## HOUSE BILL 2630

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2018 Regular Session

By Representatives Griffey, MacEwen, and Van Werven

Read first time 01/11/18. Referred to Committee on Commerce & Gaming.

1 AN ACT Relating to ensuring marijuana license applicants are in 2 compliance with local ordinances; and amending RCW 69.50.331.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 Sec. 1. RCW 69.50.331 and 2017 c 317 s 2 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

б (1) For the purpose of considering any application for a license 7 to produce, process, research, transport, or deliver marijuana, marijuana, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana-infused 8 useable products subject to the regulations established under RCW 69.50.385, 9 10 or sell marijuana, or for the renewal of a license to produce, 11 process, research, transport, or deliver marijuana, useable 12 marijuana, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana-infused products subject to the regulations established under RCW 69.50.385, or sell 13 14 marijuana, the state liquor and cannabis board must conduct a 15 comprehensive, fair, and impartial evaluation of the applications 16 timely received.

(a) The state liquor and cannabis board may cause an inspection of the premises to be made, and may inquire into all matters in connection with the construction and operation of the premises. For the purpose of reviewing any application for a license and for considering the denial, suspension, revocation, or renewal or denial

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1 thereof, of any license, the state liquor and cannabis board may consider any prior criminal conduct of the applicant including an 2 administrative violation history record with the state liquor and 3 cannabis board and a criminal history record information check. The 4 state liquor and cannabis board may submit the criminal history 5 б record information check to the Washington state patrol and to the identification division of the federal bureau of investigation in 7 order that these agencies may search their records for prior arrests 8 and convictions of the individual or individuals who filled out the 9 forms. The state liquor and cannabis board must 10 require 11 fingerprinting of any applicant whose criminal history record 12 information check is submitted to the federal bureau of investigation. The provisions of RCW 9.95.240 and of chapter 9.96A 13 RCW do not apply to these cases. Subject to the provisions of this 14 section, the state liquor and cannabis board may, in its discretion, 15 16 grant or deny the renewal or license applied for. Denial may be based 17 on, without limitation, the existence of chronic illegal activity 18 documented in objections submitted pursuant to subsections (7)(c) and (10) of this section. Authority to approve an uncontested or 19 unopposed license may be granted by the state liquor and cannabis 20 21 board to any staff member the board designates in writing. Conditions for granting this authority must be adopted by rule. 22

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(b) No license of any kind may be issued to:

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(i) A person under the age of twenty-one years;

(ii) A person doing business as a sole proprietor who has not lawfully resided in the state for at least six months prior to applying to receive a license;

(iii) A partnership, employee cooperative, association, nonprofit corporation, or corporation unless formed under the laws of this state, and unless all of the members thereof are qualified to obtain a license as provided in this section; or

32 (iv) A person whose place of business is conducted by a manager 33 or agent, unless the manager or agent possesses the same 34 qualifications required of the licensee.

35 (2)(a) The state liquor and cannabis board may, in its 36 discretion, subject to the provisions of RCW 69.50.334, suspend or 37 cancel any license; and all protections of the licensee from criminal 38 or civil sanctions under state law for producing, processing, 39 researching, or selling marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products thereunder must be suspended
 or terminated, as the case may be.

(b) The state liquor and cannabis board must immediately suspend 3 the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to RCW 4 74.20A.320 by the department of social and health services as a 5 б person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during 7 the suspension, reissuance of the license is automatic upon the state 8 liquor and cannabis board's receipt of a release issued by the 9 department of social and health services stating that the licensee is 10 11 in compliance with the order.

12 (C) The state liquor and cannabis board may request the appointment of administrative law judges under chapter 34.12 RCW who 13 shall have power to administer oaths, issue subpoenas for the 14 attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, books, 15 16 accounts, documents, and testimony, examine witnesses, and to receive 17 testimony in any inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding in 18 any part of the state, under rules and regulations the state liquor 19 and cannabis board may adopt.

(d) Witnesses must be allowed fees and mileage each way to and from any inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding at the rate authorized by RCW 34.05.446. Fees need not be paid in advance of appearance of witnesses to testify or to produce books, records, or other legal evidence.

