SENATE BILL 5654

State of Washington65th Legislature2017 Regular SessionBy Senators Rivers and Keiser

Read first time 02/01/17. Referred to Committee on Health Care.

AN ACT Relating to protecting consumers from charges for out-ofnetwork health care services; amending RCW 48.43.093; adding a new section to chapter 48.43 RCW; and providing an effective date.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. RCW 48.43.093 and 1997 c 231 s 301 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 (1) When conducting a review of the necessity and appropriateness
8 of emergency services or making a benefit determination for emergency
9 services:

10 (a) A health carrier shall cover emergency services necessary to 11 screen and stabilize a covered person if a prudent layperson acting reasonably would have believed that an emergency medical condition 12 existed. In addition, a health carrier shall not require prior 13 14 authorization of such services provided prior to the point of stabilization if a prudent layperson acting reasonably would have 15 16 believed that an emergency medical condition existed. With respect to 17 care obtained from a nonparticipating hospital emergency department, 18 a health carrier shall cover emergency services necessary to screen 19 and stabilize a covered person ((if a prudent layperson would have 20 reasonably believed that use of a participating hospital emergency 21 department would result in a delay that would worsen the emergency,

or if a provision of federal, state, or local law requires the use of 1 a specific provider or facility)). Stabilization means both care 2 delivered in the emergency department and care immediately subsequent 3 to an emergency department visit for an emergency medical condition 4 prior to the point at which the patient's care may be transferred to 5 6 an in-network facility or provider. In addition, a health carrier shall not require prior authorization of such services provided prior 7 to the point of stabilization ((if a prudent layperson acting 8 reasonably would have believed that an emergency medical condition 9 10 existed and that use of a participating hospital emergency department would result in a delay that would worsen the emergency)). 11

12 an authorized representative of a health carrier (b) Τf authorizes coverage of emergency services, the health carrier shall 13 subsequently retract its authorization after the 14 not emergency 15 services have been provided, or reduce payment for an item or service furnished in reliance on approval, unless the approval was based on a 16 17 material misrepresentation about the covered person's health condition made by the provider of emergency services. 18

19 (c) ((Coverage of emergency services may be subject to applicable copayments, coinsurance, and deductibles, and a health carrier may 20 21 impose reasonable differential cost-sharing arrangements for emergency services rendered by nonparticipating providers, if such 22 23 differential between cost-sharing amounts applied to emergency 24 services rendered by participating provider versus nonparticipating 25 provider does not exceed fifty dollars. Differential cost sharing for 26 emergency services may not be applied when a covered person presents 27 to a nonparticipating hospital emergency department rather than a 28 participating hospital emergency department when the health carrier requires preauthorization for postevaluation or poststabilization 29 30 emergency services if:

31 (i) Due to circumstances beyond the covered person's control, the 32 covered person was unable to go to a participating hospital emergency 33 department in a timely fashion without serious impairment to the 34 covered person's health; or

35 (ii) A prudent layperson possessing an average knowledge of 36 health and medicine would have reasonably believed that he or she 37 would be unable to go to a participating hospital emergency 38 department in a timely fashion without serious impairment to the 39 covered person's health.)) When a covered person utilizes a 40 participating health care facility for emergency services or 1 <u>otherwise unscheduled services</u>, and services are provided by a 2 <u>nonparticipating or out-of-network provider</u>, the health carrier must 3 <u>ensure the covered person's cost-sharing in the form of copayments or</u> 4 <u>coinsurance for out-of-network emergency services do not exceed the</u> 5 <u>cost-sharing requirements imposed for in-network services</u>.

6 <u>(i) The health carrier must count the cost-sharing for an out-of-</u> 7 <u>network provider at an in-network facility toward an in-network</u> 8 <u>deductible and the in-network maximum out-of-pocket expenses allowed</u> 9 <u>on the coverage.</u>

10 <u>(ii) The health carrier must pay the applicable charges for the</u> 11 <u>out-of-network provider directly to the health care provider within</u> 12 <u>thirty days for a clean claim, and may subsequently bill the covered</u> 13 <u>person for the applicable in-network deductible and cost-sharing.</u>

