S-0233.1				

## SENATE BILL 5225

63rd Legislature

2013 Regular Session

By Senators Becker, Bailey, Ericksen, and Carrell

Read first time 01/23/13. Referred to Committee on Health Care .

AN ACT Relating to exempting public hospital districts from certificate of need requirements; amending RCW 70.38.105 and 70.38.111;

3 and creating a new section.

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State of Washington

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

## <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that:

- (1) Public hospital districts were established to provide hospital and other health care services for the residents of such districts and other persons in need of such services under RCW 70.44.003;
- (2) Public hospital districts are authorized to own and operate hospitals, nursing homes, extended care, long-term care, outpatient and rehabilitative facilities, ambulances, and other facilities as are appropriate to meet the health needs of the population served under RCW 70.44.007(1);
- (3) Public hospital districts are authorized to provide hospital, nursing home, extended care, long-term care, outpatient, rehabilitative, health maintenance, ambulance, and such other services as are appropriate to address the health needs of the population to be served under RCW 70.44.007(2);

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(4) Public hospital districts are given broad powers to survey existing hospitals and facilities within and without such district; to construct, condemn, purchase, acquire, lease, add to, maintain, operate, develop and regulate, sell and convey all lands, property, property rights, equipment, hospital, and other facilities and systems; to exercise the right of eminent domain; to lease existing hospital and other health care facilities and equipment or other property used in connection therewith; to contract indebtedness or borrow money for corporate purposes; to raise revenue by the levy of an annual tax; to contract with other public bodies in order to carry out the powers and duties authorized by chapter 70.44 RCW;

- (5) Public hospital districts are required, at all times, to make adequate provision for the needs of the district and residents and other people within the district under RCW 70.44.060;
- (6) Public hospital districts are organized as municipal corporations, and as such, that all essential proceedings and documents of a public hospital district are open to close public scrutiny through public records and open public meetings laws;
- (7) Public hospital districts are governed by locally elected commissioners who are charged with the solemn duty and obligation and are duly authorized to ensure the public hospital district meets its obligations under RCW 70.44.060;
- (8) Changes in the health care market place demand locally elected public hospital district commissioners timely plan, develop and construct facilities, and implement services consistent with their obligations and authority; and
- (9) The state certificate of need program is a significant and growing barrier to the effective and efficient governance and operation of public hospital districts in the state of Washington.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 70.38.105 and 2012 c 10 s 47 are each amended to read 31 as follows:
  - (1) The department is authorized and directed to implement the certificate of need program in this state pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.
- 35 (2) There shall be a state certificate of need program which is 36 administered consistent with the requirements of federal law as 37 necessary to the receipt of federal funds by the state.

- (3) No person shall engage in any undertaking which is subject to certificate of need review under subsection (4) of this section without first having received from the department either a certificate of need or an exception granted in accordance with this chapter.
- (4) The following shall be subject to certificate of need review under this chapter:
- (a) The construction, development, or other establishment of a new health care facility including, but not limited to, a hospital constructed, developed, or established by a health maintenance organization or by a combination of health maintenance organizations except as provided in subsection (7)(a) of this section;
- (b) The sale, purchase, or lease of part or all of any existing hospital as defined in RCW 70.38.025 including, but not limited to, a hospital sold, purchased, or leased by a health maintenance organization or by a combination of health maintenance organizations except as provided in subsection (7)(b) of this section;
- (c) Any capital expenditure for the construction, renovation, or alteration of a nursing home which substantially changes the services of the facility after January 1, 1981, provided that the substantial changes in services are specified by the department in rule;
- (d) Any capital expenditure for the construction, renovation, or alteration of a nursing home which exceeds the expenditure minimum as defined by RCW 70.38.025. However, a capital expenditure which is not subject to certificate of need review under (a), (b), (c), or (e) of this subsection and which is solely for any one or more of the following is not subject to certificate of need review:
  - (i) Communications and parking facilities;
- 28 (ii) Mechanical, electrical, ventilation, heating, and air 29 conditioning systems;
  - (iii) Energy conservation systems;

(iv) Repairs to, or the correction of, deficiencies in existing physical plant facilities which are necessary to maintain state licensure, however, other additional repairs, remodeling, or replacement projects that are not related to one or more deficiency citations and are not necessary to maintain state licensure are not exempt from certificate of need review except as otherwise permitted by (d)(vi) of this subsection or RCW 70.38.115(13);

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- (v) Acquisition of equipment, including data processing equipment, which is not or will not be used in the direct provision of health services;
  - (vi) Construction or renovation at an existing nursing home which involves physical plant facilities, including administrative, dining areas, kitchen, laundry, therapy areas, and support facilities, by an existing licensee who has operated the beds for at least one year;
    - (vii) Acquisition of land; and

