AN ACT Relating to prioritizing lands to receive forest health treatments; reenacting and amending RCW 43.79A.040; adding new sections to chapter 79.10 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 79.64 RCW.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 79.10 RCW to read as follows:

(1)(a) The department shall develop and implement a policy for prioritizing investments on forest health treatments to protect state lands and state forestlands, as those terms are defined in RCW 79.02.010, against losses from wildfire to: (i) Reduce wildfire hazards; (ii) reduce insect infestation and disease; and (iii) achieve cumulative impact of improved forest health and resilience at a landscape scale.

(b) The prioritization policy in (a) of this subsection must consider whether lands are within an area that is subject to a forest health hazard warning or order pursuant to RCW 76.06.180.

(2)(a) The department's prioritization of public lands must be based on an evaluation of the economic and noneconomic value of:

(i) Timber or other commercial forest products removed during any mechanical treatments;
(ii) Timber or other commercial forest products likely to be spared from damage by wildfire;

(iii) Homes, structures, agricultural products, and public infrastructure likely to be spared from damage by wildfire;

(iv) Impacts to recreation and tourism; and

(v) Ecosystem services such as water quality, air quality, or carbon sequestration.

(b) The department's evaluation of economic values may rely on heuristic techniques.

(3) For purposes of this section and sections 2 and 3 of this act, "forest health treatment" or "treatment" means actions taken by the department including, but not limited to, sublandscape assessment and project planning, site preparation, reforestation, mechanical treatments, road realignment for fire protection and aquatic improvements, and prescribed burning to reduce insect, disease, and wildfire hazards to restore the condition of a forest to one that has the capacity to meet landowner objectives, is sound in ecological function, is capable of being sustainably managed by the department, and has improved resiliency and resistance to degradation by insect, disease, or wildfire-related disturbances.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 79.10 RCW to read as follows:

(1)(a) Consistent with the prioritization policy developed pursuant to section 1 of this act, the department must identify areas of public land that would benefit from forest health treatments at the landscape level for the next twenty years, and ones that would benefit the most during the following six years, and prioritize and list specific lands for treatment during the subsequent biennium. The department shall update this list by November 15th of each even-numbered year.

(b) To expedite initial treatments under this act, for the 2017-2019 biennium the department may prioritize and, if funds are appropriated for this purpose, address lands for treatment that are currently identified by the department as pilot treatment projects.

(2) In order to develop a prioritized list that evaluates forest health treatments at a landscape scale, the department should consult with and take into account the land management plans and activities of nearby landowners, if available, including federal agencies, other state agencies, local governments, tribes, and private property owners.
owners, in addition to any statewide assessments done by the department. The department may include federally, locally, or privately managed lands on the list, provided that the treatment of such lands, in conjunction with the treatment of department-managed forested lands, will accrue superior landscape-scale benefits to state lands.

(3) By December 1st of each even-numbered year, the department must submit a report to the legislature consistent with the requirements of RCW 43.01.036, to the office of financial management, and to the board of natural resources. The report must include:

(a) A brief summary of the department's progress towards treating the lands included on the preceding biennium's prioritization list;

(b) A list of lands prioritized for forest health treatments in the next biennium, including public lands prioritized for treatment pursuant to subsection (1) of this section;

(c) Recommended funding amounts required to carry out the treatment activities for the next biennium, including a summary of potential nontimber revenue sources that could finance specific forest health treatments pursuant to section 1 of this act, including but not limited to ecosystem services such as water and carbon sequestration as well as insurance and fire mitigation; and

(d) A summary of trends in forest health conditions.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 79.64 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The forest health revolving account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. All receipts from the gross proceeds of forest health treatments as defined in this section and sections 1 and 2 of this act must be deposited into the account. Expenditures from the account may be used for the payment of costs incurred on forest health or silvicultural treatments necessary to improve forest health as defined in section 1 of this act. Only the commissioner or the commissioner's designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The board of natural resources has oversight of the account, and the commissioner must periodically report to the board of natural resources as to the status of the account, its disbursement, and receipts. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures.
(2) The gross proceeds from a forest health treatment must be
deposited into the forest health revolving account. Moneys equal to
the costs incurred on forest health or silvicultural treatments must
be retained in the account and must be deducted from the gross
proceeds to determine the net proceeds. The gross proceeds and costs
from multiple sales within the same trust may be combined prior to
determining net proceeds. The net proceeds, if any, must be
distributed in accordance with RCW 43.30.325(1)(b). The final receipt
of gross proceeds on a forest health treatment must be retained in
the forest health revolving account until all required costs for that
treatment have been paid. The forest health revolving account is an
interest-bearing account and the interest must be credited to the
account. The account balance may not exceed ten million dollars at
the end of each calendar year. Moneys in excess of twenty million
dollars must be disbursed according to RCW 79.22.040, 79.22.050, and
79.64.040. If the department permanently discontinues the use of
forest health treatment sales, any sums remaining in the forest
health revolving account must be returned to the resource management
cost account and the forest development account in proportion to each
account's contribution, if any, to the forest health revolving
account.

