H-3501.1

## HOUSE BILL 2544

## State of Washington 64th Legislature 2016 Regular Session

**By** Representatives Frame, Ryu, Robinson, Appleton, Fitzgibbon, Stokesbary, Wylie, McBride, Gregerson, Sells, Tarleton, Pollet, Bergquist, and Stanford

Read first time 01/14/16. Referred to Committee on Community Development, Housing & Tribal Affairs.

1 AN ACT Relating to providing local governments with options to 2 preserve affordable housing in their communities; and adding a new 3 chapter to Title 84 RCW.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. The legislature finds that:

6 (1) Families, senior citizens, and workers with fewer financial
7 resources are more likely to experience unhealthy and unsafe housing
8 conditions;

9 (2) Healthy homes promote good physical and mental health. When 10 adequate housing protects individuals and families from harmful 11 exposures and provides them with a sense of privacy, security, 12 stability, and control, it can make important contributions to health 13 and well-being;

14 (3) Affordable housing is a necessary component of strong,15 thriving neighborhoods with healthy physical and social environments;

16 (4) Very low-income household renters should have the opportunity 17 to live in homes in neighborhoods close to major infrastructure 18 investments like transit, quality schools for children, and vital 19 services like health care, grocery shopping, and employment;

(5) Community members with critical occupations, senior citizens,
 and families are struggling to afford rent around the state;

(6) Rising rents are causing the displacement of very low-income
 household renters and long-time community members, risking the loss
 of cultural communities;

4 (7) Property owners require additional resources to make health,
5 safety, and quality improvements to buildings without raising rents
6 to pay for repairs; and

7 (8) Communities need a wide range of local tools to create8 healthy, affordable homes and address affordable housing needs.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. It is the purpose of this chapter to give 10 communities a local option to preserve and increase healthy, high-11 quality affordable rental housing opportunities for very low-income households for which the governing authority has found that there are 12 13 insufficient healthy affordable housing opportunities. It is also the purpose of this chapter to ensure that housing opportunities are 14 15 affordable to renters at below-market rent levels, as determined by 16 the governing authority, with consideration of community needs, 17 market rental costs, and income levels of renters.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. The definitions in this section apply 19 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires 20 otherwise.

(1) "Energy and water efficiency standards" means housing that meets standards substantially equivalent to evergreen sustainable development standards, as established by the Washington state department of commerce.

(2) "Governing authority" means the local legislative authority
 of a city or county having jurisdiction over the property for which
 an exemption may be applied under this chapter.

(3) "Health and quality standards" means standards substantially equivalent to uniform physical condition standards, as established by the United States department of housing and urban development, or the national healthy housing standard, as established by the national center for healthy housing and the American public health association.

(4) "High-cost area" means a county where the third quarter median house price for the previous year as reported by the Runstad center for real estate studies at the University of Washington is equal to or greater than one hundred thirty percent of the statewide median house price published during the same time period.

(5) "Household" means a single person, family, or unrelated
 persons living together.

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(6) "Owner" means the property owner of record.

4 (7) "Permanent residential occupancy" means housing that provides 5 rental occupancy on a nontransient basis. "Permanent residential 6 occupancy" includes rental accommodation that is leased for a period 7 of at least one month. "Permanent residential occupancy" excludes 8 hotels and motels that predominately offer rental accommodation on a 9 daily or weekly basis.

10 (8) "Property" means a residential building not designed as 11 transient accommodations. "Property" excludes hotels or motels.

(9) "Rehabilitation improvements" means modifications to existing
 structures made to achieve substantial compliance with health and
 quality standards or energy and water efficiency standards.

15 (10) "Single-family dwelling unit" means an individual detached 16 dwelling.

17 (11) "Very low-income household" means a single person, family, or unrelated persons living together whose adjusted income is at or 18 below fifty percent of the median family income adjusted for family 19 size, for the county in which the project is located, as reported by 20 21 the United States department of housing and urban development. For cities located in high-cost areas, "very low-income household" means 22 a household that has an income at or below sixty percent of the 23 median family income adjusted for family size, for the county in 24 25 which the project is located.

