SENATE BILL 5486

State of Washington 63rd Legislature 2013 Regular Session

By Senators Kline, Shin, and Nelson

Read first time 01/31/13. Referred to Committee on Human Services & Corrections.

AN ACT Relating to partial and total confinement options for offenders; amending RCW 9.94A.030, 9.94A.190, 9.94A.704, 9.94A.728, 9.94A.731, and 72.65.010; adding new sections to chapter 72.65 RCW; creating a new section; and repealing RCW 9.94A.734.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 Sec. 1. RCW 9.94A.030 and 2012 c 143 s 1 are each amended to read 7 as follows:

8 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 9 this section apply throughout this chapter.

10 (1) "Board" means the indeterminate sentence review board created 11 under chapter 9.95 RCW.

(2) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or 12 "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department, 13 means that the department, either directly or through a collection 14 15 agreement authorized by RCW 9.94A.760, is responsible for monitoring 16 and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, 17 18 consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the 19 superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.

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(3) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.

2 (4) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the
3 department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in
4 supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence
5 conditions.

6 (5) "Community custody" means that portion of an offender's 7 sentence of confinement in lieu of earned release time or imposed as 8 part of a sentence under this chapter and served in the community 9 subject to controls placed on the offender's movement and activities by 10 the department.

(6) "Community protection zone" means the area within eight hundred eighty feet of the facilities and grounds of a public or private school.

14 (7) "Community restitution" means compulsory service, without 15 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the 16 offender.

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(8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement.

(9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Title
10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and
acceptance of a plea of guilty.

21 (10) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court 22 prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be 23 24 construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to 25 participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform 26 affirmative conduct. However, affirmative acts necessary to monitor 27 compliance with the order of a court may be required by the department. 28 (11) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior

29 convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in 30 federal court, or elsewhere.

31 (a) The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) 32 whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and 33 terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and 34 the length of incarceration.

(b) A conviction may be removed from a defendant's criminal history only if it is vacated pursuant to RCW 9.96.060, 9.94A.640, 9.95.240, or a similar out-of-state statute, or if the conviction has been vacated pursuant to a governor's pardon.

1 (c) The determination of a defendant's criminal history is distinct 2 from the determination of an offender score. A prior conviction that 3 was not included in an offender score calculated pursuant to a former 4 version of the sentencing reform act remains part of the defendant's 5 criminal history.

6 (12) "Criminal street gang" means any ongoing organization, 7 association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal or 8 informal, having a common name or common identifying sign or symbol, having as one of its primary activities the commission of criminal 9 10 acts, and whose members or associates individually or collectively engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal street gang 11 12 activity. This definition does not apply to employees engaged in 13 concerted activities for their mutual aid and protection, or to the 14 activities of labor and bona fide nonprofit organizations or their 15 members or agents.

16 (13) "Criminal street gang associate or member" means any person 17 who actively participates in any criminal street gang and who 18 intentionally promotes, furthers, or assists in any criminal act by the 19 criminal street gang.

(14) "Criminal street gang-related offense" means any felony or misdemeanor offense, whether in this state or elsewhere, that is committed for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang, or is committed with the intent to promote, further, or assist in any criminal conduct by the gang, or is committed for one or more of the following reasons:

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(a) To gain admission, prestige, or promotion within the gang;

(b) To increase or maintain the gang's size, membership, prestige,
dominance, or control in any geographical area;

29 (c) To exact revenge or retribution for the gang or any member of 30 the gang;

(d) To obstruct justice, or intimidate or eliminate any witness
 against the gang or any member of the gang;

(e) To directly or indirectly cause any benefit, aggrandizement,
 gain, profit, or other advantage for the gang, its reputation,
 influence, or membership; or

36 (f) To provide the gang with any advantage in, or any control or 37 dominance over any criminal market sector, including, but not limited 38 to, manufacturing, delivering, or selling any controlled substance

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1 (chapter 69.50 RCW); arson (chapter 9A.48 RCW); trafficking in stolen 2 property (chapter 9A.82 RCW); promoting prostitution (chapter 9A.88 3 RCW); human trafficking (RCW 9A.40.100); promoting commercial sexual 4 abuse of a minor (RCW 9.68A.101); or promoting pornography (chapter 5 9.68 RCW).

6 (15) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing court that 7 equals the difference between the offender's net daily income and the 8 reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the 9 offender and any dependents.

10 (16) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision 11 designed to monitor the offender's daily activities and compliance with 12 sentence conditions, and in which the offender is required to report 13 daily to a specific location designated by the department or the 14 sentencing court.

15 (17) "Department" means the department of corrections.

(18) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with 16 exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total 17 18 confinement, of partial confinement, of community custody, the number of actual hours or days of community restitution work, or dollars or 19 terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender 20 21 through earned release can reduce the actual period of confinement 22 shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate 23 sentence.

