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## SENATE BILL 5531

State of Washington 64th Legislature 2015 Regular Session

By Senators Hatfield and Chase

Read first time 01/23/15. Referred to Committee on Natural Resources & Parks.

- AN ACT Relating to providing increased revenue to the state wildlife account; amending RCW 77.15.500, 77.65.010, 77.65.150, 77.65.160, 77.65.170, 77.65.190, 77.65.280, 77.65.340, 77.65.440, 77.65.480, 77.65.510, 82.27.020, and 82.27.070; reenacting and amending RCW 77.12.170; adding new sections to chapter 77.65 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.
- 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 8 **Sec. 1.** RCW 77.12.170 and 2011 c 339 s 3, 2011 c 320 s 23, and 9 2011 c 171 s 112 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 10 (1) There is established in the state treasury the state wildlife 11 account ((which)) that consists of moneys received from:
  - (a) Rentals or concessions of the department;
- 13 (b) The sale of real or personal property held for department 14 purposes, unless the property is seized or recovered through a fish, 15 shellfish, or wildlife enforcement action;
  - (c) The assessment of administrative penalties;
- 17 (d) The sale of licenses, permits, tags, and stamps required by 18 chapter 77.32 RCW, RCW 77.65.490, section 4 of this act, and 19 application fees;
- (e) Fees for informational materials published by the department;

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1 (f) Fees for personalized vehicle, Wild on Washington, and 2 Endangered Wildlife license plates and Washington's Wildlife license 3 plate collection as provided in chapter 46.17 RCW;

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- (g) Articles or wildlife sold by the director under this title;
- (h) Compensation for damage to department property or wildlife losses or contributions, gifts, or grants received under RCW 77.12.320. However, this excludes fish and shellfish overages, and court-ordered restitution or donations associated with any fish, shellfish, or wildlife enforcement action, as such moneys must be deposited pursuant to RCW 77.15.425;
- 11 (i) Excise tax on ((anadromous game)) enhanced food fish collected under chapter 82.27 RCW;
- 13 (j) The department's share of revenues from auctions and raffles authorized by the commission;
- 15 (k) The sale of watchable wildlife decals under RCW 77.32.560; ((and))
- (1) Moneys received from the recreation access pass account created in RCW 79A.80.090 must be dedicated to stewardship, operations, and maintenance of department lands used for public recreation purposes; ((and))
  - (m) Donations received by the director under RCW 77.12.039; and
- 22 <u>(n) The commercial anadromous surcharge required by chapter 77.65</u>
  23 RCW.
- (2) State and county officers receiving any moneys listed in subsection (1) of this section ((shall)) must deposit them in the state treasury to be credited to the state wildlife account.
- 27 **Sec. 2.** RCW 77.15.500 and 2000 c 107 s 248 are each amended to 28 read as follows:
- (1) A person is guilty of commercial fishing without a license in the second degree if the person fishes for, takes, or delivers food fish, shellfish, or game fish while acting for commercial purposes and:
- 33 (a) The person does not hold a fishery license or delivery 34 license under chapter 77.65 RCW for the food fish or shellfish;  $((\Theta r))$
- 36 (b) The person is not a licensed operator designated as an 37 alternate operator on a fishery or delivery license under chapter 38 77.65 RCW for the food fish or shellfish; or

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- 1 (c) The person does not hold a crewmember license when required 2 under section 4 of this act.
- 3 (2) A person is guilty of commercial fishing without a license in 4 the first degree if the person commits the act described by 5 subsection (1) of this section and:
- 6 (a) The violation involves taking, delivery, or possession of 7 food fish or shellfish with a value of two hundred fifty dollars or 8 more; or
- 9 (b) The violation involves taking, delivery, or possession of 10 food fish or shellfish from an area that was closed to the taking of 11 such food fish or shellfish by any statute or rule.
- 12 (3)(a) Commercial fishing without a license in the second degree 13 is a gross misdemeanor.
- 14 (b) Commercial fishing without a license in the first degree is a 15 class C felony.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 77.65
  RCW to read as follows:
- 18 (1) In addition to any commercial license required under this 19 chapter, an anadromous surcharge is required in order to commercially 20 fish, harvest, sell, purchase, or process any anadromous species.
- 21 (2) The amount of the applicable commercial anadromous surcharge 22 is as provided in RCW 77.65.150, 77.65.170, 77.65.190, 77.65.280, 23 77.65.340, 77.65.440, 77.65.480, and 77.65.510.
- 24 (3) The commercial anadromous surcharge must be deposited into 25 the state wildlife account created in RCW 77.12.170. Moneys received 26 from the anadromous surcharge must be appropriated to support 27 commercial fisheries, including activities such as fishery 28 monitoring, sampling and permitting activities, hatchery production 29 and maintenance activities, and commercial fishery enforcement 30 activities.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 77.65 32 RCW to read as follows:
- 33 (1)(a) A crewmember license is required for each individual who 34 works on any commercial vessel while operating in a commercial 35 fishery regulated by the state, except that the individual on the 36 vessel designated as the primary or alternate operator on the 37 commercial fishing license does not also need a crewmember license.

