E2SHB 1017 - S COMM AMD

By Committee on Energy, Environment & Telecommunications

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

3 "Sec. 1. RCW 19.260.020 and 2009 c 565 s 18 and 2009 c 501 s 1 are 4 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

5 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 6 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

7 (1) "Automatic commercial ice cube machine" means a factory-made 8 assembly, not necessarily shipped in one package, consisting of a 9 condensing unit and ice-making section operating as an integrated unit 10 with means for making and harvesting ice cubes. It may also include 11 integrated components for storing or dispensing ice, or both.

12 (2) "Bottle-type water dispenser" means a water dispenser that uses13 a bottle or reservoir as the source of potable water.

14 (3) "Commercial hot food holding cabinet" means a heated, fully 15 enclosed compartment, with one or more solid or partial glass doors, 16 that is designed to maintain the temperature of hot food that has been 17 cooked in a separate appliance. "Commercial hot food holding cabinet" 18 does not include heated glass merchandising cabinets, drawer warmers, 19 or cook and hold appliances.

20 (4)(a) "Commercial refrigerators and freezers" means refrigerators, 21 freezers, or refrigerator-freezers designed for use by commercial or institutional facilities for the purpose of storing or merchandising 22 23 food products, beverages, or ice at specified temperatures that: (i) Incorporate most components involved in the vapor-compression cycle and 24 25 the refrigerated compartment in a single cabinet; and (ii) may be 26 configured with either solid or transparent doors as a reach-in 27 cabinet, pass-through cabinet, roll-in cabinet, or roll-through 28 cabinet.

(b) "Commercial refrigerators and freezers" does not include: (i)
 Products with 85 cubic feet or more of internal volume; (ii) walk-in

1 refrigerators or freezers; (iii) consumer products that are federally 2 regulated pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6291 et seq.; (iv) products 3 without doors; or (v) freezers specifically designed for ice cream.

4 (5) "Compensation" means money or any other valuable thing,
5 regardless of form, received or to be received by a person for services
6 rendered.

7 (6) "Cook and hold appliance" means a multiple mode appliance
8 intended for cooking food that may be used to hold the temperature of
9 the food that has been cooked in the same appliance.

10

(7) "Department" means the department of commerce.

(8) "Drawer warmer" means an appliance that consists of one or more heated drawers and that is designed to hold hot food that has been cooked in a separate appliance at a specified temperature.

14 (9) "Heated glass merchandising cabinet" means an appliance with a 15 heated cabinet constructed of glass or clear plastic doors which, with 16 seventy percent or more clear area, is designed to display and maintain 17 the temperature of hot food that has been cooked in a separate 18 appliance.

(10) "Hot water dispenser" means a small electric water heater thathas a measured storage volume of no greater than one gallon.

(11) "Mini-tank electric water heater" means a small electric water heater that has a measured storage volume of more than one gallon and a rated storage volume of less than twenty gallons.

(12) "Pass-through cabinet" means a commercial refrigerator or freezer with hinged or sliding doors on both the front and rear of the unit.

(13) "Point-of-use water dispenser" means a water dispenser that uses a pressurized water utility connection as the source of potable water.

(14) "Pool heater" means an appliance designed for heating
 nonpotable water contained at atmospheric pressure for swimming pools,
 spas, hot tubs, and similar applications.

(15) "Portable electric spa" means a factory-built electric spa orhot tub, supplied with equipment for heating and circulating water.

35 (16) "Reach-in cabinet" means a commercial refrigerator or freezer 36 with hinged or sliding doors or lids, but does not include roll-in or 37 roll-through cabinets or pass-through cabinets. 1 (17) "Residential pool pump" means a pump used to circulate and 2 filter pool water in order to maintain clarity and sanitation.

3 (18)(a) "Roll-in cabinet" means a commercial refrigerator or
4 freezer with hinged or sliding doors that allow wheeled racks of
5 product to be rolled into the unit.

6 (b) "Roll-through cabinet" means a commercial refrigerator or 7 freezer with hinged or sliding doors on two sides of the cabinet that 8 allow wheeled racks of product to be rolled through the unit.

