## 2ESSB 5892 - H AMD By Representative

## ADOPTED AND ENGROSSED 06/27/2013

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

RCW 9.94A.517 and 2002 c 290 s 8 are each amended to read 3 "Sec. 1. as follows: 4

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TABLE 3

## DRUG OFFENSE SENTENCING GRID

8	Seriousness	Offender Score	Offender Score	Offender Score
9	Level	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9 or more
10	III	51 to 68 months	68+ to 100 months	100+ to 120 months
11	II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months
12	I	0 to 6 months	6+ to (( <del>18</del> )) <u>12</u>	12+ to 24 months
13			months	

- References to months represent the standard sentence ranges. 12+ 14 15 equals one year and one day.
- 16 (2) The court may utilize any other sanctions or alternatives as 17 authorized by law, including but not limited to the special drug offender sentencing alternative under RCW 9.94A.660 or drug court under 18 RCW 2.28.170. 19
- (3) Nothing in this section creates an entitlement for a criminal 20 21 defendant to any specific sanction, alternative, sentence option, or substance abuse treatment. 22
- 2.3 Sec. 2. RCW 9.94A.729 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 40 s 4 are each amended to read as follows: 24
- (1)(a) The term of the sentence of an offender committed to a 25 correctional facility operated by the department may be reduced by 26 27 earned release time in accordance with procedures that shall be 28 developed and adopted by the correctional agency having jurisdiction in

which the offender is confined. The earned release time shall be for good behavior and good performance, as determined by the correctional agency having jurisdiction. The correctional agency shall not credit the offender with earned release credits in advance of the offender actually earning the credits.

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- (b) Any program established pursuant to this section shall allow an offender to earn early release credits for presentence incarceration. If an offender is transferred from a county jail to the department, the administrator of a county jail facility shall certify to the department the amount of time spent in custody at the facility and the ((amount)) number of days of ((earned)) early release ((time)) credits lost or not earned. The department may approve a jail certification from a correctional agency that calculates ((earned)) early release time based on the actual amount of confinement time served by the offender before sentencing when an erroneous calculation of confinement time served by the offender before sentencing appears on the judgment and sentence. The department must adjust an offender's rate of early release listed on the jail certification to be consistent with the rate applicable to offenders in the department's facilities. However, the department is not authorized to adjust the number of presentence early release days that the jail has certified as lost or not earned.
- (2) An offender who has been convicted of a felony committed after July 23, 1995, that involves any applicable deadly weapon enhancements under RCW 9.94A.533 (3) or (4), or both, shall not receive any good time credits or earned release time for that portion of his or her sentence that results from any deadly weapon enhancements.
  - (3) An offender may earn early release time as follows:
- (a) In the case of an offender convicted of a serious violent offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or after July 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed fifteen percent of the sentence.
- (b) In the case of an offender convicted of a serious violent offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or after July 1, 2003, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed ten percent of the sentence.
- 36 (c) An offender is qualified to earn up to fifty percent of 37 aggregate earned release time if he or she:

- 1 (i) Is not classified as an offender who is at a high risk to 2 reoffend as provided in subsection (4) of this section;
  - (ii) Is not confined pursuant to a sentence for:
  - (A) A sex offense;

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- (B) A violent offense;
- 6 (C) A crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411;
- 7 (D) A felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020;
- 8 (E) A violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary);
- 9 (F) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to 10 violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with 11 intent to deliver methamphetamine; or
  - (G) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor);
- 14 (iii) Has no prior conviction for the offenses listed in (c)(ii) of this subsection;
  - (iv) Participates in programming or activities as directed by the offender's individual reentry plan as provided under RCW 72.09.270 to the extent that such programming or activities are made available by the department; and
  - (v) Has not committed a new felony after July 22, 2007, while under community custody.
  - (d) In no other case shall the aggregate earned release time exceed one-third of the total sentence.
  - (4) The department shall perform a risk assessment of each offender who may qualify for earned early release under subsection (3)(c) of this section utilizing the risk assessment tool recommended by the Washington state institute for public policy. Subsection (3)(c) of this section does not apply to offenders convicted after July 1, 2010.
  - (5)(a) A person who is eligible for earned early release as provided in this section and who will be supervised by the department pursuant to RCW 9.94A.501 or 9.94A.5011, shall be transferred to community custody in lieu of earned release time;
  - (b) The department shall, as a part of its program for release to the community in lieu of earned release, require the offender to propose a release plan that includes an approved residence and living arrangement. All offenders with community custody terms eligible for release to community custody in lieu of earned release shall provide an

