HOUSE BILL 1708

State of Washington64th Legislature2015 Regular SessionBy Representatives Dent, Takko, Fagan, and Nealey

Read first time 01/27/15. Referred to Committee on Local Government.

AN ACT Relating to clarifying that irrigation district facilities are not within the definition of shorelands; and amending RCW 90.58.030.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. RCW 90.58.030 and 2014 c 23 s 1 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires,8 the following definitions and concepts apply:

9 (1) Administration:

10 (a) "Department" means the department of ecology;

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(b) "Director" means the director of the department of ecology;

12 (c) "Hearings board" means the shorelines hearings board 13 established by this chapter;

(d) "Local government" means any county, incorporated city, or town which contains within its boundaries any lands or waters subject to this chapter;

17 (e) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, 18 association, organization, cooperative, public or municipal 19 corporation, or agency of the state or local governmental unit 20 however designated.

21 (2) Geographical:

(a) "Extreme low tide" means the lowest line on the land reached
 by a receding tide;

(b) "Floodway" means the area, as identified in a master program, 3 that either: (i) Has been established in federal emergency management 4 agency flood insurance rate maps or floodway maps; or (ii) consists 5 of those portions of a river valley lying streamward from the outer б 7 limits of a watercourse upon which flood waters are carried during periods of flooding that occur with reasonable regularity, although 8 9 not necessarily annually, said floodway being identified, under normal condition, by changes in surface soil conditions or changes in 10 11 types or quality of vegetative ground cover condition, topography, or other indicators of flooding that occurs with reasonable regularity, 12 13 although not necessarily annually. Regardless of the method used to 14 identify the floodway, the floodway shall not include those lands that can reasonably be expected to be protected from flood waters by 15 16 flood control devices maintained by or maintained under license from 17 the federal government, the state, or a political subdivision of the 18 state;

(c) "Ordinary high water mark" on all lakes, streams, and tidal 19 20 water is that mark that will be found by examining the bed and banks 21 and ascertaining where the presence and action of waters are so common and usual, and so long continued in all ordinary years, as to 22 mark upon the soil a character distinct from that of the abutting 23 upland, in respect to vegetation as that condition exists on June 1, 24 25 1971, as it may naturally change thereafter, or as it may change 26 thereafter in accordance with permits issued by a local government or 27 the department: PROVIDED, That in any area where the ordinary high water mark cannot be found, the ordinary high water mark adjoining 28 29 salt water shall be the line of mean higher high tide and the ordinary high water mark adjoining fresh water shall be the line of 30 31 mean high water;

32 (d) "Shorelands" or "shoreland areas" means those lands extending landward for two hundred feet in all directions as measured on a 33 horizontal plane from the ordinary high water mark; floodways and 34 contiguous floodplain areas landward two hundred feet from such 35 36 floodways; and all wetlands and river deltas associated with the streams, lakes, and tidal waters which are subject to the provisions 37 of this chapter; the same to be designated as to location by the 38 39 department of ecology. "Shorelands" or "shoreland areas" does not

1 <u>include irrigation ditches, canals, or drainage and other return flow</u> 2 <u>conveyances.</u>

3 (i) Any county or city may determine that portion of a one-4 hundred-year-flood plain to be included in its master program as long 5 as such portion includes, as a minimum, the floodway and the adjacent 6 land extending landward two hundred feet therefrom.

7 (ii) Any city or county may also include in its master program 8 land necessary for buffers for critical areas, as defined in chapter 9 36.70A RCW, that occur within shorelines of the state, provided that 10 forest practices regulated under chapter 76.09 RCW, except 11 conversions to nonforest land use, on lands subject to the provisions 12 of this subsection (2)(d)(ii) are not subject to additional 13 regulations under this chapter;

14 (e) "Shorelines" means all of the water areas of the state, including reservoirs, and their associated shorelands, together with 15 16 lands underlying them; except (i) shorelines of statewide the 17 significance; (ii) shorelines on segments of streams upstream of a point where the mean annual flow is twenty cubic feet per second or 18 less and the wetlands associated with such upstream segments; and 19 20 (iii) shorelines on lakes less than twenty acres in size and wetlands 21 associated with such small lakes;

22 (f) "Shorelines of statewide significance" means the following 23 shorelines of the state:

(i) The area between the ordinary high water mark and the western
boundary of the state from Cape Disappointment on the south to Cape
Flattery on the north, including harbors, bays, estuaries, and
inlets;