(19) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an 24 offender remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any 25 26 amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this 27 definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal 28 services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or 29 otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the 30 payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically 31 32 includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made 33 under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, 34 35 or Title 74 RCW.

36 (20) "Domestic violence" has the same meaning as defined in RCW37 10.99.020 and 26.50.010.

(21) "Drug offender sentencing alternative" is a sentencing option
 available to persons convicted of a felony offense other than a violent
 offense or a sex offense and who are eligible for the option under RCW
 9.94A.660.

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(22) "Drug offense" means:

6 (a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of
7 a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.4013) or forged prescription for a
8 controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);

9 (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates 10 to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a 11 controlled substance; or

12 (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws 13 of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) 14 of this subsection.

15 (23) "Earned release" means earned release from confinement as 16 provided in RCW 9.94A.728.

17 (24) <u>"Electronic monitoring" means the monitoring of an offender</u> 18 <u>using an electronic offender tracking system including, but not limited</u> 19 <u>to, a system using radio frequency or active or passive global</u> 20 <u>positioning system technology.</u>

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<u>(25)</u> "Escape" means:

(a) Sexually violent predator escape (RCW 9A.76.115), escape in the
first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW
9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060),
willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful
failure to be available for supervision by the department while in
community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that
under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape
under (a) of this subsection.

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(((25))) <u>(26)</u> "Felony traffic offense" means:

(a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW
46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), felony hit-andrun injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)), felony driving while under the
influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502(6)), or
felony physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of
intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504(6)); or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that
 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony
 traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

4 (((26))) <u>(27)</u> "Fine" means a specific sum of money ordered by the 5 sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a 6 specific period of time.

7 (((27))) <u>(28)</u> "First-time offender" means any person who has no 8 prior convictions for a felony and is eligible for the first-time 9 offender waiver under RCW 9.94A.650.

10 (((28))) <u>(29)</u> "Home detention" means a program of partial 11 confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is <u>subject to</u> 12 <u>electronic monitoring and</u> confined in a private residence ((subject to 13 electronic surveillance)) <u>or other facility utilized under contract by</u> 14 <u>the state</u>.

15 (((29))) <u>(30)</u> "Homelessness" or "homeless" means a condition where 16 an individual lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence 17 and who has a primary nighttime residence that is:

(a) A supervised, publicly or privately operated shelter designedto provide temporary living accommodations;

(b) A public or private place not designed for, or ordinarily usedas, a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings; or

(c) A private residence where the individual stays as a transient invitee.

24 ((((30))) <u>(31)</u> "Legal financial obligation" means a sum of money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for 25 26 legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the 27 victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal 28 29 drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, 30 fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender as a result of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for 31 vehicular assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or 32 any drug, RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the 33 influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), 34 35 legal financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency 36 of the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in 37 the conviction, subject to RCW 38.52.430.

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((((31))) (32) "Minor child" means a biological or adopted child of 1 2 the offender who is under age eighteen at the time of the offender's current offense. 3 4 ((((32))) <u>(33)</u> "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies or a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies: 5 (a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or б criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A 7 8 felony; 9 (b) Assault in the second degree; 10 (c) Assault of a child in the second degree; (d) Child molestation in the second degree; 11 12 (e) Controlled substance homicide; 13 (f) Extortion in the first degree; (g) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen; 14 (h) Indecent liberties; 15 (i) Kidnapping in the second degree; 16 17 (j) Leading organized crime; (k) Manslaughter in the first degree; 18 (1) Manslaughter in the second degree; 19 (m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree; 20 21 (n) Rape in the third degree; 22 (o) Robbery in the second degree; 23 (p) Sexual exploitation; 24 (q) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor 25 26 or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a reckless 27 manner; (r) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of 28 any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating 29 liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of 30 any vehicle in a reckless manner; 31 (s) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual 32 motivation; 33 (t) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 34 35 9.94A.825; 36 (u) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2, 37 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this

1 subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense
2 that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a
3 most serious offense under this subsection;

4 (v)(i) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c), chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess. 5 as it existed until July 1, 1979, RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c) as 6 7 it existed from July 1, 1979, until June 11, 1986, and RCW 9A.44.100(1) 8 (a), (b), and (d) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988; A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 9 (ii) 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988, 10 if: (A) The crime was committed against a child under the age of 11 12 fourteen; or (B) the relationship between the victim and perpetrator is 13 included in the definition of indecent liberties under RCW 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from July 1, 1988, through July 27, 1997, 14 or RCW 9A.44.100(1) (d) or (e) as it existed from July 25, 1993, 15 16 through July 27, 1997;

(w) Any out-of-state conviction for a felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation if the minimum sentence imposed was ten years or more; provided that the out-of-state felony offense must be comparable to a felony offense under this title and Title 9A RCW and the out-ofstate definition of sexual motivation must be comparable to the definition of sexual motivation contained in this section.