(3)(a) Except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection,
expenditures on public lands for forest health treatments by the
department from the forest health revolving account must be
consistent with the prioritization policy under section 1 of this act
and the prioritization list created under section 2 of this act.
(b) The department is not bound to adhere to the list submitted
to the legislature under section 1 of this act in the event that
emerging information or changed circumstances support a
re prioritization of lands consistent with the policy created under
section 1 of this act.
(c) The department is not required to apply the prioritization
policy of section 1 of this act where doing so would be incompatible
with the conditions of funding provided by the federal government or
another organization that is contributing funds to forest health
treatments involving the department.

Sec. 4. RCW 43.79A.040 and 2016 c 203 s 2, 2016 c 173 s 10, 2016
C 69 s 21, and 2016 c 39 s 7 are each reenacted and amended to read
as follows:
(1) Money in the treasurer's trust fund may be deposited, invested, and reinvested by the state treasurer in accordance with RCW 43.84.080 in the same manner and to the same extent as if the money were in the state treasury, and may be commingled with moneys in the state treasury for cash management and cash balance purposes.

(2) All income received from investment of the treasurer's trust fund must be set aside in an account in the treasury trust fund to be known as the investment income account.

(3) The investment income account may be utilized for the payment of purchased banking services on behalf of treasurer's trust funds including, but not limited to, depository, safekeeping, and disbursement functions for the state treasurer or affected state agencies. The investment income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for payments to financial institutions. Payments must occur prior to distribution of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.

(4)(a) Monthly, the state treasurer must distribute the earnings credited to the investment income account to the state general fund except under (b), (c), and (d) of this subsection.

(b) The following accounts and funds must receive their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's or fund's average daily balance for the period: The 24/7 sobriety account, the Washington promise scholarship account, the Washington advanced college tuition payment program account, the Washington college savings program account, the accessible communities account, the Washington achieving a better life experience program account, the community and technical college innovation account, the agricultural local fund, the American Indian scholarship endowment fund, the foster care scholarship endowment fund, the foster care endowed scholarship trust fund, the contract harvesting revolving account, the Washington state combined fund drive account, the commemorative works account, the county enhanced 911 excise tax account, the toll collection account, the developmental disabilities endowment trust fund, the energy account, the fair fund, the family leave insurance account, the food animal veterinarian conditional scholarship account, the forest health revolving account, the fruit and vegetable inspection account, the future teachers conditional scholarship account, the game farm alternative account, the GET ready for math and science scholarship account, the Washington global health technologies and product development account, the grain inspection
revolving fund, the industrial insurance rainy day fund, the juvenile
accountability incentive account, the law enforcement officers' and
firefighters' plan 2 expense fund, the local tourism promotion
account, the multiagency permitting team account, the pilotage
account, the produce railcar pool account, the regional
transportation investment district account, the rural rehabilitation
account, the Washington sexual assault kit account, the stadium and
exhibition center account, the youth athletic facility account, the
self-insurance revolving fund, the children's trust fund, the
Washington horse racing commission Washington bred owners' bonus fund
and breeder awards account, the Washington horse racing commission
class C purse fund account, the individual development account
program account, the Washington horse racing commission operating
account, the life sciences discovery fund, the Washington state
heritage center account, the reduced cigarette ignition propensity
account, the center for childhood deafness and hearing loss account,
the school for the blind account, the Millersylvania park trust fund,
the public employees' and retirees' insurance reserve fund, and the
radiation perpetual maintenance fund.

(c) The following accounts and funds must receive eighty percent
of their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's or
fund's average daily balance for the period: The advanced right-of-
way revolving fund, the advanced environmental mitigation revolving
account, the federal narcotics asset forfeitures account, the high
occupancy vehicle account, the local rail service assistance account,
and the miscellaneous transportation programs account.

(d) Any state agency that has independent authority over accounts
or funds not statutorily required to be held in the custody of the
state treasurer that deposits funds into a fund or account in the
custody of the state treasurer pursuant to an agreement with the
office of the state treasurer shall receive its proportionate share
of earnings based upon each account's or fund's average daily balance
for the period.

(5) In conformance with Article II, section 37 of the state
Constitution, no trust accounts or funds shall be allocated earnings
without the specific affirmative directive of this section.