1009-S2 AMH MANW H4438.4

<u>2SHB 1009</u> - H AMD **881** By Representative Manweller

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:
- "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the capacity 3 of small, rural hospitals and first responders can be overwhelmed by 4 influx of large numbers of people attending concerts and 5 festivals in rural amphitheaters. The legislature intends that those 6 7 who attend these events, most of whom are not from the local community, should share the burden of the local taxpayers to fund 8 9 spikes in emergency service calls and medical costs that occur during these concerts and festivals. Therefore, the legislature intends to 10 authorize a rural county, or a hospital district located within the 11 12 county, to levy and apply an emergency medical services surcharge to 13 the price of admission at such events so that the local medical service providers have the resources to accommodate the additional 14 15 emergency medical services necessary for these events. legislature finds that enacting this authority will benefit attendees 16 17 by making sure their needs for emergency and medical care can be met, while also protecting local taxpayers from disproportionate burdens. 18
 - **Sec. 2.** RCW 36.38.010 and 2012 c 260 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Any county may by ordinance enacted by its county legislative authority, levy and fix a tax of not more than one cent on twenty cents or fraction thereof to be paid for county purposes by persons who pay an admission charge to any place, including a tax on persons who are admitted free of charge or at reduced rates to any place for which other persons pay a charge or a regular higher charge for the same or similar privileges or accommodations; and require that one who receives any admission charge to any place must collect and remit the tax to the county treasurer of the county. However, no county may impose such tax on persons paying an admission to any activity of any elementary or secondary school or any public facility of a public

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- facility district under chapter 35.57 or 36.100 RCW for which a tax is imposed under RCW 35.57.100 or 36.100.210.
- (2) As used in this chapter, the term "admission charge" includes a charge made for season tickets or subscriptions, a cover charge, or a charge made for use of seats and tables, reserved or otherwise, and other similar accommodations; a charge made for food and refreshments in any place where any free entertainment, recreation, or amusement is provided; a charge made for rental or use of equipment or facilities for purpose of recreation or amusement, and where the rental of the equipment or facilities is necessary to the enjoyment of a privilege for which a general admission is charged, the combined charges must be considered as the admission charge. Admission charge also includes any automobile parking charge where the amount of such charge is determined according to the number of passengers in any automobile.
 - (3) Subject to subsections (4) and (5) of this section, the tax authorized in this section is not exclusive and does not prevent any city or town within the taxing county, when authorized by law, from imposing within its corporate limits a tax of the same or similar kind. However, whenever the same or similar kind of tax is imposed by any such city or town, no such tax may be levied within the corporate limits of such city or town by the county.
 - Notwithstanding subsection (3) of this section, legislative authority of a county with a population of one million or more may exclusively levy taxes on events in baseball stadiums constructed on or after January 1, 1995, that are owned by a public facilities district under chapter 36.100 RCW and that have seating capacities over forty thousand at the rates of:
 - (a) Not more than one cent on twenty cents or fraction thereof, to be used for the purpose of paying the principal and interest payments on bonds issued by a county to construct a baseball stadium as defined in RCW 82.14.0485. If the revenue from the tax exceeds the amount needed for that purpose, the excess must be placed in a contingency fund which must be used exclusively by the public facilities district to fund repair, reequipping, and capital improvement of the baseball stadium; and
 - (b) Not more than one cent on twenty cents or fraction thereof, to be used for the purpose of paying the principal and interest payments on bonds issued by a county to construct a baseball stadium as defined in RCW 82.14.0485. The tax imposed under this subsection 2

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1 (4)(b) expires when the bonds issued for the construction of the 2 baseball stadium are retired, but not later than twenty years after 3 the tax is first collected.