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- (viii) Refinancing of existing debt;
- 10 (e) A change in bed capacity of a health care facility which increases the total number of licensed beds or redistributes beds among 11 12 acute care, nursing home care, and assisted living facility care if the 13 bed redistribution is to be effective for a period in excess of six 14 months, or a change in bed capacity of a rural health care facility licensed under RCW 70.175.100 that increases the total number of 15 nursing home beds or redistributes beds from acute care or assisted 16 living facility care to nursing home care if the bed redistribution is 17 18 to be effective for a period in excess of six months. A health care facility certified as a critical access hospital under 42 U.S.C. 1395i-19 4 may increase its total number of licensed beds to the total number of 20 beds permitted under 42 U.S.C. 1395i-4 for acute care and may 21 22 redistribute beds permitted under 42 U.S.C. 1395i-4 among acute care 23 and nursing home care without being subject to certificate of need If there is a nursing home licensed under chapter 18.51 RCW 24 within twenty-seven miles of the critical access hospital, the critical 25 26 access hospital is subject to certificate of need review except for:
  - (i) Critical access hospitals which had designated beds to provide nursing home care, in excess of five swing beds, prior to December 31, 2003;
    - (ii) Up to five swing beds; or
  - (iii) Up to twenty-five swing beds for critical access hospitals which do not have a nursing home licensed under chapter 18.51~RCW within the same city or town limits. Up to one-half of the additional beds designated for swing bed services under this subsection (4)(e)(iii) may be so designated before July 1, 2010, with the balance designated on or after July 1, 2010.

Critical access hospital beds not subject to certificate of need review under this subsection (4)(e) will not be counted as either acute

care or nursing home care for certificate of need review purposes. If a health care facility ceases to be certified as a critical access hospital under 42 U.S.C. 1395i-4, the hospital may revert back to the type and number of licensed hospital beds as it had when it requested critical access hospital designation;

- (f) Any new tertiary health services which are offered in or through a health care facility or rural health care facility licensed under RCW 70.175.100, and which were not offered on a regular basis by, in, or through such health care facility or rural health care facility within the twelve-month period prior to the time such services would be offered;
- (g) Any expenditure for the construction, renovation, or alteration of a nursing home or change in nursing home services in excess of the expenditure minimum made in preparation for any undertaking under this subsection (4) ((of this section)) and any arrangement or commitment made for financing such undertaking. Expenditures of preparation shall include expenditures for architectural designs, plans, working drawings, and specifications. The department may issue certificates of need permitting predevelopment expenditures, only, without authorizing any subsequent undertaking with respect to which such predevelopment expenditures are made; and
- (h) Any increase in the number of dialysis stations in a kidney disease center.
- (5) The department is authorized to charge fees for the review of certificate of need applications and requests for exemptions from certificate of need review. The fees shall be sufficient to cover the full cost of review and exemption, which may include the development of standards, criteria, and policies.
- (6) No person may divide a project in order to avoid review requirements under any of the thresholds specified in this section.
- (7)(a) The requirement that a health maintenance organization obtain a certificate of need under subsection (4)(a) of this section for the construction, development, or other establishment of a hospital does not apply to a health maintenance organization operating a group practice that has been continuously licensed as a health maintenance organization since January 1, 2009;
- (b) The requirement that a health maintenance organization obtain a certificate of need under subsection (4)(b) of this section to sell,

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purchase, or lease a hospital does not apply to a health maintenance organization operating a group practice that has been continuously licensed as a health maintenance organization since January 1, 2009.

- (8) Any facility operated or service provided by a public hospital district authorized under chapter 70.44 RCW is exempt from the provisions of this chapter.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 70.38.111 and 2012 c 10 s 48 are each amended to read 8 as follows:
  - (1) The department shall not require a certificate of need for the offering of an inpatient tertiary health service by:
  - (a) A health maintenance organization or a combination of health maintenance organizations if (i) the organization or combination of organizations has, in the service area of the organization or the service areas of the organizations in the combination, an enrollment of at least fifty thousand individuals, (ii) the facility in which the service will be provided is or will be geographically located so that the service will be reasonably accessible to such enrolled individuals, and (iii) at least seventy-five percent of the patients who can reasonably be expected to receive the tertiary health service will be individuals enrolled with such organization or organizations in the combination;
  - (b) A health care facility if (i) the facility primarily provides or will provide inpatient health services, (ii) the facility is or will be controlled, directly or indirectly, by a health maintenance organization or a combination of health maintenance organizations which has, in the service area of the organization or service areas of the organizations in the combination, an enrollment of at least fifty thousand individuals, (iii) the facility is or will be geographically located so that the service will be reasonably accessible to such enrolled individuals, and (iv) at least seventy-five percent of the patients who can reasonably be expected to receive the tertiary health service will be individuals enrolled with such organization or organizations in the combination; ((er))
  - (c) A health care facility (or portion thereof) if (i) the facility is or will be leased by a health maintenance organization or combination of health maintenance organizations which has, in the service area of the organization or the service areas of the