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(b) A crewmember license is not required for an individual aboard a licensed vessel who does not directly or indirectly participate in the operation of the vessel, the harvest, or catch processing activity. For the purposes of this section the terms "harvest" or "catch processing" include participation in tending, deploying, retrieving, or baiting fishing gear, harvesting, transferring or receiving fish or shellfish, heading and gutting fish, freezing, icing, or placing fish or shellfish in holds.

- (2) A crewmember license must be purchased by an individual working as a crewmember, which license the holder may use aboard any commercial fishing vessel. A crewmember license purchased by a crewmember may not be transferred to another individual.
  - (3) A crewmember license may be purchased and held by a commercial fishing license holder for use by any individual working on the vessel named in the commercial fishing license. Each crewmember license held by a commercial fishing license holder covers one crewmember per trip, but the same crewmember license can be used to authorize a different individual to act as a crewmember on a subsequent trip.
  - (4)(a) The fee for an annual crewmember license is one hundred dollars for residents and nonresidents. Additional application fees and surcharges do not apply except that if the license is purchased through the automated licensing system the fees authorized in RCW 77.32.050 apply.
- 25 (b) A five consecutive day crewmember license may be purchased for a fee of twenty-five dollars for residents and nonresidents. Additional application fees and surcharges do not apply except that if the license is purchased through the automated licensing system the fees authorized in RCW 77.32.050 apply.
  - (5) Moneys received from the sale of a crewmember license must be deposited into the state wildlife account and be appropriated to support commercial fisheries, including activities such as fishery monitoring, sampling and permitting activities, hatchery production and maintenance activities, and commercial fishery enforcement activities.
- **Sec. 5.** RCW 77.65.010 and 2009 c 333 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

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- 1 (1) Except as otherwise provided by this title, a person must 2 have a license or permit issued by the director in order to engage in 3 any of the following activities:
  - (a) Commercially fish for or take food fish or shellfish;

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- 5 (b) Deliver from a commercial fishing vessel food fish or 6 shellfish taken for commercial purposes in offshore waters. As used 7 in this subsection, "deliver" means arrival at a place or port, and 8 includes arrivals from offshore waters to waters within the state and 9 arrivals from state or offshore waters;
- 10 (c) Operate a charter boat or commercial fishing vessel engaged 11 in a fishery;
- 12 (d) Engage in processing or wholesaling food fish or shellfish;  $((\Theta_r))$ 
  - (e) Act as a food fish guide for personal use in freshwater rivers and streams, except that a charter boat license is required to operate a vessel from which a person may for a fee fish for food fish in state waters listed in RCW 77.65.150(4)(b); or
  - (f) Work as a crewmember on any commercial vessel operating in a commercial fishery regulated by the state, including crews of tenders, processors, catcher processors, or other floating craft while used in catching or transporting fish or shellfish.
  - (2) No person may engage in the activities described in subsection (1) of this section unless the licenses or permits required by this title are in the person's possession, and the person is the named license holder or an alternate operator designated on the license and the person's license is not suspended.
  - (3) A valid Oregon license that is equivalent to a license under this title is valid in the concurrent waters of the Columbia river if the state of Oregon recognizes as valid the equivalent Washington license. The director may identify by rule what Oregon licenses are equivalent.
  - (4) No license or permit is required for the production or harvesting of private sector cultured aquatic products as defined in RCW 15.85.020 or for the delivery, processing, or wholesaling of such aquatic products. However, if a means of identifying such products is required by rules adopted under RCW 15.85.060, the exemption from licensing or permit requirements established by this subsection applies only if the aquatic products are identified in conformance with those rules.