23 (((33))) <u>(34)</u> "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a 24 violent offense.

(((34))) (35) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony 25 26 established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is less than eighteen years of age but whose case is under superior court 27 jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the 28 29 appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 30 In addition, for the purpose of community custody 13.40.110. requirements under this chapter, "offender" also means a misdemeanant 31 32 or gross misdemeanant probationer ordered by a superior court to probation pursuant to RCW 9.92.060, 9.95.204, or 33 9.95.210 and supervised by the department pursuant to RCW 9.94A.501 and 9.94A.5011. 34 35 Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and "defendant" are used 36 interchangeably.

37 (((35))) <u>(36)</u> "Partial confinement" means confinement for ((no more 38 than one year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under

1 contract by the state or any other unit of government, or, if)) a
2 substantial portion of each day in an approved residence, institution,
3 or facility utilized under contract by the state with the balance of
4 the day spent in the community. Partial confinement may include:

5 <u>(a) H</u>ome detention or work crew ((has been)) ordered by the court 6 ((or));

7 (b) Home detention ((has been)) ordered by the department as part 8 of the parenting program((, in an approved residence, for a substantial 9 portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. 10 Partial confinement includes)); and

11 (c) Work release, ((home detention,)) work crew, ((and a)) home 12 detention, or any combination ((of work crew and home detention)) 13 thereof, ordered by the department and consistent with the provisions 14 of this chapter and chapter 72.65 RCW.

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(((36))) <u>(37)</u> "Pattern of criminal street gang activity" means:

16 (a) The commission, attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation of, or any 17 prior juvenile adjudication of or adult conviction of, two or more of 18 the following criminal street gang-related offenses:

(i) Any "serious violent" felony offense as defined in this section, excluding Homicide by Abuse (RCW 9A.32.055) and Assault of a Child 1 (RCW 9A.36.120);

(ii) Any "violent" offense as defined by this section, excluding
Assault of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.36.130);

24 (iii) Deliver or Possession with Intent to Deliver a Controlled25 Substance (chapter 69.50 RCW);

26 (iv) Any violation of the firearms and dangerous weapon act 27 (chapter 9.41 RCW);

28 (v) Theft of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300);

29 (vi) Possession of a Stolen Firearm (RCW 9A.56.310);

30 (vii) Malicious Harassment (RCW 9A.36.080);

31 (viii) Harassment where a subsequent violation or deadly threat is 32 made (RCW 9A.46.020(2)(b));

(ix) Criminal Gang Intimidation (RCW 9A.46.120);

34 (x) Any felony conviction by a person eighteen years of age or
 35 older with a special finding of involving a juvenile in a felony
 36 offense under RCW 9.94A.833;

37 (xi) Residential Burglary (RCW 9A.52.025);

38 (xii) Burglary 2 (RCW 9A.52.030);

- 1 (xiii) Malicious Mischief 1 (RCW 9A.48.070);
- 2 (xiv) Malicious Mischief 2 (RCW 9A.48.080);
- 3 (xv) Theft of a Motor Vehicle (RCW 9A.56.065);
- 4 (xvi) Possession of a Stolen Motor Vehicle (RCW 9A.56.068);
- 5 (xvii) Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1 (RCW 9A.56.070);

6 (xviii) Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2 (RCW 7 9A.56.075);

- 8 (xix) Extortion 1 (RCW 9A.56.120);
- 9 (xx) Extortion 2 (RCW 9A.56.130);
- 10 (xxi) Intimidating a Witness (RCW 9A.72.110);

11 (xxii) Tampering with a Witness (RCW 9A.72.120);

- 12 (xxiii) Reckless Endangerment (RCW 9A.36.050);
- 13 (xxiv) Coercion (RCW 9A.36.070);
- 14 (xxv) Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020); or
- 15 (xxvi) Malicious Mischief 3 (RCW 9A.48.090);

16 (b) That at least one of the offenses listed in (a) of this 17 subsection shall have occurred after July 1, 2008;

(c) That the most recent committed offense listed in (a) of this
subsection occurred within three years of a prior offense listed in (a)
of this subsection; and

(d) Of the offenses that were committed in (a) of this subsection, the offenses occurred on separate occasions or were committed by two or more persons.

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(((37))) <u>(38)</u> "Persistent offender" is an offender who:

25 (a)(i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered a 26 most serious offense; and

27 (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate 28 occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under 29 the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and 30 would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.525; provided 31 32 that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most 33 serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or 34

(b)(i) Has been convicted of: (A) Rape in the first degree, rape of a child in the first degree, child molestation in the first degree, rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the second degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) any of the following offenses with a finding of sexual motivation: Murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, homicide by abuse, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, assault in the first degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the first degree, assault of a child in the second degree, or burglary in the first degree; or (C) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection (((37))) (38)(b)(i); and

(ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of this 8 9 subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in (b)(i) of 10 this subsection or any federal or out-of-state offense or offense under 11 12 prior Washington law that is comparable to the offenses listed in 13 (b)(i) of this subsection. A conviction for rape of a child in the first degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this subsection 14 only when the offender was sixteen years of age or older when the 15 offender committed the offense. A conviction for rape of a child in 16 the second degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this 17 subsection only when the offender was eighteen years of age or older 18 19 when the offender committed the offense.