9 (19) "Showerhead" means a device through which water is discharged 10 for a shower bath.

(20) "Showerhead tub spout diverter combination" means a group of plumbing fittings sold as a matched set and consisting of a control valve, a tub spout diverter, and a showerhead.

14 (21) "State-regulated incandescent reflector lamp" means a lamp 15 that is not colored or designed for rough or vibration service 16 applications, has an inner reflective coating on the outer bulb to 17 direct the light, an E26 medium screw base, a rated voltage or voltage 18 range that lies at least partially within 115 to 130 volts, and falls 19 into one of the following categories:

(a) A bulged reflector or elliptical reflector bulb shape and whichhas a diameter which equals or exceeds 2.25 inches; or

(b) A reflector, parabolic aluminized reflector, or similar bulbshape and which has a diameter of 2.25 to 2.75 inches.

(22) "Tub spout diverter" means a device designed to stop the flow
of water into a bathtub and to divert it so that the water discharges
through a showerhead.

27 (23) "Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual" 28 means refrigerators designed and sold for the cooling and storage of 29 wine by an individual.

30 <u>(24) "À la carte charger" means a battery charger that is</u> 31 <u>individually packaged without batteries. "À la carte charger" includes</u> 32 <u>those with multivoltage or multiport capabilities.</u>

33 (25) "Battery analyzer" means a device:

34 (a) Used to analyze and report a battery's performance and overall
35 condition;

36 (b) Capable of being programmed and performing service functions to 37 restore capability in deficient batteries; and 1 (c) Not intended or marketed to be used on a daily basis for the 2 purpose of charging batteries.

(26) "Battery backup" or "uninterruptible power supply charger" 3 means a small battery charger system that is voltage and frequency 4 dependent and designed to provide power to an end-use product in the 5 б event of a power outage, and includes an uninterruptible power supply charger as defined in IEC 62040-3 ed.2.0 (March 2011). The output of 7 the voltage and frequency dependent uninterruptible power supply 8 charger is dependent on changes in AC input voltage and frequency and 9 is not intended to provide additional corrective functions, such as 10 those relating to the use of tapped transformers. 11

12 (27) "Battery charger systems" means a battery charger coupled with 13 its batteries or battery chargers coupled with their batteries, which together are referred to as battery charger systems. This term covers 14 all rechargeable batteries or devices incorporating a rechargeable 15 battery and the chargers used with them. The charging circuitry of 16 battery charger systems may or may not be located within the housing of 17 the end-use device itself. In many cases, the battery may be charged 18 with a dedicated external charger and power supply combination that is 19 20 separate from the device that runs on power from the battery. Battery charger systems include, but are not limited to: 21

22 (a) Electronic devices with a battery that are normally charged 23 with AC line voltage or DC input voltage through an internal or 24 external power supply and a dedicated battery charger;

25 (b) The battery and battery charger components of devices that are 26 designed to run on battery power during part or all of their 27 operations;

28 (c) Dedicated battery systems primarily designed for electrical or 29 emergency backup; and

30 (d) Devices whose primary function is to charge batteries, along 31 with the batteries they are designed to charge. These units include 32 chargers for power tool batteries and chargers for automotive, AA, AAA, 33 C, D, or 9 V rechargeable batteries, as well as chargers for batteries 34 used in larger industrial motive equipment and à la carte chargers.

35 (28) "Consumer product" means any article that when operated 36 consumes energy including articles that to any significant extent are 37 distributed in commerce for personal use or consumption by individuals.