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**Sec. 6.** RCW 77.65.150 and 2011 c 339 s 18 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

(1) The director shall issue the charter licenses and angler permits listed in this section according to the requirements of this title. The licenses and permits and their annual license fees, application fees, and surcharges are:

7	Fishery License Annua		License Fee	Anadromous Surcharge RCW		Regional Fisheries	<u>Rockfish</u>	Application	Governing	
8	or (( <del>(RCW 77.9</del>		5.090 Surcharge)))	77.65(section	on 3 of this act) Enhancement		Research	Fee	Section	
9	Permit		(((RCW 77.12.702 Surcharge)))				Group	Surcharge RCW		
10							Enhancement	77.12.702		
11							Surcharge RCW			
12							<u>77.95.090</u>			
13			Resident	Nonresident	Resident	Nonresident				
14	(a)	Non-	\$225	\$375	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	plus \$35	\$ 70	
15		salmon	(( <del>(plus \$35 for</del>	(( <del>(plus \$35 for</del>						
16		charter	RCW-77.12.702	2 RCW 77.12.702						
17			Surcharge)))	Surcharge)))						
18	(b)	Salmon	\$380	\$685	plus \$310	plus \$310	plus \$100	plus \$35	\$105	RCW
19		charter	(( <del>(plus \$100)</del>	(( <del>(plus \$100)</del>						77.70.050
20			(plus \$35 for	(plus \$35 for						
21			RCW 77.12.702 RCW 77.12.702							
22			Surcharge)))	Surcharge)))						
23	(c)	Salmon	\$ 0	\$ 0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	RCW
24		angler								77.70.060
25	(d)	Salmon roo	e \$ 95	\$ 95	plus \$80	plus \$80	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	\$ 70	RCW
26										77.65.350

- (2) A salmon charter license designating a vessel is required to operate a charter boat from which persons may, for a fee, fish for salmon, other food fish, and shellfish. The director may issue a salmon charter license only to a person who meets the qualifications of RCW 77.70.050.
- (3) A nonsalmon charter license designating a vessel is required to operate a charter boat from which persons may, for a fee, fish for food fish other than salmon, albacore tuna, and shellfish.
  - (4)(a) "Charter boat" means a vessel from which persons may, for a fee, fish for food fish or shellfish for personal use in those state waters set forth in (b) of this subsection. "Charter boat" also

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- means a vessel from which persons may, for a fee, fish for food fish or shellfish for personal use in offshore waters or in the waters of other states. The director may specify by rule when a vessel is a "charter boat" within this definition.
- 5 (b) A person may not operate a vessel from which persons may, for 6 a fee, fish for food fish or shellfish in Puget Sound, Grays Harbor, 7 Willapa Bay, Pacific Ocean waters, Lake Washington, or the Columbia 8 river below the bridge at Longview unless the vessel is designated on 9 a charter boat license.
- (5) A charter boat licensed in Oregon may fish without a 10 11 Washington charter license under the same rules as Washington charter 12 boat operators in ocean waters within the jurisdiction of Washington state from the southern border of the state of Washington to 13 Leadbetter Point, as long as the Oregon vessel does not take on or 14 discharge passengers for any purpose from any Washington port, the 15 16 Washington shore, or a dock, landing, or other point in Washington. 17 The provisions of this subsection shall be in effect as long as the 18 state of Oregon has reciprocal laws and regulations.

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- (6) A salmon charter license under subsection (1)(b) of this section may be renewed if the license holder notifies the department by May 1st of that year that he or she will not participate in the fishery during that calendar year. The license holder must pay the one hundred dollar enhancement surcharge, a thirty-five dollar surcharge to be deposited in the rockfish research account created in RCW 77.12.702, plus a one hundred five dollar application fee, plus a one hundred twenty dollar commercial anadromous surcharge, in order to be considered a valid renewal and eligible to renew the license the following year.
- 29 **Sec. 7.** RCW 77.65.160 and 2011 c 339 s 19 are each amended to 30 read as follows:
- (1) The following commercial salmon fishery licenses are required for the license holder to use the specified gear to fish for salmon in state waters. Only a person who meets the qualifications of RCW 77.70.090 may hold a license listed in this subsection. The licenses and their annual license fees, application fees, and surcharges ((under RCW 77.95.090)) are:

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1	Fishery		Annual License Fee		Anadromous Surc	harge RCW 77.65	Regional Fisheries	Application Fee	
2	License				(section 3 of this act)		Enhancement Group		
3							Surcharge <u>RCW 77.95.090</u>		
4			Resident	Nonresident					
5			Fee	Fee	Resident	Nonresident			
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7	(a)	Salmon Gill Net	\$380	\$685	plus \$290	plus \$290	plus \$100	\$105	
8		—Grays							
9		Harbor-							
10		Columbia							
11		river							
12	(b)	Salmon Gill Net	\$380	\$685	plus \$290	plus \$290	plus \$100	\$105	
13		—Puget							
14		Sound							
15	(c)	Salmon Gill Net	\$380	\$685	plus \$290	plus \$290	plus \$100	\$105	
16		—Willapa							
17		Bay-							
18		Columbia							
19		river							
20	(d)	Salmon purse	\$530	\$985	plus \$365	plus \$365	plus \$100	\$105	
21		seine							
22	(e)	Salmon reef net	\$380	\$685	plus \$290	plus \$290	plus \$100	\$105	
23	(f)	Salmon troll	\$380	\$685	plus \$290	plus \$290	plus \$100	\$105	

(2) A license issued under this section authorizes no taking or delivery of salmon or other food fish unless a vessel is designated under RCW 77.65.100.

- (3) Holders of commercial salmon fishery licenses may retain incidentally caught food fish other than salmon, subject to rules of the department.
  - (4) A salmon troll license includes a salmon delivery license.
- (5) A salmon gill net license authorizes the taking of salmon only in the geographical area for which the license is issued. The geographical designations in subsection (1) of this section have the following meanings:
- (a) "Puget Sound" includes waters of the Strait of Juan de Fuca, Georgia Strait, Puget Sound and all bays, inlets, canals, coves, sounds, and estuaries lying easterly and southerly of the international boundary line and a line at the entrance to the Strait

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of Juan de Fuca projected northerly from Cape Flattery to the lighthouse on Tatoosh Island and then to Bonilla Point on Vancouver Island.

- (b) "Grays Harbor-Columbia river" includes waters of Grays Harbor and tributary estuaries lying easterly of a line projected northerly from Point Chehalis Light to Point Brown and those waters of the Columbia river and tributary sloughs and estuaries easterly of a line at the entrance to the Columbia river projected southerly from the most westerly point of the North jetty to the most westerly point of the South jetty.
- (c) "Willapa Bay-Columbia river" includes waters of Willapa Bay and tributary estuaries and easterly of a line projected northerly from Leadbetter Point to the Cape Shoalwater tower and those waters of the Columbia river and tributary sloughs described in (b) of this subsection.
- (6) A commercial salmon troll fishery license may be renewed under this section if the license holder notifies the department by May 1st of that year that he or she will not participate in the fishery during that calendar year. A commercial salmon gill net, reef net, or seine fishery license may be renewed under this section if the license holder notifies the department before the third Monday in September of that year that he or she will not participate in the fishery during that calendar year. The license holder must pay the one hundred dollar enhancement surcharge, ((plus)) a one hundred five dollar application fee, plus a one hundred dollar commercial anadromous surcharge before the third Monday in September, in order to be considered a valid renewal and eligible to renew the license the following year.
- (7) Notwithstanding the annual license fees and surcharges established in subsection (1) of this section, a person who holds a resident commercial salmon fishery license shall pay an annual license fee of one hundred dollars plus the surcharge and application fee if all of the following conditions are met:
  - (a) The license holder is at least seventy-five years of age;
- (b) The license holder owns a fishing vessel and has fished with a resident commercial salmon fishery license for at least thirty years; and
- 38 (c) The commercial salmon fishery license is for a geographical 39 area other than the Puget Sound.