- organizations in the combination, an enrollment of at least fifty thousand individuals and, on the date the application is submitted under subsection (2) of this section, at least fifteen years remain in the term of the lease, (ii) the facility is or will be geographically located so that the service will be reasonably accessible to such enrolled individuals, and (iii) at least seventy-five percent of the patients who can reasonably be expected to receive the tertiary health service will be individuals enrolled with such organization;
- 9 if, with respect to such offering or obligation by a nursing home, the 10 department has, upon application under subsection (2) of this section, 11 granted an exemption from such requirement to the organization, 12 combination of organizations, or facility; or

- (d) A health care facility operated or service provided by a public hospital district authorized under chapter 70.44 RCW.
- (2) A health maintenance organization, combination of health maintenance organizations, or health care facility shall not be exempt under subsection (1) of this section from obtaining a certificate of need before offering a tertiary health service unless:
- (a) It has submitted at least thirty days prior to the offering of services reviewable under RCW 70.38.105(4)(d) an application for such exemption; and
- (b) The application contains such information respecting the organization, combination, or facility and the proposed offering or obligation by a nursing home as the department may require to determine if the organization or combination meets the requirements of subsection (1) of this section or the facility meets or will meet such requirements; and
- (c) The department approves such application. The department shall approve or disapprove an application for exemption within thirty days of receipt of a completed application. In the case of a proposed health care facility (or portion thereof) which has not begun to provide tertiary health services on the date an application is submitted under this subsection with respect to such facility (or portion), the facility (or portion) shall meet the applicable requirements of subsection (1) of this section when the facility first provides such services. The department shall approve an application submitted under this subsection if it determines that the applicable requirements of subsection (1) of this section are met.

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(3) A health care facility (or any part thereof) with respect to which an exemption was granted under subsection (1) of this section may not be sold or leased and a controlling interest in such facility or in a lease of such facility may not be acquired and a health care facility described in (1)(c) which was granted an exemption under subsection (1) of this section may not be used by any person other than the lessee described in (1)(c) unless:

- (a) The department issues a certificate of need approving the sale, lease, acquisition, or use; or
- (b) The department determines, upon application, that (i) the entity to which the facility is proposed to be sold or leased, which intends to acquire the controlling interest, or which intends to use the facility is a health maintenance organization or a combination of health maintenance organizations which meets the requirements of (1)(a)(i), and (ii) with respect to such facility, meets the requirements of (1)(a)(ii) or (iii) or the requirements of (1)(b)(i) and (ii).
- (4) In the case of a health maintenance organization, an ambulatory care facility, or a health care facility, which ambulatory or health care facility is controlled, directly or indirectly, by a health maintenance organization or a combination of health maintenance organizations, the department may under the program apply its certificate of need requirements to the offering of inpatient tertiary health services to the extent that such offering is not exempt under the provisions of this section or RCW 70.38.105(7).
- (5)(a) The department shall not require a certificate of need for the construction, development, or other establishment of a nursing home, or the addition of beds to an existing nursing home, that is owned and operated by a continuing care retirement community that:
  - (i) Offers services only to contractual members;
- (ii) Provides its members a contractually guaranteed range of services from independent living through skilled nursing, including some assistance with daily living activities;
- (iii) Contractually assumes responsibility for the cost of services exceeding the member's financial responsibility under the contract, so that no third party, with the exception of insurance purchased by the retirement community or its members, but including the medicaid

1 program, is liable for costs of care even if the member depletes his or 2 her personal resources;

- (iv) Has offered continuing care contracts and operated a nursing home continuously since January 1, 1988, or has obtained a certificate of need to establish a nursing home;
- (v) Maintains a binding agreement with the state assuring that financial liability for services to members, including nursing home services, will not fall upon the state;
- (vi) Does not operate, and has not undertaken a project that would result in a number of nursing home beds in excess of one for every four living units operated by the continuing care retirement community, exclusive of nursing home beds; and
- (vii) Has obtained a professional review of pricing and long-term solvency within the prior five years which was fully disclosed to members.
  - (b) A continuing care retirement community shall not be exempt under this subsection from obtaining a certificate of need unless:
  - (i) It has submitted an application for exemption at least thirty days prior to commencing construction of, is submitting an application for the licensure of, or is commencing operation of a nursing home, whichever comes first; and
  - (ii) The application documents to the department that the continuing care retirement community qualifies for exemption.
    - (c) The sale, lease, acquisition, or use of part or all of a continuing care retirement community nursing home that qualifies for exemption under this subsection shall require prior certificate of need approval to qualify for licensure as a nursing home unless the department determines such sale, lease, acquisition, or use is by a continuing care retirement community that meets the conditions of (a) of this subsection.
    - (6) A rural hospital, as defined by the department, reducing the number of licensed beds to become a rural primary care hospital under the provisions of Part A Title XVIII of the Social Security Act Section 1820, 42 U.S.C., 1395c et seq. may, within three years of the reduction of beds licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, increase the number of licensed beds to no more than the previously licensed number without being subject to the provisions of this chapter.