- (5)(a) Notwithstanding subsection (3) of this section, the legislative authority of a county that has created a public stadium authority to develop a stadium and exhibition center under RCW 36.102.050 may levy and fix a tax on charges for admission to events in a stadium and exhibition center, as defined in RCW 36.102.010, constructed in the county on or after January 1, 1998, that is owned by a public stadium authority under chapter 36.102 RCW.
- (b) Except as provided otherwise in (c) of this subsection (5), the tax is exclusive and precludes the city or town within which the stadium and exhibition center is located from imposing a tax of the same or similar kind on charges for admission to events in the stadium and exhibition center, and precludes the imposition of a general county admissions tax on charges for admission to events in the stadium and exhibition center.
- (c) A city within which the stadium and exhibition center is located has the exclusive right to impose an admissions tax under the authority of RCW 35.21.280 and the county is precluded from imposing an admissions tax, for a sporting event conducted during calendar year 2012 by a state college or university, if such sporting event occurs:
- 24 (i) Due to the temporary closure of any similar facility owned by 25 that college or university; and
- (ii) At a facility owned by a public stadium authority located within a city with a population that exceeds five hundred thousand people.
 - (d) For the purposes of this subsection (5), "charges for admission to events" means only the actual admission charge, exclusive of taxes and service charges and the value of any other benefit conferred by the admission.
 - (e) The tax authorized under this subsection (5) is at the rate of not more than one cent on ten cents or fraction thereof.
- 35 (f) Revenues collected under this subsection (5) must be
 36 deposited in the stadium and exhibition center account under RCW
 37 43.99N.060 until the bonds issued under RCW 43.99N.020 for the
 38 construction of the stadium and exhibition center are retired. After
 39 the bonds issued for the construction of the stadium and exhibition
 40 center are retired, the tax authorized under this section is used
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- exclusively to fund repair, reequipping, and capital improvement of the stadium and exhibition center.
 - (g) The tax under this subsection (5) may be levied upon the first use of any part of the stadium and exhibition center but may not be collected at any facility already in operation as of July 17, 1997.
- (6)(a)(i) The legislative authority of a county with a rural amphitheater may, by ordinance, levy and fix an emergency medical services surcharge of up to one dollar per person admitted to a rural amphitheater if the per person admission charge for the general public exceeds twenty dollars, including a surcharge on persons who are admitted free of charge or at reduced rates; and require that one who receives any such surcharge must collect and remit the surcharge to the county treasurer of the county. The surcharge under this subsection (6) is in addition to any tax imposed under this section.
 - (ii) In lieu of councilmanic action by the county legislative authority under (a)(i) of this subsection (6), a county may submit an authorizing proposition to the voters of the county and, if the proposition is approved by a majority of persons voting, may impose an emergency medical services surcharge as otherwise provided in this section.
 - (b) The county legislative authority must allow a person collecting the emergency medical services surcharge to retain five cents per dollar of surcharge as reimbursement for costs associated with collecting the surcharge.
 - (c) The county must deposit the surcharge collected under this subsection (6) into a separate account. Except as provided otherwise by this subsection (6)(c), the county must distribute sixty-five percent of the proceeds of the surcharge to a public hospital district providing service to the rural amphitheater and the remainder must be distributed to a fire protection district providing service to the rural amphitheater. The county legislative authority may enact an ordinance changing the distribution percentages under this subsection (6)(c). The county must make distributions under this subsection (6)(c) at least once a year.
- 36 (d) A county may not impose the surcharge authorized under this
 37 subsection (6) if a public hospital district is imposing the
 38 surcharge under subsection (7) of this section.
- (e) For the purposes of this subsection (6) and subsection (7) of this section, the following definitions apply:

- 1 <u>(i) "Fire protection district" means a district formed under</u> 2 chapter 52.02 RCW;
- 3 <u>(ii) "Public hospital district" or "district" has the same</u> 4 meaning as provided in RCW 70.44.007;
- 5 (iii) "Rural amphitheater" means an outdoor amphitheater with the 6 capacity to accommodate more than two thousand people at one time 7 that is located in a rural county; and
- 8 <u>(iv) "Rural county" means a county with fewer than one hundred</u>
 9 <u>fifteen thousand people as determined by the office of financial</u>
 10 management on April 1st of each year.

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- (7)(a)(i) Beginning January 1, 2018, the legislative authority of a public hospital district with a rural amphitheater may, by resolution, levy and fix an emergency medical services surcharge of up to one dollar per person admitted to a rural amphitheater if the per person admission charge for the general public exceeds twenty dollars, including a surcharge on persons who are admitted free of charge or at reduced rates; and require that one who receives any such surcharge must collect and remit the surcharge to the county treasurer of the county.
- (ii) In lieu of councilmanic action by the legislative authority of the public hospital district under (a)(i) of this subsection (7), a public hospital district may submit an authorizing proposition to the voters of the district and, if the proposition is approved by a majority of persons voting, may impose an emergency medical services surcharge as otherwise provided in this section.
- (b) The legislative authority of a public hospital district must allow a person collecting the emergency medical services surcharge to retain five cents per dollar of surcharge as reimbursement for costs associated with collecting the surcharge.
- 30 <u>(c) The person collecting the emergency medical services</u>
 31 <u>surcharge must remit the surcharge directly to the public hospital</u>
 32 <u>district on a quarterly basis.</u>
 - (d) No less often than once annually, a public hospital district must distribute thirty-five percent of emergency medical services surcharge revenues to a fire protection district providing service to the rural amphitheater. By interlocal agreement, the public hospital district and fire protection district may agree to a different revenue-sharing arrangement.
- 39 <u>(e) A public hospital district may not impose the surcharge</u>
 40 <u>authorized under this subsection (7) if the county in which the</u>
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- 1 <u>district is located is imposing the surcharge under subsection (6) of</u>
- 2 this section.