20 (((38))) <u>(39)</u> "Predatory" means: (a) The perpetrator of the crime 21 was a stranger to the victim, as defined in this section; (b) the 22 perpetrator established or promoted a relationship with the victim prior to the offense and the victimization of the victim was a 23 24 significant reason the perpetrator established or promoted the 25 relationship; or (c) the perpetrator was: (i) A teacher, counselor, 26 volunteer, or other person in authority in any public or private school 27 and the victim was a student of the school under his or her authority or supervision. For purposes of this subsection, "school" does not 28 include home-based instruction as defined in RCW 28A.225.010; (ii) a 29 30 coach, trainer, volunteer, or other person in authority in any recreational activity and the victim was a participant in the activity 31 32 under his or her authority or supervision; (iii) a pastor, elder, volunteer, or other person in authority in any church or religious 33 organization, and the victim was a member or participant of the 34 35 organization under his or her authority; or (iv) a teacher, counselor, 36 volunteer, or other person in authority providing home-based 37 instruction and the victim was a student receiving home-based 38 instruction while under his or her authority or supervision. For

purposes of this subsection: (A) "Home-based instruction" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 28A.225.010; and (B) "teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person in authority" does not include the parent or legal guardian of the victim.

5 (((39))) (40) "Private school" means a school regulated under
6 chapter 28A.195 or 28A.205 RCW.

7 (((40))) (41) "Public school" has the same meaning as in RCW
8 28A.150.010.

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(((41))) <u>(42)</u> "Repetitive domestic violence offense" means any:

10 (a)(i) Domestic violence assault that is not a felony offense under 11 RCW 9A.36.041;

12 (ii) Domestic violence violation of a no-contact order under 13 chapter 10.99 RCW that is not a felony offense;

(iii) Domestic violence violation of a protection order under
 chapter 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, or 26.50 RCW that is not a felony offense;
 (iv) Domestic violence harassment offense under RCW 9A.46.020 that

17 is not a felony offense; or

18 (v) Domestic violence stalking offense under RCW 9A.46.110 that is 19 not a felony offense; or

(b) Any federal, out-of-state, tribal court, military, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a repetitive domestic violence offense under (a) of this subsection.

(((42))) <u>(43)</u> "Restitution" means a specific sum of money ordered by the sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a specified period of time as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs.

(((43))) <u>(44)</u> "Risk assessment" means the application of the risk instrument recommended to the department by the Washington state institute for public policy as having the highest degree of predictive accuracy for assessing an offender's risk of reoffense.

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(((44))) <u>(45)</u> "Serious traffic offense" means:

(a) Nonfelony driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), nonfelony actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or

- (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for
 an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a
 serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 4 (((45))) <u>(46)</u> "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent 5 offense and means:
- 6 (a)(i) Murder in the first degree;
- 7 (ii) Homicide by abuse;
- 8 (iii) Murder in the second degree;
- 9 (iv) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 10 (v) Assault in the first degree;
- 11 (vi) Kidnapping in the first degree;
- 12 (vii) Rape in the first degree;
- 13 (viii) Assault of a child in the first degree; or
- 14 (ix) An attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to 15 commit one of these felonies; or
- 16 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 17 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious 18 violent offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 19 (((46))) <u>(47)</u> "Sex offense" means:
- 20 (a)(i) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW other than 21 RCW 9A.44.132;
- 22 (ii) A violation of RCW 9A.64.020;
- 23 (iii) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9.68A RCW other than 24 RCW 9.68A.080;
- (iv) A felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt,
 criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes; or
- (v) A felony violation of RCW 9A.44.132(1) (failure to register) if the person has been convicted of violating RCW 9A.44.132(1) (failure to register) on at least one prior occasion;
- 30 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior 31 to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a sex 32 offense in (a) of this subsection;
- 33 (c) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 34 9.94A.835 or 13.40.135; or
- 35 (d) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 36 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex 37 offense under (a) of this subsection.

1 (((47))) (48) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes
2 for which the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his
3 or her sexual gratification.

4 (((48))) <u>(49)</u> "Standard sentence range" means the sentencing 5 court's discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.

6 (((49))) (50) "Statutory maximum sentence" means the maximum length
7 of time for which an offender may be confined as punishment for a crime
8 as prescribed in chapter 9A.20 RCW, RCW 9.92.010, the statute defining
9 the crime, or other statute defining the maximum penalty for a crime.

10 (((50))) (51) "Stranger" means that the victim did not know the 11 offender twenty-four hours before the offense.