1	"Consumer product" does not include an automobile as defined in 49
2	U.S.C. Sec. 32901(a)(3).
3	(29) "High light output double-ended quartz halogen lamp" means a
4	lamp that:
5	(a) Is designed for general outdoor lighting purposes;
6	(b) Contains a tungsten filament;
7	(c) Has a rated initial lumen value of greater than 6,000 and less
8	than 40,000 lumens;
9	(d) Has at each end a recessed single contact, R7s base;
10	(e) Has a maximum overall length between four and eleven inches;
11	(f) Has a nominal diameter less than 3/4 inch;
12	(g) Is designed to be operated at a voltage not less than 110 volts
13	and not greater than 200 volts or is designed to be operated at a
14	voltage between 235 volts and 300 volts;
15	(h) Is not a tubular quartz infrared heat lamp; and
16	(i) Is not a lamp marked and marketed as a stage and studio lamp
17	with a rated life of 500 hours or less.
18	(30) "Illuminated exit sign" means:
19	(a) A sign that is designed to be permanently fixed in place to
20	identify an exit; and
21	(b) A sign that: (i) Consists of an electrically powered integral
22	light source that illuminates the legend "EXIT" and any directional
23	indicators; and (ii) provides contrast between the legend, any
24	directional indicators, and the background.
25	(31) "Large battery charger system" means a battery charger system,
26	other than a battery charger system for golf carts, with a rated input
27	power of more than two kilowatts.
28	(32) "Small battery charger system" means a battery charger system
29	with a rated input power of two kilowatts or less, and includes golf
30	cart battery charger systems regardless of the output power.
31	Sec. 2. RCW 19.260.030 and 2009 c 501 s 2 are each amended to read
32	as follows:
33	(1) This chapter applies to the following types of new products
34	sold, offered for sale, or installed in the state:
35	(a) Automatic commercial ice cube machines;
36	(b) Commercial refrigerators and freezers;
37	(c) State-regulated incandescent reflector lamps;

- 1 (d) Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual;
 - (e) Hot water dispensers and mini-tank electric water heaters;
- 3 (f) Bottle-type water dispensers and point-of-use water dispensers;
- 4 (g) Pool heaters, residential pool pumps, and portable electric 5 spas;
- 6

2

(h) Tub spout diverters; ((and))

- 7 (i) Commercial hot food holding cabinets:
- 8
 - 3 (j) High light output double-ended quartz halogen lamps; and
- 9 (k) Battery charger systems, except those:
- (i) Used to charge a motor vehicle that is powered by an electric 10 motor drawing current from rechargeable storage batteries, fuel cells, 11 or other portable sources of electrical current, and which may include 12 13 a nonelectrical source of power designed to charge batteries and components thereof. This exception does not apply to autoettes or 14 electric personal assistive mobility devices, golf carts, and low-speed 15 vehicles, as those vehicles are defined in division 1 of the California 16 17 vehicle code in effect as of the effective date of this section;
- 18 (ii) That are classified as class II or class III devices for human 19 use under the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act as of the effective 20 date of this section and require United States food and drug 21 administration listing and approval as a medical device;
- 22 (iii) Used to charge a battery or batteries in an illuminated exit
 23 sign;
- 24 (iv) With input that is three phase of line-to-line three hundred 25 volts root mean square or more and is designed for a stationary power 26 application;
- 27
- <u>(v) That are battery analyzers;</u>
- 28 (vi) That are voltage independent or voltage and frequency 29 independent uninterruptible power supplies as defined by the 30 international electrotechnical commission 62040-3 ed.2.0 as of the 31 effective date of this section; or
- 32 (vii) Used to charge larger industrial motive equipment such as
 33 fork lifts, burden carriers, or person carriers.
- (2) This chapter applies equally to products whether they are sold,
 offered for sale, or installed as stand-alone products or as components
 of other products.
- 37 (3) This chapter does not apply to:

1 (a) New products manufactured in the state and sold outside the
2 state;

3 (b) New products manufactured outside the state and sold at 4 wholesale inside the state for final retail sale and installation 5 outside the state;

6 (c) Products installed in mobile manufactured homes at the time of 7 construction; or

8 (d) Products designed expressly for installation and use in 9 recreational vehicles.

Sec. 3. RCW 19.260.040 and 2009 c 501 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

12 The minimum efficiency standards specified in this section apply to 13 the types of new products set forth in RCW 19.260.030.

