H-4075.	1		

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2503

State of Washington 63rd Legislature 2014 Regular Session

By House Public Safety (originally sponsored by Representatives Klippert, Hayes, and Haler)

READ FIRST TIME 02/05/14.

8

10

11

- AN ACT Relating to operation of a vessel under the influence of an intoxicant; and amending RCW 79A.60.040 and 79A.60.700.
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 Sec. 1. RCW 79A.60.040 and 2013 c 278 s 1 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 (1) It is unlawful for any person to operate a vessel in a reckless 7 manner.
 - (2) It is unlawful for a person to operate a vessel while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, marijuana, or any drug. A person is considered to be under the influence of intoxicating liquor, marijuana, or any drug if, within two hours of operating a vessel:
- 12 (a) The person has an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or higher as 13 shown by analysis of the person's breath or blood made under RCW 14 46.61.506; or
- 15 (b) The person has a THC concentration of 5.00 or higher as shown 16 by analysis of the person's blood made under RCW 46.61.506; or
- 17 (c) The person is under the influence of or affected by intoxicating liquor, marijuana, or any drug; or

p. 1 SHB 2503

1 (d) The person is under the combined influence of or affected by intoxicating liquor, marijuana, and any drug.

- (3) The fact that any person charged with a violation of this section is or has been entitled to use such drug under the laws of this state shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this section.
- (4)(a) Any person who operates a vessel within this state is deemed to have given consent, subject to the provisions of RCW 46.61.506, to a test or tests of the person's breath ((or blood)) for the purpose of determining the alcohol concentration ((, THC concentration, or presence of any drug)) in the person's breath ((or blood)) if arrested for any offense where, at the time of the arrest, the arresting officer has reasonable grounds to believe the person was operating a vessel while under the influence of intoxicating liquor((, marijuana,))) or a combination of intoxicating liquor and any other drug.
- (b) When an arrest results from an accident in which there has been serious bodily injury to another person or death or the arresting officer has reasonable grounds to believe the person was operating a vessel while under the influence of THC or any other drug, a blood test may be administered with the consent of the arrested person and a valid waiver of the warrant requirement or without the consent of the person so arrested pursuant to a search warrant or when exigent circumstances exist.
- (c) Neither consent nor this section precludes a police officer from obtaining a search warrant for a person's breath or blood.
- (d) An arresting officer may administer field sobriety tests when circumstances permit.
- (5) The test or tests of breath must be administered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308. ((Where the officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the person is under the influence of a drug, or where the person is incapable due to physical injury, physical incapacity, or other physical limitation, of providing a breath sample, or where the person is being treated in a hospital, clinic, doctor's office, emergency medical vehicle, ambulance, or other similar facility, a blood test must be administered by a qualified person as provided in RCW 46.61.506(5).)) The officer shall warn the person that if the person refuses to take the test, the person will be issued a class 1 civil infraction under RCW 7.80.120.

SHB 2503 p. 2

1	(6) A violation of subsection (1) of this section is a misdemeanor.
2	A violation of subsection (2) of this section is a gross misdemeanor.
3	In addition to the statutory penalties imposed, the court may order the
4	defendant to pay restitution for any damages or injuries resulting from
5	the offense.

6 **Sec. 2.** RCW 79A.60.700 and 2013 c 278 s 2 are each amended to read 7 as follows:

8

9

1011

- (1) The refusal of a person to submit to a test of the alcohol concentration, THC concentration, or presence of any drug in the person's blood or breath is not admissible into evidence at a subsequent criminal trial.
- 12 (2) A person's refusal to submit to a test or tests pursuant to RCW 13 79A.60.040(4)(a) constitutes a class 1 civil infraction under RCW 14 7.80.120.

--- END ---

p. 3 SHB 2503