12 (((51))) <u>(52)</u> "Total confinement" means confinement inside the 13 physical boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized 14 under contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-15 four hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.

16 (((52))) (53) "Transition training" means written and verbal 17 instructions and assistance provided by the department to the offender 18 during the two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of 19 the work ethic camp program. The transition training shall include 20 instructions in the offender's requirements and obligations during the 21 offender's period of community custody.

(((53))) <u>(54)</u> "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged.

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- (((54))) <u>(55)</u> "Violent offense" means:
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- (a) Any of the following felonies:

(i) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or anattempt to commit a class A felony;

29 (ii) Criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a 30 class A felony;

31 (iii) Manslaughter in the first degree;

- 32 (iv) Manslaughter in the second degree;
- 33 (v) Indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion;
- 34 (vi) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 35 (vii) Arson in the second degree;
- 36 (viii) Assault in the second degree;
- 37 (ix) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 38 (x) Extortion in the first degree;

1 (xi) Robbery in the second degree;

2 (xii) Drive-by shooting;

3 (xiii) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving 4 of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating 5 liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a 6 reckless manner; and

7 (xiv) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of 8 any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating 9 liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of 10 any vehicle in a reckless manner;

(b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and

(c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that
under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent
offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.

17 (((55))) <u>(56)</u> "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement 18 consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community 19 that complies with RCW 9.94A.725.

((((56)))) <u>(57)</u> "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration 20 21 program as provided in RCW 9.94A.690 designed to reduce recidivism and 22 lower the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a 23 comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences, 24 character-building work ethics training, life management skills development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy 25 26 training, and basic adult education.

27 (((57))) <u>(58)</u> "Work release" means a program of partial confinement 28 available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a 29 regular course of study at school.

30 **Sec. 2.** RCW 9.94A.190 and 2010 c 224 s 10 are each amended to read 31 as follows:

32 (1) A sentence that includes a term or terms of confinement 33 totaling more than one year shall be served in a facility or 34 institution operated, or utilized under contract, by the state, or in 35 home detention pursuant to RCW 9.94A.6551. Except as provided in 36 subsection (3) or (((5))) (6) of this section, a sentence of not more 37 than one year of confinement shall be served in a facility operated, licensed, or utilized under contract, by the county, or if home detention or work crew has been ordered by the court, in the residence of either the offender or a member of the offender's immediate family.

4 (2) If a county uses a state partial confinement facility for the partial confinement of a person sentenced to confinement for not more 5 than one year, the county shall reimburse the state for the use of the б The office of financial 7 facility as provided in this subsection. 8 management shall set the rate of reimbursement based upon the average per diem cost per offender in the facility. The office of financial 9 management shall determine to what extent, if any, reimbursement shall 10 11 be reduced or eliminated because of funds provided by the legislature 12 to the department for the purpose of covering the cost of county use of 13 state partial confinement facilities. The office of financial management shall reestablish reimbursement rates each even-numbered 14 15 year.

(3) A person who is sentenced for a felony to a term of not more 16 17 than one year, and who is committed or returned to incarceration in a 18 state facility on another felony conviction, either under the 19 indeterminate sentencing laws, chapter 9.95 RCW, or under this chapter shall serve all terms of confinement, including a sentence of not more 20 21 than one year, in a facility or institution operated, or utilized under 22 contract, by the state, consistent with the provisions of RCW 23 9.94A.589.

(4) If an offender has less than one hundred twenty days to serve
of his or her sentence at the time when the offender would otherwise be
transferred to a state correctional facility, the offender shall serve
the remainder of his or her sentence in the local correctional
facility.

29 (a) The department may make an exception if the offender has a 30 medical condition that would best be served in a state correctional 31 facility.

32 (b) The department shall compensate the local jurisdiction at the 33 office of financial management's adjudicated rate in accordance with 34 RCW 70.48.440 for the time period the offender would have served in a 35 state correctional facility.

36 (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a sentence 37 imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.660 which has a standard sentence range of over one year, regardless of length, shall be served in a facility
 or institution operated, or utilized under contract, by the state.

3 (((5))) <u>(6)</u> Sentences imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.507 shall be 4 served in a facility or institution operated, or utilized under 5 contract, by the state.

6 **Sec. 3.** RCW 9.94A.704 and 2012 1st sp.s. c 6 s 3 are each amended 7 to read as follows:

8 (1) Every person who is sentenced to a period of community custody 9 shall report to and be placed under the supervision of the department, 10 subject to RCW 9.94A.501.

(2)(a) The department shall assess the offender's risk of reoffense and may establish and modify additional conditions of community custody based upon the risk to community safety.

(b) Within the funds available for community custody, the department shall determine conditions on the basis of risk to community safety, and shall supervise offenders during community custody on the basis of risk to community safety and conditions imposed by the court. The secretary shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of this subsection (2)(b).

