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EHB 2519 - CONF REPT By Conference Committee

HOUSE ADOPTED 03/07/2018

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:
- 3 "Sec. 1. RCW 9.41.345 and 2015 c 130 s 2 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- 5 (1) Before a law enforcement agency returns a privately owned 6 firearm, the law enforcement agency must:
 - (a) Confirm that the individual to whom the firearm will be returned is the individual from whom the firearm was obtained or an authorized representative of that person;
- 10 (b) Confirm that the individual to whom the firearm will be 11 returned is eligible to possess a firearm pursuant to RCW 9.41.040;
- 12 (c) Ensure that the firearm is not otherwise required to be held 13 in custody or otherwise prohibited from being released; and
- 14 (d) Ensure that twenty-four hours have elapsed from the time the 15 firearm was obtained by law enforcement.
 - (2)(a) Once the requirements in subsections (1) and (3) of this section have been met, a law enforcement agency must release a firearm to the individual from whom it was obtained or an authorized representative of that person upon request without unnecessary delay.
 - (b)(i) If a firearm cannot be returned because it is required to be held in custody or is otherwise prohibited from being released, a law enforcement agency must provide written notice to the individual from whom it was obtained within five business days of the individual requesting return of his or her firearm and specify the reason the firearm must be held in custody.
- (ii) Notification may be made via email, text message, mail service, or personal service. For methods other than personal service, service shall be considered complete once the notification is sent.
- 30 (3) If a family or household member has requested to be notified 31 pursuant to RCW 9.41.340, a law enforcement agency must:

- 1 (a) Provide notice to the family or household member within one 2 business day of verifying that the requirements in subsection (1) of 3 this section have been met; and
 - (b) Hold the firearm in custody for seventy-two hours from the time notification has been provided.
 - (4)(a) A law enforcement agency may not return a concealed pistol license that has been surrendered to or impounded by the law enforcement agency for any reason to the licensee until the law enforcement agency determines the licensee is eligible to possess a firearm under state and federal law and meets the other eligibility requirements for a concealed pistol license under RCW 9.41.070.
 - (b) A law enforcement agency must release a concealed pistol license to the licensee without unnecessary delay, and in no case longer than five business days, after the law enforcement agency determines the requirements of (a) of this subsection have been met.
 - (5) The provisions of chapter 130, Laws of 2015 and subsection (4) of this section shall not apply to circumstances where a law enforcement officer has momentarily obtained a firearm or concealed pistol license from an individual and would otherwise immediately return the firearm or concealed pistol license to the individual during the same interaction.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 9.41.070 and 2017 c 282 s 1 and 2017 c 174 s 1 are 23 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The chief of police of a municipality or the sheriff of a county shall within thirty days after the filing of an application of any person, issue a license to such person to carry a pistol concealed on his or her person within this state for five years from date of issue, for the purposes of protection or while engaged in business, sport, or while traveling. However, if the applicant does not have a valid permanent Washington driver's license or Washington state identification card or has not been a resident of the state for the previous consecutive ninety days, the issuing authority shall have up to sixty days after the filing of the application to issue a license. The issuing authority shall not refuse to accept completed applications for concealed pistol licenses during regular business hours.
- The applicant's constitutional right to bear arms shall not be denied, unless:

- 1 (a) He or she is ineligible to possess a firearm under the 2 provisions of RCW 9.41.040 or 9.41.045, or is prohibited from 3 possessing a firearm under federal law;
 - (b) The applicant's concealed pistol license is in a revoked status;
 - (c) He or she is under twenty-one years of age;