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- 3 **Sec. 3.** RCW 36.38.020 and 2009 c 549 s 4080 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- 5 <u>(1)</u> In addition to the provisions levying and fixing the amount 6 of tax, the ordinance <u>or resolution</u> may contain any or all of the 7 following provisions:
- 8 $((\frac{1}{1}))$ <u>(a)</u> A provision defining the words and terms used 9 therein;
- 10 $((\frac{2}{2}))$ (b) A provision requiring the price (exclusive of the tax to be paid by the person paying for admission) at which every 11 admission ticket or card is sold to be conspicuously and indelibly 12 printed or written on the face or back of that part of the ticket 13 ((which)) that is to be taken up by the management of the place for 14 which an admission charge is exacted, and making the violation of 15 such provision a misdemeanor punishable by fine of not exceeding one 16 17 hundred dollars;
- 18 $((\frac{3}{3}))$ <u>(c)</u> Provisions fixing reasonable exemptions from such 19 tax;
- $((\frac{4}{1}))$ (d) Provisions allowing as an offset against the tax, the amount of like taxes levied, fixed, and collected within their jurisdiction by incorporated cities and towns in the county;
 - $((\frac{5}{}))$ (e) A provision requiring persons receiving payments for admissions taxed under $(\frac{5}{})$ the ordinance or resolution to collect the amount of the tax from the persons making such payments;
 - ((\(\frac{(++)}{6}\))) (f) A provision to the effect that the tax imposed by ((\(\frac{\text{said}}{0}\))) the ordinance ((\(\text{shall be}\))) or resolution is deemed to be held in trust by the person required to collect the same until paid to the county treasurer, and making it a misdemeanor for any person receiving payment of the tax and appropriating or converting the same to his or her own use or to any use other than the payment of the tax as provided in ((\(\frac{\text{said}}{0}\))) the ordinance or resolution to the extent that the amount of such tax is not available for payment on the due date for filing returns as provided in ((\(\frac{\text{said}}{0}\))) the ordinance or resolution;
 - $((\frac{7}{}))$ (g) A provision that in case any person required by the ordinance or resolution to collect the tax imposed thereby fails to collect the same, or having collected the tax fails to pay the same to the county treasurer in the manner prescribed by the ordinance or Code Rev/JA:jcm

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- resolution, whether ((such)) the failure is the result of ((such))
 the person's own acts or the result of acts or conditions beyond such
 person's control, such person ((shall)) must nevertheless be
 personally liable to the county for the amount of the tax;
- (((8))) (h) Provisions fixing the time when the taxes imposed by the ordinance ((shall be)) or resolution are due and payable to the county treasurer; requiring persons receiving payments for admissions to make periodic returns to the county treasurer on such forms and setting forth such information as the county treasurer or public hospital district may specify; requiring ((such)) the return to show the amount of tax upon admissions for which ((such)) the person is liable for specified preceding periods, and requiring ((such)) the person to sign and transmit the same to the county treasurer together with a remittance for the amount;
 - ((+9))) (i) A provision requiring taxpayers to file with the county treasurer verified annual returns setting forth such additional information as he or she may deem necessary to determine tax liability correctly;
 - ((\(\frac{(10\)}{10}\))) (j) A provision to the effect that whenever a certificate of registration, if required by the ordinance or resolution, is obtained for operating or conducting temporary places of amusement by persons who are not the owners, lessees, or custodians of the building, lot or place where the amusement is to be conducted, or whenever the business is permitted to be conducted without the procurement of a certificate, the tax imposed ((shall)) must be returned and paid as provided in the ordinance or resolution by ((such)) the owner, lessee, or custodian, unless paid by the person conducting the place of amusement;
 - ((\(\frac{(11)}{11}\))) (k) A provision requiring the applicant for a temporary certificate of registration, if required by the ordinance or resolution, to furnish with the application therefor, the name and address of the owner, lessee, or custodian of the premises upon which the amusement is to be conducted, and requiring the county treasurer to notify ((such)) the owner, lessee, or custodian of the issuance of any such temporary certificate, and of the joint liability for such tax;
- $((\frac{(12)}{(12)}))$ (1) A provision empowering the county treasurer to declare the tax upon temporary or itinerant places of amusement to be immediately due and payable and to collect the same, when he or she

believes there is a possibility that the tax imposed under the ordinance or resolution will not be otherwise paid;