20 (3) If the offender is supervised by the department, the department 21 shall at a minimum instruct the offender to:

(a) Report as directed to a community corrections officer;

(b) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries;

24 (c) Notify the community corrections officer of any change in the 25 offender's address or employment;

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(d) Pay the supervision fee assessment; and

(e) Disclose the fact of supervision to any mental health or
 chemical dependency treatment provider, as required by RCW 9.94A.722.

(4) The department may require the offender to participate in rehabilitative programs, or otherwise perform affirmative conduct, and to obey all laws.

(5) If the offender was sentenced pursuant to a conviction for a sex offense, the department may impose electronic monitoring. Within the resources made available by the department for this purpose, the department shall carry out any electronic monitoring using the most appropriate technology given the individual circumstances of the offender. ((As used in this section, "electronic monitoring" means the 1 monitoring of an offender using an electronic offender tracking system
2 including, but not limited to, a system using radio frequency or active
3 or passive global positioning system technology.))

4 (6) The department may not impose conditions that are contrary to 5 those ordered by the court and may not contravene or decrease court-6 imposed conditions.

7 (7)(a) The department shall notify the offender in writing of any8 additional conditions or modifications.

9 (b) By the close of the next business day after receiving notice of 10 a condition imposed or modified by the department, an offender may 11 request an administrative review under rules adopted by the department. 12 The condition shall remain in effect unless the reviewing officer finds 13 that it is not reasonably related to the crime of conviction, the 14 offender's risk of reoffending, or the safety of the community.

15 (8) The department shall notify the offender in writing upon 16 community custody intake of the department's violation process.

17 (9) The department may require offenders to pay for special 18 services rendered including electronic monitoring, day reporting, and 19 telephone reporting, dependent on the offender's ability to pay. The 20 department may pay for these services for offenders who are not able to 21 pay.

(10)(a) When a sex offender has been sentenced pursuant to RCW 9.94A.507, the department shall assess the offender's risk of recidivism and shall recommend to the board any additional or modified conditions based upon the offender's risk to community safety and may recommend affirmative conduct or electronic monitoring consistent with subsections (4) through (6) of this section.

(b) The board may impose conditions in addition to court-ordered conditions. The board must consider and may impose departmentrecommended conditions.

(c) By the close of the next business day, after receiving notice of a condition imposed by the board or the department, an offender may request an administrative hearing under rules adopted by the board. The condition shall remain in effect unless the hearing examiner finds that it is not reasonably related to any of the following:

- 36 (i) The crime of conviction;
- 37 (ii) The offender's risk of reoffending;
- 38 (iii) The safety of the community.

(d) If the department finds that an emergency exists requiring the 1 2 immediate imposition of additional conditions in order to prevent the offender from committing a crime, the department may impose such 3 4 conditions. The department may not impose conditions that are contrary 5 to those set by the board or the court and may not contravene or decrease court-imposed or board-imposed conditions. Conditions imposed б 7 under this subsection shall take effect immediately after notice to the 8 offender by personal service, but shall not remain in effect longer than seven working days unless approved by the board. 9

10 (11) In setting, modifying, and enforcing conditions of community 11 custody, the department shall be deemed to be performing a 12 quasi-judicial function.

13 Sec. 4. RCW 9.94A.728 and 2010 c 224 s 6 are each amended to read 14 as follows:

No person serving a sentence imposed pursuant to this chapter and committed to the custody of the department shall leave the confines of the correctional facility or be released prior to the expiration of the sentence except as follows:

(1) An offender may earn early release time as authorized by RCW9.94A.729;

(2) An offender may leave a correctional facility pursuant to an authorized furlough or leave of absence. In addition, offenders may leave a correctional facility when in the custody of a corrections officer or officers;

25 (3)(a) The secretary may authorize an extraordinary medical 26 placement for an offender when all of the following conditions exist:

(i) The offender has a medical condition that is serious and isexpected to require costly care or treatment;

(ii) The offender poses a low risk to the community because he or she is currently physically incapacitated due to age or the medical condition or is expected to be so at the time of release; and

32 (iii) It is expected that granting the extraordinary medical 33 placement will result in a cost savings to the state.

(b) An offender sentenced to death or to life imprisonment without
 the possibility of release or parole is not eligible for an
 extraordinary medical placement.

1 (c) The secretary shall require electronic monitoring for all 2 offenders in extraordinary medical placement unless the electronic 3 monitoring equipment interferes with the function of the offender's 4 medical equipment or results in the loss of funding for the offender's 5 medical care, in which case, an alternative type of monitoring shall be 6 utilized. The secretary shall specify who shall provide the monitoring 7 services and the terms under which the monitoring shall be performed.

8 (d) The secretary may revoke an extraordinary medical placement 9 under this subsection at any time.