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- 7 (d) He or she is subject to a court order or injunction regarding 8 firearms pursuant to <u>chapters 7.90, 7.92, or 7.94 RCW, or RCW</u> 9 9A.46.080, 10.14.080, 10.99.040, 10.99.045, 26.09.050, 26.09.060, 26.10.040, 26.10.115, 26.26.130, 26.50.060, 26.50.070, or 26.26.590;
- 11 (e) He or she is free on bond or personal recognizance pending 12 trial, appeal, or sentencing for a felony offense;
- 13 (f) He or she has an outstanding warrant for his or her arrest 14 from any court of competent jurisdiction for a felony or misdemeanor; 15 or
- 16 (g) He or she has been ordered to forfeit a firearm under RCW 9.41.098(1)(e) within one year before filing an application to carry 18 a pistol concealed on his or her person.
- No person convicted of a felony may have his or her right to possess firearms restored or his or her privilege to carry a concealed pistol restored, unless the person has been granted relief from disabilities by the attorney general under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 925(c), or RCW 9.41.040 (3) or (4) applies.
 - (2)(a) The issuing authority shall conduct a check through the national instant criminal background check system, the Washington state patrol electronic database, the department of social and health services electronic database, and with other agencies or resources as appropriate, to determine whether the applicant is ineligible under RCW 9.41.040 or 9.41.045 to possess a firearm, or is prohibited from possessing a firearm under federal law, and therefore ineligible for a concealed pistol license.
- 32 (b) The issuing authority shall deny a permit to anyone who is 33 found to be prohibited from possessing a firearm under federal or 34 state law.
- 35 (c) This subsection applies whether the applicant is applying for 36 a new concealed pistol license or to renew a concealed pistol 37 license.
- 38 (3) Any person whose firearms rights have been restricted and who
 39 has been granted relief from disabilities by the attorney general
 40 under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 925(c) or who is exempt under 18 U.S.C. Sec.

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- 921(a)(20)(A) shall have his or her right to acquire, receive, transfer, ship, transport, carry, and possess firearms in accordance with Washington state law restored except as otherwise prohibited by this chapter.
- (4) The license application shall bear the full name, residential 5 6 address, telephone number at the option of the applicant, email address at the option of the applicant, date and place of birth, 7 race, gender, description, a complete set of fingerprints, and 8 signature of the licensee, and the licensee's driver's license number 9 or state identification card number if used for identification in 10 11 applying for the license. A signed application for a concealed pistol 12 license shall constitute a waiver of confidentiality and written request that the department of social and health services, mental 13 health institutions, and other health care facilities release 14 information relevant to the applicant's eligibility for a concealed 15 16 pistol license to an inquiring court or law enforcement agency.

The application for an original license shall include a complete set of fingerprints to be forwarded to the Washington state patrol.

The license and application shall contain a warning substantially as follows:

CAUTION: Although state and local laws do not differ, federal law and state law on the possession of firearms differ. If you are prohibited by federal law from possessing a firearm, you may be prosecuted in federal court. A state license is not a defense to a federal prosecution.

The license shall contain a description of the major differences between state and federal law and an explanation of the fact that local laws and ordinances on firearms are preempted by state law and must be consistent with state law.

The application shall contain questions about the applicant's eligibility under RCW 9.41.040 and federal law to possess a pistol, the applicant's place of birth, and whether the applicant is a United States citizen. If the applicant is not a United States citizen, the applicant must provide the applicant's country of citizenship, United States issued alien number or admission number, and the basis on which the applicant claims to be exempt from federal prohibitions on firearm possession by aliens. The applicant shall not be required to produce a birth certificate or other evidence of citizenship. A person who is not a citizen of the United States shall, if

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- 1 applicable, meet the additional requirements of RCW 9.41.173 and
- 2 produce proof of compliance with RCW 9.41.173 upon application. The
- 3 license may be in triplicate or in a form to be prescribed by the 4 department of licensing.

A photograph of the applicant may be required as part of the application and printed on the face of the license.

The original thereof shall be delivered to the licensee, the duplicate shall within seven days be sent to the director of licensing and the triplicate shall be preserved for six years, by the authority issuing the license.

The department of licensing shall make available to law enforcement and corrections agencies, in an on-line format, all information received under this subsection.

(5) The nonrefundable fee, paid upon application, for the original five-year license shall be thirty-six dollars plus additional charges imposed by the federal bureau of investigation that are passed on to the applicant. No other state or local branch or unit of government may impose any additional charges on the applicant for the issuance of the license.

The fee shall be distributed as follows:

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- (a) Fifteen dollars shall be paid to the state general fund;
- 22 (b) Four dollars shall be paid to the agency taking the 23 fingerprints of the person licensed;
- (c) Fourteen dollars shall be paid to the issuing authority for the purpose of enforcing this chapter;
- 26 (d) Two dollars and sixteen cents to the firearms range account 27 in the general fund; and
- 28 (e) Eighty-four cents to the concealed pistol license renewal 29 notification account created in RCW 43.79.540.
- 30 (6) The nonrefundable fee for the renewal of such license shall 31 be thirty-two dollars. No other branch or unit of government may 32 impose any additional charges on the applicant for the renewal of the 33 license.