25 (e) In case of disobedience of any person to comply with the 26 order of the state liquor and cannabis board or a subpoena issued by the state liquor and cannabis board, or any of its members, or 27 administrative law judges, or on the refusal of a witness to testify 28 to any matter regarding which he or she may be lawfully interrogated, 29 the judge of the superior court of the county in which the person 30 31 resides, on application of any member of the board or administrative 32 law judge, compels obedience by contempt proceedings, as in the case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena issued from said 33 court or a refusal to testify therein. 34

35 (3) Upon receipt of notice of the suspension or cancellation of a 36 license, the licensee must forthwith deliver up the license to the 37 state liquor and cannabis board. Where the license has been suspended 38 only, the state liquor and cannabis board must return the license to 39 the licensee at the expiration or termination of the period of 40 suspension. The state liquor and cannabis board must notify all other

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licensees in the county where the subject licensee has its premises of the suspension or cancellation of the license; and no other licensee or employee of another licensee may allow or cause any marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuanainfused products to be delivered to or for any person at the premises of the subject licensee.

7 (4) Every license issued under this chapter is subject to all 8 conditions and restrictions imposed by this chapter or by rules 9 adopted by the state liquor and cannabis board to implement and 10 enforce this chapter. All conditions and restrictions imposed by the 11 state liquor and cannabis board in the issuance of an individual 12 license must be listed on the face of the individual license along 13 with the trade name, address, and expiration date.

14 (5) Every licensee must post and keep posted its license, or15 licenses, in a conspicuous place on the premises.

16 (6) No licensee may employ any person under the age of twenty-one 17 years.

(7)(a) Before the state liquor and cannabis board issues a new or 18 19 renewed license to an applicant it must give notice of the application to the chief executive officer of the incorporated city 20 21 or town, if the application is for a license within an incorporated city or town, or to the county legislative authority, if the 22 application is for a license outside the boundaries of incorporated 23 cities or towns, or to the tribal government if the application is 24 25 for a license within Indian country, or to the port authority if the 26 application for a license is located on property owned by a port authority. 27

28 (b) The incorporated city or town through the official or employee selected by it, the county legislative authority or the 29 official or employee selected by it, the tribal government, or port 30 31 authority has the right to file with the state liquor and cannabis 32 board within twenty days after the date of transmittal of the notice for applications, or at least thirty days prior to the expiration 33 date for renewals, written objections against the applicant or 34 against the premises for which the new or renewed license is asked. 35 The state liquor and cannabis board may extend the time period for 36 submitting written objections upon request from the authority 37 notified by the state liquor and cannabis board. 38

39 (c) The written objections must include a statement of all facts40 upon which the objections are based, and in case written objections

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1 are filed, the city or town or county legislative authority may request, and the state liquor and cannabis board may in its 2 discretion hold, a hearing subject to the applicable provisions of 3 4 Title 34 RCW. If the state liquor and cannabis board makes an initial decision to deny a license or renewal based on the written objections 5 б of an incorporated city or town or county legislative authority, the applicant may request a hearing subject to the applicable provisions 7 of Title 34 RCW. If a hearing is held at the request of the 8 applicant, state liquor and cannabis board representatives must 9 10 present and defend the state liquor and cannabis board's initial 11 decision to deny a license or renewal.

(d)(i) Before the state liquor and cannabis board issues a new or renewed license to an applicant for a marijuana producer, processor, or retailer license, the applicant must provide to the board written proof, as deemed appropriate by the board, that the local jurisdiction within which the applicant's premises is located or is proposed to be located has determined the applicant is in compliance with all applicable local ordinances and regulations.

(ii) If an applicant satisfies all requirements of license 19 issuance or renewal in this chapter, except for the requirement in 20 (d)(i) of this subsection, the state liquor and cannabis board shall 21 tentatively approve but not issue the license. If within six months 22 of tentatively approving the license application the applicant 23 provides the board with written proof of compliance with all local 24 ordinances and regulations as required in (d)(i) of this subsection, 25 the board shall issue the license. If the applicant does not provide 26 27 such written proof to the board within six months of the date of 28 tentative license approval, the board must deny the license.

