S-3784.1				

SENATE BILL 6283

State of Washington 62nd Legislature 2012 Regular Session

By Senators Regala, Kline, Murray, Chase, Kohl-Welles, Fraser, Keiser, Harper, and Nelson

Read first time 01/16/12. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

- 1 ACT Relating to reducing criminal justice expenses 2. eliminating the death penalty in favor of life incarceration; amending RCW 10.95.030; and repealing RCW 10.95.040, 10.95.050, 3 10.95.060, 10.95.070, 10.95.080, 10.95.090, 10.95.100, 4 10.95.110, 10.95.120, 5 10.95.130, 10.95.140, 10.95.150, 10.95.160, 10.95.170, 10.95.180, 6 10.95.185, 10.95.190, 10.95.200, and 10.95.900.
- 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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- 8 **Sec. 1.** RCW 10.95.030 and 2010 c 94 s 3 are each amended to read 9 as follows:
 - (((1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section,)) Any person convicted of the crime of aggravated first degree murder shall be sentenced to life imprisonment without possibility of release or parole. A person sentenced to life imprisonment under this section shall not have that sentence suspended, deferred, or commuted by any judicial officer and the indeterminate sentence review board or its successor may not parole such prisoner nor reduce the period of confinement in any manner whatsoever including but not limited to any sort of good-time calculation. The department of social and health

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services or its successor or any executive official may not permit such prisoner to participate in any sort of release or furlough program.

- (((2) If, pursuant to a special sentencing proceeding held under RCW 10.95.050, the trier of fact finds that there are not sufficient mitigating circumstances to merit leniency, the sentence shall be death. In no case, however, shall a person be sentenced to death if the person had an intellectual disability at the time the crime was committed, under the definition of intellectual disability set forth in (a) of this subsection. A diagnosis of intellectual disability shall be documented by a licensed psychiatrist or licensed psychologist designated by the court, who is an expert in the diagnosis and evaluation of intellectual disabilities. The defense must establish an intellectual disability by a preponderance of the evidence and the court must make a finding as to the existence of an intellectual disability.
- (a) "Intellectual disability" means the individual has: (i) Significantly subaverage general intellectual functioning; (ii) existing concurrently with deficits in adaptive behavior; and (iii) both significantly subaverage general intellectual functioning and deficits in adaptive behavior were manifested during the developmental period.
- (b) "General intellectual functioning" means the results obtained by assessment with one or more of the individually administered general intelligence tests developed for the purpose of assessing intellectual functioning.
- (c) "Significantly subaverage general intellectual functioning" means intelligence quotient seventy or below.
- (d) "Adaptive behavior" means the effectiveness or degree with which individuals meet the standards of personal independence and social responsibility expected for his or her age.
- 31 (e) "Developmental period" means the period of time between 32 conception and the eighteenth birthday.))
- 33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** The following acts or parts of acts are each 34 repealed:
- 35 (1) RCW 10.95.040 (Special sentencing proceeding--Notice--Filing--36 Service) and 1981 c 138 s 4;

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1 (2) RCW 10.95.050 (Special sentencing proceeding--When held--Jury 2 to decide matters presented--Waiver--Reconvening same jury--Impanelling 3 new jury--Peremptory challenges) and 1981 c 138 s 5;

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- (3) RCW 10.95.060 (Special sentencing proceeding--Jury instructions--Opening statements--Evidence--Arguments--Question for jury) and 1981 c 138 s 6;
- 7 (4) RCW 10.95.070 (Special sentencing proceeding--Factors which 8 jury may consider in deciding whether leniency merited) and 2010 c 94 9 s 4, 1993 c 479 s 2, & 1981 c 138 s 7;
- 10 (5) RCW 10.95.080 (When sentence to death or sentence to life imprisonment shall be imposed) and 1981 c 138 s 8;
- 12 (6) RCW 10.95.090 (Sentence if death sentence commuted, held invalid, or if death sentence established by chapter held invalid) and 1981 c 138 s 9;
- 15 (7) RCW 10.95.100 (Mandatory review of death sentence by supreme 16 court--Notice--Transmittal--Contents of notice--Jurisdiction) and 1981 17 c 138 s 10;
- 18 (8) RCW 10.95.110 (Verbatim report of trial proceedings-19 Preparation--Transmittal to supreme court--Clerk's papers--Receipt) and
 20 1981 c 138 s 11;
- 21 (9) RCW 10.95.120 (Information report--Form--Contents--Submission to supreme court, defendant, prosecuting attorney) and 1981 c 138 s 12;
- (10) RCW 10.95.130 (Questions posed for determination by supreme court in death sentence review--Review in addition to appeal-Consolidation of review and appeal) and 2010 c 94 s 5, 1993 c 479 s 3,

 & 1981 c 138 s 13;
- 27 (11) RCW 10.95.140 (Invalidation of sentence, remand for 28 resentencing--Affirmation of sentence, remand for execution) and 1993 29 c 479 s 4 & 1981 c 138 s 14;
- 30 (12) RCW 10.95.150 (Time limit for appellate review of death sentence and filing opinion) and 1988 c 202 s 17 & 1981 c 138 s 15;
- 32 (13) RCW 10.95.160 (Death warrant--Issuance--Form--Time for 33 execution of judgment and sentence) and 1990 c 263 s 1 & 1981 c 138 s 34 16;
- 35 (14) RCW 10.95.170 (Imprisonment of defendant) and 1983 c 255 s 1
 36 & 1981 c 138 s 17;
- 37 (15) RCW 10.95.180 (Death penalty--How executed) and 1996 c 251 s 38 1, 1986 c 194 s 1, & 1981 c 138 s 18;

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1 (16) RCW 10.95.185 (Witnesses) and 1999 c 332 s 1 & 1993 c 463 s 2; 2 (17) RCW 10.95.190 (Death warrant--Record--Return to trial court) 3 and 1981 c 138 s 19; 4 (18) RCW 10.95.200 (Proceedings for failure to execute on day 5 named) and 1990 c 263 s 2, 1987 c 286 s 1, & 1981 c 138 s 20; and 6 (19) RCW 10.95.900 (Severability--1981 c 138) and 1981 c 138 s 22.

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