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- An alternate operator may not be designated for a license renewed at the one hundred dollar annual fee under this subsection (7).
- 3 **Sec. 8.** RCW 77.65.170 and 2011 c 339 s 20 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- 5 (1) A salmon delivery license is required for a commercial fishing vessel to deliver salmon taken for commercial purposes in offshore waters to a place or port in the state. ((As used in this section, "deliver" and "delivery" mean arrival at a place or port, and include arrivals from offshore waters to waters within the state and arrivals ashore from offshore waters.))
- 11 <u>(2)(a)</u> The annual fee for a salmon delivery license is three 12 hundred eighty dollars for residents and six hundred eighty-five 13 dollars for nonresidents.
- 14 <u>(b)</u> The application fee for a salmon delivery license is one 15 hundred five dollars.
- 16 <u>(c)</u> The annual surcharge under RCW 77.95.090 is one hundred dollars for each license.
- 18 <u>(d) The annual commercial anadromous surcharge under section 3 of</u> 19 <u>this act is two hundred ninety dollars for a resident or nonresident.</u>
- 20 <u>(e)</u> Holders of nonlimited entry delivery licenses issued under 21 RCW 77.65.210 may apply the nonlimited entry delivery license fee 22 against the salmon delivery license fee.
- $((\frac{(2)}{(2)}))$  (3) Only a person who meets the qualifications established in RCW 77.70.090 may hold a salmon delivery license issued under this section.

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- $((\frac{3}{3}))$  (4) A salmon delivery license authorizes no taking of salmon or other food fish or shellfish from the waters of the state.
- ((4)) (5) If the director determines that the operation of a vessel under a salmon delivery license results in the depletion or destruction of the state's salmon resource or the delivery into this state of salmon products prohibited by law, the director may revoke the license under the procedures of chapter 34.05 RCW.
- 33 (6) As used in this section, "deliver" and "delivery" mean
  34 arrival at a place or port and include arrivals from offshore waters
  35 to waters within the state and arrivals ashore from offshore waters.
- 36 **Sec. 9.** RCW 77.65.190 and 2011 c 339 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:

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(1) A person who does not qualify for a license under RCW 77.70.090 shall obtain a nontransferable emergency salmon delivery license to make one delivery from a commercial fishing vessel of salmon taken for commercial purposes in offshore waters. ((As used in this section, "delivery" means arrival at a place or port, and include arrivals from offshore waters to waters within the state and arrivals ashore from offshore waters.)) The director shall not issue an emergency salmon delivery license unless, as determined by the director, a bona fide emergency exists.

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- 10 <u>(2)(a)</u> The license fee <u>for a nontransferable emergency salmon</u>
  11 <u>delivery license</u> is two hundred twenty-five dollars for residents and
  12 four hundred seventy-five dollars for nonresidents.
- 13 <u>(b)</u> The application fee <u>for a nontransferable emergency salmon</u> 14 <u>delivery license</u> is one hundred five dollars.
- 15 <u>(c) The annual commercial anadromous surcharge under section 3 of</u>
  16 <u>this act for a nontransferable emergency salmon delivery license is</u>
  17 one hundred sixty-five dollars for a resident or nonresident.
  - (3) An applicant for an emergency salmon delivery license shall designate no more than one vessel that will be used with the license. Alternate operator licenses are not required of persons delivering salmon under an emergency salmon delivery license. Emergency salmon delivery licenses are not renewable.
- 23 (4) As used in this section, "delivery" means arrival at a place 24 or port and includes arrivals from offshore waters to waters within 25 the state and arrivals ashore from offshore waters.
- 26 **Sec. 10.** RCW 77.65.280 and 2014 c 48 s 27 are each amended to 27 read as follows:
  - (1) A wholesale fish dealer's license is required for:
- 29 (a) A business in the state to engage in the commercial 30 processing of food fish or shellfish, including custom canning or 31 processing of personal use food fish or shellfish.
- 32 (b) A business in the state to engage in the wholesale selling, 33 buying, or brokering of food fish or shellfish. A wholesale fish 34 dealer's license is not required of those businesses which buy 35 exclusively from Washington licensed wholesale dealers and sell 36 solely at retail.
- 37 (c) Fishers who land and sell their catch or harvest in the state 38 to anyone other than a licensed wholesale dealer within or outside 39 the state, unless the fisher has a direct retail endorsement.

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- 1 (d) A business to engage in the commercial manufacture or 2 preparation of fertilizer, oil, meal, caviar, fish bait, or other by-3 products from food fish or shellfish.
- 4 (e) A business engaging a fish buyer as defined under RCW 5 77.65.340.
- 6 (2)(a) The annual license fee for a wholesale dealer is two 7 hundred fifty dollars. The application fee is one hundred five 8 dollars.
- 9 <u>(b) The annual commercial anadromous surcharge under section 3 of</u> 10 this act for a wholesale dealer is one hundred seventy-five dollars.
- (3) A wholesale fish dealer's license is not required for persons engaged in the processing, wholesale selling, buying, or brokering of private sector cultured aquatic products as defined in RCW 15.85.020.