26 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** A city governing authority may adopt a 27 property tax exemption program to preserve affordable housing that meets health and quality standards for very low-income households at 28 risk of displacement or that cannot afford market-rate housing. A 29 30 county governing authority may adopt a property tax exemption program for unincorporated jurisdictions to preserve affordable housing that 31 meets health and quality standards for very low-income households at 32 risk of displacement or that cannot afford market-rate housing. 33

34 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. (1) Upon adoption of a property tax 35 exemption program, the governing authority must establish standards 36 for very low-income household rental housing under this chapter, 37 including rent limits and income guidelines consistent with local

1 housing needs, to assist very low-income households that cannot 2 afford market-rate housing. Affordable housing units must be:

3 (a) Below market rent levels as determined by the governing4 authority; and

5 (b) Affordable to households with an income of fifty percent or 6 less of the county median family income, adjusted for family size.

7 (2)(a) The governing authority, after holding a public hearing,
8 may also establish lower income levels or lower rent levels adjusted
9 to serve very low-income household renters in the community.

10 (b) The governing authority of a high-cost area, after holding a 11 public hearing, may also establish higher income levels. The higher 12 income level may not exceed sixty percent of the county area median 13 family income, adjusted for family size.

(1) The value of residential housing 14 NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. 15 improvements and land qualifying under this chapter are exempt from ad valorem property taxation, except the state of Washington portion, 16 17 for fifteen successive years beginning January 1st of the year immediately following the calendar year 18 of issuance of the 19 certificate.

20 (2) The governing authority may extend the duration of the 21 exemption period by three years for properties meeting energy and 22 water efficiency standards.

(3) The incentive provided under this chapter is in addition toany tax credits, grants, or other incentives provided by law.

(4) This chapter neither applies to increases in assessed valuation made by the assessor on nonqualifying portions of building or land nor to increases made by lawful order of a county board of equalization, the department of revenue, or a county, to a class of property throughout the county or specific area of the county to achieve the uniformity of assessment or appraisal required by law.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. To be eligible for the exemption from 32 property taxation under this chapter, in addition to other 33 requirements set forth in this chapter, the property must be in 34 compliance with the following applicable requirements for the entire 35 exemption period:

36 (1) A minimum of twenty-five percent of units in a multiple-unit 37 property subject to tax exemption must be affordable as described in 38 section 5 of this act. A governing authority may require more than

1 twenty-five percent affordable units in multiple-unit housing 2 buildings subject to tax exemption to address local market 3 conditions. Affordable units must be comparable in terms of quality 4 and living conditions to market rate units in the building;

5 (2) At least ninety percent of the units of multiple-unit 6 property must be occupied by tenants at the time of application;

7 (3) The property must be part of a residential or mixed-use
8 (residential and nonresidential) project;

9 (4) The property must provide for a minimum of fifty percent of 10 the space in each building for permanent residential occupancy;

11 (5) The property must meet guidelines as adopted by the governing 12 authority that may include height, density, public benefit features, 13 number and size of proposed development, parking, income limits for 14 occupancy, limits on rents, health and quality standards, and other 15 adopted requirements indicated as necessary by the governing 16 authority. The required amenities should be relative to the size of 17 the project and tax benefit to be obtained; and

18 (6) The property owner must enter into a contract with the city 19 or county approved by the governing authority, or an administrative 20 official or commission authorized by the governing authority, under 21 which the property owner has agreed to terms and conditions 22 satisfactory to the governing authority.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. (1) To be eligible for the exemption from taxation under this chapter, the property must also comply with all applicable land use regulations, zoning requirements, and building and housing code requirements, including space and occupancy, structural, mechanical, fire, safety, and security standards, and health and quality standards. The governing authority may establish additional standards to meet local needs.

30 (2)(a) The governing authority may waive certain standards for up 31 to three years if the owner of the property submits a rehabilitation 32 plan to comply with housing quality standards. The owner must notify 33 the governing authority at the time of completion of rehabilitation.

34 (b) The governing authority may establish minimum health and 35 quality standards for properties to qualify for a waiver under (a) of 36 this subsection.

37 (3) The property must be inspected at the time of application for
 38 tax exemption and, thereafter, as established by the governing
 39 authority at least once every three years.