14 (1)(a) Automatic commercial ice cube machines must have daily 15 energy use and daily water use no greater than the applicable values in 16 the following table:

17				Maximum	Maximum condenser
18			Harvest rate	energy use	water use
19	Equipment type	Type of cooling	(lbs. ice/24 hrs.)	(kWh/100 lbs.)	(gallons/100 lbs. ice)
20	Ice-making head	water	<500	7.800055H	200022H
21			>=500<1436	5.580011H	200022H
22			>=1436	4.0	200022H
23	Ice-making head	air	450	10.260086H	Not applicable
24			>=450	6.890011H	Not applicable
25	Remote condensing but	air	<1000	8.850038	Not applicable
26	not remote compressor		>=1000	5.10	Not applicable
27	Remote condensing and	air	<934	8.850038H	Not applicable
28	remote compressor		>=934	5.3	Not applicable
29	Self-contained models	water	<200	11.400190H	1910315H
30			>=200	7.60	1910315H
31	Self-contained models	air	<175	18.00469H	Not applicable
32			>=175	9.80	Not applicable
33	Where H= harvest rate in po	ounds per twenty-fou	r hours which must be rep	ported within 5% of the te	sted value.

³⁴ "Maximum water use" applies only to water used for the condenser.

1 (b) For purposes of this section, automatic commercial ice cube 2 machines shall be tested in accordance with the ARI 810-2003 test 3 method as published by the air-conditioning and refrigeration 4 institute. Ice- making heads include all automatic commercial ice cube 5 machines that are not split system ice makers or self-contained models 6 as defined in ARI 810-2003.

7 (2)(a) Commercial refrigerators and freezers must meet the 8 applicable requirements listed in the following table:

9	Equipment Type	Doors	Maximum Daily Energy Consumption (kWh)
10	Reach-in cabinets, pass-through cabinets,	Solid	0.10V+2.04
11	and roll-in or roll-through cabinets that are	Transparent	0.12V+3.34
	refrigerators		
12	Reach-in cabinets, pass-through cabinets,	Transparent	.126V+3.51
13	and roll-in or roll-through cabinets that are		
14	"pulldown" refrigerators		
15	Reach-in cabinets, pass-through cabinets,	Solid	0.40V+1.38
16	and roll-in or roll-through cabinets that are	Transparent	0.75V+4.10
	freezers		
17	Reach-in cabinets that are refrigerator-	Solid	0.27AV - 0.71
18	freezers		
19	with an AV of 5.19 or higher		

20 kWh=kilowatt-hours

21 $V = total volume (ft^3)$

AV= adjusted volume= $[1.63 \text{ x freezer volume} (\text{ft}^3)]$ + refrigerator volume (ft³)

23 (b) For purposes of this section, "pulldown" designates products 24 designed to take a fully stocked refrigerator with beverages at 90 25 degrees Fahrenheit and cool those beverages to a stable temperature of 38 degrees Fahrenheit within 12 hours or 26 less. Daily energy consumption shall be measured in accordance with the American national 27 28 standards institute/American society of heating, refrigerating and airconditioning engineers test method 117-2002, except that the back-29 loading doors of pass-through and roll-through refrigerators and 30 31 freezers must remain closed throughout the test, and except that the 32 controls of all appliances must be adjusted to obtain the following 33 product temperatures.