The renewal fee shall be distributed as follows:

- (a) Fifteen dollars shall be paid to the state general fund;
- 36 (b) Fourteen dollars shall be paid to the issuing authority for 37 the purpose of enforcing this chapter;
- 38 (c) Two dollars and sixteen cents to the firearms range account 39 in the general fund; and

1 (d) Eighty-four cents to the concealed pistol license renewal notification account created in RCW 43.79.540. 2

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- (7) The nonrefundable fee for replacement of lost or damaged licenses is ten dollars to be paid to the issuing authority.
- (8) Payment shall be by cash, check, or money order at the option of the applicant. Additional methods of payment may be allowed at the option of the issuing authority.
- (9)(a) A licensee may renew a license if the licensee applies for renewal within ninety days before or after the expiration date of the license. A license so renewed shall take effect on the expiration date of the prior license. A licensee renewing after the expiration date of the license must pay a late renewal penalty of ten dollars in addition to the renewal fee specified in subsection (6) of this section. The fee shall be distributed as follows:
- (i) Three dollars shall be deposited in the state wildlife account and used exclusively first for the printing and distribution of a pamphlet on the legal limits of the use of firearms, firearms safety, and the preemptive nature of state law, and subsequently the support of volunteer instructors in the basic firearms safety training program conducted by the department of fish and wildlife. The pamphlet shall be given to each applicant for a license; and
- (ii) Seven dollars shall be paid to the issuing authority for the 22 purpose of enforcing this chapter. 23
 - (b) Beginning with concealed pistol licenses that expire on or after August 1, 2018, the department of licensing shall mail a renewal notice approximately ninety days before the license expiration date to the licensee at the address listed on the concealed pistol license application, or to the licensee's new address if the licensee has notified the department of licensing of a change of address. Alternatively, if the licensee provides an email address at the time of license application, the department licensing may send the renewal notice to the licensee's email address. The notice must contain the date the concealed pistol license will expire, the amount of renewal fee, the penalty for late renewal, and instructions on how to renew the license.
 - (10) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsections (1) through (9) of this section, the chief of police of the municipality or the sheriff of the county of the applicant's residence may issue a temporary emergency license for good cause pending review under subsection (1) of this section. However, a temporary emergency

- license issued under this subsection shall not exempt the holder of the license from any records check requirement. Temporary emergency licenses shall be easily distinguishable from regular licenses.
 - (11) A political subdivision of the state shall not modify the requirements of this section or chapter, nor may a political subdivision ask the applicant to voluntarily submit any information not required by this section.
 - (12) A person who knowingly makes a false statement regarding citizenship or identity on an application for a concealed pistol license is guilty of false swearing under RCW 9A.72.040. In addition to any other penalty provided for by law, the concealed pistol license of a person who knowingly makes a false statement shall be revoked, and the person shall be permanently ineligible for a concealed pistol license.
 - (13) A person may apply for a concealed pistol license:
- 16 (a) To the municipality or to the county in which the applicant resides if the applicant resides in a municipality;
 - (b) To the county in which the applicant resides if the applicant resides in an unincorporated area; or
 - (c) Anywhere in the state if the applicant is a nonresident.
 - (14) Any person who, as a member of the armed forces, including the national guard and armed forces reserves, is unable to renew his or her license under subsections (6) and (9) of this section because of the person's assignment, reassignment, or deployment for out-ofstate military service may renew his or her license within ninety days after the person returns to this state from out-of-state military service, if the person provides the following to the issuing authority no later than ninety days after the person's date of discharge or assignment, reassignment, or deployment back to this state: (a) A copy of the person's original order designating the specific period of assignment, reassignment, or deployment for outof-state military service, and (b) if appropriate, a copy of the person's discharge or amended or subsequent assignment, reassignment, or deployment order back to this state. A license so renewed under this subsection (14) shall take effect on the expiration date of the prior license. A licensee renewing after the expiration date of the license under this subsection (14) shall pay only the renewal fee specified in subsection (6) of this section and shall not be required to pay a late renewal penalty in addition to the renewal fee."

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HOUSE ADOPTED 03/07/2018

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "requirements;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 9.41.345; and reenacting and amending RCW 9.41.070."

EFFECT: Requires law enforcement to return a surrendered CPL within five business days of determining the licensee is eligible for the return of the CPL. Removes provisions allowing active duty members of the United States armed forces, members of the reserves or National Guard, and honorably discharged veterans who are at least 18 years of age to possess pistols and obtain a concealed pistol license. Allows a law enforcement agency to take the photo of an applicant for a concealed pistol license and print the licensee's photo on the face of the license.

--- END ---