1 (4) If the governing authority grants a waiver of certain housing 2 quality standards under subsection (2) of this section, the property 3 must be inspected when the owner notifies the governing authority 4 that rehabilitation has been completed or at the end of the waiver 5 period, whichever occurs first.

6 (5) The governing authority may deny an application for tax 7 exemption for failure to comply with health and quality standards.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. (1) The governing authority may establish 9 additional requirements for tax exemption eligibility or program 10 rules under this chapter including, but not limited to:

11 (a) A limit on the total number of affordable housing units 12 subject to exemption under this chapter;

(b) The designation of targeted residential areas for property to align with community needs, including to prevent displacement, preserve cultural communities, and provide affordable housing options near community infrastructure such as transportation or public schools;

18 (c) Standards for property size, unit size, unit type, mix of 19 unit types, or mix of unit sizes;

20 (d) An exemption extension for property meeting minimum energy 21 and water efficiency standards substantially equivalent to evergreen 22 sustainable development building performance standards;

(e) A program for single-family dwelling rental units occupied by tenants complying with affordability requirements under this chapter as adopted by the governing authority;

26 (f) Any additional requirements to reduce displacement of very 27 low-income household tenants.

(2) The governing authority must adopt and implement standards and guidelines to be utilized in considering applications and making the determinations required under this chapter. The standards and guidelines must establish basic requirements to include:

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(a) An application process and procedures;

33 (b) Guidelines that may include height, density, public benefit 34 features, number and size of proposed development, parking, income 35 limits for occupancy, limits on rents, health and quality standards, 36 and other adopted requirements indicated as necessary by the 37 governing authority. The required amenities should be relative to the 38 size of the project and tax benefit to be obtained; (c) An inspection policy and procedures to ensure the property
 complies with housing and health and quality standards;

3 (d) Income and rent limits as required under section 5 of this 4 act; and

5 (e) Documentation necessary to establish income eligibility of6 households in affordable housing units.

7 (3) Standards may apply to part or all of a jurisdiction and 8 different standards may be applied to different areas within a 9 jurisdiction or to different types of development. Programs 10 authorized under this section may be modified to meet local needs and 11 may include provisions not expressly provided in this section.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. An owner of property making application
under this chapter must meet the following requirements:

14 (1) The applicant must apply to the city or county on forms 15 adopted by the governing authority. The application must contain the 16 following:

17 (a) Information setting forth the grounds supporting the 18 requested exemption, including information indicated on the 19 application form or in the guidelines;

(b) A description of the project and site plan, including thefloor plan of units and other information requested;

(c) A statement that the applicant is aware of the potential tax liability involved when the property ceases to be eligible for the incentive provided under this chapter;

(d) When the governing authority finds that rehabilitation is required to meet health and quality standards or evergreen sustainable development building performance standards, a plan, budget, and proposed schedule for repairs; and

(e) A certification of family size and annual income in a form
 acceptable to the governing authority for designated affordable
 housing units;

32 (2) The applicant must verify the application by oath or33 affirmation; and

34 (3) The applicant must submit a fee, if any, with the application 35 as required under this chapter. The governing authority may permit 36 the applicant to revise an application before final action by the 37 governing authority.

1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** (1) Upon receipt of an application 2 meeting the requirements of section 10 of this act, the governing 3 authority must inspect the property to certify compliance with health 4 and quality standards or to grant a waiver upon submission of a 5 rehabilitation plan by the owner of the property.

6 (2) The duly authorized administrative official or committee of 7 the governing authority may approve the application if it finds that:

8 (a) The property meets affordable housing requirements as 9 described in section 5 of this act;

10 (b) The property meets health and quality standards, or a waiver 11 is granted upon submission of a rehabilitation plan by the property 12 owner;

13 (c) The property rehabilitation plan is of appropriate scope to 14 be completed within the designated time frame of waiver and will 15 result in property compliance with health and quality standards, as 16 outlined in section 8 of this act; and

17 (d) The owner has complied with all standards and guidelines18 adopted by the governing authority under this chapter.