10 (e) Persistent offenders are not eligible for extraordinary medical 11 placement;

12 (4) The governor, upon recommendation from the clemency and pardons 13 board, may grant an extraordinary release for reasons of serious health 14 problems, senility, advanced age, extraordinary meritorious acts, or 15 other extraordinary circumstances;

(5) No more than the final ((six)) twelve months of the offender's 16 17 term of confinement may be served in partial confinement ((designed to 18 aid the offender in finding work and reestablishing himself or herself in the community or no more than the final twelve months of the 19 20 offender's term of confinement may be served in partial confinement as 21 part of the parenting program in RCW 9.94A.6551. This is in addition 22 to that period of earned early release time that may be exchanged for 23 partial confinement pursuant to RCW 9.94A.729(5)(d));

24

(6) The governor may pardon any offender;

25 (7) The department may release an offender from confinement any 26 time within ten days before a release date calculated under this 27 section;

(8) An offender may leave a correctional facility prior to completion of his or her sentence if the sentence has been reduced as provided in RCW 9.94A.870; and

(9) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, an offender sentenced for a felony crime listed in RCW 9.94A.540 as subject to a mandatory minimum sentence of total confinement shall not be released from total confinement before the completion of the listed mandatory minimum sentence for that felony crime of conviction unless allowed under RCW 9.94A.540. 1 Sec. 5. RCW 9.94A.731 and 2009 c 28 s 13 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

3 (1) An offender ((sentenced to)) serving a term of partial 4 confinement shall be confined in ((the)) a facility, institution, or residence for at least eight hours per day ((or, if serving a work crew 5 6 sentence shall comply with the conditions of that sentence as set forth in RCW 9.94A.030 and 9.94A.725)). The offender shall be required as a 7 8 condition of partial confinement to report to the facility, 9 institution, or residence at designated times. During the period of 10 partial confinement, an offender may be required to comply with crime-11 related prohibitions and affirmative conditions imposed by the court or 12 the department pursuant to this chapter.

13 (2) ((An offender in a county jail ordered to serve all or part of a term of less than one year in work release, work crew, or a program 14 15 of home detention who violates the rules of the work release facility, work crew, or program of home detention or fails to remain employed or 16 17 enrolled in school may be transferred to the appropriate county 18 detention facility without further court order but shall, upon request, 19 be notified of the right to request an administrative hearing on the 20 issue of whether or not the offender failed to comply with the order 21 and relevant conditions. Pending such hearing, or in the absence of a 22 request for the hearing, the offender shall serve the remainder of the term of confinement as total confinement. This subsection shall not 23 24 affect transfer or placement of offenders committed to the department.

25 (3)) Participation in work release shall be conditioned upon the 26 offender attending work or school at regularly defined hours and 27 abiding by the rules of the work release facility.

28 (3) An offender on home detention shall be placed on electronic 29 monitoring and must participate in programming and treatment that the 30 department determines is needed. The department shall assign a 31 community corrections officer who will monitor the offender's 32 compliance with conditions of partial confinement and programming 33 requirements.

34 (4) The department has the authority to return any offender serving
 35 partial confinement to total confinement if the offender is not
 36 complying with sentence requirements.

37 (5) An offender in a county jail ordered to serve all or part of a
 38 term of less than one year in work release, work crew, or a program of

home detention who violates the rules of the work release facility, 1 2 work crew, or program of home detention or fails to remain employed or enrolled in school may be transferred to the appropriate county 3 detention facility without further court order but shall, upon request, 4 be notified of the right to request an administrative hearing on the 5 issue of whether or not the offender failed to comply with the order б and relevant conditions. Pending the hearing, or in the absence of a 7 request for the hearing, the offender shall serve the remainder of the 8 term of confinement as total confinement. This subsection does not 9 affect transfer or placement of offenders committed to the department. 10 11 Sec. 6. RCW 72.65.010 and 1992 c 7 s 56 are each amended to read 12 as follows: 13 As used in this chapter, the following terms shall have the 14 following meanings: (1) "Department" shall mean the department of corrections. 15 16 (2) "Secretary" shall mean the secretary of corrections. (3) "State correctional institutions" shall mean and include all 17

18 state adult correctional facilities established pursuant to law under 19 the jurisdiction of the department for the treatment of convicted 20 felons sentenced to a term of confinement.

(4) "Prisoner" shall mean a person either male or female, convicted of a felony and sentenced by the superior court to a term of confinement and treatment in a state correctional institution under the jurisdiction of the department.

(5) "Superintendent" shall mean the superintendent of a state
 correctional institution, camp or other facility now or hereafter
 established under the jurisdiction of the department pursuant to law.

(6) "Partial confinement" has the same meaning as provided in RCW
 9.94A.030.

30 <u>(7) "Transitional housing facility" means a facility utilized under</u> 31 <u>contract by the department to provide housing exclusively to offenders</u> 32 <u>on partial confinement under the provisions of this chapter.</u>

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 72.65 RCW 34 to read as follows:

35 (1) Within amounts appropriated for this purpose, the department is

authorized to enter into contracts with private or public entities to provide transitional housing facilities for offenders who may be transferred to partial confinement.

