
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6284

State of Washington 62nd Legislature 2012 Regular Session

By Senate Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Kline, Harper, Litzow, Kohl-Welles, Keiser, and Hargrove)

READ FIRST TIME 02/07/12.

AN ACT Relating to reforming Washington's approach to certain nonsafety civil traffic infractions by authorizing a civil collection process for unpaid traffic fines and removing the requirement for law enforcement intervention for the failure to appear and pay a traffic ticket; amending RCW 46.63.110, 46.20.391, 46.20.289, and 46.64.025; adding a new section to chapter 46.20 RCW; and providing an effective date.

- 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 9 **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.63.110 and 2010 c 252 s 5 are each amended to read 10 as follows:
- 11 (1) A person found to have committed a traffic infraction shall be 12 assessed a monetary penalty. No penalty may exceed two hundred and 13 fifty dollars for each offense unless authorized by this chapter or 14 title.
- 15 (2) The monetary penalty for a violation of (a) RCW 46.55.105(2) is 16 two hundred fifty dollars for each offense; (b) RCW 46.61.210(1) is 17 five hundred dollars for each offense. No penalty assessed under this 18 subsection (2) may be reduced.

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- (3) The supreme court shall prescribe by rule a schedule of monetary penalties for designated traffic infractions. This rule shall also specify the conditions under which local courts may exercise discretion in assessing fines and penalties for traffic infractions. The legislature respectfully requests the supreme court to adjust this schedule every two years for inflation.
- (4) There shall be a penalty of twenty-five dollars for failure to respond to a notice of traffic infraction except where the infraction relates to parking as defined by local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution or failure to pay a monetary penalty imposed pursuant to this chapter. A local legislative body may set a monetary penalty not to exceed twenty-five dollars for failure to respond to a notice of traffic infraction relating to parking as defined by local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution. The local court, whether a municipal, police, or district court, shall impose the monetary penalty set by the local legislative body.
- (5) Monetary penalties provided for in chapter 46.70 RCW which are civil in nature and penalties which may be assessed for violations of chapter 46.44 RCW relating to size, weight, and load of motor vehicles are not subject to the limitation on the amount of monetary penalties which may be imposed pursuant to this chapter.
- (6) Whenever a monetary penalty, fee, cost, assessment, or other monetary obligation is imposed by a court under this chapter, it is immediately payable and is enforceable as a civil judgment under Title 6 RCW. If the court determines, in its discretion, that a person is not able to pay a monetary obligation in full, and not more than one year has passed since the later of July 1, 2005, or the date the monetary obligation initially became due and payable, the court shall enter into a payment plan with the person, unless the person has previously been granted a payment plan with respect to the same monetary obligation, or unless the person is in noncompliance of any existing or prior payment plan, in which case the court may, at its discretion, implement a payment plan. If the court has notified the department that the person has failed to pay or comply and the person has subsequently entered into a payment plan and made an initial payment, the court shall notify the department that the infraction has been adjudicated, and the department shall rescind any suspension of the person's driver's license or driver's privilege based on failure to

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respond to that infraction. "Payment plan," as used in this section, means a plan that requires reasonable payments based on the financial ability of the person to pay. The person may voluntarily pay an amount at any time in addition to the payments required under the payment plan.

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- (a) If a payment required to be made under the payment plan is 6 7 delinquent or the person fails to complete a community restitution program on or before the time established under the payment plan, 8 unless the court determines good cause therefor and adjusts the payment 9 10 plan or the community restitution plan accordingly, the court ((shall notify the department of the person's failure to meet the conditions of 11 12 the-plan,-and-the-department-shall-suspend-the-person's-driver's 13 license or driving privilege)) may refer the unpaid monetary penalty, 14 fee, cost, assessment, or other monetary obligation for civil enforcement until all monetary obligations, including those imposed 15 under subsections (3) and (4) of this section, have been paid, and 16 17 court authorized community restitution has been completed, or until the ((department has been notified that the)) court has entered into a new 18 time payment or community restitution agreement with the person. For 19 those infractions subject to suspension under RCW 46.20.289, the court 20 shall notify the department of the person's failure to meet the 21 conditions of the plan, and the department shall suspend the person's 22 driver's license or driving privileges. 23
 - (b) If a person has not entered into a payment plan with the court and has not paid the monetary obligation in full on or before the time established for payment, the court ((shall notify the department of the delinquency. The department shall suspend the person's driver's license or driving privilege)) may refer the unpaid monetary penalty, fee, cost, assessment, or other monetary obligation to a collections agency until all monetary obligations have been paid, including those imposed under subsections (3) and (4) of this section, or until the person has entered into a payment plan under this section. For those infractions subject to suspension under RCW 46.20.289, the court shall notify the department of the person's delinquency, and the department shall suspend the person's driver's license or driving privileges.
 - (c) If the payment plan is to be administered by the court, the court may assess the person a reasonable administrative fee to be

