S-0159.2

SENATE BILL 5350

State of Washington 64th Legislature 2015 Regular Session

By Senators Roach and Hatfield

Read first time 01/20/15. Referred to Committee on Government Operations & State Security.

AN ACT Relating to water-sewer districts; amending RCW 57.08.016, 57.16.062, and 57.16.090; and adding a new section to chapter 57.20 RCW.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. RCW 57.08.016 and 2011 c 90 s 1 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 (1) ((There shall be no private sale of)) Real property ((where the)) with an estimated value ((exceeds the sum)) of five thousand 8 dollars or more may be sold by public sale only. Estimated value 9 10 shall be determined by the board of commissioners ((and)), based upon a written appraisal report by a state-licensed or state-certified 11 appraiser ((and broker advice as it considers 12 real estate appropriate)), as described and governed by chapter 18.140 RCW, or a 13 14 written broker's price opinion, as defined in RCW 18.140.010 and described in RCW 18.140.020. The appraisal report or broker's price 15 16 opinion must have been prepared less than six months prior to the date of sale. Subject to the provisions of subsection (2) of this 17 section, no real property of the district shall be sold for less than 18 ninety percent of the value thereof. ((Where the estimated value of 19 the real property exceeds five thousand dollars, value shall be 20 21 established by a written broker price opinion made not more than six

1 months prior to the date of sale by three disinterested real estate brokers licensed under the laws of the state or by one professionally 2 designated real estate appraiser as defined in chapter 18.140 RCW. 3 A)) The broker price opinion ((shall be signed by)) or the ((broker))4 and an)) appraisal <u>report</u> must be ((signed by the appraiser and)) 5 б filed with the secretary of the board of commissioners of the district, who shall keep it at the office of the district open to 7 public inspection. ((Any)) In addition to the requirements of RCW 8 57.08.015, the notice of intention to sell such real property ((of 9 the district)) shall recite the estimated value ((or, if an appraisal 10 11 has been made, the appraised value thereof)) and refer to the 12 appraisal report or the broker's price opinion, as applicable.

(2) If no purchasers can be obtained for the real property at 13 ninety percent or more of its estimated ((or appraised)) value 14 ((after)) within one hundred twenty days of ((offering the property 15 for sale)) publication of the initial notice of intention to sell, 16 17 the board of commissioners of the district may adopt a resolution 18 stating that the district has been unable to sell the property at the ninety percent ((amount)) or more of the estimated value. 19 The district then may sell the property at the highest price it can 20 obtain at public auction. A notice of intention to sell at public 21 auction shall be published once a week for two consecutive weeks in a 22 newspaper of general circulation in the district. The notice shall 23 describe the <u>real</u> property, state the time and place at which it will 24 25 be offered for sale ((and)) at public auction, state the minimum 26 opening bid, if any, state the terms and conditions of sale((, and shall call for bids, fix the conditions thereof)), and reserve the 27 28 right to reject any and all bids for good cause.

29 **Sec. 2.** RCW 57.16.062 and 1996 c 230 s 605 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

31 Whether an improvement district is initiated by petition or resolution, the board shall conduct a public hearing at the time and 32 place designated in the notice to property owners. At this hearing 33 the board shall hear objections from any person affected by the 34 35 formation of the improvement district and may make such changes in the boundaries of the improvement district or such modifications in 36 the plans for the proposed improvement as shall be deemed necessary. 37 38 The board may not change the boundaries of the improvement district to include property not previously included in it without first 39

1 passing a new resolution of intention and giving a new notice to 2 property owners in the manner and form and within the time provided 3 in this chapter for the original notice.

After the hearing and the expiration of the ten-day period for 4 filing protests, the commissioners shall have 5 jurisdiction to 6 overrule protests and proceed with any such improvement district initiated by petition or resolution. The jurisdiction of 7 the commissioners to proceed with any improvement district initiated by 8 resolution shall be divested by protests filed with the secretary of 9 10 the board within ten days after the public hearing, signed by the 11 owners, according to the records of the applicable county auditor, of 12 at least forty percent of the area of land within the proposed improvement district. 13

If the commissioners find that the improvement district should be 14 formed, they shall by resolution form the improvement district and 15 16 order the improvement. After execution of the resolution forming the 17 improvement district, the secretary of the board of commissioners shall publish, in a legal publication that serves the area subject to 18 19 the improvement district, a notice setting forth that a resolution has been passed forming the improvement district and that a lawsuit 20 21 challenging the jurisdiction or authority of the district to proceed 22 with the improvement and creating the improvement district must be filed, and notice to the district served, within thirty days of the 23 publication of the notice. ((The notice shall set forth the nature of 24 25 the appeal. Property owners bringing the appeal shall follow the procedures set forth under RCW 57.16.090.)) Whenever a resolution 26 forming an improvement district has been adopted, the ((formation is 27 28 conclusive in all things upon all parties, and cannot be contested or 29 questioned in any manner in any proceeding whatsoever by any person not commencing a lawsuit in the manner and within the time provided 30 31 in this section, except for lawsuits made under RCW 57.16.090)) 32 action and decision of the commissioners as to all matters passed upon by it in relation to any petition or resolution is final and 33 conclusive. A lawsuit challenging the jurisdiction or authority of 34 the district to proceed with the improvement and create the local 35 improvement district or challenging the validity of or any 36 proceedings relating to the improvement may not be maintained unless 37 the lawsuit is served and filed no later than thirty days after the 38 39 publication of the notice of the execution of the resolution ordering 40 the improvement and creating the improvement district.

