## SENATE BILL 6369

State of Washington 64th Legislature 2016 Regular Session

By Senators Hobbs, Rivers, Mullet, Litzow, Cleveland, Ranker, Fain, Pedersen, Hasegawa, Hill, Carlyle, Liias, Fraser, Conway, Keiser, Chase, Frockt, Habib, McCoy, Billig, and Jayapal

Read first time 01/18/16. Referred to Committee on Health Care.

- AN ACT Relating to requiring private health insurers and the medicaid program to reimburse for a twelve-month supply of contraceptive drugs; amending RCW 74.09.520; adding a new section to chapter 48.43 RCW; and creating a new section.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that a significant 7 percentage of pregnancies are unintended and could be averted with broader access to health care and effective contraception. Providing 8 9 broader access to contraceptive drugs for women covered by medicaid could to twenty-six percent of unintended 10 programs avert up 11 pregnancies and result in an estimated four million dollars per 12 biennium in savings for Washington health care programs. Research 13 suggests that moving from twenty-eight day dispensing 14 contraceptive drugs to twelve-month dispensing improves adherence to maintenance of the drugs and effective use of the contraceptives. It 15 16 is therefore the intent of the legislature to require private health insurers, the health care authority, and all medicaid programs, fee-17 18 for-service and managed care, to require dispensing of contraceptive 19 drugs with up to a twelve-month supply provided at one time.

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 48.43
RCW to read as follows:

3 A health benefit plan issued or renewed on or after January 1, 2017, that includes coverage for contraceptive drugs must provide 4 reimbursement for a twelve-month supply of contraceptive drugs 5 б obtained at one time by the enrollee, unless the enrollee requests a 7 smaller supply or the prescribing provider instructs that the enrollee must receive a smaller supply. The health plan must allow 8 enrollees to receive the contraceptive drugs on-site at the 9 provider's office, if available. Any dispensing practices required by 10 11 the plan must follow clinical guidelines for appropriate prescribing 12 and dispensing to ensure the health of the patient while maximizing access to effective contraceptive drugs. For purposes of 13 section, "contraceptive drugs" means all drugs approved by the United 14 States food and drug administration that are used to prevent 15 16 pregnancy, including, but not limited to, hormonal drugs administered 17 orally, transdermally, and intravaginally.

## Sec. 3. RCW 74.09.520 and 2015 1st sp.s. c 8 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

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(1) The term "medical assistance" may include the following care and services subject to rules adopted by the authority or department: (a) Inpatient hospital services; (b) outpatient hospital services; (c) other laboratory and X-ray services; (d) nursing facility services; (e) physicians' services, which shall include prescribed medication and instruction on birth control devices; (f) medical care, or any other type of remedial care as may be established by the secretary or director; (g) home health care services; (h) private duty nursing services; (i) dental services; (j) physical occupational therapy and related services; (k) prescribed drugs, dentures, and prosthetic devices; and eyeglasses prescribed by a physician skilled in diseases of the eye or by an optometrist, whichever the individual may select; (1) personal care services, as provided in this section; (m) hospice services; (n) other diagnostic, screening, preventive, and rehabilitative services; and (o) like services when furnished to a child by a school district in a manner consistent with the requirements of this chapter. For the purposes of this section, neither the authority nor the department may cut off any prescription medications, oxygen supplies, respiratory services, or other life-sustaining medical services or supplies.

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"Medical assistance," notwithstanding any other provision of law, shall not include routine foot care, or dental services delivered by any health care provider, that are not mandated by Title XIX of the social security act unless there is a specific appropriation for these services.

- (2) The department shall adopt, amend, or rescind such administrative rules as are necessary to ensure that Title XIX personal care services are provided to eligible persons in conformance with federal regulations.
- 10 (a) These administrative rules shall include financial 11 eligibility indexed according to the requirements of the social 12 security act providing for medicaid eligibility.
  - (b) The rules shall require clients be assessed as having a medical condition requiring assistance with personal care tasks. Plans of care for clients requiring health-related consultation for assessment and service planning may be reviewed by a nurse.
    - (c) The department shall determine by rule which clients have a health-related assessment or service planning need requiring registered nurse consultation or review. This definition may include clients that meet indicators or protocols for review, consultation, or visit.
    - (3) The department shall design and implement a means to assess the level of functional disability of persons eligible for personal care services under this section. The personal care services benefit shall be provided to the extent funding is available according to the assessed level of functional disability. Any reductions in services made necessary for funding reasons should be accomplished in a manner that assures that priority for maintaining services is given to persons with the greatest need as determined by the assessment of functional disability.
- 31 (4) Effective July 1, 1989, the authority shall offer hospice 32 services in accordance with available funds.
  - (5) For Title XIX personal care services administered by aging and disability services administration of the department, the department shall contract with area agencies on aging:
  - (a) To provide case management services to individuals receiving Title XIX personal care services in their own home; and
  - (b) To reassess and reauthorize Title XIX personal care services or other home and community services as defined in RCW 74.39A.009 in

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1 home or in other settings for individuals consistent with the intent 2 of this section:

intravaginally.

- (i) Who have been initially authorized by the department to receive Title XIX personal care services or other home and community services as defined in RCW 74.39A.009; and
- (ii) Who, at the time of reassessment and reauthorization, are receiving such services in their own home.
- (6) In the event that an area agency on aging is unwilling to enter into or satisfactorily fulfill a contract or an individual consumer's need for case management services will be met through an alternative delivery system, the department is authorized to:
  - (a) Obtain the services through competitive bid; and
- 13 (b) Provide the services directly until a qualified contractor 14 can be found.
  - (7) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the authority may offer medicare part D prescription drug copayment coverage to full benefit dual eligible beneficiaries.
  - (8) Effective January 1, 2016, the authority shall require universal screening and provider payment for autism and developmental delays as recommended by the bright futures guidelines of the American academy of pediatrics, as they existed on August 27, 2015. This requirement is subject to the availability of funds.
  - (9) The authority shall make arrangements for all medicaid programs offered through managed care plans or fee-for-service programs to require the dispensing of contraceptive drugs with a twelve-month supply provided at one time, unless a patient requests a smaller supply or the prescribing provider instructs that the patient must receive a smaller supply. Contracts with managed care plans must allow on-site dispensing of the prescribed contraceptive drugs at family practice clinics. Dispensing practices must follow clinical quidelines for appropriate prescribing and dispensing to ensure the health of the patient while maximizing access to effective contraceptive drugs. For purposes of this subsection, "contraceptive drugs" means all drugs approved by the United States food and drug administration that are used to prevent pregnancy, including, but not limited to, hormonal drugs administered orally, transdermally, and

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