(ii) Those areas of Puget Sound and adjacent salt waters and the Strait of Juan de Fuca between the ordinary high water mark and the line of extreme low tide as follows:

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(A) Nisqually Delta—from DeWolf Bight to Tatsolo Point,

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(B) Birch Bay—from Point Whitehorn to Birch Point,

33 (C) Hood Canal—from Tala Point to Foulweather Bluff,

34 (D) Skagit Bay and adjacent area—from Brown Point to Yokeko35 Point, and

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(E) Padilla Bay—from March Point to William Point;

37 (iii) Those areas of Puget Sound and the Strait of Juan de Fuca 38 and adjacent salt waters north to the Canadian line and lying seaward 39 from the line of extreme low tide; (iv) Those lakes, whether natural, artificial, or a combination
 thereof, with a surface acreage of one thousand acres or more
 measured at the ordinary high water mark;

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(v) Those natural rivers or segments thereof as follows:

5 (A) Any west of the crest of the Cascade range downstream of a 6 point where the mean annual flow is measured at one thousand cubic 7 feet per second or more,

8 (B) Any east of the crest of the Cascade range downstream of a 9 point where the annual flow is measured at two hundred cubic feet per 10 second or more, or those portions of rivers east of the crest of the 11 Cascade range downstream from the first three hundred square miles of 12 drainage area, whichever is longer;

13 (vi) Those shorelands associated with (f)(i), (ii), (iv), and (v)
14 of this subsection (2);

15 (g) "Shorelines of the state" are the total of all "shorelines" 16 and "shorelines of statewide significance" within the state;

17 (h) "Wetlands" means areas that are inundated or saturated by surface water or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient 18 to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a 19 20 prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil 21 conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas. Wetlands do not include those artificial wetlands 22 intentionally created from nonwetland sites, including, but not 23 limited to, irrigation and drainage ditches, grass-lined swales, 24 25 canals, detention facilities, wastewater treatment facilities, farm 26 ponds, and landscape amenities, or those wetlands created after July 1, 1990, that were unintentionally created as a result of the 27 construction of a road, street, or highway. Wetlands may include 28 29 those artificial wetlands intentionally created from nonwetland areas to mitigate the conversion of wetlands. 30

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(3) Procedural terms:

(a) "Development" means a use consisting of the construction or exterior alteration of structures; dredging; drilling; dumping; filling; removal of any sand, gravel, or minerals; bulkheading; driving of piling; placing of obstructions; or any project of a permanent or temporary nature which interferes with the normal public use of the surface of the waters overlying lands subject to this chapter at any state of water level;

39 (b) "Guidelines" means those standards adopted to implement the 40 policy of this chapter for regulation of use of the shorelines of the

1 state prior to adoption of master programs. Such standards shall also 2 provide criteria to local governments and the department in 3 developing master programs;

(c) "Master program" shall mean the comprehensive use plan for a 4 5 described area, and the use regulations together with maps, diagrams, 6 charts, or other descriptive material and text, a statement of 7 desired goals, and standards developed in accordance with the policies enunciated in RCW 90.58.020. "Comprehensive master program 8 update" means a master program that fully achieves the procedural and 9 substantive requirements of the department guidelines 10 effective 11 January 17, 2004, as now or hereafter amended;

(d) "State master program" is the cumulative total of all masterprograms approved or adopted by the department of ecology;

14 (e) "Substantial development" shall mean any development of which the total cost or fair market value exceeds five thousand dollars, or 15 16 any development which materially interferes with the normal public use of the water or shorelines of the state. The dollar threshold 17 established in this subsection (3)(e) must be adjusted for inflation 18 by the office of financial management every five years, beginning 19 20 July 1, 2007, based upon changes in the consumer price index during 21 that time period. "Consumer price index" means, for any calendar year, that year's annual average consumer price index, Seattle, 22 Washington area, for urban wage earners and clerical workers, all 23 items, compiled by the bureau of labor and statistics, United States 24 25 department of labor. The office of financial management must calculate the new dollar threshold and transmit it to the office of 26 the code reviser for publication in the Washington State Register at 27 least one month before the new dollar threshold is to take effect. 28 The following shall not be considered substantial developments for 29 the purpose of this chapter: 30

(i) Normal maintenance or repair of existing structures or
 developments, including damage by accident, fire, or elements;

33 (ii) Construction of the normal protective bulkhead common to 34 single family residences;

35 (iii) Emergency construction necessary to protect property from 36 damage by the elements;