  However, if a means of identifying such products is required by rules adopted under RCW 15.85.060, the exemption from licensing requirements established by this subsection applies only if the aquatic products are identified in conformance with those rules.
- 18 **Sec. 11.** RCW 77.65.340 and 2014 c 48 s 28 are each amended to 19 read as follows:
- 20 (1) A fish buyer's license is required of and shall be carried by 21 each individual engaged by a wholesale fish dealer to purchase food 22 fish or shellfish from a commercial fisher. A fish buyer may 23 represent only one wholesale fish dealer.
- 24 (2)(a) The annual fee for a fish buyer's license is ninety-five 25 dollars.
- 26 <u>(b)</u> The application fee <u>for a fish buyer's license</u> is one hundred 27 five dollars.
- 28 <u>(c) The annual commercial anadromous surcharge under section 3 of</u> 29 this act for a fish buyer's license is one hundred dollars.
- 30 **Sec. 12.** RCW 77.65.440 and 2011 c 339 s 28 are each amended to read as follows:
- The director shall issue the personal licenses listed in this section according to the requirements of this title. The licenses ((and)), their annual fees, and surcharges are:

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1	Personal Annual <u>License</u> Fee		cense Fee	Anadromous Surcharge RCW		Regional Fisheries		Application	Governing
2	License	(((RCW-77.95.09	90 Surcharge)))	77.65(section	on 3 of this act)	Enhancement Group		Fee	Section
3						Enhancement Surcharge RCW			
4						<u>77.95.090</u>			
5		Resident	Nonresident	Resident	Nonresident	Resident	Nonresident		
6	(1) Alternate	\$35	\$35	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>plus \$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	\$70	RCW 77.65.130
7	Operator								
8	(2) Geoduck	\$185	\$295	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>plus \$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	\$70	RCW 77.65.410
9	Diver								
10	(3) Food Fish	\$130	\$630	plus \$110	plus \$110	plus \$20	plus \$100	\$70	RCW 77.65.370
11	Guide	(( <del>(plus \$20)</del> ))	(( <del>(plus \$100)</del> ))						

- **Sec. 13.** RCW 77.65.480 and 2013 c 314 s 2 are each amended to 13 read as follows:
- (1) A taxidermy license allows the holder to practice taxidermy for commercial purposes, as that term is defined in RCW 77.15.110. The fee for this license is one hundred eighty dollars. The application fee is seventy dollars.

- (2) A fur dealer's license allows the holder to purchase, receive, or resell raw furs for commercial purposes, as that term is defined in RCW 77.15.110. The fee for this license is one hundred eighty dollars. The application fee is seventy dollars.
- (3) A game fish guide license allows the holder to offer or perform the services of a game fish guide in the taking of game fish. The fee for this license is one hundred eighty dollars for a resident and six hundred dollars for a nonresident. The application fee is seventy dollars. An application for a game fish guide license must include the information required in RCW 77.65.560. The annual commercial anadromous surcharge under section 3 of this act is one hundred twenty-five dollars for a resident or nonresident.
- (4) A game farm license allows the holder to operate a game farm to acquire, breed, grow, keep, and sell wildlife under conditions prescribed by the rules adopted pursuant to this title. The fee for this license is seventy-two dollars for the first year and forty-eight dollars for each following year. The application fee is seventy dollars.
- 36 (5) A game fish stocking permit allows the holder to release game 37 fish into the waters of the state as prescribed by rule of the

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commission. The fee for this permit is twenty-four dollars. The application fee is seventy dollars.