(iii) The health carrier must pay the out-of-network provider a 14 reasonable rate to be referenced to as a minimum benefit standard set 15 16 at the eightieth percentile of the geographically comparable charges, 17 as reported by a Washington state public entity that establishes or sponsors a health care claims database or by a commercially available 18 19 usual, customary, and reasonable fee schedule database provider. Such a database provider may not have an ownership or controlling interest 20 in, or be an affiliate of, any entity with a pecuniary interest in 21 the application of the database, including an insurer, health care 22 23 provider, or trade association in the field of insurance, health benefits, or provider of health care. The charges must be benchmarked 24 25 to 2016 rates and updated on an annual basis with the relevant health care consumer price index adjustor calculated by the bureau of labor 26 statistics. 27

28 (d) If a health carrier requires preauthorization for 29 postevaluation or poststabilization services, the health carrier shall provide access to an authorized representative twenty-four 30 31 hours a day, seven days a week, to facilitate review. In order for 32 postevaluation or poststabilization services to be covered by the 33 health carrier, the provider or facility must make a documented good faith effort to contact the covered person's health carrier within 34 thirty minutes of stabilization, if the covered person needs to be 35 The health carrier's authorized representative 36 stabilized. is required to respond to a telephone request for preauthorization from 37 a provider or facility within thirty minutes. Failure of the health 38 39 carrier to respond within thirty minutes constitutes authorization 40 for the provision of immediately required medically necessary postevaluation and poststabilization services, unless the health carrier documents that it made a good faith effort but was unable to reach the provider or facility within thirty minutes after receiving the request.

5 (e) A health carrier shall immediately arrange for an alternative 6 plan of treatment for the covered person if a nonparticipating 7 emergency provider and health plan cannot reach an agreement on which 8 services are necessary beyond those immediately necessary to 9 stabilize the covered person consistent with state and federal laws.

(2) Nothing in this section is to be construed as prohibiting the 10 11 health carrier from requiring notification within the time frame 12 specified in the contract for inpatient admission or as soon thereafter as medically possible but no less than twenty-four hours. 13 Nothing in this section is to be construed as preventing the health 14 carrier from reserving the right to require transfer 15 of а 16 hospitalized covered person upon stabilization. Follow-up care that 17 is a direct result of the emergency must be obtained in accordance with the health plan's usual terms and conditions of coverage. All 18 19 other terms and conditions of coverage may be applied to emergency services. 20

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 48.43 22 RCW to read as follows:

(1) A carrier must maintain each provider network of in-network providers and facilities for each health plan in a manner that is sufficient in numbers and types of providers and facilities to assure that, to the extent feasible based on the number and type of providers and facilities in the service area, enrollees may access in-network options for all health plan services in a timely manner appropriate for the enrollee's condition and the place of service.

30 (2) A carrier must demonstrate that for each health plan's 31 defined service area, it has established a network of participating 32 providers and facilities to provide a comprehensive range of primary, 33 specialty, institutional, and ancillary services, as well as 34 emergency services that are accessible twenty-four hours per day, 35 seven days per week without unreasonable delay.

36 (3) If a carrier has an insufficient number or type of in-network 37 participating providers or facilities to provide a particular covered 38 health care service, the carrier must ensure that the enrollee 39 obtains the covered service from a nonnetwork provider or facility

p. 4

SB 5654

within reasonable proximity and a timely manner, consistent with the generally accepted standards of care, to the enrollee at no greater cost to the enrollee than if the service were obtained from innetwork providers and facilities.

(4) In assessing a carrier's provider network under this section 5 6 and rules adopted by the commissioner, the commissioner shall 7 consider the relative availability of providers and facilities and the willingness of providers and facilities in a service area to 8 contract with the carrier under reasonable terms and conditions, 9 including the provider reimbursement amount. The reimbursement amount 10 11 set forth in RCW 48.43.093 does not in and of itself constitute a 12 reasonable compensation amount for the purposes of establishing 13 network adequacy.

14 (5) A carrier may not state or imply in communications with or 15 directed toward enrollees or potential enrollees that a hospital 16 licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW is an in-network health care 17 facility if the health care providers who provide the following 18 specialty services to the hospital do not also participate in the 19 carrier's network: Anesthesiology; emergency medicine; radiology; and 20 pathology.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. This act takes effect January 1, 2018.

--- END ---

p. 5