(iv) Construction and practices normal or necessary for farming, irrigation, and ranching activities, including agricultural service roads and utilities on shorelands, and the construction and maintenance of irrigation structures including but not limited to

head gates, pumping facilities, and irrigation channels. A feedlot of 1 any size, all processing plants, other activities of a commercial 2 nature, alteration of the contour of the shorelands by leveling or 3 filling other than that which results from normal cultivation, shall 4 not be considered normal or necessary farming or ranching activities. 5 б A feedlot shall be an enclosure or facility used or capable of being 7 used for feeding livestock hay, grain, silage, or other livestock feed, but shall not include land for growing crops or vegetation for 8 9 livestock feeding and/or grazing, nor shall it include normal livestock wintering operations; 10

(v) Construction or modification of navigational aids such as channel markers and anchor buoys;

(vi) Construction on shorelands by an owner, lessee, or contract 13 14 purchaser of a single family residence for his own use or for the use of his or her family, which residence does not exceed a height of 15 thirty-five feet above average grade level and which meets all 16 17 requirements of the state agency or local government having 18 jurisdiction thereof, other than requirements imposed pursuant to 19 this chapter;

(vii) Construction of a dock, including a community dock, 20 designed for pleasure craft only, for the private noncommercial use 21 of the owner, lessee, or contract purchaser of single and multiple 22 family residences. This exception applies if either: (A) In salt 23 waters, the fair market value of the dock does not exceed two 24 25 thousand five hundred dollars; or (B) in fresh waters, the fair market value of the dock does not exceed: (I) Twenty thousand dollars 26 for docks that are constructed to replace existing docks, are of 27 equal or lesser square footage than the existing dock being replaced, 28 29 and are located in a county, city, or town that has updated its master program consistent with the master program guidelines in 30 31 chapter 173-26 WAC as adopted in 2003; or (II) ten thousand dollars 32 for all other docks constructed in fresh waters. However, if subsequent construction occurs within five years of completion of the 33 prior construction, and the combined fair market value of the 34 subsequent and prior construction exceeds the amount specified in 35 either (e)(vii)(A) or (B) of this subsection (3), the subsequent 36 construction shall be considered a substantial development for the 37 purpose of this chapter. All dollar thresholds under (e)(vii)(B) of 38 39 this subsection (3) must be adjusted for inflation by the office of 40 financial management every five years, beginning July 1, 2018, based

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upon changes in the consumer price index during that time period. 1 "Consumer price index" means, for any calendar year, that year's 2 annual average consumer price index, Seattle, Washington area, for 3 urban wage earners and clerical workers, all items, compiled by the 4 bureau of labor and statistics, United States department of labor. 5 6 The office of financial management must calculate the new dollar 7 thresholds, rounded to the nearest hundred dollar, and transmit them to the office of the code reviser for publication in the Washington 8 State Register at least one month before the new dollar thresholds 9 are to take effect; 10

(viii) Operation, maintenance, or construction of canals, waterways, drains, reservoirs, or other facilities that now exist or are hereafter created or developed as a part of an irrigation system for the primary purpose of making use of system waters, including return flow and artificially stored groundwater for the irrigation of lands;

17 (ix) The marking of property lines or corners on state owned 18 lands, when such marking does not significantly interfere with normal 19 public use of the surface of the water;

20 (x) Operation and maintenance of any system of dikes, ditches, 21 drains, or other facilities existing on September 8, 1975, which were 22 created, developed, or utilized primarily as a part of an 23 agricultural drainage or diking system;

(xi) Site exploration and investigation activities that are prerequisite to preparation of an application for development authorization under this chapter, if:

(A) The activity does not interfere with the normal public use ofthe surface waters;

(B) The activity will have no significant adverse impact on the
 environment including, but not limited to, fish, wildlife, fish or
 wildlife habitat, water quality, and aesthetic values;

32 (C) The activity does not involve the installation of a 33 structure, and upon completion of the activity the vegetation and 34 land configuration of the site are restored to conditions existing 35 before the activity;

36 (D) A private entity seeking development authorization under this 37 section first posts a performance bond or provides other evidence of 38 financial responsibility to the local jurisdiction to ensure that the 39 site is restored to preexisting conditions; and

(E) The activity is not subject to the permit requirements of RCW
 90.58.550;

3 (xii) The process of removing or controlling an aquatic noxious 4 weed, as defined in RCW 17.26.020, through the use of an herbicide or 5 other treatment methods applicable to weed control that are 6 recommended by a final environmental impact statement published by 7 the department of agriculture or the department jointly with other 8 state agencies under chapter 43.21C RCW.

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