1	Product or compartment type	Integrated average product temperature in degrees Fahrenheit	
2	Refrigerator	38±2	
3	Freezer	0 <u>+</u> 2	
4	(3)(a) The lamp elect:	rical power input of state-regulated	
5	incandescent reflector lamps	s shall meet the minimum average lamp	
6	efficacy requirements for federally regulated incandescent reflector		
7	lamps specified in 42 U.S.C. S	Sec. 6295(i)(l)(A)-(B).	
8	(b) The following types of incandescent lamps are exempt from these		
9	requirements:		
10	(i) Lamps rated at fifty	watts or less of the following types: BR	
11	30, ER 30, BR 40, and ER 40;		
12	(ii) Lamps rated at sixt	y-five watts of the following types: BR	
13	30, BR 40, and ER 40; and		
14	(iii) R 20 lamps of forty-	five watts or less.	
15	(4)(a) Wine chillers des	igned and sold for use by an individual	
16	must meet requirements specif:	ied in the California Code of Regulations,	
17	Title 20, section 1605.3 in ef	fect as of July 26, 2009.	
18	(b) Wine chillers designe	d and sold for use by an individual shall	
19	be tested in accordance with the method specified in the California		
20	Code of Regulations, Title 20, section 1604 in effect as of July 26,		
21	2009.		
22	(5)(a) The standby ene	ergy consumption of bottle-type water	
23		water dispensers, dispensing both hot and	
24		r after January 1, 2010, shall not exceed	
25	1.2 kWh/day.		
26		ater dispensers shall be the environmental	
27		r program requirements for bottled water	
28	coolers version 1.1.		
29		consumption of hot water dispensers and	
30		ters manufactured on or after January 1,	
31	2010, shall be not greater that		
32		not apply to any water heater:	
33		scope of 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6292(a)(4) or	
34	6311(1);		
35	(ii) That has a rated stor	age volume of less than 20 gallons; and	

(iii) For which there is no federal test method applicable to that
 type of water heater.

3 (c) Hot water dispensers shall be tested in accordance with the 4 method specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 20, 5 section 1604 in effect as of July 26, 2009.

(d) Mini-tank electric water heaters shall be tested in accordance
with the method specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title
20, section 1604 in effect as of July 26, 2009.

9 (7) The following standards are established for pool heaters, 10 residential pool pumps, and portable electric spas:

(a) Natural gas pool heaters shall not be equipped with constantburning pilots.

(b) Residential pool pump motors manufactured on or after January
1, 2010, must meet requirements specified in the California Code of
Regulations, Title 20, section 1605.3 in effect as of July 26, 2009.

(c) Portable electric spas manufactured on or after January 1,
2010, must meet requirements specified in the California Code of
Regulations, Title 20, section 1605.3 in effect as of July 26, 2009.

(d) Portable electric spas must be tested in accordance with the
method specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 20,
section 1604 in effect as of July 26, 2009.

(8)(a) The leakage rate of tub spout diverters shall be no greaterthan the applicable requirements shown in the following table:

24			Maximum Leakage Rate
25	Appliance	Testing Conditions	Effective January 1, 2009
26		When new	0.01 gpm
27	Tub spout diverters	After 15,000 cycles of diverting	0.05 gpm

(b) Showerhead tub spout diverter combinations shall meet both the
federal standard for showerheads established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec.
6291 et seq. and the standard for tub spout diverters specified in this
section.

(9)(a) The idle energy rate of commercial hot food holding cabinets
 manufactured on or after January 1, 2010, shall be no greater than 40
 watts per cubic foot of measured interior volume.

(b) The idle energy rate of commercial hot food holding cabinets 1 2 shall be determined using ANSI/ASTM F2140-01 standard test method for the performance of hot food holding cabinets (test for idle energy rate 3 4 dry test). Commercial hot food holding cabinet interior volume shall 5 be calculated using straight line segments following the gross interior 6 dimensions of the appliance and using the following equation: Interior 7 height x interior width x interior depth. Interior volume shall not 8 account for racks, air plenums, or other interior parts.

9 <u>(10) The following standards are established for battery charger</u> 10 <u>systems:</u>

11 (a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, large battery 12 charger systems and small battery charger systems manufactured on or 13 after January 1, 2017, must meet requirements specified in the 14 California Code of Regulations, Title 20, section 1605 in effect as of 15 the effective date of this section.

16 (b) Battery backup and uninterruptible power supplies that are not 17 consumer products manufactured on or after January 1, 2017, must meet 18 requirements specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 20, 19 section 1605 in effect as of the effective date of this section.

20 (c) Large battery charger systems and small battery charger systems
21 must be tested in accordance with the method specified in the
22 California Code of Regulations, Title 20, section 1604 in effect as of
23 the effective date of this section.