1 approved residence and living arrangement prior to release to the 2 community;

- (c) The department may deny transfer to community custody in lieu of earned release time if the department determines an offender's release plan, including proposed residence location and living arrangements, may violate the conditions of the sentence or conditions of supervision, place the offender at risk to violate the conditions of the sentence, place the offender at risk to reoffend, or present a risk to victim safety or community safety. The department's authority under this section is independent of any court-ordered condition of sentence or statutory provision regarding conditions for community custody;
- (d) If the department is unable to approve the offender's release plan, the department may do one or more of the following:
- (i) Transfer an offender to partial confinement in lieu of earned early release for a period not to exceed three months. The three months in partial confinement is in addition to that portion of the offender's term of confinement that may be served in partial confinement as provided in RCW 9.94A.728(5);
- (ii) Provide rental vouchers to the offender for a period not to exceed three months if rental assistance will result in an approved release plan. The voucher must be provided in conjunction with additional transition support programming or services that enable an offender to participate in services including, but not limited to, substance abuse treatment, mental health treatment, sex offender treatment, educational programming, or employment programming;
- (e) For each offender who is the recipient of a rental voucher, the department shall include, concurrent with the data that the department otherwise obtains and records, the housing status of the offender for the duration of the offender's supervision.
- 30 (6) An offender serving a term of confinement imposed under RCW 31 9.94A.670(5)(a) is not eligible for earned release credits under this 32 section.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 9.92.151 and 2009 c 28 s 3 are each amended to read as 34 follows:
- 35 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the 36 sentence of a prisoner confined in a county jail facility for a felony, 37 gross misdemeanor, or misdemeanor conviction may be reduced by earned

release credits in accordance with procedures that shall be developed 1 2 and promulgated by the correctional agency having jurisdiction. 3 earned early release time shall be for good behavior and good 4 performance as determined by the correctional agency having jurisdiction. Any program established pursuant to this section shall 5 allow an offender to earn early release credits for presentence 6 7 incarceration. The correctional agency shall not credit the offender 8 with earned early release credits in advance of the offender actually earning the credits. In the case of an offender convicted of a serious 9 10 violent offense or a sex offense that is a class A felony committed on or after July 1, 1990, the aggregate earned early release time may not 11 12 exceed fifteen percent of the sentence. In no other case may the 13 aggregate earned early release time exceed one-third of the total 14 sentence.

(2) An offender serving a term of confinement imposed under RCW 9.94A.670(5)(a) is not eligible for earned release credits under this section.

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- 18 (3) If an offender is transferred from a county jail to the
  19 department, the administrator of a county jail facility shall certify
  20 to the department the amount of time spent in custody at the facility
  21 and the number of days of early release credits lost or not earned.
  - NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. Pursuant to RCW 9.94A.729, the department shall recalculate the earned release date for any offender currently serving a term in a facility or institution either operated by the state or utilized under contract. The earned release date shall be recalculated whether the offender is currently incarcerated or is sentenced after the effective date of this section, and regardless of the offender's date of offense. For offenders whose offense was committed prior to the effective date of this section, the recalculation shall not extend a term of incarceration beyond that to which an offender is currently subject.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1)(a) The department must, in consultation with the caseload forecast council, compile the following information in summary form for the two years prior to and after the effective date of this section: For offenders sentenced under RCW 9.94A.517 for a seriousness level I offense where the offender score is three to five:

- 1 (A) The total number of sentences and the average length of sentence 2 imposed, sorted by sentences served in state versus local correctional 3 facilities; (B) the number of current and prior felony convictions for 4 each offender; (C) the estimated cost or cost savings, total and per 5 offender, to the state and local governments from the change to the 6 maximum sentence pursuant to RCW 9.94A.517(1); and (D) the number of
- 6 maximum sentence pursuant to RCW 9.94A.517(1); and (D) the number of 7 offenders who were sentenced to community custody, the number of 8 violations committed on community custody, and any sanctions imposed 9 for such violations.
- 10 (b) The department must submit a report with its findings to the 11 office of financial management and the appropriate fiscal and policy 12 committees of the house of representatives and the senate by January 1, 13 2015, and January 1, 2018.
- 14 (2) For purposes of this section, "department" means the department of corrections.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. The legislature declares that section 4 of this act does not create any liberty interest. The department is authorized to take the time reasonably necessary to complete the recalculations of section 4 of this act after the effective date of this section.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. Section 1 of this act applies to sentences imposed on or after July 1, 2013, regardless of the date of offense.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 2013.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. Sections 1 and 5 of this act expire July 1, 2018."

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