(3) The authorized representative of the governing authority may 19 20 waive the unit affordability and occupancy restrictions for an 21 incidental number of units occupied by existing over-income tenants at the time of application. The waiver should be limited for a 22 specified period, but not to exceed three years. After the tax 23 exemption has expired, the property owner must maintain affordable 24 25 housing units for a term equal to the period that units were occupied 26 by over-income tenants.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. (1) The governing authority, or an 28 administrative official or commission authorized by the governing 29 authority, must approve or deny an application filed under this 30 chapter.

(2)(a) If the application is approved, the governing authority must issue the owner of the property a certificate of acceptance of tax exemption. The certificate must contain a statement by a duly authorized administrative official of the governing authority that the property has complied with the required findings indicated in this chapter.

37 (b) The governing authority may issue a conditional certificate 38 of acceptance of tax exemption if a property must complete a 39 rehabilitation plan in order to comply with housing quality

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standards. The rehabilitation must be completed within three years of
 the date of application for a tax exemption.

3 (3)(a) If the application is denied by the authorized 4 administrative official or commission authorized by the governing 5 authority, the deciding administrative official or commission must 6 state in writing the reasons for denial and send the notice to the 7 applicant at the applicant's last known address within ten days of 8 the denial.

(b) Upon denial by the authorized administrative official or 9 commission, an applicant may appeal the denial to the governing 10 authority within thirty days after receipt of the denial. The appeal 11 12 before the governing authority must be based upon the record made before the administrative official or commission with the burden of 13 proof on the applicant to show that there was no substantial evidence 14 to support the administrative official or commission's decision. The 15 16 decision of the governing body in denying or approving the 17 application is final.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. The governing authority may establish an 18 application fee or other fees to not exceed an amount determined to 19 20 be required to cover the cost to be incurred by the governing authority and the assessor in administering this chapter. 21 The application fee, if established, must be paid at the time the 22 application is submitted. If the application is approved, the 23 24 governing authority must pay the application fee to the county 25 assessor for deposit in the county current expense fund, after first deducting that portion of the fee attributable to 26 its own 27 administrative costs in processing the application. If the application is denied, the governing authority may retain that 28 portion of the application fee attributable to its own administrative 29 30 costs and refund the balance to the applicant.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 14. The authorized representative of the 32 governing authority must notify the applicant that a certificate of 33 tax exemption is not going to be filed if the authorized 34 representative determines that:

(1) The affordable housing requirements as described in section 5of this act were not met;

37 (2) The property did not meet health and quality standards; or

(3) The owner's property is otherwise not qualified for limited
 exemption under this chapter.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 15.** (1) Owner of property receiving a tax 4 exemption under this chapter must obtain from each tenant living in 5 designated affordable housing units, no less than annually, a 6 certification of family size and annual income in a form acceptable 7 to the governing authority.

8 (2) The property owner must file a report at least annually9 indicating the following:

10 (a) Family size and annual income for each tenant living in 11 designated affordable housing rental units and a statement that the 12 property is in compliance with affordable housing requirements 13 described in section 5 of this act;

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(b) A statement of occupancy and vacancy;

15 (c) A schedule of rents charged in market-rate units;

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(e) A description of changes or improvements;

(f) When rehabilitation is required to meet health and quality standards or evergreen sustainable development building performance standards, a progress report on compliance with the rehabilitation plan, budget, and proposed schedule for repairs; and

(d) A certification that the property has not changed use;

(g) Any other information required to determine compliance withprogram requirements or to measure program performance.

24 (3) A governing authority that issues certificates of tax 25 exemption for property that conform to the requirements of this 26 chapter must report annually to the department of commerce the 27 following information:

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(a) The number of tax exemption certificates granted;

(b) The number and type of units in building properties receivinga tax exemption;

31 (c) The number and type of units meeting affordable housing 32 requirements;

33 (d) The total monthly rent amount for each affordable and market-34 rate unit; and

(e) The value of the tax exemption for each project receiving atax exemption and the total value of tax exemptions granted.

37 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 16. (1) After a certificate of exemption has 38 been filed with the county assessor, the tax exemption must be

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canceled by the authorized representative of the governing authority
 under the following circumstances:

3 (a) The owner intends to convert the property to another use that
4 is not residential or the owner intends to discontinue compliance
5 with affordable housing requirements;

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(b) The owner fails to file annual reports;

7 (c) The owner fails to maintain the property in substantial 8 compliance with all applicable local building, safety, and health 9 code requirements;

10 (d) The owner fails to complete rehabilitation improvements as 11 outlined in the application for tax exemption; or

(e) The owner fails to meet affordable housing requirements.

