or himself out to the public or designate herself or himself as a registered nurse.
- 30 **Sec. 4.** RCW 18.79.270 and 1995 c 295 s 2 are each amended to read 31 as follows:

A licensed practical nurse under his or her license may perform nursing care, as that term is usually understood, of the ill, injured, or infirm, and in the course thereof may, under the direction of a licensed physician and surgeon, osteopathic physician and surgeon, dentist, naturopathic physician, podiatric physician and surgeon, physician assistant, osteopathic physician assistant, advanced

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registered nurse practitioner, or midwife acting under the scope of his 1 2 or her license, or at the direction and under the supervision of a registered nurse, administer drugs, medications, treatments, tests, 3 injections, and inoculations, whether or not the piercing of tissues is 4 involved and whether or not a degree of independent judgment and skill 5 6 is required, when selected to do so by one of the licensed practitioners designated in this section, or by a registered nurse who 7 need not be physically present; if the order given is reduced to 8 9 writing within a reasonable time and made a part of the patient's record. Such direction must be for acts within the scope of licensed 10 11 practical nurse practice.

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