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- wholly retained by the city or county with jurisdiction. The administrative fee shall not exceed ten dollars per infraction or twenty-five dollars per payment plan, whichever is less.
- (d) Nothing in this section precludes a court from contracting with outside entities to administer its payment plan system. When outside entities are used for the administration of a payment plan, the court may assess the person a reasonable fee for such administrative services, which fee may be calculated on a periodic, percentage, or other basis.
- (e) If a court authorized community restitution program for offenders is available in the jurisdiction, the court may allow conversion of all or part of the monetary obligations due under this section to court authorized community restitution in lieu of time payments if the person is unable to make reasonable time payments.
- (7) In addition to any other penalties imposed under this section and not subject to the limitation of subsection (1) of this section, a person found to have committed a traffic infraction shall be assessed:
- (a) A fee of five dollars per infraction. Under no circumstances shall this fee be reduced or waived. Revenue from this fee shall be forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the emergency medical services and trauma care system trust account under RCW 70.168.040;
- (b) A fee of ten dollars per infraction. Under no circumstances shall this fee be reduced or waived. Revenue from this fee shall be forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the Washington auto theft prevention authority account; and
- (c) A fee of two dollars per infraction. Revenue from this fee shall be forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the traumatic brain injury account established in RCW 74.31.060.
- (8)(a) In addition to any other penalties imposed under this section and not subject to the limitation of subsection (1) of this section, a person found to have committed a traffic infraction other than of RCW 46.61.527 or 46.61.212 shall be assessed an additional penalty of twenty dollars. The court may not reduce, waive, or suspend the additional penalty unless the court finds the offender to be indigent. If a court authorized community restitution program for offenders is available in the jurisdiction, the court shall allow offenders to offset all or a part of the penalty due under this

subsection (8) by participation in the court authorized community restitution program.

- (b) Eight dollars and fifty cents of the additional penalty under (a) of this subsection shall be remitted to the state treasurer. The remaining revenue from the additional penalty must be remitted under chapters 2.08, 3.46, 3.50, 3.62, 10.82, and 35.20 RCW. Money remitted under this subsection to the state treasurer must be deposited in the state general fund. The balance of the revenue received by the county or city treasurer under this subsection must be deposited into the county or city current expense fund. Moneys retained by the city or county under this subsection shall constitute reimbursement for any liabilities under RCW 43.135.060.
- (9) If a legal proceeding, such as garnishment, has commenced to collect any delinquent amount owed by the person for any penalty imposed by the court under this section, the court may, at its discretion, enter into a payment plan.
- (10) The monetary penalty for violating RCW 46.37.395 is: (a) Two hundred fifty dollars for the first violation; (b) five hundred dollars for the second violation; and (c) seven hundred fifty dollars for each violation thereafter.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 46.20.391 and 2010 c 269 s 2 are each amended to read 22 as follows:
 - (1) Any person licensed under this chapter who is convicted of an offense relating to motor vehicles for which suspension or revocation of the driver's license is mandatory, other than vehicular homicide, vehicular assault, driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, may submit to the department an application for a temporary restricted driver's license. The department, upon receipt of the prescribed fee and upon determining that the petitioner is eligible to receive the license, may issue a temporary restricted driver's license and may set definite restrictions as provided in RCW 46.20.394.
 - (2)(a) A person licensed under this chapter whose driver's license is suspended administratively due to failure to appear or pay a traffic ticket under RCW 46.20.289; a violation of the financial responsibility

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- laws under chapter 46.29 RCW; or for multiple violations within a specified period of time under RCW 46.20.291, may apply to the department for an occupational driver's license.
 - (b) ((If the suspension is for failure to respond, pay, or comply with a notice of traffic infraction or conviction, the applicant must enter into a payment plan with the court.
 - $\frac{(c)}{(c)}$) An occupational driver's license issued to an applicant described in (a) of this subsection shall be valid for the period of the suspension or revocation.
 - (3) An applicant for an occupational or temporary restricted driver's license who qualifies under subsection (1) or (2) of this section is eligible to receive such license only if:
 - (a) Within seven years immediately preceding the date of the offense that gave rise to the present conviction or incident, the applicant has not committed vehicular homicide under RCW 46.61.520 or vehicular assault under RCW 46.61.522; and
 - (b) The applicant demonstrates that it is necessary for him or her to operate a motor vehicle because he or she:
 - (i) Is engaged in an occupation or trade that makes it essential that he or she operate a motor vehicle;
 - (ii) Is undergoing continuing health care or providing continuing care to another who is dependent upon the applicant;
 - (iii) Is enrolled in an educational institution and pursuing a course of study leading to a diploma, degree, or other certification of successful educational completion;
 - (iv) Is undergoing substance abuse treatment or is participating in meetings of a twelve-step group such as Alcoholics Anonymous that requires the petitioner to drive to or from the treatment or meetings;
 - (v) Is fulfilling court-ordered community service responsibilities;
 - (vi) Is in a program that assists persons who are enrolled in a WorkFirst program pursuant to chapter 74.08A RCW to become gainfully employed and the program requires a driver's license;
- (vii) Is in an apprenticeship, on-the-job training, or welfare-towork program; or
- (viii) Presents evidence that he or she has applied for a position in an apprenticeship or on-the-job training program for which a driver's license is required to begin the program, provided that a