29 (iii) During any time in which a marijuana producer, processor, 30 or retailer's license is tentatively approved, the person or business 31 with the tentative approval may not engage in any conduct related to 32 producing, processing, transporting, transferring, or selling 33 marijuana or marijuana products for which a license is required 34 pursuant to this chapter.

35 <u>(e)</u> Upon the granting of a license under this title the state 36 liquor and cannabis board must send written notification to the chief 37 executive officer of the incorporated city or town in which the 38 license is granted, or to the county legislative authority if the 39 license is granted outside the boundaries of incorporated cities or 40 towns. 1 (8)(a) Except as provided in (b) through (d) of this subsection, 2 the state liquor and cannabis board may not issue a license for any 3 premises within one thousand feet of the perimeter of the grounds of 4 any elementary or secondary school, playground, recreation center or 5 facility, child care center, public park, public transit center, or 6 library, or any game arcade admission to which is not restricted to 7 persons aged twenty-one years or older.

(b) A city, county, or town may permit the licensing of premises 8 within one thousand feet but not less than one hundred feet of the 9 facilities described in (a) of this subsection, except elementary 10 schools, secondary schools, and playgrounds, by enacting an ordinance 11 12 authorizing such distance reduction, provided that such distance reduction will not negatively impact the jurisdiction's civil 13 14 regulatory enforcement, criminal law enforcement interests, public safety, or public health. 15

(c) A city, county, or town may permit the licensing of research 16 premises allowed under RCW 69.50.372 within one thousand feet but not 17 less than one hundred feet of the facilities described in (a) of this 18 subsection by enacting an ordinance authorizing such distance 19 reduction, provided that the ordinance will not negatively impact the 20 21 jurisdiction's civil regulatory enforcement, criminal law enforcement, public safety, or public health. 22

(d) The state liquor and cannabis board may license premises located in compliance with the distance requirements set in an ordinance adopted under (b) or (c) of this subsection. Before issuing or renewing a research license for premises within one thousand feet but not less than one hundred feet of an elementary school, secondary school, or playground in compliance with an ordinance passed pursuant to (c) of this subsection, the board must ensure that the facility:

30 (i) Meets a security standard exceeding that which applies to 31 marijuana producer, processor, or retailer licensees;

(ii) Is inaccessible to the public and no part of the operationof the facility is in view of the general public; and

34 (iii) Bears no advertising or signage indicating that it is a 35 marijuana research facility.

(e) The state liquor and cannabis board may not issue a license
for any premises within Indian country, as defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec.
1151, including any fee patent lands within the exterior boundaries
of a reservation, without the consent of the federally recognized
tribe associated with the reservation or Indian country.

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1 (9) A city, town, or county may adopt an ordinance prohibiting a 2 marijuana producer or marijuana processor from operating or locating 3 a business within areas zoned primarily for residential use or rural 4 use with a minimum lot size of five acres or smaller.

(10) In determining whether to grant or deny a license or renewal 5 б of any license, the state liquor and cannabis board must give substantial weight to objections from an incorporated city or town or 7 county legislative authority based upon chronic illegal activity 8 associated with the applicant's operations of the premises proposed 9 to be licensed or the applicant's operation of any other licensed 10 11 premises, or the conduct of the applicant's patrons inside or outside 12 the licensed premises. "Chronic illegal activity" means (a) a pervasive pattern of activity that threatens the public health, 13 14 safety, and welfare of the city, town, or county including, but not limited to, open container violations, assaults, disturbances, 15 16 disorderly conduct, or other criminal law violations, or as documented in crime statistics, police reports, emergency medical 17 response data, calls for service, field data, or similar records of a 18 19 law enforcement agency for the city, town, county, or any other municipal corporation or any state agency; or (b) an unreasonably 20 21 high number of citations for violations of RCW 46.61.502 associated with the applicant's or licensee's operation of any licensed premises 22 as indicated by the reported statements given to law enforcement upon 23 24 arrest.

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