24 <u>(11) A high light output double-ended quartz halogen lamp must meet</u> 25 <u>minimum efficiency standards of:</u>

26 <u>(a) 27 lumens per watt for lamps with a minimum rated initial lumen</u> 27 <u>value greater than 6,000 and a maximum initial lumen value of 15,000;</u> 28 <u>and</u>

29 (b) 34 lumens per watt for lamps with a rated initial lumen value 30 greater than 15,000 and less than 40,000.

31 **Sec. 4.** RCW 19.260.050 and 2009 c 501 s 4 are each amended to read 32 as follows:

(1) No new commercial refrigerator or freezer or state-regulated
 incandescent reflector lamp manufactured on or after January 1, 2007,
 may be sold or offered for sale in the state unless the efficiency of
 the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in
 RCW 19.260.040. No new automatic commercial ice cube machine

manufactured on or after January 1, 2008, may be sold or offered for 1 2 sale in the state unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040. 3

4 (2) On or after January 1, 2008, no new commercial refrigerator or freezer or state-regulated incandescent reflector lamp manufactured on 5 or after January 1, 2007, may be installed for compensation in the 6 7 state unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the 8 efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040. On or after January 1, 2009, no new automatic commercial ice cube machine manufactured on 9 or after January 1, 2008, may be installed for compensation in the 10 state unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the 11 efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040. 12

13 (3) Standards for state-regulated incandescent reflector lamps are effective on the dates specified in subsections (1) and (2) of this 14 section. 15

(4) The following products, if manufactured on or after January 1, 16 17 2010, may not be sold or offered in the state unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in 18 RCW 19.260.040: 19

20

(a) Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual;

21 (b) Hot water dispensers and mini-tank electric water heaters;

22 (c) Bottle-type water dispensers and point-of-use water dispensers;

(d) Pool heaters, residential pool pumps, and portable electric 23 24 spas;

25

(e) Tub spout diverters; and

(f) Commercial hot food holding cabinets. 26

27 (5) The following products, if manufactured on or after January 1, 2010, may not be installed for compensation in the state on or after 28 January 1, 2011, unless the efficiency of the new product meets or 29 exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040: 30

31

(a) Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual;

32

(c) Bottle-type water dispensers and point-of-use water dispensers; 33

(b) Hot water dispensers and mini-tank electric water heaters;

(d) Pool heaters, residential pool pumps, and portable electric 34 35 spas;

(e) Tub spout diverters; and 36

37 (f) Commercial hot food holding cabinets.

1	(6)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, large and
2	<u>small battery charger systems, if manufactured on or after January 1,</u>
3	2017, may not be sold or offered for sale in the state unless the
4	efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards
5	<u>set forth in RCW 19.260.040.</u>
6	(b) Battery backup and uninterruptible power supplies that are not
7	consumer products, if manufactured on or after January 1, 2017, may not
8	be sold or offered for sale in the state unless the efficiency of the
9	new product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in $ t RCW$
10	<u>19.260.040.</u>
11	(7) Large and small battery charger systems, if manufactured on or
12	after January 1, 2017, may not be installed for compensation in the
13	state on or after January 1, 2018, unless the efficiency of the new
14	product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in RCW
15	<u>19.260.040.</u>
16	<u>(8) A high light output double-ended quartz halogen lamp, if</u>
17	manufactured on or after January 1, 2017, may not be sold or offered
18	for sale in the state unless the efficiency of the new product meets or
19	exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040.
20	<u>(9) A high light output double-ended quartz halogen lamp, if</u>
21	manufactured on or after January 1, 2017, may not be installed for
22	compensation in the state on or after January 1, 2018, unless the
23	efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards
24	<u>set forth in RCW 19.260.040.</u> "

E2SHB 1017 - S COMM AMD

By Committee on Energy, Environment & Telecommunications

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "standards;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 19.260.030, 19.260.040, and 19.260.050; and reenacting and amending RCW 19.260.020."

EFFECT: Revises the manufacturing date requirement to January 1,

2017, for consistency for all products; removes language regarding water fixtures and fluorescent lights from the definition of a consumer product; and adds a definition for battery backup and uninterruptible power supply charger.

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