- (6) A fishing or field trial permit allows the holder to promote, conduct, hold, or sponsor a fishing or field trial contest in accordance with rules of the commission. The fee for a fishing contest permit is twenty-four dollars. The fee for a field trial contest permit is twenty-four dollars. The application fee is seventy dollars.
- (7)(a) An anadromous game fish buyer's license allows the holder to purchase or sell steelhead trout and other anadromous game fish harvested by Indian fishers lawfully exercising fishing rights reserved by federal statute, treaty, or executive order, under conditions prescribed by rule of the director. The fee for this license is one hundred eighty dollars. The application fee is one hundred five dollars.
- 16 (b) An anadromous game fish buyer's license is not required for 17 those businesses that buy steelhead trout and other anadromous game 18 fish from Washington licensed game fish dealers and sell solely at 19 retail.
- **Sec. 14.** RCW 77.65.510 and 2011 c 339 s 31 are each amended to 21 read as follows:
  - (1) The department must establish and administer a direct retail endorsement to serve as a single license that permits a Washington license holder or alternate operator to commercially harvest retaileligible species and to clean, dress, and sell his or her catch directly to consumers at retail, including over the internet. The direct retail endorsement must be issued as an optional addition to all holders of: (a) A commercial fishing license for retail-eligible species that the department offers under this chapter; and (b) an alternate operator license who are designated as an alternate operator on a commercial fishing license for retail eligible species.
  - (2) The direct retail endorsement must be offered at the time of application for the qualifying commercial fishing license. Individuals in possession of a qualifying commercial fishing license issued under this chapter, and alternate operators designated on such a license, may add a direct retail endorsement to their current license at any time. Individuals who do not have a commercial fishing license for retail-eligible species issued under this chapter, and who are not designated as alternate operators on such a license, may

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not receive a direct retail endorsement. The costs, conditions, responsibilities, and privileges associated with the endorsed commercial fishing license is not affected or altered in any way by the addition of a direct retail endorsement. These costs include the base cost of the license and any revenue and excise taxes.

- (3) An individual need only add one direct retail endorsement to his or her license portfolio. If a direct retail endorsement is selected by an individual holding more than one commercial fishing license issued under this chapter, a single direct retail endorsement is considered to be added to all qualifying commercial fishing licenses held by that individual, and is the only license required for the individual to sell at retail any retail-eligible species permitted by all of the underlying endorsed licenses. If a direct retail endorsement is selected by an individual designated as an alternate operator on more than one commercial license issued under this chapter, a single direct retail endorsement is the only license required for the individual to sell at retail any retail-eligible species permitted by all of the underlying endorsed licenses on which the individual is designated as an alternate operator. The direct retail endorsement applies only to the Washington license holder or alternate operator obtaining the endorsement.
  - (4)(a) In addition to any fees charged for the endorsed licenses and harvest documentation as required by this chapter or the rules of the department, the department may set a reasonable annual fee not to exceed the administrative costs to the department for a direct retail endorsement.
  - (b) In addition to an annual fee, the application fee is one hundred five dollars and the annual commercial anadromous surcharge under section 3 of this act is seventy-five dollars.
  - (5) The holder of a direct retail endorsement is responsible for documenting the commercial harvest of salmon and crab according to the provisions of this chapter, the rules of the department for a wholesale fish dealer, and the reporting requirements of the endorsed license. Any retail-eligible species caught by the holder of a direct retail endorsement must be documented on fish tickets.
  - (6) The direct retail endorsement must be displayed in a readily visible manner by the seller wherever and whenever a sale to someone other than a licensed wholesale dealer occurs. The commission may require that the holder of a direct retail endorsement notify the department up to eighteen hours before conducting an in-person sale

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1 of retail-eligible species, except for in-person sales that have a cumulative retail sales value of less than one hundred fifty dollars 2 in a twenty-four hour period that are sold directly from the vessel. 3 For sales occurring in a venue other than in person, such as over the 4 internet, through a catalog, or on the phone, the direct retail 5 б endorsement number of the seller must be provided to the buyer both at the time of sale and the time of delivery. All internet sales must 7 be conducted in accordance with federal laws and regulations. 8