Following ((an appeal,)) the expiration of the time within which 1 a lawsuit challenging the formation of the improvement district must 2 be filed, or if ((it)) the lawsuit is unsuccessful ((or if no appeal 3 is made under RCW 57.16.090)), the commissioners may proceed with 4 creating the improvement district, provide the improvement and 5 6 provide the general funds of the district to be applied thereto, adopt detailed plans of the improvement district and declare the 7 estimated cost thereof, acquire all necessary land therefor, pay all 8 damages caused thereby, and commence in the name of the district such 9 10 eminent domain proceedings as may be necessary to entitle the 11 district to proceed with the improvements. The board shall thereupon 12 proceed with the work and file with the county treasurer of the county in which the real property is located its roll levying special 13 assessments in the amount to be paid by special assessment against 14 15 the property situated within the improvement district in proportion 16 to the special benefits to be derived by the property therein from 17 the improvements.

18 **Sec. 3.** RCW 57.16.090 and 1996 c 230 s 609 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

20 The decision of the district board of commissioners upon any objections made within the time and in the manner herein prescribed 21 22 may be reviewed by the superior court upon an appeal thereto taken in the following manner. ((The appeal shall be made by filing written 23 notice of appeal with the secretary of the board of commissioners and 24 25 with the clerk of the superior court in the county in which the real property is situated within ten days after publication of a notice 26 27 that the resolution confirming such assessment roll has been adopted, and such notice of appeal shall describe the property and set forth 28 29 the objections of such appellant to such assessment. Within ten days 30 from the filing of such notice of appeal with the clerk of the 31 superior court, the appellant shall file with the clerk of the court a transcript consisting of the assessment roll and the appellant's 32 33 objections thereto, together with the resolution confirming the assessment roll and the record of the district commissioners with 34 reference to the assessment. The transcript, upon payment of the 35 necessary fees therefor, shall be furnished by the secretary of the 36 37 board of commissioners and shall be certified by the secretary to 38 contain full, true, and correct copies of all matters and proceedings 39 required to be included in such transcript. Such fees shall be the

1 same as the fees payable to the county clerk for the preparation and certification of transcripts on appeal to the supreme court or the 2 court of appeals in civil actions. At the time of the filing of the 3 4 notice of appeal with the clerk of the superior court, the appellant shall file a sufficient bond in the penal sum of two hundred dollars, 5 6 with at least two sureties, to be approved by the judge of the court, conditioned to prosecute such appeal without delay, and if 7 unsuccessful to pay all costs to which the district is put by reason 8 9 of such appeal. The court may order the appellant, upon application 10 therefor, to execute and file such additional bond or bonds as the 11 necessity of the case may require. Within three days after such transcript is filed in the superior court, the appellant shall give 12 13 written notice to the secretary of the district that such transcript is filed. The notice shall state a time, not less than three days 14 15 from the service thereof, when the appellant will call up the cause 16 for hearing. The superior court shall, at such time or at such 17 further time as may be fixed by order of the court, hear and determine such appeal without a jury. The appeal shall have 18 19 preference over all civil causes pending in the court, except eminent 20 domain proceedings and actions of forcible entry and detainer. The 21 judgment of the court shall confirm, unless the court shall find from the evidence that such assessment is either founded upon a 22 fundamentally wrong basis or a decision of the board of commissioners 23 24 thereon was arbitrary or capricious, or both, in which event the 25 judgment of the court shall correct, modify, or annul the assessment 26 insofar as it affects the property of the appellant. A certified copy of the decision of the court shall be filed with the officer who 27 28 shall have custody of the assessment roll, who shall modify and correct the assessment roll in accordance with such decision. 29 30 Appellate review of the judgment of the superior court may be sought 31 as in other civil cases. However, the appeal must be sought within 32 fifteen days after the date of the entry of the judgment of such superior court. A certified copy of the order of the supreme court or 33 34 the court of appeals upon such appeal shall be filed with the officer 35 having custody of the assessment roll, who shall thereupon modify and correct the assessment roll in accordance with the decision.)) A 36 37 person aggrieved by an assessment must perfect an appeal to the superior court of the county in which the district is situated within 38 39 ten days after the approval and in the manner provided for appeals

p. 5

1 from assessments levied by cities of the first class. If the appeal

2 is taken, RCW 35.44.220 through 35.44.270 govern the procedure.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 57.20 4 RCW to read as follows:

5 (1) The board of commissioners of a district that had an annual operating budget of five million dollars or more in each of the 6 preceding three years may by resolution adopt a policy to issue its 7 own warrants for payment of claims or other obligations of the 8 district. The board of commissioners, after auditing all payrolls and 9 10 bills, may authorize the issuing of one general certificate to the 11 county treasurer, to be signed by the president of the board of commissioners, authorizing the county treasurer to pay all the 12 warrants specified by date, number, name, and amount, and the 13 accounting funds on which the warrants are drawn. The district may 14 15 then issue the warrants specified in the general certificate.

16 (2) The board of commissioners of a district that had an annual operating budget of greater than two hundred fifty thousand dollars 17 and under five million dollars in each of the preceding three years 18 may upon agreement between the county treasurer and the district 19 commission, with approval of the district commission by resolution, 20 adopt a policy to issue its own warrants for payment of claims or 21 other obligations of the district. The board of commissioners, after 22 auditing all payrolls and bills, may authorize the issuing of one 23 24 general certificate to the county treasurer, to be signed by the 25 president of the board of commissioners, authorizing the county treasurer to pay all the warrants specified by date, number, name, 26 27 and amount, and the accounting funds on which the warrants are drawn. 28 The district may then issue the warrants specified in the general 29 certificate.

--- END ---

p. 6