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license granted under this provision shall be in effect for no longer than fourteen days; and

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- (c) The applicant files satisfactory proof of financial responsibility under chapter 46.29 RCW; and
- (d) Upon receipt of evidence that a holder of an occupational driver's license granted under this subsection is no longer enrolled in an apprenticeship or on-the-job training program, the director shall give written notice by first-class mail to the driver that the occupational driver's license shall be canceled. If at any time before the cancellation goes into effect the driver submits evidence of continued enrollment in the program, the cancellation shall be stayed. If the cancellation becomes effective, the driver may obtain, at no additional charge, a new occupational driver's license upon submittal of evidence of enrollment in another program that meets the criteria set forth in this subsection; and
- (e) The department shall not issue an occupational driver's license under (b)(iv) of this subsection if the applicant is able to receive transit services sufficient to allow for the applicant's participation in the programs referenced under (b)(iv) of this subsection.
- (4) A person aggrieved by the decision of the department on the application for an occupational or temporary restricted driver's license may request a hearing as provided by rule of the department.
- (5) The director shall cancel an occupational or temporary restricted driver's license after receiving notice that the holder thereof has been convicted of operating a motor vehicle in violation of its restrictions, no longer meets the eligibility requirements, or has been convicted of or found to have committed a separate offense or any other act or omission that under this chapter would warrant suspension or revocation of a regular driver's license. The department must give notice of the cancellation as provided under RCW 46.20.245. A person whose occupational or temporary restricted driver's license has been canceled under this section may reapply for a new occupational or temporary restricted driver's license if he or she is otherwise qualified under this section and pays the fee required under RCW 46.20.380.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 46.20.289 and 2005 c 288 s 5 are each amended to read 37 as follows:

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The department shall suspend all driving privileges of a person 1 2 department receives notice from a court under RCW 46.63.070(6), 46.63.110(6), or 46.64.025 that the person has failed to 3 respond to a notice of traffic infraction for a moving violation, 4 failed to appear at a requested hearing for a moving violation, 5 violated a written promise to appear in court for a notice of 6 7 infraction for a moving violation, or has failed to comply with the terms of a notice of traffic infraction or citation for a moving 8 violation, or when the department receives notice from another state 9 under Article IV of the nonresident violator compact under RCW 10 46.23.010 or from a jurisdiction that has entered into an agreement 11 with the department under RCW 46.23.020, other than for a standing, 12 13 stopping, or parking violation, provided that the traffic infraction or traffic offense is committed on or after July 1, 2005. A suspension 14 under this section takes effect pursuant to the provisions of RCW 15 46.20.245, and remains in effect until the department has received a 16 17 certificate from the court showing that the case has been adjudicated, 18 and until the person meets the requirements of RCW 46.20.311. case of failure to respond to a traffic infraction issued under RCW 19 46.55.105, the department shall suspend all driving privileges until 20 21 the person provides evidence from the court that all penalties and 22 restitution have been paid. A suspension under this section does not take effect if, prior to the effective date of the suspension, the 23 24 department receives a certificate from the court showing that the case 25 has been adjudicated.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 46.20 RCW to read as follows:

The department of licensing in consultation with the administrative office of the courts must adopt and maintain rules, by November 1, 2012, in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW that define a moving violation for the purposes of this act. "Moving violation" shall be defined pursuant to Title 46 RCW. Upon adoption of these rules, the department must provide written notice to affected parties, the chief clerk of the house of representatives, the secretary of the senate, the office of the code reviser, and others as deemed appropriate by the department.

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1 **Sec. 5.** RCW 46.64.025 and 2006 c 270 s 4 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

Whenever any person served with a traffic citation willfully fails 3 to appear ((for a scheduled court hearing)) at a requested hearing for 4 a moving violation or fails to comply with the terms of a notice of 5 traffic citation for a moving violation, the court in which the 6 7 defendant failed to appear shall promptly give notice of such fact to the department of licensing. Whenever thereafter the case in which the 8 defendant failed to appear is adjudicated, the court hearing the case 9 shall promptly file with the department a certificate showing that the 10 case has been adjudicated. For the purposes of this section, "moving 11 12 violation" is defined by rule pursuant to section 4 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Except for section 4 of this act, this act takes effect June 1, 2013. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2012, in the transportation appropriations act, this act is null and void.

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