4 (2) The entity must be able to provide transition support that 5 enables an offender to participate in evidence-based programming or 6 services including, but not limited to, substance abuse treatment, 7 mental health treatment, sex offender treatment, educational 8 programming, or employment programming.

9 (3) Contracts for transitional housing facilities shall provide 10 for:

11

(a) Physical housing standards to ensure safe and quality housing;

(b) Procedures for facilitated communication between the entity and the assigned community corrections officer for offenders housed in the facility; and

15 (c) Annual examinations to be conducted by the department to ensure 16 compliance with contractual standards.

17 (4) The secretary may contract for the payment of the cost of 18 feeding and other expenses of participants in the transitional housing 19 program.

(5) Contracts may include any other terms and conditions as may beappropriate for the implementation of the transitional housing program.

(6) An entity that provides a transitional housing facility is not liable for civil damages arising from the criminal conduct of an offender to any greater extent than a regular tenant, and no special duties are created under this section.

(7) The location of transitional housing facilities is subject to
the zoning laws of the city or county in which they may be situated and
the siting provisions under this chapter.

(8) All state agencies shall cooperate with the department in the administration of the transitional housing program as provided by this chapter.

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 72.65 RCW 33 to read as follows:

34 (1) The department shall establish, by rule, inmate eligibility35 standards for participation in the transitional housing program.

36 (2) In addition, the department shall: (a) Supervise and consult37 with transitional housing program participants;

1 (b) Establish a written treatment plan best suited to the 2 participant's needs, cost, and the relationship of community 3 corrections officers to a system of case management;

4

(c) Place each participant on electronic monitoring; and

5 (d) Assist participants in locating available employment or 6 vocational training opportunities and require participants to attend 7 work or school at regularly defined hours.

8

(3) The department may:

9 (a) Provide participants, as necessary, with transportation, 10 suitable clothing and supplies, and a periodic stipend for the cost of 11 food and other incidentals;

12 (b) Advance costs for an offender's participation in vocational13 training.

(4) Participants of the transitional housing program are required to reimburse the department the per capita cost of subsistence and lodging, and expenditures pursuant to subsection (3) of this section in accordance with the provisions and in the priority established by section 9 of this act.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 72.65 RCW 20 to read as follows:

21 (1) A participant of the transitional housing program who is 22 employed shall surrender to the secretary, or to the superintendent of 23 such state correctional institution as shall be designated by the 24 secretary, his or her total earnings, less payroll deductions required 25 by law, or such payroll deductions as may reasonably be required by the 26 nature of the employment and less such amount the department determines 27 is needed to help meet his or her personal needs, including costs necessary for travel, meals, clothing, tools, and other incidentals. 28 29 The secretary or the superintendent of the state correctional institution shall deduct from the earnings, and make payments from the 30 31 participant's earnings in the following order of priority:

32 (a) Reimbursement to the department for any expenses advanced for
 33 participation in the transitional housing program pursuant to section
 34 7 of this act;

35 (b) Payment of board and room charges for the participant;

36 (c) Payments for the necessary support of the participant's 37 dependents, if any;

(d) Ten percent for payment of legal financial obligations for all
 participants who have legal financial obligations owing in any
 Washington state superior court;

4 (e) Payments to creditors of the participant, which may be made at
5 his or her discretion and request, upon proper proof of personal
6 indebtedness; and

(f) Payments to the participant himself or herself upon discharge,
or for deposit in his or her personal account if returned to a state
correctional institution for confinement and treatment.

10 (2) The earnings of a transitional housing program participant are 11 not subject to garnishment, attachment, or execution while such 12 earnings are either in the possession of the employer or any state 13 officer authorized to hold such funds, except for payment of a court-14 ordered legal financial obligation as that term is defined in RCW 15 72.11.010.

16 NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. (1) The legislature finds that some 17 offenders benefit from a structured reentry into the community. The department of corrections currently utilizes mechanisms such as work 18 release, community custody, and housing vouchers to ease an offender's 19 20 transition. However, these mechanisms are typically used when an 21 offender has less than four months to serve on his or her sentence or after the offender has already been released. The legislature intends 22 23 to provide the department of corrections with the tools to start an 24 offender's transition earlier in the process by expanding the 25 department's authority to utilize partial confinement options in 26 combination with evidence-based programs and treatment.

(2) By July 1, 2014, the department of corrections shall have contracts in place under chapter 72.65 RCW for no less than an additional two hundred fifty-six beds in the work release program and transitional housing program to facilitate the structured reentry of offenders.

32 (3) By July 1, 2015, the department of corrections shall have 33 contracts in place under chapter 72.65 RCW for no less than an 34 additional five hundred twelve beds in the work release program and 35 transitional housing program to facilitate the structured reentry of 36 offenders. NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. RCW 9.94A.734 (Home detention--Conditions)
and 2010 c 224 s 9, 2007 c 199 s 9, 2003 c 53 s 62, 2000 c 28 s 30, &
1995 c 108 s 2 are each repealed.

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