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(7) A rural health care facility licensed under RCW 70.175.100 formerly licensed as a hospital under chapter 70.41 RCW may, within three years of the effective date of the rural health care facility license, apply to the department for a hospital license and not be subject to the requirements of RCW 70.38.105(4)(a) as the construction, development, or other establishment of a new hospital, provided there is no increase in the number of beds previously licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW and there is no redistribution in the number of beds used for acute care or long-term care, the rural health care facility has been in continuous operation, and the rural health care facility has not been purchased or leased.

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- (8)(a) A nursing home that voluntarily reduces the number of its licensed beds to provide assisted living, licensed assisted living facility care, adult day care, adult day health, respite care, hospice, outpatient therapy services, congregate meals, home health, or senior wellness clinic, or to reduce to one or two the number of beds per room or to otherwise enhance the quality of life for residents in the nursing home, may convert the original facility or portion of the facility back, and thereby increase the number of nursing home beds to no more than the previously licensed number of nursing home beds without obtaining a certificate of need under this chapter, provided the facility has been in continuous operation and has not been Any conversion to the original licensed bed purchased or leased. capacity, or to any portion thereof, shall comply with the same life and safety code requirements as existed at the time the nursing home voluntarily reduced its licensed beds; unless waivers from such requirements were issued, in which case the converted beds shall reflect the conditions or standards that then existed pursuant to the approved waivers.
- (b) To convert beds back to nursing home beds under this subsection, the nursing home must:
  - (i) Give notice of its intent to preserve conversion options to the department of health no later than thirty days after the effective date of the license reduction; and
  - (ii) Give notice to the department of health and to the department of social and health services of the intent to convert beds back. If construction is required for the conversion of beds back, the notice of intent to convert beds back must be given, at a minimum, one year prior

to the effective date of license modification reflecting the restored beds; otherwise, the notice must be given a minimum of ninety days prior to the effective date of license modification reflecting the restored beds. Prior to any license modification to convert beds back to nursing home beds under this section, the licensee must demonstrate that the nursing home meets the certificate of need exemption requirements of this section.

The term "construction," as used in (b)(ii) of this subsection, is limited to those projects that are expected to equal or exceed the expenditure minimum amount, as determined under this chapter.

- (c) Conversion of beds back under this subsection must be completed no later than four years after the effective date of the license reduction. However, for good cause shown, the four-year period for conversion may be extended by the department of health for one additional four-year period.
- (d) Nursing home beds that have been voluntarily reduced under this section shall be counted as available nursing home beds for the purpose of evaluating need under RCW 70.38.115(2) (a) and (k) so long as the facility retains the ability to convert them back to nursing home use under the terms of this section.
- (e) When a building owner has secured an interest in the nursing home beds, which are intended to be voluntarily reduced by the licensee under (a) of this subsection, the applicant shall provide the department with a written statement indicating the building owner's approval of the bed reduction.
- (9)(a) The department shall not require a certificate of need for a hospice agency if:
- (i) The hospice agency is designed to serve the unique religious or cultural needs of a religious group or an ethnic minority and commits to furnishing hospice services in a manner specifically aimed at meeting the unique religious or cultural needs of the religious group or ethnic minority;
  - (ii) The hospice agency is operated by an organization that:
- (A) Operates a facility, or group of facilities, that offers a comprehensive continuum of long-term care services, including, at a minimum, a licensed, medicare-certified nursing home, assisted living, independent living, day health, and various community-based support

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services, designed to meet the unique social, cultural, and religious needs of a specific cultural and ethnic minority group;

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- (B) Has operated the facility or group of facilities for at least ten continuous years prior to the establishment of the hospice agency;
- (iii) The hospice agency commits to coordinating with existing hospice programs in its community when appropriate;
- (iv) The hospice agency has a census of no more than forty patients;
- (v) The hospice agency commits to obtaining and maintaining medicare certification; 10
- (vi) The hospice agency only serves patients located in the same 11 12 county as the majority of the long-term care services offered by the 13 organization that operates the agency; and
- 14 (vii) The hospice agency is not sold or transferred to another 15 agency.
- (b) The department shall include the patient census for an agency 16 exempted under this subsection (9) in its calculations for future 17 certificate of need applications. 18

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