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(((13))) (m) Any or all of the applicable general administrative 3 provisions contained in RCW 82.32.010 through 82.32.340 4 82.32.380, and the amendments thereto, except that unless otherwise 5 6 indicated by the context of ((said)) such sections, in all provisions 7 so incorporated in ((such)) the ordinance (((a))) or resolution (i) the term "county treasurer" (of the county enacting ((said)) the 8 9 ordinance or resolution) ((shall)) must be substituted for each reference made in ((said)) such sections to the "department," the 10 11 "department of revenue," "any employee of the department," or "director of the department of revenue"; $((\frac{b}{b}))$ (ii) the name of the 12 county enacting ((such)) the ordinance ((shall)) or resolution must 13 14 be substituted for each reference made in ((said)) such sections to the "state" or to the "state of Washington"; $((\frac{c}{c}))$ (iii) the term 15 16 "this ordinance or resolution" ((shall)) must be substituted for each 17 reference made in ((said)) such sections to "this chapter"; (((d)))(iv) the name of the county enacting ((said)) the ordinance ((shall)) 18 or resolution must be substituted for each reference made in ((said)) 19 20 <u>such</u> sections to "Thurston county"; and $((\frac{\langle e \rangle}{}))$ (v) the term "board 21 of county commissioners" ((shall)) must be substituted for each reference made in ((said)) such sections to the "director of 22 financial management." With respect to the emergency medical services 23 24 surcharge authorized under RCW 36.38.010 (6) or (7), the legislative 25 authority of the county or public hospital district may enact an ordinance or resolution charging interest as provided in RCW 26 82.32.050 and penalties as provided in RCW 82.32.090 (1) and (2). 27

- (2) For the purposes of this section, "tax" means the admission taxes authorized under RCW 36.38.010 (1) through (5) and, to the extent applicable, the emergency medical services surcharge authorized under RCW 36.38.010(7).
- 32 **Sec. 4.** RCW 36.38.030 and 1963 c 4 s 36.38.030 are each amended 33 to read as follows:
- (1) The ordinance levying and fixing the tax ((shall)) must be headed by a title expressing the subject thereof, and the style of the ordinance ((shall)) must be: "Be it ordained by the Board of County Commissioners of County, State of Washington." The ordinance ((shall)) must be enacted by a majority vote of the board at a regular meeting thereof, and only after the form of such Code Rev/JA:jcm

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- 1 ordinance as ultimately enacted has been on file with the clerk of
- 2 the board and open to public inspection for not less than ten days.
- 3 The ordinance ((shall)) may not become effective until thirty days
- 4 following its enactment, and within five days following its enactment
- 5 it ((shall)) <u>must</u> be printed and published in a newspaper of general
- 6 circulation in the county. The ordinance ((shall)) must be signed by
- 7 a majority of the board, attested by the clerk of the board, and
- 8 ((shall)) must be duly entered and recorded in the book wherein
- 9 orders of the board are entered and recorded. The ordinance may be at
- 10 any time amended or repealed by an ordinance enacted, published, and
- 11 recorded in the same manner.
- 12 (2) A public hospital district resolution to impose a surcharge
- 13 <u>authorized under RCW 36.38.010(7) must substantially conform with the</u>
- 14 ordinance style, voting, public notice, effective date, and other
- 15 requirements provided under subsection (1) of this section that apply
- 16 to a county ordinance to levy and fix an admissions tax."
- 17 Correct the title.
 - <u>EFFECT:</u> (1) Beginning January 1, 2018, allows a public hospital district (district) with a rural amphitheater to impose, either by resolution or with the approval of a proposition by district voters, a 1 dollar per person admissions surcharge.
 - (2) Requires a district that collects an admissions surcharge to distribute, at least once a year, 35 percent of surcharge revenues to a fire protection district serving the rural amphitheater.
 - (3) Establishes that either the county or the district may impose an admissions surcharge, but not both at the same time.
 - (4) Authorizes, as an alternative to councilmanic action, a county to submit a proposition to voters of the county to approve imposition of an admissions surcharge.
 - (5) Allows imposition of an admissions surcharge by a county or district only if the per person admission charge for the general public exceeds 20 dollars.
 - (6) Adds definitions of "fire protection district" and "public hospital district" to the underlying bill.
 - (7) Modifies the definition of "rural amphitheater" to mean an outdoor amphitheater with the capacity to accommodate more than 2,000 people, instead of more than 10,000 people as proposed in the underlying bill.

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