Upon cancellation of the property tax exemption, 13 (2)(a) additional real property tax must be imposed upon the value of the 14 nonqualifying improvements and land in the amount that would be 15 16 normally imposed, plus a penalty must be imposed that amounts to 17 twenty percent. This additional tax is calculated from January 1st of 18 the year immediately following the year of issuance of the 19 certificate of tax exemption.

20 (b) The tax must include interest upon the amounts of the 21 additional tax at the same rate charged on delinquent property taxes 22 from the dates on which the additional tax could have been paid 23 without penalty if the property had been assessed at a value without 24 regard to this chapter.

25 (c) The additional tax owed together with the interest and 26 penalty becomes a lien on the land and attaches at the time the property or portion of the property is removed from use as affordable 27 housing or the amenities no longer meet applicable requirements, and 28 29 has priority to and must be fully paid and satisfied before a recognizance, mortgage, judgment, debt, obligation, or responsibility 30 31 to or with which the land may become charged or liable. The lien may 32 foreclosed upon the expiration of the same period after be delinquency and in the same manner provided by law for foreclosure of 33 liens for delinquent real property taxes. An additional tax unpaid on 34 its due date is delinquent. From the date of delinquency until paid, 35 36 interest must be charged at the same rate applied by law to 37 delinquent ad valorem property taxes.

38 (3) Upon a determination that a property tax exemption is to be 39 canceled for any reason stated in this section, the governing 40 authority or authorized representative of the governing authority

must notify the record owner of the property as shown by the tax 1 rolls by mail, return receipt requested, of the determination to 2 cancel the exemption. The owner may appeal the determination to the 3 governing authority or authorized representative within thirty days 4 by filing a notice of appeal with the clerk of the governing 5 6 authority, which must specify the factual and legal basis on which the determination of cancellation is alleged to be erroneous. The 7 governing authority or a hearing examiner or other official 8 authorized by the governing authority may hear the appeal. At the 9 hearing, all affected parties may be heard and all competent evidence 10 11 received. After the hearing, the deciding body or officer must either 12 affirm, modify, or repeal the decision of cancellation of exemption based on the evidence received. An aggrieved party may appeal the 13 14 decision of the deciding body or officer to the superior court under RCW 34.05.510 through 34.05.598. 15

16 (4) Upon a determination by the governing authority or authorized 17 representative to cancel a property tax exemption, the county 18 officials having possession of the assessment and tax rolls must correct the rolls in the manner provided for omitted property under 19 RCW 84.40.080. The county assessor must make such a valuation of the 20 21 property and improvements as is necessary to permit the correction of the rolls. The owner may appeal the valuation to the county board of 22 equalization under chapter 84.48 RCW and in accordance with RCW 23 84.40.038. If there has been a failure to comply with this chapter, 24 25 the property must be listed as an omitted assessment for assessment years beginning January 1st of the calendar year in which the 26 noncompliance first occurred, but the listing as an omitted 27 28 assessment may not be for a period more than three calendar years 29 preceding the year in which the failure to comply was discovered.

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 17. This section is the tax preference 31 performance statement for the tax preference contained in this 32 chapter. This performance statement is only intended to be used for 33 subsequent evaluation of the tax preference. It is not intended to 34 create a private right of action by any party or be used to determine 35 eligibility for preferential tax treatment.

36 (1) The legislature categorizes this tax preference as one 37 intended to induce certain designated behavior by taxpayers, as 38 indicated in RCW 82.32.808(2)(a).

1 (2) It is the legislature's specific public policy objective to preserve quality and healthy affordable housing where housing 2 options, including quality and healthy affordable housing options, 3 are severely limited. It is the legislature's intent to provide the 4 value of residential improvements and land qualifying under this 5 б chapter an exemption from ad valorem property taxation for fifteen 7 years, as provided for in this chapter, to provide incentives to developers to preserve affordable housing units for very low-income 8 households. 9

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 18.** Sections 1 through 17 of this act 11 constitute a new chapter in Title 84 RCW.

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