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- (7) The direct retail endorsement is to be held by a natural person and is not transferable or assignable. If the endorsed license is transferred, the direct retail endorsement immediately becomes void, and the transferor is not eligible for a full or prorated reimbursement of the annual fee paid for the direct retail endorsement. Upon becoming void, the holder of a direct retail endorsement must surrender the physical endorsement to the department.
- (8) The holder of a direct retail endorsement must abide by the provisions of Title 69 RCW as they apply to the processing and retail sale of seafood. The department must distribute a pamphlet, provided by the department of agriculture, with the direct retail endorsement generally describing the labeling requirements set forth in chapter 69.04 RCW as they apply to seafood.
- (9) The holder of a qualifying commercial fishing license issued under this chapter, or an alternate operator designated on such a license, must either possess a direct retail endorsement or a wholesale dealer license provided for in RCW 77.65.280 in order to lawfully sell their catch or harvest in the state to anyone other than a licensed wholesale dealer.
- (10) The direct retail endorsement entitles the holder to sell a retail-eligible species only at a temporary food service 31 establishment as that term is defined in RCW 69.06.045, or directly 32 to a restaurant or other similar food service business.
- Sec. 15. RCW 82.27.020 and 2010 c 193 s 16 are each amended to 33 34 read as follows:
  - (1) In addition to all other taxes, licenses, or fees provided by law there is established an excise tax on the commercial possession of enhanced food fish as provided in this chapter. The tax is levied upon and shall be collected from the owner of the enhanced food fish whose possession constitutes the taxable event. The taxable event is

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- the first possession in Washington by an owner after the enhanced food fish has been landed. Processing and handling of enhanced food fish by a person who is not the owner is not a taxable event to the processor or handler.
- 5 (2) A person in possession of enhanced food fish and liable to 6 this tax may deduct from the price paid to the person from which the 7 enhanced food fish (except oysters) are purchased an amount equal to 8 a tax at one-half the rate levied in this section upon these 9 products.
- 10 (3) The measure of the tax is the value of the enhanced food fish 11 at the point of landing.
- 12 (4) The tax shall be equal to the measure of the tax multiplied 13 by the rates for enhanced food fish as follows:
- 14 (a) Chinook, coho, and chum salmon and anadromous game fish: 15 ((Five and twenty-five)) Eight and forty one-hundredths percent;
- 16 (b) Pink and sockeye salmon: ((Three and fifteen)) Five and four one-hundredths percent;
- 18 (c) Other food fish and shellfish, except oysters, sea urchins, 19 and sea cucumbers: Two and one-tenth percent;
- 20 (d) Oysters: Eight one-hundredths of one percent;

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- (e) Sea urchins: ((Four and six-tenths percent through December 31, 2013, or until the department of fish and wildlife notifies the department that the number of sea urchin licenses has been reduced to twenty licenses, whichever occurs first, and)) Two and one-tenth percent ((thereafter)); and
  - (f) Sea cucumbers: ((Four and six-tenths percent through December 31, 2013, or until the department of fish and wildlife notifies the department that the number of sea cucumber licenses has been reduced to twenty licenses, whichever occurs first, and)) Two and one-tenth percent ((thereafter)).
- 31 (5) An additional tax is imposed equal to the rate specified in 32 RCW 82.02.030 multiplied by the tax payable under subsection (4) of this section.
- 34 **Sec. 16.** RCW 82.27.070 and 2010 c 193 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) All taxes collected by the department of revenue under this chapter ((shall)) must be deposited in the ((state general fund except for the excise tax on anadromous game fish, which shall be deposited in the)) state wildlife account created in RCW 77.12.170,

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1 except for the additional tax in RCW 82.27.020(5), which must be
2 deposited into the state general fund.

(2) Moneys deposited into the state wildlife account from the 3 increase in the excise tax collected on chinook, coho, and chum 4 salmon and anadromous game fish of three and fifteen one-hundredths 5 6 percent, and on pink and sockeye salmon of one and eighty-nine onehundredths percent as provided for in section 15, chapter..., Laws of 7 2015 (section 15 of this act) must be appropriated to support 8 commercial fisheries, including activities such as fishery 9 10 monitoring, sampling and permitting activities, hatchery production and maintenance activities, and commercial fishery enforcement 11 activities. ((From January 1, 2000, to December 31, 2013, or until 12 the department of fish and wildlife notifies the department that the 13 license reduction goals of the sea urchin or sea cucumber fishery 14 have been met, whichever occurs first, twenty-five forty-sixths of 15 16 the revenues derived from the excise tax on sea urchins collected 17 under RCW 82.27.020 shall be deposited into the sea urchin dive fishery account created in RCW 77.70.150, and twenty-five forty-18 sixths of the revenues derived from the excise tax on sea cucumbers 19 collected under RCW 82.27.020 shall be deposited into the sea 20 21 cucumber dive fishery account created in RCW 77.70.190.))

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 2015.

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